UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY



GENERAL

A/1529 20 November 1950

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Fifth session Agenda item 72

DUTIES OF STATES IN THE EVENT OF THE OUTBREAK OF HOSTILITIES .

Resolutions adopted by the General Assembly at

its 308th plenary meeting on 17 November 1950

(adopted on the report of the First Committee (A/1500))

The General Assembly,

<u>Reaffirming</u> the principles embodied in the Charter, which require that the force of arms shall not be resorted to except in the common interest, and shall not be used against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State,

Desiring to create a further obstacle to the outbreak of war, even after hostilities have started, and to facilitate the cessation of the hostilities by the action of the parties themselves, thus contributing to the peaceful settlement of disputes,

1. Recommends:

(a) That if a State becomes engaged in armed conflict with another State or States, it take all steps practicable in the circumstances and compatible with the right of self-defence to bring the armed conflict to an end at the earliest possible moment;

(b) In particular, that such State shall immediately, and in any case not later than twenty-four hours after the outbreak of the hostilities, make a public statement wherein it will proclaim its readiness, provided that the States with which it is in conflict will do the same, to discontinue all military operations and withdraw all its military forces which have invaded the territory or territorial waters of another State or crossed a demarcation line, either on terms agreed by the parties to the conflict **er** under conditions to be indicated

> /to the parties A/1529

to the parties by the appropriate organs of the United Nations;

(c) That such State immediately notify the Secretary-General, for communication to the Security Council and to the Members of the United Nations, of the statement made in accordance with the preceding sub-paragraph and of the circumstances in which the conflict has arisen;

(d) That such State, in its notification to the Secretary-General, invite the appropriate organs of the United Nations to dispatch the Peace Observation Commission to the area in which the conflict has arisen, if the Commission is not already functioning there;

(e) That the conduct of the States concerned in relation to the matters covered by the foregoing recommendations be taken into account in any determination of responsibility for the breach of the peace or act of aggression in the case under consideration and in all other relevant proceedings before the appropriate organs of the United Nations;

2. <u>Determines</u> that the provisions of the present resolution in no way impair the rights and obligations of States under the Charter of the United Nations nor the decisions or recommendations of the Security Council, the General Assembly or any other competent organ of the United Nations.

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The General Assembly,

<u>Considering</u> that the question raised by the proposal of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (A/C.1/608) can better be examined in conjunction with matters under consideration by the International Law Commission, a subsidiary ergan of the United Nations,

Decides to refer the proposal of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and all the records of the First Committee dealing with this question to the International Law Commission, so that the latter may take them into consideration and formulate its conclusions as soon as possible.
