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AND
SOCIAL COUNCIL**

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Council Committee on
Non-Governmental Organizations

ACTIVITIES UNDERTAKEN BY NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS UP TO
1 JUNE 1949 IN CONNEXION WITH THEIR CONSULTATIVE STATUS

(Report of the Secretary-General)

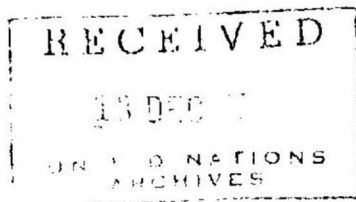


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ACTIVITIES UNDERTAKEN BY NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS
UP TO 1 JUNE 1949 IN CONNEXION WITH THE CONSULTATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

I. INTRODUCTION

1. At its eighth session the Council, following a recommendation of the Council Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations, consideration of which had been deferred from the seventh session, adopted resolution 214 (VIII) E, as follows:

"THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

"DECIDES

"1. To request the Secretary-General to prepare, by 30 November 1949, a report on the activities undertaken by the non-governmental organizations up to 1 June 1949 in implementation of the consultative arrangements made with them, and on their work in support of the activities of the Council, with special attention to those organizations which were brought into consultative relationship not later than the sixth session of the Council;

"2. To direct the Council NGO Committee, on the basis of the report of the Secretary-General, to make recommendations to the Economic and Social Council at its tenth session, taking into account:

"(a) The use made by organizations of the facilities provided for non-governmental organizations brought into consultative relationship; and

"(b) Any improvements in the existing arrangements for consultation which the Committee may deem desirable."

2. In the interval between the seventh and eighth sessions, the organizations in consultative status were informed that this resolution was to be considered by the Council at its eighth session. The Secretariat informed the organizations with consultative status of the adoption of the resolution in a letter dated 27 March 1949 in which it was suggested that they submit by 15 June 1949 material under the following headings:

I. Representation at sessions of the Council, its Commissions and Committees. Attendance, statements made.

(a) Standing consultants (name, date of appointment)

(b) Observers attending particular meetings.

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs (list giving subject, date, and document symbol).

- III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs and of the Secretariat, i.e. work of consultants.
- IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in 1, 2, 3 above, i.e.
 - (a) in relation to the members of the organization
 - (b) otherwise.
- V. Any other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization which it is desired should be brought to the notice of the Council.

Additional sets of letters were sent out in July, September, and October to all organizations which had not replied, and further communications were made in November where appropriate by personal contacts, letters, telephone calls and cables.

3. The following organizations had not yet responded to the Secretariat's request for information as of 18 November 1949:

International Association of Democratic Lawyers

(Association internationale des Juristes démocrates)

International Institute of Administrative Sciences

(Institut international des Sciences administratives)

World Federation of Democratic Youth (WFDY)

(Fédération mondiale de la Jeunesse démocratique - (FMJD))

When information is received from any of these organizations it will be circulated in addenda to this paper.

4. Method of presentation. The information supplied by the organizations is, generally, presented under the headings similar to those in paragraph 2 above. The material submitted under points "I" and "II"* has been checked and corrected or supplemented where necessary, and the material as a whole has been edited. Where material in this report is in quotation marks, the quotation is from the reports submitted by the organizations.

5. For information on the normal activities, constitution etc. of each organization, which is necessary in some cases in order to evaluate their activities in relation to the Council, reference is made to document E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, "Council Committee on Non-Governmental

* As regards the documents listed under point "II", the subject, not title, is given.

Organizations, Non-Governmental Organizations in Consultative Status
Information regarding the ninety non-governmental organizations in consultative status compiled by the Secretariat". This document contains a description of each organization under the following headings:

1. Historical Facts
2. General Purposes
3. Membership
4. Structure
5. Officers
6. Finance
7. Relations with Non-Governmental Organizations
8. Relations with Inter-Governmental Organizations
9. Activities
10. Publications

6. WORLD FEDERATION OF TRADE UNIONS (WFTU)

1 rue Vernet,
Paris 8, France
Tel.: ELYsee 60-50
Cable: FSM

1 RUE VERNET, PARIS

Reference: Description in E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, page 306 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

Since October 1946 the WFTU has had a permanent office of liaison with the United Nations at Lake Success. From that date until February 1949 Miss Spiegel was in charge of the office, as a permanent WFTU representative at Lake Success. Mrs. Claude Day represented the WFTU at Lake Success jointly with Miss Spiegel for several months, and dealt with economic questions. From March 1948 to January 1949 Doctor Ernest Schwartz worked as an official of the WFTU at Lake Success. In February 1949 Mrs. Emma Louise Meagher was placed in charge of the WFTU liaison office, remaining there until August 1949.

B. Attendance

Third session:

Mr. Saillant, General Secretary
Mr. Rosenblum, Vice-President
Mr. Michael Ross, Head of the
International Department of the CIO
Mr. Verret, Director of the Economic and
Social Service

Fourth session:

Mr. Saillant
Mr. Waldberg, WFTU Secretariat
Miss Spiegel, WFTU Representative with
the United Nations

Fifth session:

Mr. Rosenblum
Mr. Michael Ross
Mr. Cope, Assistant Secretary-General
Mr. Fischer, Chief of the Economic
and Social Service

Miss Spiegel

Sixth session:

Mr. Michael Ross
Mr. Fischer
Miss Spiegel

/Seventh session:

Seventh session: Mr. Saillant
Mr. Schevenels, Assistant Secretary-
General
Mr. Cope
Mr. Fallue, Assistant Secretary-General
Mr. Fischer
Miss Spiegel

Eighth session: Mr. Saillant
Mr. Lombardo Toledano, Vice-President
Mr. Fischer
Miss Spiegel.

C. Oral Statements

Third session: A delegation of the WFTU, composed of Messrs. Saillant, Deakin and Carthy (British TUC), met at Lake Success on 2 September 1946 for a discussion with the NGO Committee.

Fourth session: Mr. Saillant made a statement to the NGO Committee on the report of the Economic and Employment Commission (E/C.2/34 - 11 March 1947).

Fifth session: Mr. Cope spoke on trade union rights in the plenary meeting (see Official Records, page 167) and on the rights of the WFTU in the Council, and also on the report of the NGO Committee (see Official Records, page 285).
At the same session, Mr. Fischer defended the WFTU's views on the same questions in the NGO Committee. He also attended the discussions on the Appeal for Children.

Sixth session: Miss Lena Spiegel for the WFTU spoke at this session on the principle of equal pay for equal work for men and women workers.
In addition Mr. Georges Fischer took an active part in the discussions of the Drafting Sub-Committee appointed by the Social Committee to submit to the Council a draft resolution on the above question.

Seventh session: Mr. G. Fischer spoke in the Agenda Committee on the inclusion in the seventh session's final agenda of the question submitted by the WFTU: "Infringements of trade union rights".

/Miss Lena Spiegel

Miss Lena Spiegel also expressed the WFTU's point of view in the NGO Committee on the following points: Report of the Economic and Employment Commission; Report of the Social Commission; United Nations Appeal for Children; and the need for inclusion in the agenda for each meeting of the documents issued by the WFTU when the questions in those documents were brought up for discussion before the Council.

Eighth session: Mr. G. Fischer spoke in the NGO Committee on the following questions: Trade union rights; Principle of equal pay for equal work for men and women workers; Declaration of Old-Age Rights; Report of the NGO Committee; Report of the Economic Commission for Europe; Report of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East; and Forced Labour.

Mr. Lombardo Toledano spoke on forced labour in the NGO Committee (document E/1218).

Mr. Saillant spoke on trade union rights in the plenary meeting (see Official Records, page 311) and the WFTU's views on infringements of trade union rights were defended by him (see Official Records, page 314) and by Mr. Lombardo Toledano (see Official Records, page 476).

Mr. Fischer expressed the WFTU's point of view on the principle of equal pay for equal work for men and women workers, in the plenary meeting (see Official Records, page 97).

Lastly, Mr. Fischer also spoke in the Social Committee on the Declaration of Old Age Rights.

Commission on the Status of Women

Miss Lena Spiegel represented the WFTU at the first session of the Commission. At the third session its representative was Mrs. Marie Couette, who spoke on several occasions, on the subject of equal pay for equal work for men and women workers, the political rights of women and educational opportunities for women.

Economic and Employment Commission

Miss Lena Spiegel attended the first and second sessions of the Commission and spoke in particular on the subject of full employment.

The WFTU was represented at the third session by Miss Spiegel and Mr. Schwartz and at the fourth by Mrs. Emma Meagher.

It was also represented in the two sub-committees of the Commission.

Social Commission

The WFTU was represented at the three first sessions of this Commission by Miss Spiegel, who spoke on several questions.*

Human Rights Commission

Miss Spiegel represented the WFTU at the first and second sessions of this Commission and Mr. Fischer and Mrs. Meagher at the fifth. They took part in the general debate on forced labour and trade union rights.

Economic Commission for Europe

At the first session the WFTU was represented by Mr. G. Fischer, who spoke on the status of non-governmental organizations.

Mr. Duret, Director of Economic Services of the French CGT, represented the WFTU at the Commission's second session.

Mr. Fischer represented the WFTU on the Housing Panel of the Economic

* The "Check List" of the Social Commission gives the following list of interventions by the WFTU:

| | | |
|--------------|-----------------|---|
| E/TSC/31 | 8 May 1946 | Consultative Status |
| E/CN.5/SR.22 | 3 February 1947 | Consultative Status |
| E/CN.5/SR.19 | 31 January 1947 | Co-ordination with the Social Commission |
| E/CN.5/SR.21 | 3 February 1947 | Co-ordination with the Social Commission |
| E/CN.5/SR.22 | 3 February 1947 | Co-ordination with the Social Commission |
| E/CN.5/SR.50 | 9 April 1948 | Migration |
| E/CN.5/SR.53 | 14 April 1948 | Migration |
| E/CN.5/SR.57 | 16 April 1948 | UNICEF |

/Commission for Europe

Commission for Europe and took part in the discussions (1 - 3 October 1947).

Mr. Jourdain, Secretary of the International Union of Metallurgical and Metal Industries represented the WFTU at the session of the Steel Committee in September 1949.

Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East

Mr. Monk, Secretary of the Australian Council of Trade Unions, represented the WFTU at the Commission's fourth session in November 1948 and spoke on industrialization and vocational training. He also represented the WFTU at the meeting of the Committee of the Whole in March 1949.

Economic Commission for Latin America

Mr. Lazaro Pena, Secretary of the Confederation of Workers of Cuba, represented the WFTU at the third session of the Commission and spoke at length on economic conditions in Latin America.

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

| | | |
|------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| 14 January 1946 | Job 197 | Exchange of correspondence |
| | Job 5458 | with Mr. L. Saillant |
| 1 June 1946 | E/50 | Letter dated 27 May 1946 from |
| | | Mr. S. Hillman to the President of |
| | | the Economic and Social Council |
| | | on the rights and status of the |
| | | WFTU |
| 6 June 1946 | E/55 | Letter dated 4 June 1946 from |
| | | Mr. S. Hillman to the President |
| | | of the Economic and Social |
| | | Council on the same subject |
| 12 August 1946 | E/CT.2/1 | Letter from Mr. Saillant to the |
| | | Secretary-General of the United |
| | | Nations |
| 2 October 1946 | E/CT.2/10 | Report of the Chairman of the |
| | | NGO Committee on the meeting |
| | | with representatives of the WFTU |
| 12 February 1947 | E/C.2/27 | Request for inclusion of items |
| | | in the agenda of the Economic |
| | | and Social Council |
| 28 February 1947 | E/C.2/28 | Draft resolution and document on |
| | | the guarantees for the exercise |
| | | and development of trade union |
| | | rights submitted to the fourth |
| | | session of the Economic and |
| | | Social Council |

/14 March 1947

| | | |
|------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 14 March 1947 | E/C.2/34 | Statement to the NGO Committee by Mr. Saillant on full employment |
| 5 May 1947 | E/ECE/12 | Note from the WFTU to the Economic Commission for Europe on WFTU participation in the work of the Commission |
| 19 July 1947 | E/C.2/48 | Letter to the General Secretary of the WFTU on the status of the WFTU in the Economic and Social Council |
| 8 August 1947 | E/C.2/53 | Note from the WFTU to the fifth session of the Economic and Social Council on the subject of the administration of world oil resources |
| 28 January 1948 | E/627 E/627/Add.1 | Declaration of principles and study on the earnings of female labour |
| 5 February 1948 | E/C.2/76 | Letter of protest against the anti-strike law adopted in Greece |
| 25 February 1948 | E/701 | Economic and social reconstruction |
| 8 March 1948 | E/CN.5/111 | Comment on the proposed United Nations Charter of the Rights of the Child |
| 15 June 1948 | E/822 E/822/Add.1 and 2 | Report on the infringement of trade union rights |
| 17 July 1948 | E/C.2/99 | Proposal concerning the report of the third session of the Social Commission (standards of living) |
| 17 July 1948 | E/C.2/100 | Report of the third session of the Economic and Employment Commission |
| 17 July 1948 | E/C.2/101 | Date of session of the Commission on the Status of Women |
| 19 July 1948 | E/C.2/104 | Letter on the Draft Convention on Genocide |
| 24 July 1948 | E/C.2/106 | Letter concerning items 20, 22 and 49 of the provisional agenda of the seventh session and the Council's decisions on the final agenda |

| | | |
|------------------|----------------------|--|
| 30 July 1948 | E/C.2/109 | Request for a hearing at the seventh session of the Council |
| 7 January 1949 | E/1082 | Document on the principles of equal pay for equal work for men and women workers |
| 7 February 1949 | E/C.2/141 | Protest against the sentencing to death of officials of the Federation of Greek Seamen's Unions |
| 14 February 1949 | E/822/Add.1 and 2 | Report on the infringement of trade union rights |
| 15 February 1949 | E/C.2/144 | Note on forced labour |
| 4 March 1949 | E/1218, Annex | Forced labour |
| 18 March 1949 | E/C.2/182 | Note on the infringement of trade union rights in Panama |
| 22 March 1949 | E/C.2/161 | Draft resolution on equal pay for equal work for men and women workers |
| 17 May 1949 | E/C.2/192 | Note on the infringement of trade union rights in Canada |
| 18 May 1949 | E/C.2/193 | Note on the infringement of trade union rights in India |
| 19 May 1949 | E/C.2/191 | Note on the infringement of trade union rights in Malaya |
| 17 May 1949 | E/1332 | Communication concerning inclusion in the agenda of an item entitled "unemployment and full employment" and declaration of principles on that subject. |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, eg., work of consultants

In the course of its activities, the WFTU has fully justified the requests and claims it made to the various United Nations organs concerning labour's participation in those organs. It has furnished the Council and its subsidiary organs with a series of important pieces of information. It has drawn the attention of the Council and world public opinion to a series of facts which purely Government sources of information had refrained from mentioning.

/Thanks to the WFTU

Thanks to the WFTU, international organs were enabled to discuss the question of trade union rights, a matter of vital importance to labour. Thanks to the WFTU, infringements of trade union rights in certain countries have been discussed in the open. Following the WFTU's request and the studies submitted by it, the Economic and Social Council was able to call upon States Members to apply the principle of equal pay for equal work for men and women workers. On the basis of requests and reports by the WFTU the Council was enabled to take note of the real facts concerning unemployment.

Thus, by availing itself of the recognition of its rights and requesting the inclusion of the above questions in the Council's agenda, the WFTU has acted in the spirit of the Charter working for the achievement of social progress, the logical application of democratic principles and the attainment of effective rights for the workers of the world.

The WFTU has always taken seriously the tasks devolving upon it in consequence of its co-operation with the United Nations.

In February 1946 the Executive Bureau of the WFTU decided to organize technical commissions of experts to study questions dealt with by international organizations with which the WFTU co-operates.

It also organized conferences of experts, in 1947, for instance, to examine questions for submission by the WFTU to the Economic and Social Council.

In addition it has done important work towards the achievement of the tasks entrusted to the Economic and Social Council under the United Nations Charter. In April 1947 it organized a Pan-African Conference at Dakar at which important questions concerning social legislation, the raising of standards of living and the exercise of trade union rights were examined. The conclusions and recommendations of that conference were transmitted to the United Nations Secretary-General.

It has made important studies on migration and the rights of the child which it has forwarded to the interested sections of the Secretariat. It has tried to supply information and collect documentation on questions referred to it by the Secretariat, such as family allowances etc.

Lastly, it took part in the Latin American Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations and sent Mr. Irving Abramson of the American CIO as its representative to the Advisory Committee on the United Nations Appeal for Children.

IV. Work of the Organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, and III above

(a) In the first place it must be pointed out that all the deliberative organs of the WFTU -- Executive Bureau and Committee, General Council and Congress -- at all their meetings, discussed the question of the WFTU's participation in the activities of the United Nations and kept the interest and attention of its members constantly awake to this important matter, thus providing a powerful means of propaganda for the work of the United Nations.

In this connexion we have already quoted extracts from resolutions of the London World Trade Union Conference (February 1945) and the Paris World Trade Union Congress (September-October 1945). We must now quote passages from the decisions of other WFTU organs (these passages are omitted in this report).

(b) The WFTU and its deliberative organs have also popularized the work of the Economic and Social Council as a factor of peace and social progress and in their statements have never failed to give full support to the work of the United Nations and to emphasize the part the Council should play in keeping with the spirit of the Charter and with the solidarity of the United Nations.

In numerous circulars the WFTU has drawn the attention of its National Centres to the importance of United Nations work and asked them to urge their Governments to give a place to trade union representatives in their national delegations to the General Assembly.

The London World Trade Union Conference (February 1945) unanimously acclaimed the decision of the three Allied Governments to call a United Nations conference at San Francisco to draft a charter for a world organisation in accordance with the general principles formulated at Dumbarton Oaks.

In addition the Conference expressed the hope that the Dumbarton Oaks proposals for the establishment of an economic and social council to make recommendations on international, economic, social and other humanitarian matters would be put into effect as soon as possible. The world trade union movement should give special assistance in developing this organ of the new international institution, and asked to be represented at all stages of its creation and development.

The Paris World Trade Union Congress (September-October 1945), in its turn "welcomed and approved the work of the San Francisco Conference in creating the United Nations Organization whose mission was 'to maintain international peace and security... to suppress acts of aggression... and to promote international co-operation by settling problems of an economic, social, cultural and humanitarian nature' "; and the Congress added that "the continued co-operation and friendly relations between the peoples of the United Nations and the indestructible unity of their Governments constituted the only guarantee of a stable and enduring peace. The World Congress took upon itself the task of furthering and strengthening that unity".

In its appeal to the workers of the world of 1 May 1946 the WFTU stated: "the organization of peace by the international co-operation of nations must be guaranteed in its effectiveness and realization by similar co-operation between the peoples through the organizations which they have freely given to themselves and which they voluntarily support. Thus the United Nations will fulfil the hopes which the people place in it".

In the same document the WFTU invited all workers to work to make the United Nations an effective element of a just and enduring peace.

In its appeal to workers on 1 May 1947 the WFTU emphasized that it was the solidarity of the peoples of the United Nations which showed itself in the struggle against the common enemy that assured victory on the field of battle. Continued co-operation and friendly relations between the peoples of the United Nations as well as the indestructible unity of their Governments still constituted the only guarantee of a stable and enduring peace. The WFTU would continue to support the cause of union against those who would sow discord... The appeal stated: "the WFTU has intervened with the United Nations so that the conditions for the stabilization of peace and for the defence of the interests of the broad masses of the people may be sought in continued economic and social co-operation".

In its message to the workers of the world, the General Council of the WFTU at its Prague meeting on 14 June 1947 appealed for "an unceasing effort to consolidate peace and to accord to all workers throughout the world -- by granting to the WFTU its fitting participation in the work of the United Nations -- a full and complete say in the establishment and maintenance of peace".

The Executive Committee of the WFTU, in its appeal of 2 February 1949 to the workers of the world, defined the future tasks of its organization as being in complete conformity with those of the Economic and Social Council

/These tasks consist

These tasks consist in building a new world, freed from need and hunger, freed from unemployment, a world in which all the workers will be assured of a wage worthy of those who create all the world's goods. Trade union rights and liberties must be guaranteed and extended as must also be guaranteed legislation relating to social security. The World Federation of Trade Unions supports the colonial and semi-colonial peoples who, in consequence of their indefeasible right to free self-determination, are fighting for their independence and their conditions of life.

"The WFTU is fighting for the extermination of the evil influence of the trusts and monopolies on the social, economic and political life of the world. The WFTU is assisting the democratic forces to wipe out the Fascist regimes and the forces of Fascism which still exist in a certain number of countries and constitute a constant threat to peace.

"The WFTU is fighting and will fight to ensure a stable and lasting peace between the peoples and will denounce those attempting to provoke a new world war".

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

(a) First of all it should be pointed out that consultative status with the Economic and Social Council was obtained for non-governmental organizations mainly owing to the initiative taken by our organization and as a result of its claims.

