



## General Assembly

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> INTERNATIONAL COVENANTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS: STATUS OF THE INTERNATIONAL COVENANT ON ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL RIGHTS, THE INTERNATIONAL COVENANT ON CIVIL AND POLITICAL RIGHTS AND THE OPTIONAL PROTOCOL TO THE INTERNATIONAL COVENANT ON CIVIL AND POLITICAL RIGHTS

> > Report of the Secretary-General

1. The General Assembly by its resolution 2200 A (XXI) of 16 December 1966 adopted and opened for signature, ratification or accession, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, and expressed the hope that the Covenants and the Optional Protocol would be signed, ratified or acceded to without delay and would come into force at an early date. The Assembly also requested the Secretary-General to submit to it at its future sessions reports concerning the status of ratifications of the Covenants and of the Optional Protocol. In response to that request, reports on the status of the International Covenants and the Optional Protocol have been submitted annually to the Assembly since its twenty-second session in 1967.

2. Both Covenants and the Optional Protocol were opened for signature at New York on 19 December 1966. In accordance with their respective provisions, 1/ the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights entered into force on 3 January 1976, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights entered into force on 23 March 1976, and the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, having received the required number of ratifications or accessions, entered into force simultaneously with that Covenant on 23 March 1976.

\* A/40/150.

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3. By its resolution 39/136 of 14 December 1984, the General Assembly again urged all States that had not yet done so to become parties to both Covenants, as well as to consider acceding to the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and invited the States Parties to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights to consider making the declaration provided for in article 41 of the Covenant. The Assembly also requested the Secretary-General to submit to it at its fortieth session a report on the status of the Covenants and the Optional Protocol.

4. As at 1 September 1985, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights had been ratified or acceded to by 84 States, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights had been ratified or acceded to by 80 States and the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights had been ratified or acceded to by 35 States. In addition, 9 States had signed the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 10 States had signed the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and 7 States had signed the Optional Protocol. The list of States which have signed, ratified or acceded to the Covenants and the Optional Protocol and the dates of their signatures, ratifications or accessions appear in annexes I to III of the present report.

5. Upon ratification of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, or subsequently, the Governments of Austria, Canada, Denmark, Ecuador, Finland, Germany, Federal Republic of, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Peru, Senegal, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sweden and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland have made the declaration provided for in article 41 of the Covenant, recognizing the competence of the Human Rights Committee established under article 28 of the Covenant to receive and consider communications to the effect that a State party claims that another State party is not fulfilling its obligations under the Covenant. The provisions of article 41 entered into force on 28 March 1979 in accordance with paragraph 2 of that article.

6. As regards the implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of that Covenant, established in accordance with Economic and Social Council resolution 1982/33 of 6 May 1982 and Council decision 1978/10 of 3 May 1978, held its seventh session at United Nations Headquarters from 22 April to 9 May 1985. The Group was composed of the following members elected by the Council from among the States Parties to the Covenant: Bulgaria, Denmark, Ecuador, France, German Democratic Republic, Japan, Kenya, Mexico, Peru, Senegal, Spain, Tunisia and Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

7. At its seventh session, the Group of Experts considered reports submitted by States Parties under the first, second and third stages of the programme established by Economic and Social Council resolution 1988 (LX) of 11 May 1976 concerning rights covered by articles 6-9, 10-12 and 13-15 of the Covenant. The Group submitted a report to the Economic and Social Council at its first regular session of 1985 (E/1985/18), making suggestions and recommendations concerning issues arising from the consideration of reports submitted by States Parties under the Covenant. In accordance with paragraph 10 of Council resolution 1984/9 the Group also considered the question of the review of its composition, organization

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and administrative arrangements and included suggestions on this matter in its report to the Council.

