



General Assembly

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Agenda item 14

Culture of Peace

**Afghanistan, Australia, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Belarus, Cyprus, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Morocco, Namibia, Russian Federation, Suriname, Tajikistan, Togo, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of):
draft resolution**

International day of neutrality

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions [50/80](#) A of 12 December 1995 and [69/285](#) of 3 June 2015,

Noting the outcome document of the high-level international conference on the theme “Policy of neutrality: international cooperation for peace, security and development” (the Ashgabat outcome document),¹

Reaffirming its resolutions [53/199](#) of 15 December 1998 and [61/185](#) of 20 December 2006 on the proclamation of international years, and Economic and Social Council resolution 1980/67 of 25 July 1980 on international years and anniversaries,

Reaffirming also the great importance of upholding the sovereign equality of States, territorial integrity, self-determination, non-intervention in the internal affairs of States and the settlement of international disputes by peaceful means in such a manner that international peace and security and justice are not endangered,

Underlining that the national policies of neutrality of some States can contribute to the strengthening of international peace and security in relevant regions and at the global level and can play an important role in developing peaceful, friendly and mutually beneficial relations between the countries of the world,

Recognizing that such national policies of neutrality are aimed at promoting the use of preventive diplomacy, including through the prevention of conflict,

¹ [A/70/652-S/2016/20](#), annex.



mediation, good offices, fact-finding missions, negotiation, the use of special envoys, informal consultations, peacebuilding and targeted development activities,

Noting that preventive diplomacy is a core function of the United Nations and occupies the central place among the functions of the Secretary-General of the United Nations, and in this regard recognizing the important role of the special political missions of the United Nations and the good offices of the Secretary-General in the fields of peacemaking, peacekeeping and peacebuilding,

1. *Decides* to declare 12 December the International Day of Neutrality;
 2. *Invites* all Member States, organizations of the United Nations system and other international and regional organizations, as well as non-governmental organizations and individuals, to mark the International Day of Neutrality by means of education and the holding of events aimed at enhancing the knowledge of the public in this field;
 3. *Proposes* that the Secretary-General should continue to cooperate closely with neutral States, with a view to implementing the principles of preventive diplomacy and using those principles in their mediation activities;
 4. *Stresses* that the cost of all activities that may arise from the implementation of the present resolution should be met from voluntary contributions.
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