Consultative status, even in its present unsatisfactory form, was granted as the result of the pressure exercised and the desire expressed by the millions of workers in the WFTU. The report presented by the WFTU continues with a statement of that organization's efforts in regard to consultative relations and ends as follows:

"In conclusion it will be seen that:

(a) consultative status was arranged for the non-governmental organizations mainly owing to the energetic activity of the WFTU;

(b) the WFTU has endeavoured to stimulate the activity of the Economic and Social Council and direct it along lines closer to the interests of workers and to democratic principles, and to complete its sometimes too official and abstract documentation by real concrete facts. It is owing to proposals and studies by the WFTU that the Economic and Social Council has been able to deal with certain questions of vital importance to workers;

/(c) the WFTU

(c) the WFTU has constantly based its action for extending its rights vis-à-vis the Economic and Social Council, on the desires of its members, the organized workers of the world, whom it has kept constantly informed of decisions taken in the matter by the General Assembly and the Economic and Social Council. In this way the most important section of world opinion has been mobilized in support of the work of the United Nations;

(d) from other points of view that work has been one of the main objects of concern of the WFTU, its deliberative organs and its appeal to workers. The WFTU has constantly popularized the proceedings of the Economic and Social Council and reported them to the workers of the world;

(e) the activities of the WFTU, which was set up at approximately the same time as the Economic and Social Council, have become inseparable, for the workers of the world, from those of the Economic and Social Council, and the WFTU has provided the latter with the indispensable support of the masses in the spirit of the solidarity of the United Nations, forged during the victorious war against Fascism and Nazism, and in the spirit of the promises secured by the peoples at the time when it was hoped that retrograde forces would be abolished, the power of trusts and monopolies destroyed, and the access of workers to the fruits of their labour ensured by the establishment of a true economic and social democracy in the world."

The letter accompanying the WFTU's report contained a statement to the effect that the report dealt solely with the activities of the WFTU in relation to the Economic and Social Council and its Commissions, and did not include its activities in connexion with the specialized agencies or other inter-governmental organs.

7. **INTERNATIONAL COOPERATIVE ALLIANCE (ICA)** "Orchard House"
(Alliance cooperative internationale - ACI) 14 Great Smith Street
London, S.W.1, England

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949,
pages 113 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing consultants

Mr. Murray D. Lincoln, formerly Vice-President of the ICA (appointed May, 1946). Mr. Thorsten Odhe, Director of the ICA (appointed January, 1947). Mr. Lincoln has been assisted by Mr. Wallace J. Campbell and other officials and members of the staff of the Co-operative League of the United States, as well as by Mr. Howard A. Cowden, of the Consumer Co-operative Association, Kansas City.

B. Attendance

All sessions of the Economic and Social Council since its constitution. Representatives -- Miss G. F. Polley, Mr. Murray D. Lincoln, Mr. Thorsten Odhe, Mr. Howard A. Cowden, Professor Edgard Milhaud, Mr. Ch. H. Barbier, Mr. Wallace J. Campbell, Mr. Leslie Woodcock.

First and fourth sessions of the Economic Commission for Europe. Representative -- Mr. Thorsten Odhe. The ICA has also been represented at a few meetings of the Coal Committee and the Housing Committee of the ECE. Representative - Dr. Hurliman.

The United Nations Maritime Conference in Geneva, February, 1948. Representative -- Mr. Magnus Berg.

The United Nations Conference on Freedom of Information, in Geneva, March-April, 1948. Representatives -- Mr. Thorsten Odhe, Mr. Ch. H. Barbier.

Several sessions of the Economic and Employment Commission and Social Commission in Lake Success. Representatives -- Mr. Murray D. Lincoln, Mr. Wallace J. Campbell.

Preparatory Committee of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Employment, London, 1946, and Geneva, 1947. Representatives -- Lord Rusholme (London 1946), Mr. Thorsten Odhe, Mr. M. Weber (Geneva 1947).

The United Nations Conference on Trade and Employment, in Havana, November, 1947-March, 1948. Representative -- Mr. Thorsten Odhe.

Meeting of the Interim Commission of the International Trade Organisation, in Geneva, August 1948. Representative -- Mr. Thorsten Odhe.

The following persons have also attended meetings under the auspices of the Council: Mr. A. A. Drejer, Mr. F. Nielsen, Mr. Gardner Jackson, Dr. Walter Ruf.

The ICA has been represented at all General Assemblies.

C. Oral statements

The ICA proposed for inclusion in the agenda of the fifth session of the Economic and Social Council an item on World Oil Resources, which was accepted by the Council. The introductory statement was made by Mr. Thorsten Odhe. Other oral statements in Commissions, Committees and Sub-Committees of the Economic and Social Council were made by Mr. Wallace J. Campbell, Dr. Coady, Mr. Leslie Woodcock. A statement was made to the United Nations Conference on Freedom of Information by Mr. Thorsten Odhe, as well as several statements to the United Nations Conference on Trade and Employment in Havana, in plenary sessions and in committees, likewise by Mr. Thorsten Odhe, as the representative of the ICA.

The "Check List" for the Social Commission shows that the ICA consultant made a statement as follows:

E/CN.5/SR.22, 3 February 1947, Consultative status

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

| | | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| 25 September 1946 | E/CT.2/7 | Co-operation with the United Nations |
| 19 March 1947 | E/C.2/35 | International control of oil resources |
| 2 July 1947 | E/449 and Add 1. | International control of oil resources |
| 5 August 1948 | E/C.2/110 | Education: Teaching about the United Nations |
| 5 August 1948 | E/C.2/111 and E/C.2/111 Corr.1 (English only) | Food supply |
| 7 August 1948 | E/527 | International control of oil resources |
| 18 March 1949 | E/C.2/183 | Economic development |
| 26 May 1949 | E/C.2/197 | " " /III. Any other |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

Information on the activities of the International Co-operative Alliance and of the Co-operative Movement has been transmitted to the members of the Council and to officials of the Secretariats of the various Council organs and of the specialized agencies. In 1947, a brochure on "The Co-operative Movement in World Economy" was written by Mr. Thorsten Odhe, standing consultant, and distributed to the members of the Economic and Social Council.

At the meeting of the Economic and Social Council in July and August, 1947, the ICA proposed an item for the agenda, "Control of World Oil Resources", which was accepted. The item was based on a resolution adopted by the 16th Congress of the ICA at Zurich in 1947, and supported by documents signed by the permanent representatives, Messrs. Thorsten Odhe and Murray D. Lincoln. The Council decided to take note of the proposal made by the ICA.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

A. In relation to the members of the organization

"The consultants and representatives of the ICA have reported on their activities, and on the achievements attained by the Conferences and Sessions which they have attended. A number of these reports have been published in the official organ of the ICA, the Review of International Co-operation..."

B. Otherwise

"The International Co-operative Alliance has participated in the work of the United Nations Appeal for Children. Lord Rusholme... was a member of the Consultative Committee of the UNAC, and Mr. Thorsten Odhe, as his deputy, followed the preparations for the UNAC Campaign and participated in meetings arranged for the Non-Governmental Organizations in Lake Success in the summer and autumn of 1947.

"The Alliance has also been represented at several Conferences for the Non-Governmental Organizations arranged by the ... Department of Public Information or called by the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations

in Lake Success and in Geneva. Representatives --

Mr. Thorsten Odhe, Mr. Wallace J. Campbell, Professor Edgard Milhaud."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

"The Alliance desires to draw ... attention to the increasing difficulties of more closely following the widely ramified activities of the United Nations in the economic and social fields. In order to be able to render effective consultation in this work, the exceedingly great importance of which is fully recognized by the Alliance, the Secretariat has had to devote a steadily growing part of its resources to the duties involved in the Consultative Status of the Organization. Any technical improvements, e.g., in the selection and transmission of documents or in the general information about the work going on in the various organs of the Council, at a preparatory or more advanced stage, with a view to saving labour and time, would therefore be sincerely welcomed by the ICA."

8. AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR (AF of L) / American Federation of Labor
(Fédération américaine du Travail) Bldg
Washington 1, D. C., U. S. A.
Tel: NATIONAL 3870
Cable: AFEL

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, page 11 et seq.

I. Representation at Sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants

Permanent Main Consultants are Messrs Matthew Woll and David Dubinsky; Assistant Consultant, Miss Toni Sender.

B. Attendance

Beginning with February 1947, the American Federation of Labor was represented at all sessions of the Economic and Social Council. At the fourth, fifth and sixth sessions the Federation was represented by Miss Toni Sender and Mr. Peter D. Garvan. At the seventh session the Federation was represented by Mr. Nelson H. Cruikshank, from Washington. At the end of 1948, Mr. Garvan resigned and in his place Mr. George Stolz was appointed Assistant to the Consultants.

The AF of L has been represented at sessions of the following Commissions:

The Economic and Employment Commission and its Sub-Commissions on Employment and Economic Stability and Economic Development

Social Commission

The Fiscal Commission

The Statistical Commission

The Status of Women Commission

The Human Rights Commission and its Sub-Commissions on:

(i) Freedom of Information and of the Press

(ii) Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities

Population Commission

Economic Commission for Latin America

Transport and Communications Commission (beginning in 1949)

C. Observers Attending Particular Meetings

Specialists were sometimes appointed for particular Commissions: Mr. Lazare Teper, Research Director of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, for the Statistical Commission; Mr. Alfred Braunthal, Research Director of the United Hatters, Cap and Millinery Workers International Union, for Economic Development; and Mr. Serafino Romualdi, Executive Secretary of the Inter-American Confederation of Workers (CIT), for the Economic Commission on Latin America.

/ D. Oral Statements

D. Oral Statements

The American Federation of Labor consultant, Miss Sender, presented the case to the Council regarding "the victims of forced labor camps in the Soviet Union ... in an extensive statement and asked for action. As a result a resolution was adopted by the Council asking for action by the I.L.O., the Secretary-General and the Human Rights Commission."

"The American Federation of Labor consultant also addressed the Council on the violation of Trade Union rights in countries of Eastern Europe and of similar violations in Peru, an action which led to the adoption of a resolution referring the matter to the ILO."

"In the Economic and Employment Commission the American Federation of Labor suggested the inclusion of labor experts for advising the under-developed countries in all pertaining labor questions, as well as on labor management and Trade Union problems."

Oral statements were also made to the Sub-Commission on Economic Development and the Human Rights Commission.

The "Check List" for the Social Commission shows that the AF of L has made other statements as follows:

| | | |
|---------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| E/CN.5/SR.22, | 3 February 1947 | Consultative Status |
| E/CN.5/SR.27, | 29 August 1947 | Co-ordination with UNICEF |
| E/CN.5/SR.30, | 4 September 1947 | Social Commission |
| E/CN.5/SR.50 | 9 April 1948 | Migration |
| E/CN.5/SR.52 | 13 April 1948 | Migration |
| E/CN.5/SR.53 | 14 April 1948 | Migration |
| E/CN.5/SR.69 | - 3 May 1949 | Prostitution, draft convention. |

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

| | | |
|------------------|-----------------|---|
| 26 March 1946 | E/AC.7/15/Add.1 | International Bill of Human Rights |
| 19 August 1946 | E/CT 2/2 | " " " " " |
| 12 June 1947 | E/CN.4/AC.1/11 | International Bill of Human Rights (translated into more than a dozen languages) |
| 11 December 1947 | E/AC.21/12 | Co-operation with Economic Commission for Latin America |
| 13 March 1947 | E/C.2/32 | Guarantee for the exercise and development of trade union rights |
| 10 April 1947 | E/C.2/37 | "La Prensa" statement on AFL bill of rights |

| | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| 22 May 1947 | E/CN.4/Sub.1/23 | Freedom of the Press - Removal of obstacles to free communication |
| 11 June 1947 | E/CN.1/43 | Economic and Employment Commission - Remarks made by the Consultant for the American Federation of Labor in connexion with Item 7 of the Agenda |
| 31 July 1947 | E/C.2/51 | Protection of migrant and immigrant Labour |
| 8 July 1947 | E/454 | " " " " " " |
| 18 July 1947 | E/454/Add.1 | " " " " " " |
| 18 July 1947 | E/454/Add.2 | " " " " " " |
| 16 September 1947 | E/CN.5/38 | Housing and town and country planning |
| 24 November 1947 | E/CN.4/Sub.2/16 | Prevention of discrimination - Protection of minorities |
| 29 November 1947 | E/596 | Proposed survey on forced labor and measures for its abolition |
| 2 July 1948 | E/841 | Trade Union Rights |
| 6 August 1948 | E/C.2/115 | United Nations Appeal for Children |
| 15 October 1948 | E/C.2/129 | Recommendation to the Economic and Social Council in conformity with Doc. E/940/Add.4 - "Extra Rights, Category A Consultants" |
| 10 November 1948 | E/C.2/135 | Central publication for the promotion of and advising on development projects |
| 1 December 1948 | E/1075 | Equal pay for equal work |
| 7 January 1949 | E/1083 | Central publication for the promotion of and advising on development projects |
| 10 January 1949 | E/1085 | Infringement of trade union rights - Peru |
| 10 January 1949 | E/CN.8/W.20/Add.1 | Fiscal Commission, Memorandum by the American Federation of Labor (Fiscal measures to prevent depressions) |
| 12 January 1949 | E/C.2/137 | Items for consideration by the Fiscal Commission |
| 31 May 1949 | E/CN.12/118 | Preliminary draft of the Economic Survey of Latin America |

The American Federation of Labor makes the following comments on other documents submitted by it:

"A document was submitted to the Sub-Commission on Economic Development on: 'Post-war price relations in trade between under-developed countries' (E/CN.1/Sub.3.W.12, 24 March 1949), suggesting greater diversification and planned expansion of agricultural production based on long-term contracts with a number of industrialized countries. These suggestions were explained to the Sub-Commission by the American Federation of Labor consultant.

"In the fifth session of the Human Rights Commission the American Federation of Labor consultant submitted amendments to the Covenant of Human Rights asking for the insertion of some basic economic and social rights into the Covenant: 'Draft International Covenant on Human Rights, Article 19' (E/C.2/196, 24 May 1949). This request was explained before the Commission as well as the American Federation of Labor insistence on the introduction of the right of Petition for individuals and associations.

"In February 1949, the American Federation of Labor submitted to the Economic and Social Council a book with a collection of affidavits from victims of forced labor camps in the Soviet Union."

"A very extensive (28 pp.) paper was submitted, 8 April 1949, to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, on fifth column activities in various countries, constituting a threat to the peace, requesting to have such activities outlawed by international legislation. The International Law Commission has dealt with this problem and adopted an article for the Declaration of the Rights and Duties of the State suggesting the outlawry of such activities by the United Nations."

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

The following items were proposed for the agenda of the Council:

- (1) Protection of migrant and immigrant labour
- (2) Survey of forced labour and measures for its abolition
- (3) Creation of a central publication for the promotion of and advising on development projects.

IV. Work of the organization in support of, or in connexion, with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above

A. In relation to the members of the organization

The American Federation of Labor representatives have kept its
/membership informed

membership informed on the activities of the General Assembly and on the work of the Economic and Social Council and its Commissions.

"A report on the Consultants' activities was given to the two American Federation of Labor Conventions - one in 1947 and the other in 1948. The Conventions gave instructions for future activities of the consultants.

B. Otherwise

"Articles have been written for labor organs as for example, the magazine, 'Labor and Nation'; 'International Free Trade Union News' (translated into..., Italian, French, English, German) [and the 'American Federationist']. Besides which, addresses on United Nations activities were made before a group at Roosevelt College, Chicago, Illinois; Penn Labor Association and Pendle Hill Institute; YMCA, Buffalo, New York; Labor Education Association, Atlanta, Georgia; Hudson Shore Labor School; etc.

"Broadcast over 'Voice of America' and other radio stations, such as WEVD, etc.

"The consultants also participated in many institutes and lectures on the United Nations, especially on the work of the Economic and Social Council."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

The AF of L submitted a document entitled: "Recommendation to the Economic and Social Council in conformity with document E/940/Add.4".

"This document requested that the consultants of category A organizations be given the opportunity to explain the views of their organizations in the committees of the whole. Arrangements have since been made to permit this."

9. INTERNATIONAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE (ICC) 38 Cours Albert Ier,
(Chambre de Commerce internationale - CCI) Paris, France

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, page 93 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

New York: Miss Edith Sansom

Geneva: Mr. Charles Aubert

B. Attendance

"From October 1946 to 1 June 1949, the ICC has been represented at 95 ... [sessions] of United Nations organs as well as at 17 ... [sessions] of the specialized agencies. The ... United Nations [sessions] include: all sessions of the General Assembly and of the Economic and Social Council held during the period of the Chamber's consultative status; all sessions of those commissions of the Economic and Social Council whose work is of particular importance to the Chamber; working parties such as those on Railway, Highway, Inland Transport and Customs Formalities held under the auspices of the Economic Commission for Europe; ... [sessions] of special groups such as those concerned with UNAC's activities; and conferences held by the Section for Non-Governmental Organizations of the Department of Public Information to discuss matters relating to NGO's. The ... [sessions] of specialized agencies attended include the conferences and commission meetings convened to establish and organize the work of the ITO; the United Nations Maritime Conference called to set up IMCO; the meetings of the ILO, ICAO, FAO, and UPU."

"As a routine matter the standing consultants of the New York and Geneva liaison offices attend all ... [sessions] of those United Nations organs whose work is of general interest to the Chamber. In addition, however, in the case of ... [sessions] of particular interest to the ICC, the usual procedure is to supplement this standing representation with experts in special fields of trade and commerce. These experts come from many branches of industry and from many parts of the world to represent the views of the business community at United Nations meetings."

A detailed statement on ICC representation follows:

Economic and Social Council:

fourth session, Mr. J.R. Minter (Assistant Secretary-General, ICC/UN Liaison Office, New York City);

fifth session, Mr. J.P. Meiklejohn (USA); Miss Edith Sansom;

sixth session, Mr. J.R. Minter;

seventh session, Mr. Arthur Guinness (President, International Chamber of Commerce); Mr. Alex W. Barbey (Switzerland; Asst.

/Treasurer of ICC);

Treasurer of ICC); Mr. R. Julliard (Switzerland); Mr. Pierre Vasseur (Secretary-General of ICC); Mr. Charles Aubert (Director, Geneva Chamber of Commerce); eighth session, Mr. Winthrop W. Aldrich (USA, Hon. President of ICC, Chairman, Board of Directors, the Chase National Bank of City of New York); Miss Edith Sansom.

Agenda Committee of Economic and Social Council:

15 July 1948, Representation arranged through the ICC/UN Liaison Office in Geneva; 4 February 1949, Mr. H. Edward Bilkey (USA) Mr. John T. Byrne (USA) Miss Sansom.

Coordination Commission of the Economic and Social Council:

12 July - 13 August 1948, Representation arranged through the ICC/UN Liaison Office in Geneva.

Council Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations:

18 March 1947, Mr. Minter

Economic and Employment Commission:

first session, Mr. Minter;
second session, Mr. Henry P. Bristol (USA);
third session, M. Vasseur, Miss Sansom;
fourth session, Mr. August Maffry (USA); Miss Sansom

Sub-Commission on Economic Development:

first session, Mr. Minter (two meetings);
second session, Miss Sansom.

Sub-Commission on Employment and Economic Stability:

first session, Mr. Minter; Miss Sansom

Transport and Communications Commission:

first session, Mr. Minter;
second session, Mr. Lucien Devreaux (Director of Technical Department of Federation of Belgian Industries), Mr. Aubert;
third session, Mr. Frank Perrin (USA Executive Assistant, US Government Office of Defense Transportation), Miss Sansom.

Statistical Commission:

first session, Mr. Minter;
second session, Mr. G.L. Ridgeway (USA), Mr. Minter;
third session, Mr. Ridgeway.

Fiscal Commission:

first session, Mr. Ellsworth Alvord (USA Alvora and Alvord), Mr. Victor Schoepperle (USA), Miss Sansom;
second session, Mr. Frank Bower, C.B.E. (UK, Lever Bros and Unilever Limited), Mr. H.B. Fernald ((USA) Loomis, Suffern and Fernald) Mr. Alvord, Miss Sansom.

Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East:

third session, Mr. R.F. Holder (Australia, Economic Department, Bank of New South Wales), Mr. R. Ramnathan Chettier (India), Mr. S.H. Pan (China, Assistant General Manager, Banque d'Indochine, Saigon)

Committee of the Whole, 28 March - 5 April 1949, Mr. Kwang-Pu Chen (China), Mr. T.C. Hsu (China), Mr. Jack Fee (USA), Mr. Ian L. MacEwen (UK), Mr. M. Truquin (French Indonesia).

Economic Commission for Europe:

first session, Dr. Michael A. Heilperin (USA), Mr. Minter;

second session, Dr. Heilperin, Mr. Minter;

third session, Mr. Ernest Marcier (France), Hon. President of ICC), Mr. C.G. Freke, C.I.E. (UK).

Meeting of the BIDAC Commission:

21-22 September 1948, Representation arranged through the ICC/UN Liaison Office in Geneva.

Coal Committee:**Working Party on Coal Allocation:**

14 June 1948 and 10 February 1949, Mr. Aubert.

Working Parties and Sub-Committees of the Coal Committee:

21-25 February 1949, Mr. Aubert.

Committee on the Development of Trade:

14 February 1949, Mr. Aubert.

Committee on Electric Power:

22-25 September 1948, Representation arranged through the ICC/UN Liaison Office in Geneva.

Committee on Industry and Materials:

22-27 November 1947, Mr. Vasseur;

21-25 June 1948, Mr. Aubert.

FAO/ECE - Timber Committee:

28 June - 2 July 1948, Mr. Aubert; 13 September 1948, Representation arranged through the ICC/UN Liaison Office in Geneva.

Inland Transport Committee:

first session, Mr. Philippe Droin (Headquarters, ICC);

second session, Mr. Robert Simon, (Hon. President of National Federation of Highway Transport (France)), Mr. Larangot (Assistant), Mr. Aubert;

third session, Mr. Charles Dechevrens, (Switzerland, President of the Swiss Road Federation).

Committee on International Road Transport Contract:

second session, Mr. Charles Ingversen, Mr. Droin

Working Party of Inland Transport Committee:

2-6 December 1947, Mr. Droin; 6-10 January 1948,

Mr. Claude Leblanc (Secretary-General of National Federation of Road Transport, (France)), Mr. Aubert.