8. By its resolution 1985/17 of 28 May 1985, the Economic and Social Council, inter alia, decided that the Group of Experts would be renamed "Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights"; that the Committee would have 18 members who would be experts with recognized competence in the field of human rights, serving in their personal capacity, due consideration being given to equitable geographical distribution and to the representation of different forms of social and legal systems; and that 15 seats would be equally distributed among the regional groups, while the additional 3 seats would be allocated in accordance with the increase in the total number of States Parties per regional group. In the same resolution the Council decided that the members of the Committee would be elected by the Council by secret ballot from a list of persons nominated by States Parties to the Covenant. They would be elected for a term of four years and would be eligible for re-election at the end of their terms, if renominated; that one half of the membership of the Committee would be renewed every second year; that the first elections would take place during the first regular session of 1986 of the Council; that the terms of office of members elected to the Committee would begin on 1 January following their election and expire on 31 December following the election of members that were to succeed them as members of the Committee; and that subsequent elections would take place every second year during the first regular session of the Council. The Committee would meet annually for a period of up to three weeks, taking into account the number of reports to be examined by the Committee, with the venue alternating between Geneva and New York. The Committee would submit to the Council a report on its activities, including a summary of its consideration of the reports submitted by States Parties to the Covenant, and would make suggestions and recommendations of a general nature on the basis of its consideration of those reports and of the reports submitted by the specialized agencies, in order to assist the Council to fulfil, in particular, its responsibilities under articles 21 and 22 of the Covenant. The procedures and methods of work established by Council resolutions 1988 (LX), 1979/43 and 1982/33 and decisions 1978/10 and 1981/158 would remain in force in so far as they were not superseded or modified by resolution 1985/17. The Council was to review the composition, organization and administrative arrangements of the Committee at its first regular session of 1990, and subsequently every five years, taking into account the principle of equitable distribution of its membership.

9. By its decision 1985/132 of 28 May 1985, the Council decided, while maintaining the current programme of biennial reports for the first cycle of the reporting procedure under article 16 of the Covenant, to prolong by one year the periodicity of reporting under the second and subsequent cycles of the reporting procedure.

10. As regards the implementation of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the Human Rights Committee held its twenty-third session at the United Nations Office at Geneva from 22 October to 9 November 1984, its twenty-fourth session at United Nations Headquarters from 25 March to 12 April 1985 and its twenty-fifth session at the United Nations Office at Geneva from 8 to 26 July 1985. In accordance with article 45 of the Covenant and article 6 of the

Optional Protocol, the Committee has submitted its annual report, through the Economic and Social Council, to the General Assembly at its fortieth session, 2/ which covers the activities of the Committee at its twenty-third, twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth sessions.

11. By its decision 1985/117 of 24 May 1985, the Economic and Social Council decided, <u>inter alia</u>, to authorize the Secretary-General to transmit the annual report of the Human Rights Committee directly to the General Assembly at its fortieth session.

#### Notes

 $\underline{l}/$  Article 27 of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, article 49 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and article 9 of the Optional Protocol.

2/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Fortieth Session, Supplement No. 40 (A/40/40).

Date of receipt of the

#### ANNEX I

### List of States which have signed, ratified or acceded to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

		instrument of ratification
State	Date of signature	or accession
Afghanistan		24 January 1983 <u>a</u> /
Algeria	10 December 1968	
Argentina	19 February 1968	
Australia	18 December 1972	10 December 1975
Austria	10 December 1973	10 September 1978
Barbados		5 January 1973 <u>a</u> /
Belgium	10 December 1968	21 April 1983
Bolivia		12 August 1982 <u>a</u> /
Bulgaria	8 October 1968	21 September 1970
Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic	19 March 1968	12 November 1973
Cameroon		27 June 1984 <u>a</u> /
Canada		19 May 1976 <u>a</u> /
Central African Republic		8 May 1981 <u>a</u> /
Chile	16 September 1969	10 February 1972
China <u>b</u> /		
Colombia	21 December 1966	29 October 1969
Congo		5 October 1983 <u>a</u> /
Costa Rica	19 December 1966	29 November 1968
Cyprus	9 January 1967	2 April 1969
Czechoslovakia	7 October 1968	12 December 1975
Democratic Kampuchea	17 October 1980	
Democratic People's Republic of Korea		14 September 1981 <u>a</u> /
Denmark	20 March 1968	6 January 1972
Dominican Republic		4 January 1978 <u>a</u> /
Ecuador	29 September 1967	6 March 1969

