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GENERAL ASSEMBLY Forty-fifth session Items 32 and 38 of the provisional agenda* THE SITUATION IN KAMPUCHEA QUESTION OF PEACE, STABILITY AND CO-OPERATION IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA

SECURITY COUNCIL Forty-fifth year

Letter dated 19 July 1990 from the representatives of China, France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Representatives of our Governments met in Paris on 16 and 17 July 1990 for a fifth session of discussions on the modalities of a comprehensive political settlement of the Cambodia conflict.

We have the honour to enclose the text of the summary of discussions agreed to at that session (see annex) and should be grateful if you would arrange for it to be circulated, with the present letter, as a document of the General Assembly, under items 32 and 38 of the provisional agenda, and of the Security Council.

- (Signed) LI Daoyu Permanent Representative of the People's Republic of China to the United Nations
- (Signed) Valentin V. LOZINSKIY Chargé d'affaires ad interim First Deputy Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations
- Thomas R. PICKERING (Signed) Permanent Representative of the United States to the United Nations

- (Signed) Jean-Marc ROCHEREAU DE LA SABLIERE Chargé d'affaires ad interim Deputy Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations
- (Signed) Crispin TICKELL Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations

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ANNEX

SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS

The Five Permanent Members of the United Nations Security Council held their fifth meeting on Cambodia in Paris on 16-17 July 1990.

During this meeting they reviewed developments affecting the Cambodian situation since their last meeting in New York on 25-26 May, including the results of the early June meeting in Tokyo.

The Five made significant progress on two key elements of a solution based on an enhanced UN role: transitional arrangements regarding the administration of Cambodia during the pre-election period; and military arrangements. They agreed to accelerate their work in the remaining three areas (free and fair elections, safeguarding of human rights, and international guarantees) which were identified in their New York meeting as essential aspects of a comprehensive political settlement.

At their request, United Nations Under-Secretary-General Raffeeuddin Ahmed joined the meeting to advise on practical aspects of a UN operation, in the light of recent UN fact-finding missions to Cambodia.

The Five made clear their belief that the time is past due for the Cambodian parties to turn from the battlefield to the negotiating table, in order to play their part in bringing about a comprehensive political settlement. Recalling earlier statements in which the Five agreed to a meeting with them when the time is ripe, the Five called on the Cambodian parties to agree to the establishment at an early date, as an integral part of a comprehensive political settlement, of a Supreme National Council composed of representative individuals with authority among the Cambodian people, to help create the conditions for such a meeting.

The Five agreed to hold their next meeting in New York on 27-38 August 1990.