Working Party on Customs Formalities:

1 June 1948, 7-15 October 1948, Representation arranged through the ICC/UN Liaison Office in Geneva.

Working Party on Customs Formalities Road:

Mr. Jean Dozol (France; Vice-President, Chambre Syndicale des Demenageurs); 15-18 September 1948, Representation arranged through the ICC/UN Liaison Office in Geneva.

Working Party on Highways:

15 April 1948, Mr. Aubert; 12-16 July 1948, Representation arranged through the ICC/UN Liaison Office in Geneva; 28 February - 3 March 1949, Mr. Aubert.

Working Party on Legal Problems:

18-21 May 1948, Dr. Ernest Spat (Netherlands, President of International Road Transport Union), Mr. Aubert, Mr. Droin.

Working Party on Road Traffic Conditions - second session:

Mr. Robert de Nercy (Secretary-General Permanent International Bureau of Motor Manufacturers - member of ICC Committee on Highway Transport); 8-12 June 1948, Mr. Leblanc, Mr. Aubert, Mr. Yves de Breton; 2-8 November 1948, Mr. Vasseur; 23 November-1 December 1948, Mr. F. Ernest Spat (Netherlands, President, International Road Transport Union); 10-20 January 1949, Mr. Aubert.

Working Party on Road Transport - Short Term Problems, 31 May 1948,

Mr. Leblanc, Mr. Aubert, Mr. Yves de Breton (Assistant to Secretary-General of National Federation of Road Transport; France), Mr. Aubert; 5-6 October 1948, Representation arranged through the ICC/UN Liaison Office in Geneva; third session, Mr. Aubert.

Committee of Experts appointed by Working Party of the Road Transport Sub-Committee to study the institution of an International Waybill:

20 June 1948, Mr. Charles Ingversen ((Denmark) Director of Adams Transport Company).

/Sub-Committee on Highway

Sub-Committee on Highway Transport, 15-17 March 1948,

Mr. Lucien Devreux (Director of Technical Department of the Federation of Belgian Industries), Mr. Aubert.

Sub-Committee on Road Transport - second session: Mr. Devreux, Mr. Leblanc.

Railway Transport Committee:

4-8 May 1948, Mr. E. Bischofberger (Switzerland, Director of Danzas & Co.).

Working Party on Transport by Rail:

20-23 October 1948, Mr. Bischofberger.

Sub-Committee on Rail Transport - first session:

Mr. Bischofberger; 22-26 February 1949, Mr. Bischofberger.

Group of Experts on Renewal and Construction of Rolling Stock:

20 January 1949, Mr. Aubert; 5 April 1949, Dr. E. Naegeli (Switzerland).

Steel Committee:

7-9 February 1949, Mr. Aubert.

UNAC, Informal Conference with Representatives of NGO's regarding One Day's Pay: and 28 March 1947, Mr. G.T. Ross (USA); International Advisory Committee: Meeting of observers; 12 November 1947, Mr. Minter; 13 January 1948, Mr. Minter.

Conference on Public Information of United Nations and Non-Governmental Organizations: 10 February 1947, Lake Success, Mr. Minter; 18-22 May 1948, Geneva, Mr. Droin; 4 April 1949, Lake Success, Miss Sanson

United Nations Maritime Conference:

19 February - 6 March 1948, The Hon. John S. MacLay, G.M.G., M.P., (UK), the Hon. W. Leslie Runciman (UK), Mr. Alexander S. Kerr (USA), Mr. Aubert (Switzerland), Mr. Droin (ICC Hqs.)

Meeting of Government Experts on Passports and Frontier Formalities, 14-25 April 1947, Mr. P. Stoppani (Italy), Mr. R. Juillard (Switzerland) Mr. Egli (USA), Mr. H.H. Gardiner, (UK), Mr. Minter.

International Trade Organization:

Preparatory Committee of the International Trade and Employment Conference: 15 October - 26 November 1946, Mr. Wallace B. Phillips (Deputy-Treasurer of ICC; President, American Chamber of Commerce in London), Mr. Richard Barton (hdqs ICC).

Preparatory Committee - second session of the UN Conference on Trade and Employment: Mr. Arthur Guinness, Mr. Wallace B. Phillips, Mr. Barton, Dr. Heilperin, Mr. Minter.

United Nations Conference on Trade and Employment: 21 November 1947 - 24 March 1948, Mr. Guinness, Mr. Mercier, Mr. Phillips, Mr. Juan Sabatas (Chairman, Cuban National Committee of ICC), Dr. Heilperin, Miss Sanson.

Interim Commission of ITO: second session, Mr. Phillips, Mr. Barton.

General Assembly:

second session, Mr. Thomas J. Watson ((USA), Hon. President of ICC), Mr. Minter; third session, first part Mr. Mercier, Mr. Vasseur; third session, second part, Mr. Watson, Miss Sanson.

C. Oral Statements

ICC representatives have made a number of oral statements to commissions.

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

"Over the same period the ICC has submitted 30 statements to the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary organs, and 6 to specialized agencies setting forth its views on matters of common interest. These statements include resolutions and reports adopted by the Council of the ICC on such matters as: Maximum Employment in a Free Society; A Charter for World Trade; Air, Highway and Sea Transport; Barriers to International Transport of Goods; Foreign Investment; and Suggested Treatment of German Trade Marks Outside Germany; brochures published by the ICC on such matters as International Double Taxation; International Protection of Industrial Property; Code of Standards of Advertising Practice; and Simplification of Formalities in International Transport; and statements from officers of the Chamber on various questions.

"Preliminary Statement on Co-ordination of Inland Transport.

At its second session, April 1948, the Transport and Communications Commission passed a resolution in which it evinced its interest in the results of a study being carried on by the ICC regarding the co-ordination of inland transport. The ICC submitted a preliminary statement (ICC Brochure No. 135 - Co-ordination of Inland Transport) to the third session of the Commission which was included in Commission document E/CN.2/58. The final study is still under preparation.

"Among statements prepared for approval by the XIIIth Congress of the ICC to be held in Quebec, June 1949, many will be on matters of common interest to the ICC and the United Nations. After approval by the Congress, these selected statements will be transmitted to the United Nations for action or information.

"The complete list of documents submitted to the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary organs, including date and/symbol, is attached..."

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------------|--------|---|
| E/C.2/18 | 9 January 1947 | 14 pp. | MAXIMUM EMPLOYMENT IN A FREE SOCIETY: Resolution and report adopted by the Council of ICC. |
| E/C.2/20 | 15 January 1947 | 5 pp. | AIR TRANSPORT: Resolution adopted by the Council of ICC. |
| E/CN.8/24 | 22 May 1947 | | INTERNATIONAL DOUBLE TAXATION. |
| E/C.2/21 | 15 January 1947 | 5 pp. | MONETARY PROBLEMS IN THE WORLD TODAY: Resolution adopted by the Council of ICC December, 1946. |
| E/C.2/22 | 15 January 1947 | 4 pp. | INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION OF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY: Report adopted by the Council of ICC. |
| E/C.2/23 | 15 January 1947 | 1 p. | FOREIGN INVESTMENT: Resolution adopted by the Council of ICC. |
| E/C.2/24 | 15 January 1947 | 4 pp. | HIGHWAY TRANSPORT: Resolution adopted by the Council of ICC. |
| E/C.2/25 | 22 January 1947 | 7 pp. | SIMPLIFICATION OF FORMALITIES IN INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT: Resolution adopted by the Council of ICC. |
| E/C.2/26 | 22 January 1947 | 2 pp. | RIGHT OF THE TRADER TO SELECT THE TYPE OF TRANSPORT BEST SUITED TO HIS OWN REQUIREMENTS: Resolution adopted by the Council of ICC. |
| E/C.2/33 | 13 March 1947 | 14 pp. | LETTER FROM PRESIDENT OF ICC AND REPORT OF ICC COMMITTEE OF EXPERTS FOR SIMPLIFICATION OF FORMALITIES IN INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT. |
| E/C.2/36 | 19 March 1947 | 10 pp. | SECOND DRAFT OF REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN INVESTMENTS OF THE ICC. |
| E/C.2/38 | 14 April 1947 | 4 pp. | TAXATION: Resolution approved by Executive of ICC for submission to the Montreux Congress. (Also circulated to members of Fiscal Commission: 1st Session of 19-31 May 1947, as <u>E/CN.8/10</u> dated 14 May 1947.) |
| E/C.2/40 | 22 May 1947 | 13 pp. | INTERNATIONAL DOUBLE TAXATION: Brochure No. 116. (Also circulated to members of the Fiscal Commission for First Session; 19-31 May 1947, as <u>E/CN.8/24</u> dated 22 May 1947). |

- E/C.2/41 23 May 1947 9 pp. MODEL BILATERAL AGREEMENT ON THE STATUS OF FOREIGN ESTABLISHMENTS: Brochure: No. 109.
- E/C.2/42 23 May 1947 4 pp. DRAFT UNIFORM RULES APPLICABLE TO INTERNATIONAL LOANS: Brochure No. 115.
- E/C.2/43 23 May 1947 4 pp. CODE OF STANDARDS OF ADVERTISING PRACTICE APPROVED BY THE 1937 and 1939 CONGRESSES OF THE ICC: Brochure No. 113.
- E/C.2/46 1 July 1947 3 pp. LETTER FROM PRESIDENT OF ICC AND RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY ICC AT MONTREUX CONGRESS, June 1947 "THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL AND THE I.C.C."
- E/C.2/54 9 August 1947 1 p. Letter from Mr. J.R. Minter, Assistant Secretary-General of ICC to Acting President of the Economic and Social Council requesting that substantive action by the Economic and Social Council on the creation of an International Oil Authority be postponed until its sixth session so that ICC might have time to study the question and determine the views it might wish to submit to the Economic and Social Council.
- E/C.2/55 10 August 1947 31 pp. LETTER FROM PRESIDENT OF ICC TO THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL AND RESOLUTIONS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 27, 29, 30, 34 and 35 of Montreux Congress, June 1947.
- E/C.2/59 20 October 1947 12 pp. BARRIERS TO THE INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT OF GOODS: Item proposed by the President of the ICC for inclusion in the provisional Agenda of the session of the Transport & Communications Commission beginning 8 December 1947.
- E/ECE/TRANS/SC.1/2, 1 March 1948, 3 pp. RESOLUTION... REGARDING STANDARDS FOR DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS OF VEHICLES.
- E/C.2/60 17 October 1947 18 pp. RESOLUTIONS ON TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE Xth CONGRESS OF THE ICC: Montreux, June 1947.
- E/C.2/66 14 November 1947 20 pp. A CHARTER FOR WORLD TRADE: Report of the Council of the ICC to the Havana Trade and Employment Conference.

- E/C.2/126 14 October 1948 22 pp. ICC Brochure No. 126 - RESOLUTION AND REPORT ON ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANCE FOR TAX COLLECTION AND ASSESSMENT. (Also circulated to members of the Fiscal Commission for Second Session, 10-25 Jan. 1949, as E/CN.8/W.23 dated 20 December 1948).
- E/C.2/127 14 October 1948 11 pp. ICC RESOLUTIONS ON HIGHWAY TRANSPORT; TRANSPORT USERS.
- E/C.2/128 14 October 1948 2 pp. ICC RESOLUTION; SUGGESTED TREATMENT OF GERMAN TRADE MARKS OUTSIDE GERMANY.
- E/C.2/130 - 46 pp. SEA TRANSPORT AND THE UNITED NATIONS: ICC Brochure No. 128. (Also submitted to Second Session of the Preparatory Commission of IMCO, 30 November 1948).
- E/C.2/145 23 February 1949 7 pp. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT ON THE CO-ORDINATION OF INLAND TRANSPORT: (Also included in UN document E/CN.2/58 (Annex B) dated 16 March 1949, and issued for 2nd Session of Transport & Communications Commission).
- E/PC/T/44 14 April 1947 40 pp. TRADE AND EMPLOYMENT: A review by the ICC of the Draft Charter of the ITO of the United Nations.
- E/CN.1/W.12 19 May 1947 17 pp. MAXIMUM EMPLOYMENT IN A FREE SOCIETY: ICC Brochure No. 103. Circulated to members of Economic & Employment Commission for second session 2-14 June 1947. Also: "Extracts from a Review by the ICC of the Draft Charter of the ITO of the UN". - Chapter III - Employment, Effective Demand and Economic Activity; Chapter IV - Economic Development of the Review.
- E/CN.8/29 25 July 1947 3 pp. FISCAL POLICY AND DOUBLE TAXATION: Resolution 12 adopted at the XIth Congress of the ICC Montreux, June 1947.

E/CONF.2/8 14 November 1947 27 pp. A CHARTER FOR WORLD TRADE: Report of the Council of ICC to the Havana Trade and Employment Conference. Letter from the President of ICC to the Executive Secretary of the United Nations Trade and Employment Conference Havana.

ITO/56 28 November 1947 4 pp. STATEMENT By Mr. ARTHUR GUINNESS, President of the ICC at the Opening Session of the Havana Trade and Employment Conference.

E/CONF.2/14 6 December 1947 3 pp. Proposals of the ICC on the Draft Charter of ITO.

E/CONF.2/C.2/33, 28 January 1948, 2pp. INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT: Views of the ICC on Article 12 of the Draft Charter of the ITO.

E/C.3/12 26 January 1949 2 pp. DISCRIMINATION IN TRANSPORT INSURANCE.

E/1102 28 January 1949 3 pp. DISCRIMINATION IN TRANSPORT INSURANCE.

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

"On 20 October 1947 an item 'Barriers to the International Transport of Goods' was submitted by the President of the ICC for inclusion in the provisional agenda of the second session of the Transport and Communications Commission (Geneva 12-20 April 1948). This request was supported by a report on the subject prepared by a committee of ICC experts and approved in June 1947 by the Montreux Congress of the ICC. The report was circulated as document E/C.2/59. The Transport and Communications Commission adopted a resolution requesting the Economic and Social Council to instruct the Secretariat to study with ITO the 'respective competence of the various international bodies concerned with this problem' and to report back to it. The Economic and Social Council at its seventh session approved this resolution and the Secretariat study (E/CN.2/49) was submitted to the third session of the Transport and Communications Commission (21-30 March 1949). The Commission resolved to transmit the ICC report to members of the United Nations and assigned responsibility for dealing with the recommendations contained in this report to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, the IC/ITO and the Commission itself.

/On 20 January 1949,

"On 20 January 1949, the United Nations Secretary-General received from the ICC a communication regarding 'Discrimination in Transport Insurance' and requesting that it be included in the agenda of the eighth session of the Economic and Social Council. This communication was submitted to the Economic and Social Council Agenda Committee on 4 February 1949 as document E/1102 and was supported by another communication from the ICC Document E/C.3/12, stating the urgency of the problem. The matter was not included in the eighth session, however, because the Agenda Committee believed it had not been submitted in time to conform with the Rules of Procedure of the Economic and Social Council regarding the time limit on agenda items proposed..."

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

To facilitate liaison with the United Nations the ICC has established two liaison offices, one in New York City and the other in Geneva.

"Through its liaison offices close contact is steadily maintained by the ICC with the various organs of the United Nations to the advantage of both bodies since much of the work of ICC's committees closely parallels that of various United Nations groups and the results achieved by one organization serve to supplement the work of the other. As a routing matter relevant ICC documents and resolutions are submitted to the appropriate United Nations commissions, just as material originating from United Nations commissions is considered by the ICC committee most particularly concerned. At United Nations conferences, Council and commission meetings, ICC experts have the opportunity to exchange views with experts of the United Nations and this is also of mutual value.

"Finally, it might be pointed out that in June 1948 the ICC began issuing for the restricted use of National Committees of the ICC a fortnightly ICC/UN NEWS LETTER devoted exclusively to information regarding ICC/UN Liaison in order to keep ICC's National Committees in close touch with ICC's participation in the work of the United Nations and to inform them of United Nations activities of particular interest to them."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

10. INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF AGRICULTURAL
PRODUCERS (IFAP)*

(Fédération internationale des
Producteurs agricoles FIPA)

712 Jackson Place, N.W.
Washington 6, D.C., U.S.A.
Tel. STerling 4086, 4087
Cable: IFAP

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949,
pages 135 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants:

No permanent consultants have been appointed to the Temporary Headquarters of the United Nations. "In general, the Secretary General, Mr. Andrew Cairns, will attend meetings of interest to IFAP held in the Western Hemisphere and the Assistant Secretary General, Mr. Roger Savary, will attend similar meetings held in Europe."

B. Attendance

The IFAP was represented at the seventh session of the Council by Mr. Savary, Assistant Secretary General.

C. The Secretary General attended on behalf of IFAP the United Nations Conference on Trade and Employment held in Havana in December 1947 and some of the meetings of the Interim Commission held in Havana in Geneva in September 1948. The Assistant Secretary General attended sessions of the Executive Committee of the IC/ITO in Geneva in September 1948.

The Secretary General attended the third session of the Economic Commission for Europe. He also attended the meeting of the ad hoc Committee on Agricultural problems of common concern to FAO and the ECE held in September 1948.

"IFAP was unable to send representatives to the sessions so far held of the ECAFE but is keeping in touch with the work of the Commission."

* This report covers the period up to 1 January 1949 only.

- II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.
- III. Any other activities directly in connexion with session of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

The Secretary General keeps in close touch with the activities of the staff of the ILO, the FAO, the ECE, the ECE Committee on Agricultural Problems, the IC/ITO, and the ICCICA. He was consulted in the preparation of the United Nations pamphlet on Review of International Commodity Agreements 1948.....

- IV. Work of the organization in support of, or in connexion with, the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above

A. In Relation to the Members of the Organization

The IFAP has established the following Committees, consisting of representatives of the farm organizations members of the Federation, to deal with questions which also concern the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary organs:

- (i) European Committee on European Economy Recovery -- membership consists of representatives of the farm organizations in the countries which participate in the Marshall Plan Program.
- (ii) Committee on Agricultural Co-operation -- membership consists of representatives of all member farm organizations.

B. Otherwise

"The IFAP was instructed by its Second Annual General Meeting, in addition to the work outlined in the various sections above, to give attention to:

- (i) studies to develop a plan for the international stabilization of agricultural prices;
- (ii) representations to, and co-operation with, FAO in connexion with further studies on particular agricultural commodities and the possibilities of reaching international commodity agreements thereon;
- (iii) encouragement of consultation with farm organization in national government planning on trade agreements and customs' unions;

/(iv) furthering

(iv.) furthering the work of the member farm organizations regarding the interchange of students and farm workers; and

(v.) the other matters referred to in the attached Report of the IFAP's Conference held in Paris in May 1948.*

"Mr. Lacey (American Farm Bureau Federation) and Mr. Parodnick (United States National Farmers' Union) attended the February 1947 meeting of the Interim Committee of Non-Governmental Organizations on behalf of IFAP. Although IFAP has not attended other meetings, plans are being made for the Secretary General to attend the April 1949 meetings to be held at Lake Success and the Assistant Secretary General will attend any future meetings held in Europe."

"IC/ITO: There is attached a copy of the statement made by the Secretary General on behalf of IFAP to Committee V of the Conference on Trade and Employment held in Havana in December 1947." *

The IFAP also submitted information on its relations with ILO, FAO and UNESCO.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

* Available in Room D-210-D, Lake Success

11. INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF CHRISTIAN TRADE UNIONS 12 Oudenoord
(Confédération internationale des Syndicats Utrecht
chrétiens - CISC) Netherlands

Reference: Description contained in E/C.2/224 of 31 August 1949,
pages 142 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing consultants

Mr. Gaston Tessier (Paris) }
Mr. P. J. S. Serrarens (Utrecht) } appointed 28 April 1948
Mr. A. Vanistendael (Utrecht) }
Mr. Joseph Botton (New York), who acted as observer at the
sessions held at Lake Success, resigned.

The International Federation has just appointed Dr. Frantisek Glaser
(Berne-Liebefeld, Switzerland) its semi-official representative at the
Geneva Office of the United Nations.

Another consultant will be appointed for Lake Success, with
residence in New York.

B. Attendance

Economic and Social Council: fifth, sixth and seventh sessions;
Economic Commission for Europe: first session;
Commission on Human Rights: second session, third session;
General Assembly: 1948.

C. Oral Statements

Economic and Social Council: fifth session, Mr. Serrarens,
on trade union rights.

Commission on Human Rights: second session, Mr. Serrarens
and Mr. Vanistendael on the right to live, questions concerning
marriage and the family, and social questions; third session, on
the articles dealing with the right to found a family, the right
to work and social security, the right to participate in cultural
life, and freedom of association.

The Economic and Social Council Committee on Arrangements for
Consultation with Non-Governmental Organizations: seventh session;
the consultant set out Christian workers' views on a number of
items in the Council's agenda, in particular item 19, the draft
Convention on Genocide, and item 22, the principle of equal pay
for equal work for men and women workers.

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

| | | |
|------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| 31 July 1947 | E/C.2/50 | Trade Union Liberty |
| 21 November 1947 | E/C.2/67 | Human Rights |
| 7 August 1948 | E/C.2/116 | Genocide |
| 7 August 1948 | E/C.2/118 | Equal Pay for Equal Work |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

The International Federation of Christian Trade Unions co-operated in the United Nations Appeal for Children and published an article on the subject in its journal for June 1947.

The IFCTU also submitted documents on its relations with the International Labour Organisation.

IV. Work of the Organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above

The IFCTU took part in the meetings of non-governmental organizations sponsored by the Department of Public Information, including the meetings in February and September 1947 (Mr. Botton).

In December 1947 the IFCTU launched an "Appeal for Peace".

During the third session of the General Assembly the IFCTU circulated a Memorandum on Human Rights to all delegations.