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State	Date of signature	Date of receipt of the instrument of ratification or accession
Egypt	4 August 1967	14 January 1982
El Salvador	21 September 1967	30 November 1979
Finland	11 October 1967	19 August 1975
France		4 November 1980 <u>a</u> /
Gabon		21 January 1983 <u>a</u> /
Gambia		29 December 1978 <u>a</u> /
German Democratic Republic	27 March 1973	8 November 1973
Germany, Federal Republic of	9 October 1968	17 December 1973
Greece		16 May 1985 <u>a</u> /
Guinea	28 February 1967	24 January 1978
Guyana	22 August 1968	15 February 1977
Honduras	<b>19 December 1966</b>	17 February 1981 <u>a</u> /
Hungary	25 March 1969	17 January 1974
Iceland	30 December 1968	22 August 1979
India		10 April 1979 <u>a</u> /
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	4 April 1968	24 June 1975
Iraq	18 February 1969	25 January 1971
Ireland	1 October 1973	
Israel	19 December 1966	
Italy	18 January 1967	15 September 1978
Jamaica	19 December 1966	3 October 1975
Japan	30 May 1978	21 June 1979
Jordan	30 June 1972	28 May 1975
Kenya		1 May 1972 <u>a</u> /
Lebanon		3 November 1972 <u>a</u> /
Liberia	18 April 1967	
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		15 May 1970 <u>a</u> /
Luxembourg	26 November 1974	18 August 1983
Madagascar	14 April 1970	22 September 1971
Mali		16 July 1974 <u>a</u> /
Malta	22 October 1968	
Mauritius		12 December 1973 <u>a</u> /

		Date of receipt of the instrument of ratification
State	Date of signature	or accession
Mexico		23 March 1981 <u>a</u> /
Mongolia	5 June 1968	18 November 1974
Morocco	19 January 1977	3 May 1979
Netherlands	25 June 1969	11 December 1978
New Zealand	12 November 1968	28 December 1978
Nicaragua		12 March 1980 <u>a</u> /
Norway	20 March 1968	13 September 1972
Panama	27 July 1976	8 March 1977
Peru	11 August 1977	28 April 1978
Philippines	19 December 1966	7 June 1974
Poland	2 March 1967	18 March 1977
Portugal	7 October 1976	31 July 1978
Romania	27 June 1968	9 December 1974
Rwanda		16 April 1975 <u>a</u> /
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		9 November 1981 <u>a</u> /
Senegal	6 July 1970	13 February 1978
Solomon Islands		17 March 1982 <u>c</u> /
Spain	28 September 1976	27 April 1977
Sri Lanka		11 June 1980 <u>a</u> /
Suriname		28 December 1976 <u>a</u> /
Sweden	29 September 1967	6 December 1971
Syrian Arab Republic		21 April 1969 <u>a</u> /
Togo		24 May 1984 <u>a</u> /
Trinidad and Tobago	· .	8 December 1978 <u>a</u> /
Tunisia	30 April 1968	18 March 1969
Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic	20 March 1968	12 November 1973
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	18 March 1968	16 October 1973
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	16 September 1968	20 May 1976
United Republic of Tanzania		11 June 1976 <u>a</u> /

		instrument of ratification
State	Date of signature	or accession
United States of America	5 October 1977	
Uruguay	21 February 1967	1 April 1970
Venezuela	24 June 1969	10 May 1978
Viet Nam		24 September 1982 <u>a</u> /
Yugoslavia	8 August 1967	2 June 1971
Zaire		1 November 1976 <u>a</u> /
Zambia		10 April 1984 <u>a</u> /

Date of receipt of the

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<u>a</u>/ Accession.

<u>b</u>/ Following on the adoption by the General Assembly of resolution 2758 (XXVI) of 25 October 1971 on the restoration of the lawful rights of the People's Republic of China in the United Nations, the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the People's Republic of China, by a note addressed to the Secretary-General, received on 29 September 1972, stated:

"1. With regard to the multilateral treaties signed, ratified or acceded to by the defunct Chinese government before the establishment of the People's Republic of China, my Government will examine all their contents before making a decision in the light of the circumstances as to whether or not they should be recognized.