In 1949 the IFCTU had great difficulty in maintaining its representation in the United Nations, as one of its experts was ill for a long time and another was compelled to resign.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the Organization

Desiring to share more fully in the work of the Economic and Social Council and to ensure that it is regularly represented in the Council's various organs, the IFCTU has recently adopted a number of measures: - it has already appointed a consultant to the Geneva Office and proposes to appoint another with residence in New York.

In this way the officers of the IFCTU hope to be able to effect close contact and regular collaboration with the United Nations; it will thus contribute more effectively to the establishment of a lasting peace and greater understanding between the peoples of the United Nations.

12. INTER-PARLIAMENTARY UNION (IPU)
(Union interparlementaire - UIP)

6 rue Constantin,
Geneva, Switzerland
Tel. 4.8296

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, page 246 et seq

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

In the United States, [now Vice-President] Alben W. Barkley, Washington, D.C., and Prof. Boris Mirkine-Guetzevitch, New York. At Geneva or in Europe, M. Leopold Boissier, Secretary-General of the Union, Mr. Adrian Robinet de Clery, Assistant Secretary of the Union. The above were all appointed in the spring of 1947.

B. Attendance

In 1947, Economic Commission for Europe: Mr. Chauvet, "whose activity was strictly limited to two sittings of that Commission". In 1948, Dr. G. F. Preihs, attended the Conference on Freedom of Information, the Economic Commission for Europe and, provisionally, the Economic and Social Council itself.

C. Oral Statements

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II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

| | | |
|------------------|-----------|---|
| 25 November 1947 | E/CN.4/35 | Human Rights |
| 5 October 1948 | A/C.3/221 | Principles of International Morality |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

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IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary organs other than in I, II, III above

"Mention was made in the annual report of the Secretary-General to the Rome Inter-Parliamentary Conference (September 1948) of the Economic and Social Council's activity, and in particular, of the Economic Commission for Europe; Articles 73 and 74 of the Charter were studied as Point 5 on the agenda of that Conference; mention was made of the work accomplished by the Conference on Freedom of Information in Point 8 and 9 of the Declaration on Principles of International Morality, adopted by the Rome Inter-Parliamentary Conference".

/ V. Other information

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"Representation of the Inter-Parliamentary Union in the different activities of the Economic and Social Council will develop only gradually. Its object is not so much participation in the meetings of the Council, its commissions and committees as contacts with the permanent personnel of the different sections of the Secretariat of the United Nations in certain well defined fields, such as, the codification and development of international law, the status of non-self governing territories, economic and financial questions, etc."

"In its action, the Inter-Parliamentary Union will be motivated both by its active sympathy for the United Nations and by the desire to safeguard its own autonomy."

13. INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION OF EMPLOYERS (IOE)
(Organisation Internationale des Employeurs (OIE))
33 rue Ducale,
Brussels, Belgium
Tel. 12.17.85
Cable: EMPLOYERS
BRUXELLES

Reference to descriptive statement E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, page 182

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultant

Mr. Charles E. Shaw

B. Attendance

Economic and Social Council: August 1947, Lake Success,
(Mr. H. W. McDonnell); February 1948, Lake Success, (Mr. J. D. Zellerbach;
alternate: Mr. C. E. Shaw); July 1948, Geneva, (Mr. C. Kuntschen,
Mr. C. Dubois and
Mr. J. Lecocq); February 1949, Lake Success, (Mr. Charles Shaw;
alternate: Mr. J. Mead).

ECATE, November-December 1948 : Mr. R. F. Holder; March 1949:

Dr. Lieu Ong Sung.

United Nations Conference on Freedom of Information, Geneva, March 1948:

Mr. C. Kuntschen

Economic Commission for Europe (3rd session). Geneva, April 1948:

Mr. C. Kuntschen and Mr. R. Decna;

United Nations Conference on Trade and Employment, Havana, March 1948:

Mr. Zellerbach and Mr. J. Tanham;

Executive Committee of the Interim Committee for the International Trade
Organization, Geneva, August 1948: Mr. C. Kuntschen.

C. Oral Statements

During the seventh session, the Council Committee on Non-Governmental
Organizations heard the consultant of the IOE on the "Report of the third
session of the Social Commission" and on the "Report of the Special
Committee on the UNAC".

The Council, at the eighth session, heard the consultant of the IOE
on "Equal Pay for Equal Work".

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

9 February 1949.

E/1131

Equal Pay for Equal Work

/ III. Any other activities

- III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants
- IV. Work of the Organization in support of, or in connexion with, the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above
- 1947 General Assembly: Mr. J. D. Zellerbach
- 1948 General Assembly: Mr. J. Lecocq and Mr. G. Emery
- 1949 General Assembly (2nd part of the 3rd Assembly): Mr. Charles Shaw
(alternates: Mr. A.G. Fennema and Mr. Jules Lecocq).

"... our organization, follows closely the work of the Economic and Social Council and its commissions and keeps its members informed of the Council's work on social matters."

The IOE also submitted information on its relations with the International Labour Organisation.

- V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

The IOE is a member of the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations and has been represented at the meetings of that Committee and at the conferences called by it as well as at conferences called by the Department of Public Information.

14. WORLD FEDERATION OF UNITED NATIONS ASSOCIATIONS*
 (Fédération mondiale des Associations pour les Nations Unies)
 Villa Rigot
 1 avenue de la Paix
 Geneva, Switzerland
 Tel. 2.12.20

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, page 312 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants

New York: Mr. Clark M. Eichelberger
 Miss Julia Stuart
 Dr. Robert C. Dexter

Geneva: Mr. John A. F. Ennals

B. Attendance

Economic and Social Council: sixth and eighth sessions by Mr. Clark Eichelberger and Miss Julia Stuart; seventh session by Mr. Ennals.

Human Rights Commission: second session by Mr. Ennals; third session, Mr. Eichelberger and Miss Stuart.

Economic Commission for Latin America: first session by Dr. Francisco de Aparicio.

Economic Commission for Europe and the Far East: fourth session by Sir Robert Garran.

Economic Commission for Europe: Different sessions and its committees by Mr. Ennals and Miss Edina Lewis.

C. Oral Statements

At the sixth session, oral statements on UNAC and on Genocide were made to the Council Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations.

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

| | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 3 August 1947 | E/C.2/W.2 (and Corr.1) | Co-operation with the United Nations |
| 29 October 1947 | E/C.2/61 | Human Rights |
| 12 November 1947 | E/C.2/64 | Genocide |
| 25 October 1948 | E/C.2/133 | Resolutions of WFUNA, on Economic and Social Council, economic conditions in Europe, genocide, human rights, UNICEF, ITO, refugees and displaced persons, travel barriers, UNAC, WHO |

* This report is dated 12 February 1949

| | | |
|----------------|-----------|--|
| 1 March 1948 | E/C.2/81 | Genocide |
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (presented by 22 consultative organizations) |
| 23 July 1948 | E/C.2/105 | Genocide |
| 6 August 1948 | E/C.2/114 | " |
| 11 August 1948 | E/C.2/122 | United Nations Appeal for Children |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

WFUNA has initiated co-operation with the Department of Social Affairs for the reception of social welfare fellows in the countries where they are studying and has supplied names of women in a number of countries willing to assist the Commission on the Status of Women in completing questionnaires on their respective countries.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above

"(a) The Economic Committee of the Federation studied in 1948: 'The Economic Organization of Europe within the framework of the United Nations' and is studying in 1949 'Problems arising from the increase in World Population and the role of International Organizations in their solution' and 'The Development of the system of United Nations Regional Economic Commissions'. The results will be submitted to the Economic and Social Council.

"Co-operation has been particularly close with ECE, members of whose Secretariat have attended sessions of the Committee. WFUNA sponsored the translation in six languages and publication in five countries of a popular version of the 1948 Survey of European Economic Situation prepared by ECE Secretariat.

"(b) The Human Rights Committee of the Federation studied Human Rights and Genocide in 1948 and is developing an educational campaign in support of the Universal Declaration and a study of means of application.

"(c) The education Committee of the Federation organized in 1948 a children's summer school at Versailles and paid particular attention to teaching on the United Nations in schools. In 1949 it is organizing two seminars for teachers on how to teach on the United Nations and Specialized Agencies; conducting a survey on the use of geography teaching for the development of international understanding; encouraging participation of national Associations in the educational and reconstruction work of UNESCO.

/(d) Summer schools Committee:

"(d) Summer Schools Committee: the 1947 and 1948 Adult Summer Schools of the Federation, attended by people of over 20 nationalities, have given particular attention to the work of the Economic and Social Council. Speakers at the 1948 courses included:

Mr. David Owen, United Nations Assistant Secretary-General in charge of Economic Affairs: 'The Economic Programme of the Economic and Social Council'.

Dr. Gunnar Myrdal, Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Europe: 'European Economic Co-operation'.

Mr. Paul Eisler, Assistant to the Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Europe: 'The Economic Commission for Europe'.

Mr. P. S. Lokanathan, Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East: 'The United Nations and the Economic Development of Asia'.

Mr. Henri Laugier, United Nations Assistant Secretary-General in charge of Social Affairs: 'The Social Programme of the Economic and Social Council'.

Dr. John Humphrey, Director of the United Nations Division of Human Rights: 'Human Rights'.

Mr. John A. F. Ennals, Secretary-General of WFUNA: 'The Role of Non-Governmental Organizations in the United Nations System'.

The 1949 School Course is concentrating on "Human Rights" and "Food and Population". In 1948, eighty members of the Summer School attended sessions of the Economic and Social Council in Geneva. It is hoped that members of the 1949 School will also be able to attend sessions of the Council in Geneva.

"(e) The Student Committee organized a conference on 'Students and the United Nations' in Geneva in July 1948, attended by students from 19 countries. In addition to attending sessions of the Council the students attended lectures on the work of the Economic and Social Council including:

Dr. Charles Malik (Lebanon), President of the Economic and Social Council: 'Human Rights'.

Mr. David Owen, United Nations Assistant Secretary-General in charge of Economic Affairs: 'The Economic Programme of the Economic and Social Council'.

/ Mr. P. S. Lokanathan,

Mr. P. S. Lokanathan, Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East: 'ECAFE and Asia's Economic Problems'.

Mr. Paul Eisler, Assistant to the Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Europe: 'The ECE and European Economic Co-operation'."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

B - Organizations in Category "B"

15. AGUDAS ISRAEL WORLD ORGANIZATION 257 Seven Sisters Road
(Organisation mondiale Agudas Israel) London, N.4, England, U.K.

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, page 1 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.A. Standing Consultants

Dr. Isaac Lewin

Dr. Michael Munk

B. Attendance

Before receiving consultative status the organization was concerned with the activities of the Economic and Social Council and was represented at the December, 1947, meeting of the Freedom of Information Conference and Commission on Human Rights in Geneva, when a memorandum giving its views was presented. Observers on that occasion were, Mr. H.A. Goodman, Secretary-General; Dr. S. Ehrman (Zurich); and Rabbi Dr. Michael Munk, (New York). The organization was in "constant consultation" with other organizations and with the Secretariat in regard to the Draft Convention on Human Rights then under discussion.

C. Oral Statements

At the third session of the Commission on Human Rights at Lake Success Dr. I. Lewin presented an oral statement on Article 16 to the Commission on 4 June 1948. Other representatives then present were Dr. Michael Munk and Dr. Goldsmith.

At the fifth session of the Commission on Human Rights Dr. I. Lewin represented the organization. He addressed the session on May 18th in relation to Art. 7 of the draft international covenant of Human Rights and again on June 6th in relation to Art. 16 of the covenant, (document E/CN.4/300).

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|---------------|------------|---|
| 24 May 1948 | E/C.2/90 | Human Rights |
| 7 June 1949 | E/CN.4/300 | Religious teaching to orphan children |
| 6 August 1948 | E/C.2/112 | Declaration of death of missing persons |
| 8 March 1949 | E/C.2/159 | " " " " " " |

/III. Any other activities

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

On 3 March 1949 Agudas Israel made a number of suggestions for improvement of the draft convention on Declarations of Death (document E/1071/Add.1.). These were considered by the Ad Hoc Committee which recently met in Geneva (E/AC.30/5, June 3rd... The organization was represented by its consultant, Dr. S. Ehrmann.

IV. Work of the organization in support of, or in connexion with, the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I; II, III above.

A. In relation to the members of the organization

"By means of our own press, which appears in almost every country where we have affiliated branch organizations, and also through special bulletins, our branches are completely informed of our activities as a non-governmental organization and of the work of the United Nations and its specialized agencies.

"We give below list of the main newspapers published by our branch organizations, where this news service is made available.

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Jewish Opinion, New York | Hamvaser (daily) Jerusalem |
| Jewish Weekly, London | Stimme Israels, Vienna |
| Shabaton, Paris | Das Juedische Wort, Munich |
| Hakol (daily), Jerusalem | Mitteilungen der Informationsabteilung des Europaeischen Waad Hapoel der Agudas Israel, Zuerich." |

B. Otherwise

"We participated in the International Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations, held in Geneva in May, 1948, and were represented there by Mr. Goodman and Dr. Ehrman.

"Our branch organizations have been in consultation from time to time with the Foreign Offices of governments concerned in regard to the Conventions on Human Rights and of Genocide. We participated in the conference, in regard to Genocide, of Non-Governmental Organizations, which was held in London under the chairmanship of the Marquis of Reading. We informed the Foreign Office of our earnest wish for their support of this Convention and have reason to hope that this may have facilitated the subsequent support which H.M. Government gave to the Convention."

"In August 1948, at an all-European conference of our organization at which representatives of some twenty branch organizations participated,

/resolutions in support

resolutions in support both of the Human Rights and Genocide Conventions were unanimously adopted and publicized in the Jewish Press. These had been brought to the attention of the Commission on Human Rights according to the procedure laid down in the Resolutions 75/V and 116/(VI)A of the Economic and Social Council.

"In our publications which appear periodically in almost every European country, the attention of our readers has constantly been drawn to the important work of the Economic and Social Council. It is estimated that more than 150,000 people regularly read these publications. Besides this, our Secretary-General has published a series of articles in important Jewish newspapers, including the 'Jewish Chronicle', the 'South African Jewish Times' and the daily 'Hayoman' in Jerusalem, dealing with the work of the Council and of its commissions.

"In accordance with the views expressed at the conference of the Non-Governmental Organizations at Geneva in May, page 4 (c) regarding 'Cooperation with other organizations of similar interests, including liaison committees, in consultative work', we have had close consultation with the other three Jewish consultant bodies, viz. Consultative Council, the Co-ordinating Board and the World Jewish Congress. We also have established informal friendly contacts with a number of important international representative organizations of a religious character, who have been afforded consultative status, amongst them, World's Alliance of Young Men's Christian Associations, Commission of the Churches on International Affairs, the Salvation Army, Friends World Committee for Consultation, and the Catholic International Union for Social Service. We think there are a number of problems of common concern, including human rights, religious freedom, genocide, minorities, etc., on which we could from time to time, consult with each other.

"Specific mention should be made of our close cooperation with the International Red Cross, a recognized consultant organization and of mutual assistance which it has been possible to render.

"Our consultants, Dr. I. Lewin and Dr. Munk (both of New York) have published an important work on Religious Freedom dealing with every aspect of this problem, particularly concerning the persecutions against the method of ritual slaughter of animals."

We were represented as observers at the last meeting of the Assembly of United Nations at Paris, by our Secretary-General,

/Mr. H.A. Goodman,

Mr. H.A. Goodman, Maître Muller, European Consultant, and Rabbi S. Munk, Liaison Officer at UNESCO. Our representatives participated in the informal discussions of the four Jewish consultant bodies."

"Mr. H.A. Goodman, our consultant in London, raised with your Secretariat the problems arising from the subject of Calendar Reform, your reference SOA.43/01 of April 20th. This is a matter which has been of concern to our organization already in 1931 when our representatives addressed the relevant committee of the League of Nations. We are now in consultation both in London and New York with other accredited non-governmental organizations in regard to the present proposal of the Government of Panama (A/901/, May 24th)."

The organization also submitted material on its relations with the International Refugee Organization and UNESCO.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

16. ALL-INDIA WOMEN'S CONFERENCE (INDIA)

Central Office
41 Queens Barracks
Foreshore Road
Fort Bombay, India
Tel. 35990
Cable: MASS WOMEN

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, page 6 et seq.

I. General Statement

The All-India Women's Conference has submitted the following statement:

"...the AIWC has not been able so far to take full advantage of its position as a consultant, but has followed the work of the Council and some of its commissions with great interest, and has given publicity to it in its journal Roshni as well as through other agencies. The work of the United Nations is also being publicized and explained to large circles of women by the branches of the AIWC of which there are nearly 200 in India, distributed all over the country.

"Owing to financial difficulties, the AIWC has not been able to send consultants to the Council. In this connexion we would like to point out some of the difficulties that we encounter. It is probably not realized that the work of the AIWC is carried on on an entirely voluntary basis with voluntary workers except for a very small staff at Headquarters. In fact all its office bearers not only draw no salaries but pay the expenses involved in their work, including travelling expenses, themselves. The membership fee is so small that it cannot pay for a regular staff, but if it were higher women could not afford to join. The AIWC therefore has found it impossible so far to send a representative abroad to attend the Council, as a consultant. On the other hand, however, all the women representatives who have gone as members of the Indian Delegation to the United Nations General Assembly and to the Economic and Social Council or as representatives on the Status of Women's Commission and the Human Rights Commission have been prominent members of the AIWC.

"The AIWC have requested the External Affairs Department of the Government of India to refer to them for comment on items on the agenda of the Social and Economic Council which have a bearing on women's questions.

/"In reply

"In reply to (the question relating to the transmission of written statements to the Council), we would like to draw attention to the fact that the AIWC holds an annual Conference once a year; a Standing Committee consisting of branch representatives and members in charge of special subjects meets twice or thrice a year to deal with organizational matters, and matters of public importance. A month's notice at least is necessary to call a meeting, because members have to come from great distances and have to arrange for their work. It has therefore been difficult to call meetings in time to discuss the agenda of the Social and Economic Council and send papers in time for them to reach the Council. We would like to point out that unless the Conference receives a draft agenda of the Economic and Social Council well in advance, it is difficult to express their views on problems raised. India is not a country -- it is a continent and both to circularize matters as well as to arrange meetings requires time. Incidentally, the Standing Committee of the AIWC is meeting at the end of this month and the question of more effective co-operation as a non-governmental organization will be one of the items on the agenda.

"The AIWC is keenly interested in all the aspects of the work of the U.N. and if they have not been able to make their full contribution so far it has been mainly due to the tremendous problems its members have had to face in India during the past two years and more. In future, we hope to take our right place and offer our contribution".

17. ASSOCIATED COUNTRY WOMEN OF THE WORLD (ACWW) 15 Collingham Road
 (Association mondiale des Femmes rurales) London S.W.5,
 England, U.K.
 Tel Frobisher 4490
 Cable: ASCCWORLD,
 LONDON

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949 page 15 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

Until near the end of 1948 the ACWW was represented by Mrs. Frank L. Boudreau. Since then the organization has been represented "principally through its membership of the Liaison Committee of Women's International Organizations. Mrs. Raymond Gayre of Ackworth, Iowa, our Standing Consultant, has been unable to be present at meetings in New York and we have been represented by Dr. Robb, Consultant of the Liaison Committee, who has attended most assiduously."

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

1 July 1949, E/C.2/95 Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations)

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, i.e. work of consultants.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

"Much work has been done by members of our Constituent and Corresponding Societies in making known the work of the specialized agencies and helping to create an informed public opinion, mainly through talks to groups and by appointing conveners to give brief reports on items of special interest at their monthly meetings.

"We have not been able to obtain full details of all that has been done in forwarding the work of the Economic and Social Council and the specialized agencies in this period as collecting information from the individual groups of our many societies,

/ranging as they do

ranging as they do from New Zealand in the south to Finland and Norway in the north, America in the west and India in the east, is a long drawn-out procedure.

"I have, however, drawn up a very simple form and this has been sent with a personal covering letter to secretaries of all societies and I am hoping that sufficient material will arrive in time for me to give a very full and true picture in the next half year. I know it will take some time to establish a routine whereby our societies realize the importance of keeping us fully informed of their activities in this field. They, too, have their difficulties in collecting information as, in many cases, they have thousands of scattered branches.

"Our Specialized Agencies Sub-Committee meets bi-monthly. The work of reading and studying the complete literature submitted to us by UNO is divided up amongst the members of this sub-committee who prepare concise reports for presentation to the Executive Committee. Items of special interest to rural women have been circulated by us to our Constituent Societies in our 'Executive Notes' and 'News Flash'.

"At the NGO's Public Information Conference held at Lake Success from 4th to 8th April we were represented by Mrs. Carlton-Smith, Mrs. McMillan, Mrs. Remsburg, Mrs. Philip Jones and Mrs. Lynn Perkins."

"In response to several appeals for co-operation on the question of genocide, we were able to affirm our support of this important convention".

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"Our special field is, of course, that of rural welfare and we are, therefore, co-operating especially with FAO. In this connexion we have been much encouraged by the appointment of our President, Mrs. Raymond Sayre, to serve on the Committee of the Rural Welfare Section of FAO. For your further information I enclose a copy of a letter recently sent to FAO giving some details of ACWW's work with the specialized agencies".*

* Available in Room D-210-D, Lake Success.

18. BOY SCOUTS' INTERNATIONAL BUREAU 132 Ebury Street
(Bureau international des Eclaireurs) Westminster, London, S.W.1,
England, U.K.

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, page 19 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants

The standing consultants are: Colonel J. S. Wilson, Director of the Bureau; Dr. Ray O. Wyland and Commander Thomas J. Keane, New York; Monsieur Jean Salvaj, Switzerland.

B. Attendance

Dr. Wyland has visited the Human Rights Commission on a few occasions for short periods of time.

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

19 April 1948 E/C.2/86 Children in Greece

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

IV. Work of the organization in support of, or in connexion with, the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

A. In relation to the members of the organization

"Your Consultants have released to the Boy Scout Associations and Councils copies of "Three Years of Achievement" issued by the Department of State, No. 3255. This release was made in connexion with the observance of United Nations Day on 29 October 1948, and preparations will be made for observance of United Nations Day in 1949 and this release will include United Nations Day posters."

B. Otherwise

"Consultants have established relations with the Liaison Committee on Human Rights composed of Non-Governmental Organizations with United Nations Consultative Status."

"In February 1948, the Consultants arranged for a delegation of

/Scouts from

Scouts from the twelve Regions of the forty-eight States to report on their World Friendship Programme to United Nations.

Dr. Benjamin Cohen and the Scout Association of the United Nations received the report as presented to the Secretariat. It included a record of contributions of funds, literature and equipment, which Scouts and Scouters have sent to forty-three Nations to rehabilitate their programme after World War Two. These contributions amount to several hundred thousand dollars."

"The most important meeting in which Consultants participated was the NGO Consultants Conference at Lake Success in April, 1949. Reports gave considerable credit to the NAC for their part in helping to formulate the provisions in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. We were asked to inform our constituencies and win support for human rights. This will be accomplished through releases of informational literature issued by United Nations."

Conferences of the consultative non-governmental organizations, held in Geneva, were attended by Monsieur Salvaj.

The BSIB also submitted material on its relations with UNESCO.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"Boy Scout Association at the United Nations.

"Consultants have worked with Dr. Benjamin Cohen and the Boy Scout Association at United Nations, presenting the request of the Association to the International Scout Bureau to be recognized as an independent Association on a par with National Associations in the various countries throughout the world. This request has received favourable consideration by the International Bureau and we are encouraged to hope for an early designation of the United Nations Scout Association, an official Association with authority to issue charters to Troops organized to serve boys in the families of delegates and the Secretariat of United Nations."

"The Consultants have considered the first two years of Consultative Relationships with the Economic and Social Council as a period of orientation and training. We have accomplished little beyond a working knowledge of policies, methods and procedures.

"We anticipate that there will be occasions when the Boy Scout Associations of all nations affiliated with the Boy Scouts International Bureau will be called upon to support the United

/Nations programme of

Nations programme of international understanding and good will. This is directly in line with the objectives and programme of Scouting throughout the world. It is a world brotherhood. It promotes understanding and good will through International Camporees, Jamborees and exchange groups through correspondence, publications and distribution of literature and equipment.

"Occasions may arise when the Economic and Social Council will make specific requests of the Boy Scout Associations to lend support to the programme for implementing the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other comparable major actions of the United Nations. The Boy Scouts of the world will respond wholeheartedly to such requests."

19. CARNEGIE ENDOWMENT FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE (UNITED STATES)
(Dotation Carnegie pour la Paix internationale)

405 West 117th Street
New York 27, N.Y., U.S.A.
Tel. UN 4-1850

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, page 24 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants:

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| President and Consultant: | Dr. James T. Shotwell |
| Secretary: | Mr. Elwood N. Thompson |
| Assistant Consultants: | Mr. Malcolm W. Davis and Dr. Howard E. Wilson |

B. Attendance:

"The Endowment has followed the activities of the Council and most of its commissions through attendance at meetings (not regular) and through careful perusal of documents.

"In addition to the consultants, other members of the staff of the Endowment have covered meetings."

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

"Although no formal statements have been made to the Council or its subordinate bodies, informal discussions have been held with government delegates and with members of the Secretariat on such subjects as economic development of underdeveloped countries etc."

IV. Work of the organization in support of, or in connexion with, the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

"The Endowment's monthly publication, International Conciliation, has devoted a substantial number of its issues to a consideration of various problems of concern to the Economic and Social Council. In October, 1947, International Conciliation published an article on international trade and the development of proposals before the

United Nations. This included a text of the Geneva draft charter for an international trade organization. In February, 1948, International Conciliation carried an article on UNESCO during the years 1947-48. The March, 1948 issue contained a study of the World Health Organization and its progress to date. In April, 1948, there was a review of world economic conditions, based on reports by the United Nations Secretariat and the Economic Commission for Europe. The May, 1948 issue was devoted to an article on narcotic drug control. In March, 1949, Conciliation was devoted to an analysis of 'The United States and the International Trade Organization.' The June, 1949 issue reviewed the question of technical assistance to underdeveloped areas, particularly in relation to the type of inter-governmental machinery which could most effectively meet the problem.

"Many of these issues have been circulated to the members of the Council and the appropriate commissions and additional copies have been supplied at the request of delegates. In this series of special studies devoted to various aspects of the United Nations, the two published to date bear either wholly or partially upon the work of the Council. One of these, entitled 'Coordination of Economic and Social Activities', deals with a survey of the system through which the United Nations and related international agencies conduct their work on economic and social problems. The second, 'The Budget of the United Nations', is an evaluation of policies and present procedures in the development of the budget of the United Nations.

"During the past two years the Endowment has regularly reported on major activities of the Council, its commissions and the specialized agencies through the medium of a mimeographed newsletter called 'Notes and Forecasts', which was mailed to some 1800 heads of organizations, newspaper and radio editors, speakers on the United Nations, university professors etc. in the United States and a number of other countries in Europe, Asia and Africa."

Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"In an effort to extend the development of the consultative process, the Carnegie Endowment made a grant of \$6,500 to a study committee of consultative, non-governmental organizations for the purpose of reviewing present consultative procedures and making recommendations concerning

/their improvement.

their improvement. This study was conducted by a Swiss lawyer and a member of the Endowment staff. The Endowment has also contributed extensively, both in time and in personnel, to the development of relationships among consultative organizations and to the conferences of such organizations which have been held to date."

"It (the Endowment) has contributed jointly with two other foundations for initiating the first index of United Nations documents and it has made a grant in aid toward expenses of the internes from abroad to spend four months at the United Nations for practical experience in the library and documentation service of the United Nations. The Endowment has also sponsored one conference in the United States and one in Paris for American and European libraries on the subject of United Nations documentation."

The Endowment wishes to call attention to two facts:

"First, the Endowment is not a political action group, but an organization for the study and clarification of problems of international peace. It, therefore, has had no occasion to submit written communications to the Council or its subordinate bodies, or to make oral statements before such bodies. Second, the range of the Endowment's interest in the United Nations extends well beyond the activities of the Economic and Social Council and includes such matters as general questions relating to international organization, methods of pacific settlement, and the development of international law, and dependent peoples.

20. CATHOLIC INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR SOCIAL
SERVICE (CIUSS)
(Union Catholique Internationale de
Service Social) (UCI de SS)

111 rue de la Poste
Brussels, Belgium.
Tel. Brussels 173037

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 27
et seq.

I. Representation at session of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

Mrs. John Drennan-Haag, Lake Success, from 27 May 1948 to
April 1949;

Mrs. Allys Vergara and Mrs. Louis Aieta, Lake Success, since
April 1949;

Miss Judwiga de Romer, Geneva, since 7 July 1948.

B. Attendance

Economic and Social Council, February 1947, Lake Success,

(Miss K. Schaefer); July-August 1948, Geneva, (Miss Judwiga
de Romer and Miss Avicennes); February 1949, Lake Success,
(Mrs. John Drennan-Haag).

Commission on the Status of Women, March 1949 Beirut,
(Mrs. Soudan).

Human Rights Commission: Geneva, December 1947, (Miss Judwiga
de Romer); Lake Success May 1948, (also Drafting
Committee); (Mrs. John Drennan-Haag); Lake Success, May
1949, (Mrs. Allys Vergara and Mrs. Louis Aieta).

Social Commission, April 1948, (Miss Maria Baers); May 1949,
Lake Success (Mrs. Allys Vergara).

C. Oral Statements

| | | |
|---------------|--------------|---|
| 12 April 1948 | E/CN.5/SR.51 | 1937 Draft Convention on Prostitution |
| 2 May 1949 | E/CN.5/SR.63 | 1949 Draft Convention on Prostitution |
| 9 May 1949 | E/CN.5/SR.77 | Work of Social Commission |
| 13 May 1949 | E/CN.5/SR.86 | Advisory social services |
| 17 May 1949 | E/CN.5/SR.89 | Family welfare and rights of the child |

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary
organs

| | | |
|------------------|----------|---|
| 26 November 1947 | E/C.2/60 | Co-operation with United Nations, UNAC training of social service workers |
| 19 April 1948 | E/C.2/66 | Rights of the Child |

/1 July 1948

| | | |
|---------------|------------|--|
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (submitted by consultative organizations) |
| 6 August 1948 | E/C.2/113 | Prostitution |
| 8 March 1949 | E/CN.5/111 | Proposed United Nations Charter of the Rights of the Child |
| 15 April 1949 | E/CN.5/115 | Observations on 1949 Draft Convention on Prostitution |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

The CIUSS has collaborated in several studies undertaken by the Social Activities Division of the United Nations Secretariat as follows:

- "1. Study 'C' on training programs for social workers and international scholarships in social service. The Union sent a reply with numerous documents secured information on social service schools of countries which do not yet belong to the United Nations and information on several groups of social workers. Furthermore, the CIUSS encouraged all the schools belonging to it to send well documented replies to Lake Success. The Secretariat of the CIUSS continues to inform... (the United Nations Secretariat) as to changes and new events which take place in the training of social workers.
- "2. In reply to the questionnaire on welfare of the family, child and youth, the CIUSS sent a note dated 29 April 1948 and a reply from certain Leagues of Christian Women Workers, dated 11 June 1948.
- "3. The CIUSS sent its opinion, on 20 July 1948, concerning the Questionnaire on Traffic in Women and Children. (On 2 February 1949, a statement was sent on women police and social service in the fight against prostitution. On 10 March 1949 and 22 April 1949 observations were sent on the Draft Convention on prostitution.)
- "4. On 24 August 1948, the CIUSS sent its opinion on the Declaration of the Rights of the Child.
- "5. Regarding the study, now under way, on Family Aid, the CIUSS sent, on 12 November 1948, a rather complete documentation on measures put into effect or desired by private organizations in Belgium, and asked its members of various countries likewise to prepare documentation for their country on this question. (The Union later sent information coming from Great Britain, Austria and Chile.)

"6. ... The Union expressed its views, through its representative, Mrs. Soudan, on the question of refugees from Palestine and on the Status of Jerusalem, to the Conciliation Commission, at Beirut, on 24 March 1949."

"It sends its publications regularly to Lake Success and to the European Office of the United Nations."

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above

A. In relation to the members of the organization

"The Union has urged all of its members to participate in the United Nations Appeal for Children." "Each of its information bulletins contains information on the activities of the United Nations in the field of social service." "It has sent to all its members informational material supplied by the Department of Public Information." "It also calls the attention of its members, by means of circular letters, to the activities of the United Nations in the field of social welfare, as, for example, inquiries, action undertaken to help refugees, scholarships for travel, social service seminars, etc..." "The CIUSS published a study on what social schools and social workers could do to implement the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, at least in regard to certain articles, and urged its members to promote the diffusion of this Declaration."

B. Otherwise

The CIUSS has been represented in the various conferences of non governmental organizations called by the Department of Public Information as well as in those called by the Ad Hoc and Interim Committees of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations. The CIUSS also "collaborates actively" with UNESCO, IRO and ILO. "It signed with other organizations a note on professional training which was sent to the International Labor Conference, 8 June 1949". "Since its headquarters are in Belgium, the Secretariat of the CIUSS took care to bring to the attention of the competent Departments of the Belgian Government certain activities of the United Nations which might be of interest to them (for example: United Nations scholarships for travel, the importance of well composed and informed official delegations which were to participate in certain conferences, and... certain other questions of an official international character.)"

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

"The CIUSS... after 16 months of collaboration with the Economic and Social Council wishes to express its satisfaction in the usefulness of this collaboration.

"It considers as necessary, with a view to achieve a really fruitful collaboration:

- "1. To have a permanent consultant at Lake Success, and another permanent consultant, at the European Office of the United Nations, in Geneva. Those would attend Economic and Social Council and Commission meetings, when on matters in the field of the international consultative organization; they would keep in touch with the United Nations Secretariat members; they would receive the working papers in time to study them (those should be simultaneously sent to the consultative organization headquarters);
- "2. To keep the non-governmental organizations well informed, in time of all the initiatives taken and all the studies undertaken by the administrative organs of the United Nations in connexion with the decisions of the Economic and Social Council and of the General Assembly, in the economic and social field and of its activities in connexion with the other specialized agencies in order to enable their national branches to take any necessary step with their governments;
- "3. It is the belief of the CIUSS that the non-governmental organizations should be the true expression of the wishes of the people and of experts to the United Nations, its organs and specialized agencies. In consequence, their views should be brought to the attention of the delegates of the Governments, to the various Economic and Social Council and commission meetings, and consideration should be given by the delegates to those views when voting for the adoption of resolutions and texts.
- "4. Most non-governmental organizations, having but little means of support, should be financially helped by the United Nations, in order to enable them to be permanently represented at Lake Success and Geneva."

The CIUSS states that some of the improvements to be effected in consultative relations are the concern of the United Nations and its

institutions, and some, of the non-governmental organizations themselves. The CIUSS is also of the opinion that:

(1) "It is important, we believe, that the spirit of Article 1 (3) of the Charter of the United Nations, which follows, be put into action by all its organs and by the specialized agencies:

'To achieve international co-operation in solving international problems of an economic, social, cultural, or humanitarian character, and in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language, or religion.'

Consequently, it seems that all non-governmental organizations, even those of a confessional character, should be acknowledged by the Economic and Social Council and the United Nations specialized agencies, if they meet their criteria for status."

(2) "Consultation of delegates of non-governmental organizations concerned with a certain question, with administrative sections of the United Nations, previously to the discussion of this question at the official meeting of the Commission, seems to be a good innovation. Thus may the delegates justify the views expressed by their organizations in the notes which were sent to the competent Department. This innovation occurred in April, at Lake Success, before the opening of the Social Commission, when the Draft Convention for the repression of the exploitation of the prostitution of others was prepared."

(3) "Relations between non-governmental organizations (consultative or not) are to be encouraged but should be conducted freely, should not be absorbing and should vary according to the needs of the moment in view of promoting the great human interests.

"A very large organ, as a kind of liaison Secretariat, should be at their disposal for all technical and methodological services of international work.

"Some liaison services by geographical affinities, ideological affinities and affinities of aims and activities might also be provided."

21. COMMISSION OF THE CHURCHES ON INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (CCIA)*
(Comité des Eglises pour les Affaires internationales)

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949,
page 31 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its
subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

Dr. O. Frederick Nolde

Sartell Prentice, Jr. (to November 1948)

Robert L. Steiner (since March 1949)

B. Attendance

The Director, O. Frederick Nolde, has attended regularly all sessions of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights and the meetings of the Drafting Committees of the International Bill of Human Rights, beginning with representation made at the 13 May 1946 meeting of the Nuclear Commission in its public hearing of representatives of non-governmental organizations, (E/HR 28; E/CN.4/SR; E/CN.4/AC.1/SR - AC.2/SR - AC.3/SR).

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its
subsidiary organs

| | | |
|-----------------|-----------|---|
| 5 December 1947 | E/CN.4/51 | International Bill of Human Rights |
| 31 October 1947 | E/C.2/63 | Genocide |
| 25 May 1948 | E/C.2/92 | Provisions for freedom of conscience and religion in the Bill of Human Rights |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of
the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat,
e.g. work of consultants

"(a) Numerous conversations with individual delegations, which were facilitated by the fact of the Consultative Relationship, in meetings attended and in additional contacts.

"(b) Encouragement to church body national commissions on international affairs and to correspondents to maintain contact with their national governments and their delegations to the United Nations.

* Representing the World Council of Churches (Conseil oecuménique des Eglises, Geneva) and the International Missionary Council (Conseil international des Missions) (London).

/"(c) Pursuing actions

"(c) Pursuing actions by the Commissions and the Economic and Social Council through United Nations General Assembly consideration and action.

"(d) CCIA communications to the United Nations Secretariat and delegations:

4 March 1947: Letter to Director, Human Rights Division, submitting CCIA 4-page memorandum on Provisions for Religious Liberty in an International Bill of Rights. (UN file 605-5-1-2-3)

8 April 1947: Letter to Director, Human Rights Division, transmitting an 11-page memorandum on Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms (prepared by the CCIA Director).

12 May 1947: Letter to Director, Human Rights Division, transmitting, in behalf of the British Council of Churches, a 12-page statement on Human Rights and Religious Freedom. (UN file 605-5-1-2-3)

16 June 1947: Telegram from CCIA Director to the Chairman of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights commenting on provisions for religious liberty then under consideration by the Drafting Committee for the International Bill of Human Rights.

21 July 1947: Communication to Director, Human Rights Division, submitting CCIA 3-page Memorandum on the Provisions for Religious Liberty contained in the Working Papers submitted to the Commission on Human Rights by the Drafting Committee on an International Bill of Human Rights. (UN file 605-5-1-2-3)

20 December 1947: Letter to the Secretary-General, transmitting Resolution of the Korean Christian Council approving the Marshall proposal sent to the United Nations concerning Korea. (UN File 801-16-4HG)

6 May 1948: Letter to the Chairman of the Commission on Human Rights, reciting essential results of the CCIA inquiry about the provisions for freedom of conscience and religion as contained in the

- current drafts of the Covenant and Declaration on Human Rights to church leaders all over the world.
- 1 October 1948: Letter to the Secretary-General transmitting the Resolutions of the World Council of Churches and the International Missionary Council in August-September 1948, noting satisfaction in the United Nations' acceptance of purpose of promoting respect for and observance of human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, and pressing for the adoption of an International Bill of Human Rights (UN Ref. 1100-16-4/HG 18 October 1948).
- 6 October 1948: Letter to Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, United States Delegate to the United Nations General Assembly, Third Session, transmitting resolutions.
- 6 October 1948: Letter to delegations of First Part of Third Session of General Assembly reciting actions of the World Council of Churches and the International Missionary Council on the International Bill of Human Rights.
- 6 November 1948: Letter to Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, United States Delegate to the United Nations General Assembly, Third Session recommending that draft article on provisions for religious liberty be sustained.
- 20 November 1948: Letter to Members of Committee of the United Nations General Assembly, urging that full text of article on provisions for religious liberty in the Declaration on Human Rights be retained as drafted.
- 20 May 1949: Memorandum submitted by CCIA Chairman and Director on the Protection of Religious Interests and Activities in Palestine to the United Nations Palestine Conciliation Commission meeting in Lausanne, Switzerland. (Acting under para. 17 of UN Document A/855 10 May 1949)".

The CCIA also submitted material on its relations with UNESCO.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above

A. In relation to the members of the Organization

"The CCIA maintains a mailing list of approximately 175 church leaders, including national commissions on international affairs, in 55 countries. Mailings, addressed to different groups of the Commission's constituency, as the situation warranted, included: (Copies attached ...)*

November 7, 1946: Letter; summary on The Churches and the United Nations, by W.W. Van Kirk ...

January 15, 1947: Letter; four Memoranda on the United Nations, by W.W. Van Kirk

March 21, 1947: Letter; Memorandum, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, prepared by K.G. Grubb, Chairman of the CCIA; Memorandum, Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, prepared by the CCIA Director; Memorandum, Provisions for Religious Liberty in an International Bill of Rights, prepared by the Director.

October 3, 1947: Letter: United Nations Working Papers on an International Bill of Human Rights, Declaration and Convention (UN Bulletin, Vol. III, No. 2 reprint); Memorandum on the Provisions for Religious Liberty contained in the Working Papers submitted to the Commission on Human Rights by the Drafting Committee on an International Bill of Human Rights, compiled in consultation with church leaders at the June, 1947 meeting of the CCIA Executive Committee at Geneva, and at the Whitby (Canada) meeting of the International Missionary Council in July of 1947; Copy of Experimental Distribution of United Nations Newsletter (UN).

January 28, 1948: Letter; Memorandum on the Second Session of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights, December 1947, at Geneva, prepared by the CCIA Director (Consultant); Draft Covenant

* These may be seen in Room D-210D, Lake Success.

International Declaration on Human Rights
(UN Bulletin, Vol. IV, No. 2 reprint); CCIA
Inquiry Form on reaction to the Draft
International Declaration and Covenant on
Human Rights.

Note: Results of Inquiry Form reactions submitted in Memorandum
addressed to the Chairman of the Commission on Human Rights
6 May 1948, and circulated in abstract form as
E/C.2/92 25 May 1948)

- June 30 1948: Letter: Memorandum on the third session of
the United Nations Commission on Human Rights,
prepared by the CCIA Director (Consultant);
Draft International Covenant and Declaration
on Human Rights (CCIA duplication of UN
document E/CN.4/148 Add. 1 18 June 1948);
Draft Convention on Genocide Draft Up by the
Committee (CCIA duplication of UN document
E/794 24 May 1948).
- August 1948: Advance distribution of The Church and the
International Disorder (234 pp) to the 350
Delegates to the World Council of Churches
General Assembly meeting at Amsterdam, August-
September, as its Study Volume IV; subsequent
translations and world-wide distribution;
entire Volume deals with international affairs,
human rights considered particularly in
Chapter V, Freedom of Religion and Related
Human Rights.
- 30 November 1948: Letter: Preliminary Report on Human Rights,
United Nations General Assembly - Third Session
Paris, prepared by the CCIA Director,
(Consultant).
- 21 January 1949: Letter: Statement on the Universal
Declaration of Human Rights, by the CCIA
Director, with full text of the Declaration of
Human Rights, printed as January 8, 1949,
issue of Information Service; CCIA duplication
of Draft Convention on Genocide (UN document
A/760).