"2. As from 1 October 1949, the day of the founding of the People's Republic of China, the Chiang Kai-Shek clique has no right at all to represent China. Its signature and ratification of, or accession to, any multilateral treaties by usurping the name of 'China' are all illegal and null and void. My Government will study these multilateral treaties before making a decision in the light of the circumstances as to whether or not they should be acceded to."

The lists in annexes I to III therefore do not include the signature of the two Covenants and the Optional Protocol on behalf of the "Republic of China" on 5 October 1967.

c/ Date of reception of notification of succession.

#### ANNEX II

## List of States which have signed, ratified or acceded to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights

State	Date of signature	Date of receipt of the instrument of ratification or accession
Afghanistan		24 January 1983 <u>a</u> /
Algeria	10 December 1968	
Argentina	19 February 1968	
Australia	18 December 1972	13 August 1980
Austria <u>b</u> /	10 December 1973	10 September 1978
Barbados		5 January 1973 <u>a</u> /
Belgium	10 December 1968	21 April 1983
Bolivia		12 August 1982 <u>a</u> /
Bulgaria	8 October 1968	12 September 1970
Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic	19 March 1968	12 November 1973
Cameroon		27 June 1984 <u>a</u> /
Canada <u>b</u> /		19 May 1976 <u>a</u> /
Central African Republic		8 May 1981 <u>a</u> /
Chile	16 September 1969	10 February 1972
China <u>c</u> /		
Colombia	21 December 1966	29 October 1969
Congo		5 October 1983 <u>a</u> /
Coșta Rica	19 December 1966	29 November 1968
Cyprus	19 December 1966	2 April 1969
Czechoslovakia	7 October 1968	23 December 1975
Democratic Kampuchea	17 October 1980	
Democratic People's Republic of Korea		14 September 1981 a/
Denmark <u>b</u> /	20 March 1968	- 6 January 1 <b>9</b> 72
Dominican Republic		4 January 1978 <u>a</u> /
Ecuador <u>b</u> /	4 April 1968	6 March 1969
Egypt	4 August 1967	14 January 1982

		instrument of ratification
State	Date of signature	or accession
El Salvador	21 September 1967	30 November 1979
Finland <u>b</u> /	11 October 1967	19 August 1975
France		4 November 1980 <u>a</u> /
Gabon		21 January 1983 <u>a</u> /
Gambia		22 March 1979 <u>a</u> /
German Democratic Republic	27 March 1973	8 November 1973
Germany, Federal Republic of $\underline{b}/$	9 October 1968	17 December 1973
Guinea	28 February 1967	24 January 1978
Guyana	22 August 1968	15 February 1977
Honduras	19 December 1966	
Hungary	25 March 1969	17 January 1974
Iceland <u>b</u> /	30 December 1968	22 August 1979
India		10 April 1979 <u>a</u> /
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	4 April 1968	24 June 1975
Iraq	18 February 1969	25 January 1971
Ireland	1 October 1973	
Israel	19 December 1966	
Italy <u>b</u> /	18 January 1967	15 September 1978
Jamaica	19 December 1966	3 October 1975
Japan	30 May 1978	21 June 1979
Jordan	<b>30 June 1972</b>	28 May 1975
Kenya		1 May 1972 <u>a</u> /
Lebanon	· ·	3 November 1972 <u>a</u> /
Liberia	18 April 1967	
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		15 May 1970 <u>a</u> /
Luxembourg <u>b</u> /	26 November 1974	18 August 1983
Madagascar	17 September 1969	21 June 1971
Mali		16 July 1974 <u>a</u> /
Mauritius		12 December 1973 <u>a</u> /
Mexico		23 March 1981 <u>a</u> /
Mongolia	5 June 1968	18 November 1974