/21 February 1949:

- 21 February 1949: Letter: Draft of International Covenant of Human Rights (CCIA duplication of UN document E/CN.4/95, 21 May 1948 and Annex B of E/800, 28 June 1948); CCIA Inquiry Form for reactions to article on provisions for religious liberty, and other articles of Covenant.
- February, 1949: Mailing by CCIA to 120 selected church leaders of The United Nations Bulletin, Vol. VI, No. 1, January, 1949; 27 subscriptions (annual) for the sending of the United Nations Bulletin to the CCIA Commissioner Membership.
- 1 March 1949: (a) Letter; Memorandum, The Indian in South Africa and pamphlet, Race Relations in South Africa, both by Maurice Webb.
- (b) Letter of inquiry on "the issues raised for the Christian approach to international relations, by atomic and other power developments"; The Christian News-Letter, 24 November, 1948, Supplement to No. 325, Christians and Modern War, by J.H. Oldham.
- 31 March 1949: Letter; Report upon UNESCO in matters of concern to the CCIA.
- May 1949: Resolution adopted by the General Council of the United Church of Canada, declaring "We take our stand for the recognition of human rights and freedoms in the Declaration of the United Nations Assembly ...".
- (b) Other: (copies attached ...)*

Ecumenical Press Service:

November 19, 1948: United Nations Religious Liberty Article Sustained.
pp. 1-2

December 17, 1948: The United Nations Acts on Human Rights. pp.1-3

American Committee for the World Council of Churches:

December, 1948: The United Nations Acts on Human Rights 6 pp. .

* These may be seen in Room D-21/D, Lake Success.

Commission of the Churches on International Affairs:

December, 1948: Statement pressing for binding international agreement on human rights and fundamental freedoms, by CCIA Director (Consultant) .. provisions of the World Council of Churches and International Missionary Council Resolutions in support of the ^{United Nations} provisions for human rights.

Ecumenical Press Service:

28 January 1949: The Churches' responsibility on Human Rights. p. 24

13 February 1949: CCIA unofficial summary of developments bearing on church properties in Palestine, quoting pertinent paragraphs in the United Nations Palestine Conciliation Commission Plan adopted by the United Nations General Assembly at Paris.
pp. 2-3

11 May 1949: International Missionary Council release of Text of Near East Christian Council and Ecumenical Patriarch statements on Palestinian situation. p. 1

25 May 1949: The United Nations Grows in Stature, Release by O. F. Nolde and R. L. Steiner, Jr. (Consultant and Assistant Consultant). p. 5

June 1 1949: UN Release (FM 1324, 27 May 1949) on interval of prayer at the opening meeting of sessions of the ^{United Nations} General Assembly made available by the CCIA p. 2

Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America Bulletin

June 1949: Article, C.C.I.A. Links
Churches and United

Nations p. 15

Foreign Policy Association

Headline Book, Universal
Declaration of Human Rights,
15,000 words prepared by the
Director of C.C.I.A.

(Consultant) -- Foreword
by Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt --
for publication in July."

B. Otherwise

"While this Report calls for information concerning the activities of the C.C.I.A. since it was admitted to Consultative Status, it may be important to point out that the C.C.I.A. -- or agencies which became associated with it -- were closely connected with developments in the field of fundamental freedoms since before the UNCIO at San Francisco. Illustration of this may be found in the attached documents (Annex B*):

Statement on Religious Liberty, adopted by the Federal
Council of Churches and the Foreign Missions
Conference, 1944, with:

Memorandum No. 3 Suggesting International
October 30, 1944: Consultation as a Next Step
 toward International Agreement
 on Provisions for Religious
 Liberty;

Memorandum No. 4 Suggesting a Program of Action for
November 14, 1945 the Commission on Human Rights of
 the United Nations Organization

(An interesting comparison will be found in the article Possible Functions of the Commission on Human Rights (by O. Frederick Nolde, Consultant), appearing in the January 1946 ANNALS of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, and the terms of reference of the Commission on Human Rights as adopted by the Economic and Social Council. This issue of the ANNALS on ESSENTIAL

*The documents submitted by the C.C.I.A. may be seen in Room D-210D, Lake Success.

HUMAN RIGHTS was subsequently distributed to all members of the First Part of the First Session of the United Nations General Assembly in London.)

Memorandum No. 5
March 29, 1946:

Trusteeship Agreements with
Particular Reference to
Religious Liberty.

13 May 1946:

RELIGIOUS LIBERTY: An Inquiry, by M. Searle Bates, by the United States Joint Committee on Religious Liberty. Copy submitted to the Nuclear Commission on Human Rights. (Digest only attached, Information Service, October 13, 1945)

June 1946:

POWER FOR PEACE: The Way of the United Nations and the Will of Christian People, by O. Frederick Nolde (Consultant), Muhlenberg Press, 137 pp."

"The C.C.I.A. was represented at all meetings of the Non-Governmental Organizations, both those called by the Department of Public Information and the Consultative Relationship group:

Lake Success, February 1947;
Ad Hoc Committee of Consultative NGOs;
Geneva, May 1948 (E/C.2/98 2 June 1948);
Interim Committee of Consultative NGOs (C.C.I.A. one of 18 Members, with the C.C.I.A. Director acting as Chairman of the Committee for the Study of Consultative Relationships); Lake Success and Geneva, April 1949."

"Meetings of the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Trusteeship Council have been attended where topics within the general concern of the C.C.I.A. were under consideration."

V. Other information in connection with the consultative status of the organization

"The foregoing Report reveals that the Commission of the Churches on International Affairs has made extensive use of the Consultative Status relationship, particularly in the broad area of human rights. This is in no sense to be construed as an adequate index to the broader interest or the competence of the C.C.I.A. Our Commission has proceeded on the principle that during its formative years it was desirable to concentrate on an area in which its competence was obviously more widely recognized and in which the interest and cooperation of its world-wide constituency could more readily be enlisted. On the background of the experience thus far gained, the Commission plans to broaden the scope of its activity with the Economic and Social Council as rapidly as circumstances permit."

22. CONSULTATIVE COUNCIL OF JEWISH ORGANIZATIONS
(CCJO)*
(Conseil consultatif d'Organisation juives)

386 Fourth Avenue
New York 16, N.Y.,
U.S.A.
Tel. MU 5-0181

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949,
page 38 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants: Moses Moskowitz (appointed March 1947); Professor Norman Bentwich (appointed May 1947); Max Gottschalk (appointed May 1947); and Judge Joseph M. Proskauer (appointed April 1947).

B. Attendance

The Consultative Council of Jewish Organizations was represented at all the Sessions of the Economic and Social Council held in 1947 and 1948, at Lake Success and at Geneva. It was also represented at all sessions of the Commission on Human Rights; at the first and second session of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities; at the first session of the Sub-Commission on Freedom of Information and of the Press; at the United Nations Conference on Freedom of Information; at the sessions of the Ad Hoc Committee on Genocide and at the sessions of the Drafting Committee on an International Bill of Human Rights in connexion with the third session of the Commission on Human Rights and at the Ad Hoc Committee on Declaration of Death of Missing Persons.

The Consultative Council was represented at the above meetings at various times by the following officers: Professor Norman Bentwich, André Chouraqui, Max Gottschalk, Rowland Landman, Professor Paul Mantoux, Henri Monneray, Moses Moskowitz, Zachariah Shuster, Sefton D. Temkin, Eugene Weill, Milton Winn, Joel D. Wolfsohn.

C. Oral Statements

Professors Norman Bentwich and Paul Mantoux and Mr. Milton Winn participated actively in the discussions of the Working Groups of the second session of the Commission on Human Rights, especially in the Working Group on Implementation. Mr. Moses Moskowitz addressed the third session of the Human Rights Commission on Genocide.

/II. Written

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|-----------------|-----------|---|
| 30 July 1947 | E/C.2/49 | Draft Convention on Genocide |
| 5 December 1947 | E/CN.4/51 | Proposals relating to the Declaration on Human Rights |
| 6 April 1948 | E/C.2/84 | Genocide |
| 14 May 1948 | E/C.2/88 | Human Rights |
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations) |
| 19 August 1948 | E/C.2/123 | Declaration of Death of Missing Persons |
| 25 August 1948 | E/C.2/124 | Stateless Persons |
| 9 May 1949 | E/C.2/187 | Minorities |
| 15 May 1949 | E/C.2/190 | Human Rights |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

A letter was sent to the Legal Department on 20 October 1948 "submitting observations on the IRO draft convention on co-ordinating procedures for declarations of death".

"The Secretary of the Consultative Council maintained close liaison with members of the United Nations Secretariat in charge of activities related to the work of the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary bodies, for purposes of consultation, advice and information".

The Consultative Council sent a letter, dated 22 March 1948, with 25 copies of a "Memorandum on Freedom of Information and its Concomitant Responsibilities, submitted to the United Nations Conference on Freedom of Information".

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

"The Consultative Council, through its constituent bodies, has been engaged in a long-range educational campaign in support of United Nations activities in general and of its humanitarian endeavors in particular. On several occasions, it took the lead in support of particular United Nations projects. For example, the Consultative Council, using the facilities of its constituent bodies, sponsored a public educational campaign in support of the Convention on Genocide. In connexion with the work of the Human Rights Commission, Judge Proskauer led a campaign in the American Bar

Association against all those who were opposed to the idea of an international bill of human rights. In the field of general United Nations activities, mention may be made of the work done in this field ever since the San Francisco Conference by the American Jewish Committee, the American member of the Consultative Council".

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

The CCJO has co-operated "very closely with a number of consultative organizations in matters pertaining to problems before the Human Rights Commission".

"In November 1948, the Consultative Council established a special panel of consultants to assist in the preparation of briefs for submission to the Economic and Social Council and its Commissions and Sub-Commissions. The panel includes men of outstanding reputation in the fields of international law and relations and specialists in the field of human rights and related matters. A tentative budget of \$20,000 for 1949-50 has been appropriated for this purpose.

"The Consultative Council will submit, in due course, its observations on the question of improvement of the present system of consultative arrangement".

The CCJO has been represented at the various Conferences of Non-Governmental Organizations called by the Department of Public Information as well as at the Conferences called by the Ad Hoc and Interim Committees of the Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations.

23. COORDINATING BOARD OF JEWISH ORGANIZATIONS
FOR CONSULTATION WITH THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL
COUNCIL OF THE UNITED NATIONS

(Comite de Coordination d'Organisations
Juives charge des Consultations avec le
Conseil economique et social des Nations
Unies)

Suite 301

1003 K, Street, N.W.

Washington 1, D.C.

Tel: EXecutive 5288

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949,
page 40 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants

Mr. Bernard Bernstein

Mr. Joseph B. Friedman

B. Attendance

Sub-Commission on the Prevention of Discrimination and
the Protection of Minorities, November-December

(Mr. A. G. Brotman)

Human Rights Commission, November 1947 (Mr. A. G. Brotman)

and May-June 1949 (Messrs. Bernard Bernstein, A. G. Brotman,

Joseph B. Friedman)

Economic and Social Council July 1948 (Mr. Bernard Rappaport)

C. Oral statements

E/CN.4/Sub.1/SR.28, 21 January 1948

(Mr. Maurice Halperin)

E/CN.4/SR.111, 10 June 1949

(Mr. Barnett Janner, M. P.)

E/CN.4/SR.88, 9 May 1949

(Mr. Bernard Bernstein)

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary
organs.

13 November 1947

E/C.2/65

Human rights

16 May 1949

E/C.2/139

" "

/III. Any other

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

The Coordinating Board was represented by several observers during the 1948 General Assembly in Paris during the discussion on human rights and genocide.

"As part of its work in pursuance of its consultative status, the Coordinating Board has, in addition to representations on specific matters by memorandum and oral statement, taken an active part in discussions with members of delegations and appropriate members of the Secretariat (and other non-governmental organizations) of the various fundamental rights and freedoms incorporated in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights."

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"The Coordinating Board has throughout its existence been in close touch with and has taken an active interest in the work of such specialized agencies as the International Refugee Organization and UNESCO and has also endeavored by consultations and exchange of views to cooperate on matters of common interest with other organizations accorded the consultative status.

"The Coordinating Board has been represented at and participated in the conferences of International Non-Governmental Organizations (called by the DPI and by the Ad Hoc and Interim Committees of the Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations) and was at the recent conference of non-governmental organizations at Lake Success in April represented by Mr. Maurice Bisgyer, Mr. Joseph Lichten and Mr. Barnett Janner, M. P."

24. ECONOMETRIC SOCIETY, THE
(Société d'Econometrie)

c/o The University of Chicago
Chicago 37, Ill., U. S. A.

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 44 ff

Report of the Econometric Society

In a letter dated 11 January 1949, the ECONOMETRIC SOCIETY states:
"while the Econometric Society is definitely interested in maintaining its consultative status with the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations, it has not yet engaged in any activities in implementation of this relationship. Exactly what form our participation will eventually take is as yet uncertain."

In a letter dated 1 April 1949 the ECONOMETRIC SOCIETY states:
"We will write you later in the event we have material to submit."

25. FRIENDS WORLD COMMITTEE FOR CONSULTATION, Friends' House, Euston Road,
(Comité consultatif mondial de la Société des Amis) London, W.C.1,
England, U. K.
Tel: Euston 7125

Reference to descriptive statement E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 49 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultant

Mr. Elmore Jackson (since July 1948).

B. Attendance

Economic and Social Council, eighth session, February-March 1949.

C. Oral statements:

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

III. Any other activities directly in connection with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

See point IV. below.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above

"There are four areas of the Council's work in which we have taken a particular interest during the past year:

"1. We have been concerned with the activities of the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund and the United Nations Appeal for Children. Support has been given to the UNAC collection of voluntary funds in several countries, and in the United States the American Friends Service Committee, at our encouragement, has supported requests for Congressional appropriations.

"2. We have been concerned with the future of international service to refugees. To this end, we have supported the activities of the International Refugee Organization and have participated in discussions concerning international care for refugees at such time as the IRO should cease its activities.

"3. One principal section of the report recently prepared by the American Friends Service Committee on Russian-American Relations was concerned with measures which might have the effect of increasing East-West trade. In connection with the drafting of this section of the report numerous conferences were held with members of the Secretariat of the Economic and Social Council and with members of the staff of the Economic Commission for Europe. The majority of these conversations were conducted by me as Consultant for the Friends World Committee, and we believe this report in a very direct way supports the work of

/the Economic

the Economic Commission for Europe.

- "4. As Consultant during the past year, I have been interested in the preparations for the United Nations Conference on Conservation and Utilization of Natural Resources. A number of important discussions were held in support of the plans for this Conference."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

"During this past year of our relationship, we have concentrated ... on informal relationships, which we felt would have the effect of supporting activities of the Council in the four fields listed above. It is our intention during the coming year to make use of the formal channels provided. We think it likely, however, that our long-range activities in this respect will emphasize contacts in support of the Council's activities."

26. HOWARD LEAGUE FOR PENAL REFORM
(Ligue Howard pour la Reforme penale)
File No. ECA 10/1/074

Parliament Mansions
Abbey Orchard
London, S.W.1, England, U.K.
Tel: Abbey 3689

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949 pages 50 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultant

Mr. E. R. Cass, Secretary of the American Frison Association,
(since September 1948).

B. Attendance

Mr. Cass attended the meeting of the representatives resident in the United States of America of the principal organizations concerned with the problem of the prevention of crime and treatment of offenders held under the auspices of the United Nations at Lake Success on 30 March 1949. "At the beginning and on Mr. Cass' suggestion, it was finally decided to extend the plan for the study of juvenile delinquency to include prevention."

"Miss S. M. Fry, LL.D., J.P. and Mrs. Madeleine Robinson, J.P. (members of the Executive Committee) represented the League at the meeting of the non-governmental bodies held under the auspices of the United Nations at the Palais de Chaillot, Paris, on 15 and 16 October 1948. Miss Fry emphasized that the League's main task was that of arousing and educating public opinion and that there was no other penal reform society trying to do that on an international scale."

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

None

The Howard League has, however, submitted various papers to the United Nations Secretariat:

"In September, 1948, a memorandum was sent on the international aspects of penal administration and, on request, the League gave permission for its publication should it be desired.**

"In December, 1948, a list of conferences and meetings which the League was planning for the next two years was sent.

"In September, 1949, two reports* were submitted on: 'Practical measures to stimulate, educate and guide public opinion in the various regions of the world in order to promote modern methods in the prevention of juvenile delinquency and in the treatment of juvenile offenders'; and on:

* The Howard League states that these reports were being drawn up before 1 June.

** Available in Room D-210-D, Lake Success.

"Suggestions for minimum requirements for legislation on probation, taking into consideration the fact that minimum requirements will have to be related to existing conditions. Suggestions for minimum requirements as to the best procedure to be adopted in the practical application of probation, with special emphasis on regional differences. Suggestions and comments on the report now being prepared by the Secretariat of the United Nations."**

III. Any other activities directly in connection with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, i.e. work of consultants.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connection with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above, i.e.

"A letter (copy attached) [**] was circulated to Howard League members and interested societies and individuals in other countries with the result, up to date, that we have received answers from forty-eight people willing and anxious to become correspondents and to contribute to a biannual international bulletin to be published by the Howard League."

"In March and April, 1949 the Honorary Secretary was a member of an International team of lecturers visiting the British Zone of Germany under the auspices of the Foreign Office and subsequently visited Denmark and Sweden to study their methods of dealing with young offenders and with psychopathic adult offenders. She lectured on the probation system to students of the University of Lund. In all countries opportunity was taken to try to secure the co-operation of persons working in the field of penology and child welfare in the Howard League's work as a non-governmental consultative organization."

The Howard League was represented at the Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations called by the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations in Geneva, May 1948.

V. Other information in connection with the consultative status of the organization.

"The other bodies dealing with penal matters represented at Lake Success and at Paris are associations of professional experts, or are like the International Union for Child Welfare, interested in one special group of offenders only. The Howard League takes as its main

** Available in Room D-210-D, Lake Success.

function the education and representation of lay public opinion in these matters. It bases itself on the principle that a healthy penal organization is only possible where progressive officials are supported by an enlightened public opinion, ready where necessary to press for reforms, and capable also of co-operating in measures for combating crime by rational and humane methods".

A resolution was passed at the October 1948 meeting referred to under point "I" above "containing, amongst other points, a recommendation that United Nations might usefully consult the Howard League for Penal Reform on:-

'measures to stimulate, educate and guide public opinion regarding rational treatment of offenders and potential offenders in order to bring about improvements in the organization and working of penal administration, and progress in co-operation to this effect between nationals of different countries'".

"At a meeting of the representatives of the principal international organizations concerned with the problem of the prevention of crime, held at Lake Success, in March, 1949, the problem of juvenile delinquency in all its phases was discussed. The Howard League was asked to:-

"1. Report on practical measures to stimulate, educate and guide public opinion in the various regions of the world in order to promote modern methods in the prevention of juvenile delinquency and in the treatment of juvenile offenders.
and to make

"2. Suggestions for minimum standards and the best procedure to be adopted in the practical application of probation, with special emphasis on regional differences. Suggestions and comments on the report now being prepared by the Secretariat of the United Nations."

27. INTER-AMERICAN COUNCIL OF COMMERCE AND PRODUCTION Misiones 1400
(Conseil interamericain du Commerce et de la Montevideo, Uruguay
Production)

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 58 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants

Mr. Carlos Ons Coteló, Secretary-General (appointed 28 June 1948)

Mr. Earl H. Smithmark (appointed February 1949)

B. Attendance

World Statistical Congress, Washington, 1947
(Mr. Kenneth H. Campbell)

Economic Commission for Latin America: first session, Santiago, Chile, (Mr. Jorge Valdes Mendevid); second session, (Messrs. Gaspar Vizoso, Ramon Guerra, Julian Alienes Urosa, and Francisco Fernandez Pla)

Latin-American Conference on Nutrition (FAO), Montevideo, 1948
(Dr. Juan Carlos Quagliotti)

International Conference on Trade and Employment, Havana, 1947
(Messrs. Bradford Stone, Francisco A. Mendieta, and Aldo B. Franco)

C. Oral Statement

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

III. Any other activities directly in connection with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

The Inter-American Council has sent a number of letters, memoranda and publications including:

The agreements and recommendations of the Third Plenary Meeting of the Inter-American Council were submitted on April 17, 1947 to the Preliminary Commission of the Conference on Trade and Employment (Geneva 1947).

In answer to a questionnaire relative to resolution 156 (VII) of the Economic and Social Council, the organization sent on January 5th a report on the Inter-American Council's competence on migration affairs, accompanied by the text of its Resolution on "Migration and Transport of Workers". At the same time, the Inter-American Council offered its cooperation in distributing this questionnaire amongst its 149 affiliated associations.

On the request of the Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Latin America, background material was sent to be used in a survey on free ports and zones in Latin America. Said material was: "Deposits, Free Ports and Zones and Commerce in Transit in America", a study entrusted to the expert Jose Rovira Armengol by the organization; a report on

/"Draft to create

"Draft to create a Free Zone of Foreign Trade" and other material prepared by Mr. Thomas E. Lyons, Executive Secretary of the Board of Foreign Trade Zones of the United States.

"The Inter-American Council .. has often forwarded to the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary organs, copies of its publications among which reference should be made as to those regarding inflation, public and private investment, strengthening of trade and industrial associations, fiscal policy, monetary stability and movement of capital, the problem of world feeding, report of the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization, and the monthly News Bulletin".