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Date of receipt of the

State	Date of signature
Morocco	19 January 1977
Netherlands <u>b</u> /	25 June 1969
New Zealand <u>b</u> /	12 November 1968
Nicaragua	
Norway b/	20 March 1968
Panama	27 July 1976
Peru <u>b</u> /	- 11 August 1977
Philippines	<b>19 December 1966</b>
Poland	2 March 1967
Portugal	7 October 1976
Romania	27 June 1968
Rwanda	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	
Senegal <u>b</u> /	6 July 1970
Spain b/	28 September 1976
Sri Lanka <u>b</u> /	
Suriname	
Sweden b/	29 September 1967
Syrian Arab Republic	н. Табата (1997)
Togo	
Trinidad and Tobago	
Tunisia	30 April 1968
Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic	20 March 1968
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	18 March 1968
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland <u>b</u> /	16 September 1968
United Republic of Tanzania	
United States of America	5 October 1977
Uruguay	21 February 1967
Venezuela	24 June 1969

Date of receipt of the instrument of ratification or accession		
3 May 1979		
ll December 1978		
28 December 1978		
12 March 1980 <u>a</u> /		
13 September 1972		
8 March 1977		
28 April 1978		
18 March 1977 15 June 1978		
9 December 1974		
16 April 1975 a/		
9 November 1981 a/		
13 February 1978		
27 April 1977		
11 June 1980 <u>a</u> /		
28 December 1976 <u>a</u> /		
6 December 1971		
21 April 1969 <u>a</u> /		
24 May 1984 <u>a</u> /		
21 December 1978 <u>a</u> /		
18 March 1969		
12 November 1973		
16 October 1973		
20 May 1976		
11 June 1976 <u>a</u> /		
1 April 1970 10 May 1978		

		Date of receipt of the instrument of ratification
State	Date of signature	or accession
Viet Nam		24 September 1982 <u>a</u> /
Yugoslavia	8 August 1967	2 June 1971
Zaire		1 November 1976 <u>a</u> /
Zambia		10 April 1984 <u>a</u> /

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<u>a</u>/ Accession.

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 $\underline{b}$  / Made the declaration under article 41 of the Covenant.

c/ See annex I, footnote b/.

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#### ANNEX III

## List of States which have signed, ratified or acceded to the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights

Data

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		Date of receipt of the
Ctata		instrument of ratification
State	Date of signature	or accession
Austria	10 December 1973	
Barbados		5 January 1973 <u>a</u> /
Bolivia		12 August 1982 a/
Cameroon		27 June 1984 <u>a</u> /
Canada		 19 May 1976 <u>a</u> /
Central African Republic		8 May 1981 <u>a</u> /
China <u>b</u> /		
Colombia	21 December 1966	29 October 1969
Congo		5 October 1983 a/
Costa Rica	19 December 1966	29 November 1968
Cyprus	19 December 1966	
Denmark	20 March 1968	6 January 1972
Dominican Republic	· .	4 January 1978 <u>a</u> /
Ecuador	4 April 1968	6 March 1969
El Salvador	21 September 1967	<b>~</b>
Finland	11 December 1967	19 August 1975
France		17 February 1984 a/
Guinea	19 March 1975	- <b>-</b>
Honduras	19 December 1966	
Iceland		11 August 1979 a/
Italy	30 April 1976	15 September 1978
Jamaica	19 December 1966	3 October 1975
Luxembourg		18 August 1983 a/
Madagascar	17 September 1969	21 June 1971
Mauritius		12 December 1973 a/
Netherlands	25 June 1969	ll December 1978
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		Date of receipt of the
		instrument of ratification
State	Date of signature	or accession
Nicaragua		12 March 1980 <u>a</u> /
Norway	20 March 1968	13 September 1972
Panama	27 July 1976	8 March 1977
Peru	11 August 1977	3 October 1980
Philippines	19 December 1966	
Portugal	l August 1978	3 May 1983
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		9 November 1981 <u>a</u> /
Senegal	6 July 1970	13 February 1978
Spain		25 January 1985 <u>a</u> /
Suriname		28 December 1976 <u>a</u> /
Sweden	29 September 1967	6 December 1971
Trinidad and Tobago		14 November 1980 <u>a</u> /
Uruguay	21 February 1967	1 April 1970
Venezuela	15 November 1976	10 May 1978
Zaire		1 November 1976 <u>a</u> /
Zambia		10 April 1984 <u>a</u> /

<u>a</u>/ Accession.

<u>b</u>/ See annex I, footnote <u>b</u>/.