The resolutions of the Fourth Plenary Meeting of the Inter-American Council of Commerce and Production (Chicago), and the resolutions of the Second Hemispheric Stock Exchange Conference (Chile) were sent to the United Nations Economic and Social Council.

The Economic Commission for Latin America has referred to the Inter-American Council in its Resolution on Credit Facilities, as follows:

"THE ECONOMIC COMMITTEE FOR LATIN AMERICA APPEALS through the Inter-American Council of Commerce and Production, to the Chambers of Commerce, Manufacturing Associations and other non-governmental organizations of America that they contribute, at the earliest possible moment toward the establishment of regular credit facilities with the purpose of restoring the minimum stocks and necessary implements for the commercial rehabilitation of Latin America".

This request was the basis of a recommendation of the Fourth Plenary Meeting of the Inter-American Council (Chicago 1948) which has also disseminated this appeal among its affiliates.

The Inter-American Council has publicized the Declaration on Human Rights in its News Bulletin (No. 50) of March 1949 and at the same time it urged its affiliates and other Latin-American organizations to disseminate the text of the Declaration.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connection with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than I, II, III above.

"The Inter-American Council ... has translated into Spanish, published and disseminated throughout Latin America the background material for the Havana Charter, such as the Clayton Report, the proposal of the London Conference, the agreements of Geneva, etc.".

"After the closure of the International Conference on Trade and Employment (Havana), the Inter-American Council translated into Spanish, published and distributed throughout Latin America the text of the Charter for an International Trade Organization and General Agreement on Tariff

/and Trade

and Trade (signed at Geneva). These publications were preceded by an explanatory survey in charge of the expert Sr. Julio A. Lacarte Muro.

"The Inter-American Council has also distributed among its affiliates the information papers on the Havana Charter and on the General Agreement, at the special request of the Interim Commission for the International Trade Organization".

The Inter-American Council has adopted a number of resolutions in support of the activities of the Economic and Social Council, the FAO and the ITO.

The Inter-American Council was represented at the Conferences of NGO's called by the Department of Public Information, April 1949 and the Conference called by the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations, also April 1949, by Mr. Earl F. Cruickshank.

V. Other information in connection with the consultative status of the organization

"In communications of December 4, 1946; May 5, 1947; and July 16, 1948, the Council requested to be included among those organizations granted consultative status "A"

"Once the Council learned it had been granted status "B" on May 6, 1947, it suggested the convenience of classifying the organs with said status in groups according to their character, i.e., economic and social, labor, legal, etc.

"The Inter-American Council of Commerce and Production understands that after the time required for planning and arranging the works, it may perhaps be advisable to make said classification which will indeed result in a better efficiency and coordination of the various works undertaken by the non-governmental organizations".

28. INTERNATIONAL ABOLITIONIST FEDERATION 37 Quai Wilson
(Fédération abolitionniste internationale - FAI) Geneva, Switzerland
Tel: 2.20.14

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 62 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants

Lake Success, Dr. George Loewenstein, M.D. since July 1948
Geneva, Mr. Theodore de Felice, since 13 August 1947

B. Attendance

Dr. Loewenstein, Social Commission, fourth session
Mr. Felice, Economic and Social Council, ninth session

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | | |
|-------------|------|-----------------|---|
| 14 October | 1947 | E/C.2/57 | Prostitution |
| 29 October | " | E/C.2/62 | " |
| 25 November | " | E/C.2/69 | Status of Women |
| 26 March | 1948 | E/CN.5/41/Add.1 | 1937 Draft Convention on Prostitution |
| 1 July | " | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations) |
| 18 November | " | E/1072/Annex 2 | Observations on 1937 Draft Convention on Prostitution |
| 14 January | 1949 | E/C.2/138 | Prostitution |
| 15 April | " | E/CN.5/115 | 1949 Draft Convention on Prostitution |
| 2 May | " | E/CN.5/SR.68 | " " |

. Any other activities directly in connection with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

"In reply to a request from the UN Secretariat, dated 25 November 1947 the secretariat of the IAF sent a synoptic table indicating for various countries, colonies, territories, etc. the present situation regarding the regulation of prostitution."

"On 10 May 1948, in response to a request from the UN Secretariat, the IAF formulated suggestions for drawing up the questionnaire on the traffic in women and children."

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connection with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

A. In relation to the members of the Organization

"The Revue Abolitionniste, organ of the IAF, publishes information regularly on the activity of the Economic and Social Council in relation to the traffic in women and children and prostitution."

/B. Otherwise

B. Otherwise

The IAF was represented at: The Interim Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations called by the DPI at Lake Success, 12 and 13 September 1947:

The conference of non-governmental organizations called by DPI at Geneva, May 1948.

The two conferences of consultative non-governmental organizations, Geneva, May 1948.

V. Other information in connection with the consultative status of the organization.

"Generally speaking, the consultative arrangements are satisfactory. However, when a non-governmental organization is so strictly specialized on one of the activities of the Economic and Social Council that it is in fact different from a specialized agency only in its non-governmental character, this non-governmental organization should be heard as an expert by the Social Committee (or Economic Committee) of the Economic and Social Council at the time when the Committee discusses a resolution concerning the special field of permanent action of this specialized non-governmental organization.

"Such a non-governmental organization would often be able to render, without charge to the United Nations, technical services equivalent to those rendered in other domains by the inter-governmental specialized agencies (We have already rendered at least one service of this kind by furnishing a synoptic table ... [mentioned above under point III above]).

"The Secretariat of the Economic and Social Council should be authorized to reproduce in full a document of a technical character relative to a subject being discussed by the Economic and Social Council when this document is not essentially the expression of a particular doctrine, but constitutes a project for putting into operation a preparatory decision of the Economic and Social Council (for example: A draft convention conforming to the main lines laid down by the Economic and Social Council and based on the special knowledge of the non-governmental organization). We find from our correspondence with the Secretariat of the United Nations, that the latter wished to circulate the proposal for codification that we prepared, but was prevented from doing so by the rules."

29. INTERNATIONAL AFRICAN INSTITUTE
(Institut international africain)

Seymour House
17, Waterloo Place,
London, S.W.1, England, UK
Tel: Whitehall 4212
Cable: AFRILAC-PICCY,
LONDON

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 65 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

- A. Standing Consultants
- B. Attendance
- C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

III. Any other activities directly in connection with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g., work of consultants

A bibliography on living conditions in Africa was supplied at the request of the Standards of Living Section.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connection with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above

"I am doubtful whether the activities which we ordinarily pursue may be considered to have a direct connection with the Council, but the following account of certain specific projects on which we are now at work will indicate that our activities are designed directly to subserve the aims of the United Nations.

- "a. With the aid of grants from the British, French and Belgian Governments we have organised a linguistic survey in Central Africa. Two British investigators, one Belgian and one French investigator are engaged on this survey.
- "b. With the aid of a grant from UNESCO we have prepared for publication - in English and French - a collection of studies concerned with African systems of kinship and marriage.
- "c. With the aid of grants from the British Colonial Office and the Carnegie Corporation of New York we are conducting an investigation into the effects of modern contacts on African family life and marriage customs.
- "d. With the aid of a grant from UNESCO we are preparing a quarterly periodical devoted to abstracts of current literature concerned with African ethnology, linguistics and social studies.

/"e. We are

- "e. We are collecting and publishing accounts of field researches in African ethnology and linguistics undertaken by African Governments, British, French and Belgian Governments, independent research organisations in the United States, South Africa, Great Britain and European countries.
- "f. We exchange information and publications with learned societies and scientific bodies in France, Belgium, Holland, Portugal, Italy, United States, Union of South Africa and various African territories.
- "g. We extend the hospitality of our library and our information service to students of all nationalities, and provide introductions and whatever other assistance lies within our power, to research workers, missionaries, educationists, and others visiting or residing in African territories for any purpose.
- "h. We have organised international meetings of anthropologists and linguists in London, Paris and Brussels on the occasion of the meetings of our Executive Council. Another such meeting is planned to take place in Holland next spring, when a lecture will be delivered by Miss Margery Perham on the life and work of Lord Lugard."

V. Other information in connection with the consultative status of the organization

30. INTERNATIONAL ALLIANCE OF WOMEN - EQUAL RIGHTS, EQUAL RESPONSIBILITIES
(Alliance internationale des Femmes - Droits égaux, Responsabilités égales)
- The Secretary
International Alliance of Women
c/o Dr. Hanna Rydh
Johannesgaten 20
Stockholm, Sweden

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 68 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

Mrs. C.B. Mahon (since October 1947)

Mrs. Baker van den Berg (since June 1948)

B. Attendance

Commission on the Status of Women

Commission on Human Rights

Social Commission

Economic and Social Council, July 1948 (Mme. Karmin, Mme. Prince and Mme. Legrand Falco) Status of Women Commission, Beirut, March 1949)
(Dr. Hanna Rydh, President, and Mme. Boyer)

C. Oral Statements

E/CN.5/SR.68, 2 May 1949 - Draft Convention on prostitution

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

| | | |
|------------------|----------------|--|
| 31 December 1947 | E/C.2/73 | Status of Women |
| 5 February 1948 | E/C.2/77 | Women in Greece |
| 16 June 1948. | E/C.2/93 | Equal pay for equal work - Human Rights |
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations) |
| 19 July 1948 | E/C.2/103 | Genocide, Greece, Intervention of Great Powers in affairs of less powerful nations, Palestine, prostitution, refugees and displaced persons, United Nations economic, legal and political rights of women, |
| 18 November 1948 | E/1072/Annex 2 | Observations on 1937 Draft Convention on Prostitution |
| 15 April 1949 | E/CN.5/115 | Observations on 1949 Draft Convention on Prostitution |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

The Alliance has on six occasions supplied information in relation to the Questionnaire to Governments on the Status of Women. In July 1948 the Alliance wrote "suggesting the possibility of an International Convention on the Status of Women".

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above

A. In relation to the members of the organization

"The Alliance has regularly used its monthly paper, International Women's News, for giving publicity to all aspects of the work of the United Nations. Both general surveys and articles on special activities have been published, apart from material discussing action to be taken in direct support of the specific programme of the Alliance. Efforts were made to obtain subscribers to the United Nations Bulletin, but so far it has apparently been impossible to make arrangements for subscriptions to be paid from the United Kingdom, and the orders given have not been filled."

B. Otherwise

Observers have been sent to meetings of the United Nations Assembly.

The Alliance has been represented at four conferences of Non-Governmental Organizations called by the Department of Public Information and at those called by the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations.

The Alliance also submitted material on its relations with UNESCO, ILO, and FAO.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

"It will be appreciated that the work of consultants during the first few months after their appointment was necessarily largely that of learning appropriate procedures and working out methods of co-operation. This was specially necessary as the Headquarters of the Alliance was not supplied with any document setting out the rights and responsibilities entailed by the grant of consultative status until May 1948 when it received the "Guide for Consultants" (Document E/INF/23, 30.4.48). It is necessary to refer to this as until May the right of a consultant to ask to speak at meetings of Commissions was not understood, so that full use was not made of such personal intervention."*

"Finally the Alliance would point out that a purely voluntary organization must find certain difficulties in providing the time and labour required for close study and action in the wide field covered by the Economic and Social Council, much of which is outside its immediate scope. The right of direct access to the Council and its

* Before the issuance of the "Guide for Consultants", document E/43/Rev.2, 21 June 1946 was sent to all organizations when they applied for consultative status.

commissions is, however, deeply appreciated, and every effort is made to follow their work in the field with which the Alliance is directly concerned, both through its headquarters and through its national affiliated societies."

The Alliance supported the United Nations Appeal for Children.

The Alliance is a member of the Liaison Committee of Women's International Organizations; the present report covers activities other than those undertaken jointly with other organizations through the Liaison Committee.

31. INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF PENAL LAW

72 rue de Rennes
Paris 6, France

Reference: Description in E/C.2/224, pages 77 et seq, of 31 August 1949

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants:

Lake Success, Professor V. V. Pella
Geneva, Professor Jean Graven

B. Attendance:

Professor V. V. Pella, the Standing Consultant, followed closely the work of the Economic and Social Council, and of the Social Commission and the Commission on Human Rights (sessions held at Lake Success). The proceedings at Geneva were followed on behalf of the Association by Professor Jean Graven, President of the Cour de Cassation at Geneva.

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|--------------|-----------|--|
| 17 July 1948 | E/C.2/102 | Prevention of crime and treatment of offenders. |
|--------------|-----------|--|

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

The Association had entered into relations with the United Nations even before it was granted consultative status on 3 March 1948....

In May 1947 the Association's President, Professor V. V. Pella, was invited by Mr. H. Laugier, Assistant Secretary-General of the United Nations to join the Committee of Experts which drew up the first draft Convention on Genocide.

In June 1947, at a meeting at Lake Success presided over by Mr. Ivan Kerno, Assistant Secretary-General in charge of the Legal Department of the United Nations, the President of the Association read a paper to the members of the Committee on the Codification of International Law and senior officials of the United Nations setting forth the new aspects of international penal law and the methods for its codification.

The Secretary-General of the United Nations sent his legal adviser, Mr. Marc Schreiber, to represent him at the Association's Fifth International Congress held at Geneva in July 1947 under the auspices of the Swiss Government.

/After it

After it was granted consultative status in March 1948, the Association extended its collaboration with the United Nations in its various fields of activity, namely: (a) study of the various methods of preventing and suppressing crime; (b) bringing penal law into closer touch with reality by means of contributions from the other sciences, including anthropology, medicine, psychiatry, sociology and pedagogy; (c) research in criminal law, penal procedure and penology, with a view to the protection of fundamental human rights; (d) methods to ensure co-operation by States in the prevention of crime and systems for the penal protection of international peace through the development of international penal law...

The following special activities of the Association should be noted:

1. Pursuant to a request for consultation submitted by the Department of Social Affairs, the Association, after referring the matter to its Executive Committee, instructed its Secretary-General, Mr. J. A. Roux, Counsellor at the French Cour de Cassation, to submit a report to the United Nations on the preparation of a United Nations plan for action with a view to the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders. This report was submitted to the United Nations. It contained, in addition, suggestions for an international programme in these fields.
2. In reply to another request for consultation submitted by the Department of Social Affairs, the Association informed the Department on 28 March 1948, after its national groups had studied the question, that priority should be given to the following problems connected with the prevention of crime to be studied by the United Nations:
 - (a) the steps taken by the various legislations in regard to abnormal offenders and the study of how legislation on this particular point could be improved or supplemented; (b) the steps which could be taken and what steps, if any, have already been taken by certain legislations with a view to the abolition of short terms of imprisonment and their replacement by restrictive or re-educational measures.

On 20 May 1948 the Association officially requested the Secretary-General of the United Nations to consider the possibility of setting up within the United Nations of a permanent Committee of international penal organizations, and of holding a conference of these organizations which the

/International Association

International Association of Penal Law itself proposed to convene. This suggestion was very favourably received by the Secretary-General.

In the light of the Economic and Social Council resolution of 13 August 1948, which was in harmony with the views expressed by the Association in its memorandum of 9 July 1948, and pursuant to an agreement between the Secretary-General of the United Nations and the President of the Association, it was decided that the United Nations should take the place of the Association as the sponsoring body and itself convene the meeting of international penal organizations at the Palais de Chaillot on 15 October 1948.

Mr. Bouzat, the Assistant Secretary-General of the Association, was elected General Rapporteur of the Conference. The resolution, which was adopted unanimously, was drafted by Professor Graven, representing the Association, on the basis of the two preliminary drafts drawn up respectively by the President of the Association and the United Nations Secretariat. The meeting decided unanimously that the United Nations might usefully consult the International Association of Penal Law on the main scientific problems concerning the prevention and punishment of crime, including questions of national and international criminal law, and on reforms that should be made in the various institutions to ensure the effectiveness of punishment and of security measures. (See United Nations document E/CN.5/104 of 17 February 1949). (See also the report in the United Nations Bulletin of 18 October 1948 of an interview with Professor V. V. Pella).

On 21 May 1948 the Department of Social Affairs requested the International Association of Penal Law to prepare a memorandum on the problem of juvenile delinquency in all its aspects and on the most advanced legislations in this field. With a view to facilitating the study of this problem by the national groups, Professor Graven was instructed to have a preliminary study made by the Swiss National Group. This work is in hand and the results will be communicated to the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

On 21 May 1948 the Department of Social Affairs asked the Association to submit a memorandum on the problem of short terms of imprisonment and new methods of combating the resulting serious consequences. The Department also requested a special paper on probation, and, if possible, a study of the comparative law on this subject. A first memorandum drawn up by Counsellor J. A. Roux was sent to the United Nations and subsequently published in the Revue Internationale de Droit Pénal. -

/In addition

In addition to its work on recidivism, the Association instructed one of its members, Counsellor Marc Ancel, in October 1948 to study on behalf of the United Nations the development of children's courts. This study was recently transmitted to the United Nations Secretariat, which expressed its great interest (SOA 183/2/01/PA).

On 30 March 1949 the Association sent a representative to the meeting of representatives resident in the United States of America of principal international organizations concerned with the problem of the prevention of crime and treatment of offenders, held under the auspices of the United Nations at Lake Success.

In May 1949 the consultant of the International Association of Penal Law followed closely the work of the International Law Commission. At the request of the Commission's chairman, he submitted a detailed study of the question of an international criminal jurisdiction (see Document No. 5 of the Association), setting out inter alia the work done by the Association in this field. It should be noted that in May 1949 the United Nations Secretariat compiled a detailed study entitled "Historical Survey of the Question of International Criminal Jurisdiction" (A/CN.4/7/Rev.1). This document, which has now been published (United Nations Publications Sales No.: 1949, V.8), acknowledges the important contribution of the International Association of Penal Law to the development of the new school of thought on the codification of international penal law and the safeguarding of peace (see pages 3, 15, 75-88 of that document).

In reply to a request made by the Social Defence Section of the United Nations pursuant to a question raised on 8 April 1949 by the Government of Israel, the Association is at present engaged on a detailed study of the death penalty. This study is designed to provide the Government of Israel with all the arguments for and against the introduction of the capital penalty into the legislation of the State of Israel (Social Defence Section Letter SOA/183/1/04/PA).

IV. Work of the Organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above

The Association was represented at various conferences of non-governmental organizations convened by the Department of Information. The Association was also represented at the Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations held at Geneva in May 1948, and was elected a member of the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations set up by that Conference.

/The Association

The Association took a very active part in the Conference of Consultative Organizations held at Lake Success from 6 to 9 April 1949. Its President, Mr. V. V. Pella submitted -- pursuant to the task entrusted to him by the Interim Committee -- a paper (in English and French) on human rights and genocide (see Document No. 5 of the Conference). Moreover, it was at the Association's proposal that the Conference adopted a resolution in favour of the ratification of the Convention on Genocide.

The Association also made the Revue Internationale de droit pénal available to the United Nations for propaganda and for its own purposes.... Articles and accounts of the work of the United Nations and of the conferences held by the consultative organizations appeared in this publication.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the Organization

Special mention should be made of the work of Dr. M. Habicht, a member of the Association, who since 1948, when the General Conference of Consultative Organizations met at Geneva, has been Chairman of the Committee for the Study of the Legal Status of Non-Governmental Organizations. With the Association's assistance Mr. Habicht succeeded in obtaining for the Committee the co-operation of some highly-qualified jurists, such as Professor Niboyet of the Paris Faculty of Law. In the course of two sessions held at Paris in the autumn of 1948 and the spring of 1949, this study committee drew up two draft conventions relating to an improved legal status for the consultative organizations. According to the report of the Association's representative submitted to the Second General Conference of Consultative Organizations at Geneva in 1949, the Committee drafted texts providing for the opening at United Nations Headquarters of a register in which the consultative organizations could, at their request, be entered with a view to obtaining legal personality in all the States parties to the new convention, and also a convention guaranteeing to a consultative organization recognition of legal personality obtained by it in any country party to the Convention. Mr. Habicht was also asked to take the chair in the Legal Committee of the Second Conference of Consultative Organizations. During the year the Interim Committee again called on Mr. Habicht, this time to draw up, in collaboration with Miss Winslow, a first report containing a detailed analysis of the procedure for consultation under Article 71 of the United Nations Charter. They were also given the task of drafting a second report on the future relations of the consultative organizations with each other and with the other non-governmental international organizations.

32. INTERNATIONAL BUREAU FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF TRAFFIC IN WOMEN AND CHILDREN
(Bureau international pour la Repression de la Traite des Femmes et des Enfants)
- 12, Old Pye Street,
Westminster,
London, S.W.1, England, U.K.

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 83 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing consultant Madame Wanda Grabinska, (appointed May 1948).

B. Attendance

Economic and Social Council, seventh session (Dame Rachel Crowdy)

Social Commission, third session, May 1948 (Mme. Grabinska)

Social Commission, fourth session, May 1949 (Mme. Grabinska,

Dr. Bascom Johnson)

Oral statements by Madame Grabinska:

Social Commission, third session, May 1948

E/CN.5/SR.50, 9 April 1948 (Madame Grabinska)

Social Commission, fourth session, May 1949

E/CN.5/SR.69, 3 May 1949 (Madame Grabinska)

E/CN.5/SR.68, 4 May 1949 (Madame Grabinska)

E/CN.5/SR.72, 6 May 1949 (Madame Grabinska)

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

1 July 1948 E/C.2/95 Prostitution (submitted by 22
consultative organizations)

26 March 1948 E/CN.5/41/Add.1 Observations on 1937 Draft Convention
(and Corr.1, French only) on Prostitution

18 November 1948 E/1072/Annex 2 Observations on 1937 Draft Convention
on Prostitution

15 April 1949 E/CN.5/115 Observations on 1949 Draft Convention
on Prostitution.

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

"Among the many matters of general interest which have been the subject of correspondence was a communication approving the maintenance of questionnaires on political, educational and civil rights of women. (SOA/49/6/01/AL)".

The Bureau also, in January 1948, urged the adoption of the 1937 Draft Convention. In February 1948 it wrote commenting on the new proposals contained in E/574, "Draft Convention of 1937 for Suppressing the Exploitation of the Prostitution of Others". The Bureau wrote in

/June 1948

June 1948 approving the proposal to set up a Far Eastern Bureau for the Suppression of the Traffic in Women and Children.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above

The Bureau was represented at:

The Conferences of International Non-Governmental Organizations, called by the Department of Public Information: Lake Success, February 1947 (Dame Rachel Crowdy and, Mr. George Tomlinson); Geneva, May 1948 (Dame Rachel Crowdy, The Dowager Lady Nunburnholme, and Mr. George Tomlinson, (Chairman, Committee 4 (Speakers))); Lake Success, 4, 5, 7, 8 April 1949 (Madame Grabinska); Geneva, 27 and 28 June 1949 (Dame Rachel E. Crowdy, The Dowager Lady Nunburnholme, Mr. George Tomlinson)

The General Assembly, Paris, October 1948, (The Dowager Lady Nunburnholme).

The conferences of consultative non-governmental organizations, Lake Success, April 1949 and Geneva, June-July 1949.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

33. INTERNATIONAL BUREAU FOR THE UNIFICATION
OF PENAL LAW 31 rue de l'Athénée
Geneva, Switzerland

Reference: Description contained in E/C.2/224 of 31 August 1949, pages 85 et seq

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing consultants

Professor V. V. Pella

B. Attendance

Professor V. V. Pella attended all the meetings of the Economic and Social Council, the Social Commission and the Commission on Human Rights. When the meetings were held in Geneva, the bureau appointed two of its members, Professor Jean Graven and Mme. Romniceano, to attend them.

C. Oral statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

17 July 1948 E/C.2/102 Crime, prevention, treatment of offenders

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

On 9 March 1948 the Bureau submitted a general memorandum to the Human Rights Division.

Pursuant to a request submitted by the Department of Social Affairs for consultation on an international programme of study and action in the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders, the Bureau communicated to the United Nations a memorandum by Professor Jean Graven, Assistant Secretary-General of the Bureau.

On 14 March 1948 the Bureau informed the Department of Social Affairs that it was perfectly willing to co-operate with the Human Rights Division and to initiate studies in regard to: (a) the condemnation of war propaganda; (b) the prevention and suppression of the dissemination of false reports endangering international relations; (c) international regulation of the right of reply and correction in regard to the Press; (d) the drafting of provisions to be inserted in international conventions dealing with the penal protection of human rights The Bureau has undertaken further studies developing these questions and the results will be communicated to the United Nations.

In view of the urgent necessity for the drawing up of a draft convention consolidating the instruments in force for the suppression of the traffic in persons, the Department of Social Affairs asked the International Bureau for the Unification of Penal Law in June 1948 for the co-operation of an expert in international penal law to work with

/the members

the members of the Legal Department and the Social Activities Division on the preparation of such a draft. The Secretary-General of the Bureau himself participated in this work throughout June, July and August of 1948. On 16 September 1948 the Bureau received a letter from the Special Adviser to the Secretary-General (temporarily in charge of the Department of Social Affairs), reference LR/SIM, SOA 5/04, SOA 8/2/02, expressing his deep appreciation of the valuable contribution made by the Bureau to the preparation of the draft.....

On 30 June 1948 the Human Rights Division requested the Bureau to study the question of the inclusion of the right of asylum of refugees from persecution in a special draft convention for that purpose or in the International Bill of Human Rights.

In view of the extreme importance of this problem and its connexion with that of extradition, and in view, moreover, of the need to avoid any misunderstanding incompatible with the purely technical and objective nature of the work which should be undertaken by the Bureau, the latter drew up a very detailed questionnaire for study by its representatives and associate members throughout the world.

In response to a request for consultation from the Department of Social Affairs (Letter No. SOA 5/04 of 21 May 1948), the Bureau undertook a detailed study of the problem of juvenile delinquency. After obtaining texts of laws and drafts on the subject from a large number of countries, the Bureau instructed Mrs. Hélène Romniceano, who for many years had been a member of the League of Nations Child Welfare Committee, to draw up a detailed paper on the question. This paper was communicated to the United Nations, which expressed its gratitude to the Bureau for the willingness with which it had given its valuable co-operation (Letter Ref. 183/2/01/PA).

On 9 July 1948 the Bureau submitted a memorandum to the President of the Economic and Social Council, stating that it was essential that in studying the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders the United Nations should take into account the scientific contribution which the specialized agencies could make in this regard and should make the maximum use of their knowledge and experience. In its resolution of 13 August 1948 the Economic and Social Council gave full and entire satisfaction to the Bureau's wishes.

At the Conference of International Penal Organizations held at the Palais de Chaillot on 15 and 16 October 1948 under the auspices of the United Nations, with Mr. H. Laugier in the Chair, the Bureau was represented by a delegation including Count H. Carton de Wiart, the

/President

President of the Bureau and a former Prime Minister of Belgium, Mr. S. Sasserath, a lawyer and editor of the Revue de Droit Pénal et de Criminologie, and Professor Jean Graven, Assistant Secretary-General of the Bureau. The Conference decided unanimously that the Bureau, apart from other activities provided for by its statutes, could be usefully consulted by the United Nations "on studies of comparative law with a view to preparing draft texts for the purpose of securing, by domestic legislation or by international conventions, a more effective prevention of crime and better treatment of offenders" (United Nations document E/CN.5/104, of 17 February 1949). The Bureau took an active part in the work of the meeting organized by the United Nations at Lake Success on 30 March 1949. Dr. David Avram, the Bureau's representative, asked that fundamental guarantees of human rights be provided also for persons deprived of their freedom while serving sentences or as a result of other measures. He also asked that steps be taken to prevent inhuman or degrading treatment in prisons. This proposal, which was very favourably received and is to result in the study of a convention containing minimum standards for the treatment of offenders, was repeated by the French delegate in the Commission on Human Rights (May 1949) and was also submitted to that Commission for study.

Further, the above mentioned meeting decided unanimously that the United Nations Secretariat would have to study in collaboration with the International Bureau for the Unification of Penal Law suggestions for minimum requirements as to the best procedure to be adopted in the practical application of probation, with special emphasis on regional differences, (see United Nations doc. No. 11 (IS) of 28 May 1949).

On 18 April 1949 the Bureau took part in a meeting of international organizations convened at Lake Success by the Department of Social Affairs to deal with a draft convention for the suppression of the traffic in persons and of the exploitation of the prostitution of others. Pages 3, 4 and 5 of the United Nations document "Meeting to discuss the draft convention for the suppression of the traffic in persons and of the exploitation of the prostitution of others" provide evidence of the Bureau's effective contribution to the study of this problem, to the solution of which it had indeed contributed in the past.

Pursuant to communication No. SOA 183/4/03/PA of 31 May 1949 from the United Nations Secretariat, the Bureau on the same day appointed its consultant Mr. Pella to be its representative resident in the United States of America, in charge of current liaison and co-ordination with the United Nations Secretariat on matters concerning the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

In November 1948 the Bureau published the Actes de la Huitième Conférence internationale pour l'unification du droit pénale (Acts of the Eighth International Conference for the Unification of Penal Law) held at Geneva in July 1947. This publication is of outstanding importance for the study of crimes against humanity in general, and of genocide in particular, a study on which the United Nations is continually engaged.

The Bureau was represented at the Conference of non-governmental Consultative Organizations held at Lake Success between 6 and 9 April 1949.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the Organization.

The Bureau sent a large delegation, headed by Mr. Eugester, Auditor-General of the Swiss Army, to the Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations held at Geneva in May 1948. Pursuant to a letter of 20 May 1948 to the Department of Social Affairs, accompanied by a short memorandum drafted by Mr. Pella, consultant, entitled "Article 71 of the Charter and the New Possibilities of the United Nations", the Bureau's representative at that conference submitted a draft resolution which it is apposite to quote here in view of its importance at the present time:

"THE CONFERENCE OF NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

Considering

that the effective utilization of the Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations and their association in the work of the United Nations constitute the justifications of the consultative status granted to them,

that, furthermore, their collaboration with the Secretariat of the United Nations may be particularly valuable, since they are in a position to afford it the assistance of persons well qualified for the study of certain problems, while at the same time enabling it to make considerable savings in its preparatory work and in the formation of its committees of experts,

That regular use of the services of these Organizations is calculated to give maximum effect to the provisions of Article 71 of the Charter, in conformity with both its spirit and its aims,

Is appreciative of

the contacts already established with the United Nations and thanks the United Nations Secretariat for the valuable support it has already given them, and

/Expresses the hope

Expresses the hope

1. that the Secretariat of the United Nations will make frequent and regular calls on the services of the Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations, in matters pertaining to their fields of activity, in the course of its preparatory work and the drafting of international conventions;

2. that, apart from any contributions they might be called upon to make in the form of inquiries and memoranda, the Organizations concerned will be called upon to participate in the work of certain committees of experts".

The questions dealt with in this text were submitted to the Interim Committee for examination, and the Bureau takes this opportunity of drawing the attention of the Secretariat and of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations to the outstanding importance of these questions.

34. INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF SCHOOLS
OF SOCIAL WORK
(Comité international des Ecoles de
Service social)
- 58 Ign. Bispincklaan
Bloemendaal, Netherlands

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 99 ff.

- I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.
- II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.
- III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

The Committee was represented by its President, Secretary and other officers at an international working group called by the Social Activities Division, which met on 28 April 1948 at Lake Success.

The Committee furnished in January 1948 to the Social Activities Division, a detailed response to a questionnaire on the situation and training of social workers as well as on the international exchange of social workers.

The Committee is in "constant relations" with the Social Activities Division, has assisted it in forming working groups, particularly in Belgium, and has furnished information on the schools of various countries. Relations are maintained with UNESCO.

- IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

A. In relation to the members of the Organization

"The International Committee has acted on various occasions to facilitate the exchange of documents (in particular with the School at Lodz, Poland) and the travel for study of social workers".

B. Otherwise

"The Committee was represented at the Conference of non-governmental organizations called by the Department of Public Information and, the Conferences of the Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations which met in Geneva in May 1948.

- V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

35. INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE OF SOCIAL WORK Office of the Secretary-General
(Conférences internationales du Service 82 North High Street
Social) Columbus 15, Ohio, U.S.A.
Tel: Adams 5772

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 110 ff.

- I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.
A. Standing Consultant
Joseph P. Anderson (since 1 March 1949)
B. Attendance
"The Conference has not to date been represented at any session of the Economic and Social Council or its Commissions."
C. Oral Statements
- II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.
1 July 1948 E/C.2/95 Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations)
- III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants
Consultations have been held between the Secretary-General of the Conference and members of the Social Activities Division of the United Nations to determine ways in which the Conference, and particularly its National Committees, can be of most assistance to the Social Commission. The matter is still under consideration.
- IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.
The Conference was represented at the April and June 1949 Conferences of Non-Governmental Organizations called by the Department of Public Information.
- V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"The major resources of the International Conference of Social Work for the past eighteen months have been devoted to the organization of the 1948 meetings held in Atlantic City and New York and the re-establishment of the Secretariat on a permanent basis."

36. INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE RED CROSS 7 avenue de la Paix
(Comité international de la Croix-Rouge Geneva, Switzerland
- CICR) Tel: 2.05.60

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 106 ff.

- I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.
Miss Margherita Strahler represented the ICRC for some time in 1948-49. The ICRC, however, has not had any standing consultant for many months.
- II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.
8 March 1949 E/CN.5/111 Reply to request for comments on proposed
(and Corr.1, United Nations Charter on the Rights
18 April, of the Child.
English only)
- III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.
- IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above.

The following is the complete statement received in answer to the Secretariat's request for information on the consultative activities of this organization:

"As it happens, many of our activities have no relation with the United Nations work. For those which have some relations with them, the Secretary-General is duly informed of our action through the frequent correspondence, we have exchanged, and are exchanging, directly with him. Such is the case, especially, as regards the Relief action for Palestine Refugees, the repatriation of Greek Children and, to a lesser extent the Relief action for Refugees in India and Pakistan. We, therefore, do not see which reports we could send to the Secretary-General, other than those which he already has, and which he may use in the way he thinks best for the success of these actions."

- V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

37. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATIVE WOMEN'S GUILD c/o Cooperative Wholesale
(Guilde internationale des Cooperatrices) Society, 82 Leman Street,
London, E.1, England, U.K.

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 120 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

"During the first two months of 1948, Mrs. Emmy Freundlich was the Guild's standing Consultant with the Economic and Social Council at Lake Success, when she took an active part in the work of the Human Rights and the Status of Women Commissions ... Frau Freundlich's death in March 1948 deprived the International Guild of a permanent representative at Lake Success. So far the International Guild has been unable to find anybody to take her place."

"The International Guild has a standing observer in Geneva (Mrs. J. Karmin) who attends and reports to the Office on the work of the Economic and Social Council sessions when they take place in Geneva."

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|-----------------|-------------|--|
| 5 February 1948 | E/C.2/77 | Food supply |
| 6 February 1948 | E/627/Add.2 | A statement by the Guild on equal pay for equal work submitted by the World Federation of Trade Unions |
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations) |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

A. In relation to the members of the Organization

"The officers are doing all they can to keep up amongst women cooperators throughout the world the interest in the work of the United Nations, by giving space on the pages of its bi-monthly journal "International Woman Cooperator" (published simultaneously in French, German and English) to information about the United Nations and its Agencies, by circular letters to Committee members all over the world, etc."

/"The National

"The National Guilds, members of the International Cooperative Women's Guild, are also actively engaged in spreading information amongst their members on the activities of the various Commissions and Agencies of the United Nations and have taken active part in the United Nations Appeal for Children Collection."

P. Otherwise

The Guild was represented at the Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations called by the Department of Public Information and the Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations called by the Ad Hoc Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations both of which met in Geneva in May 1948.

The Guild was represented at the third session of the United Nations General Assembly in Paris by several observers.

7. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the Organization.

"It is hoped that in some not very distant future, the International Guild will again be able to find a standing Consultant to represent it at Lake Success."

38. INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN (ICW) 3 Frankengasse,
(Conseil international des Femmes - CIF) Zurich, Switzerland
Tel: 144-24.70.75
Cable: FEMINCON

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 123 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants

Lake Success, Mrs. Laura Dreyfus-Barney, Mrs. W. B. Parsons, Jr.
(Alternates: Mrs. Eunice Carter, Mrs. Gordon Freeman)
Geneva, Dr. Renée Girod (alternate: Miss L. C. W. van Eeghen)

B. Attendance

The Council, London, 1945, (Baroness Pol Boel);
Commission on the Status of Women, (Miss M. Bernardino,
Mrs. B. Begtrup, Mrs. W. Grabinska); Beirut, March-April 1949
(Miss Minerva Bernardino, Vice-President of the ICW,
Mrs. Georges Tabet);
Human Rights Commission, Lake Success, (Mrs. Laura Dreyfus-Barney;
alternate: Mrs. W. B. Parsons, Jr.); Geneva, December 1947,
(Dr. J. Eder; alternate: Miss L. C. A. van Eeghen)
Conference on Freedom of Information, Geneva, 1948 (Dr. Renée Girod,
Miss L. C. W. van Eeghen)
Meeting on Migration, Lake Success, May 1949, (Mrs. G. Freeman,
Mrs. W. B. Parsons, Jr.);
Social Commission, Lake Success, May 1949, (Mrs. W. Grabinska,
Mrs. Eunice Carter).

C. Oral Statements

| | | |
|--------------|--------------|---|
| 29 July 1948 | E/C.2/SR.44 | Report of the Third Session of the Commission on Human Rights |
| 2 May 1949 | E/CN.5/SR.68 | Draft Convention on Prostitution |

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|------------------|----------|---|
| 22 December 1947 | E/C.2/72 | Resolutions adopted at 1947 Conference of ICW |
| 8 April 1948 | E/C.2/83 | Greek women and children |
| 17 May 1948 | E/C.2/89 | Declaration on Human Rights |
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations) |

/III. Any

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs other than in I, II, III above.

"A. The International Council of Women has used its Bulletin and National Council of Women publications to spread information about the work of Economic and Social Council and its specialized agencies. It has studied questions before Economic and Social Council. ... Migrations, Child Welfare, Moral Welfare, Education, etc. Many of the Councils [of the ICW] have utilized the radio and the press to spread a greater understanding of the objectives pursued by Economic and Social Council and its agencies".

"B. Several resolutions adopted at the first ICW Post-War Conference in September 1947 dealt with subjects on which United Nations works ...

"C. Circular letters from the President of the ... [ICW] to the Presidents of National Councils of Women and Conveners of International Standing Committees and letters from the Conveners to their Committees have often included matters interesting and useful to the Economic and Social Council and its specialized agencies.

"1. Letters sent out to the Presidents of National Councils of Women:

"a. September 5, 1946, the Presidents ... were informed of a questionnaire from the United Nations concerning Human Rights. The questionnaire asked for names, addresses and brief biographies of women not occupying official positions in the Council, but considered experts in certain fields, such as Civil Rights, Freedom of the Press, etc. The Councils were asked to send information on these qualified persons to aid in United Nations work without delay.

"b. December 20, 1946, a letter was sent ... containing a discussion of the value of the United Nations as a world organization and recommending subscription to the "United Nations Weekly Bulletin" -

"c. June 19, 1947, a letter to the presidents ... informed them of the founding of the International Children's Emergency Fund. The letter asked that the National Councils contact those organizations launching th campaign in their country and that they collaborate actively ...

"d. April 17, 1948, the Presidents ... were asked for comments from the women's point of view on replies of governments to the United Nations questionnaire on the Status of Women.

"e. August 5, 1948, a circular letter asked ... Presidents to consider moral responsibility in regard to refugees and to guide public opinion against the separation of families, to supplement the work of United Nations in this field.

/"f. September

- "f. September 1, 1948, the Presidents ... were asked to draw up a list of five names of women experts in different special fields from each country, who would be willing to help the United Nations Secretariat in composing and maintaining the questionnaire on political, civil and educational rights of women in the various countries and bibliographies on publications that have appeared in these countries for a special section in the library of United Nations, concerning the Status of Women. This letter also asked that reports be sent from each country on what is being done in regard to family aid, in answer to a request for such information from the Division of Social Activities of the United Nations.
- "2. Letters sent out from Headquarters to Conveners of special Standing Committees of the International Council of Women.
- ...
- "b. April 30, 1948, a letter was sent to the Conveners of the Committees on Child Welfare, Moral Welfare, Hygiene, Laws and Education, concerning the United Nations questionnaire on Activities in the field of family, child and youth welfare.
- "c. January 18, 1949, a letter was sent out to the Conveners of four Committees, those of Moral Welfare, Child Welfare, Hygiene and Laws and Suffrage and to the Presidents of National Councils, urging action on the document E/754, concerning the suppression of prostitution. ...
- "3. Circular letters sent out from Conveners of Standing Committees of the International Council of Women to the members of their Committees, representing each country.
- ...
- "b. March 1948, a letter to the members of the Committee on Peace and International Relations mentions International Bill of Human Rights as the problem lying in the center of international endeavour and international interest. The draft of the International Bill of Rights, drawn up by the United Nations Commission on Human Rights was recommended for study.
- ...
- "January 18, 1949: Letter sent out to all National Councils of Women of ICW Committees on Child Welfare, Moral Welfare, Laws, Hygiene, concerning the Questionnaire on Document E/574... [1937 Draft Convention on Prostitution] asking for replies by May 20, 1949...
- "March 4, 1949: Result of an enquiry made in August 1948 by the ... Social Activities Division of the United Nations ..., concerning measures /of family

of family aid in the different countries of the world. In September a circular letter had been sent out to all National Councils of Women. Replies came from Holland, Greece, South Africa and Canada, and were forwarded in March 1949 ...

"April 14, 1949: A letter received from ..., Department of Social Affairs, asking for information and documents regarding the traffic in women and children in the Far East, was mimeographed and sent out to all members of the ICW Committee on Moral Welfare, to the Board of the International Council of Women, and to the Presidents and Secretaries of all National Councils of Women.

"April 30, 1949: A letter was sent out to the Presidents of all National Councils of Women of countries Members of the United Nations, asking them to urge upon their governments and parliaments to sign and ratify the Convention on Genocide".

"August 5, 1948, a circular letter to the Presidents of National Councils requested them to help in forming national committees of the Non-Governmental Organizations whose international groups have consultative status. The resolution of the NGO Conference in May 1948* was sent from the President of the International Council of Women to all Presidents of National Councils, urging them to approach their governments in support of such co-operation ... Several National Councils of Women, among them Belgium and Great Britain, reported having done so, and the National Council of Great Britain has just written to say that the United Nations Division of the Foreign Office has formed a working group of several organizations interested in certain social problems dealt with by ... Economic and Social Council".

"On October 7, 1948, a memorandum was presented to Mr. Evatt, President of the United Nations Assembly, by a delegation from the International Council of Women, consisting of Mme. Boel, Mrs. Eder, Lady Nunburnholme and Mrs. Pichon-Landry. The memorandum, which was then sent as a circular to the delegations of the fifty-eight nations of the Assembly and printed in the November issue (Vol. XXVI - No. 4) of the Bulletin of the International Council of Women, states the purpose of the Council and its specific work in support of the United Nations. It also contains the following statement of the Fundamental Principles of the International Council of Women: The International Council of Women stands firmly for non-discrimination whether on ground of sex, race, or religion, as expressed

* This resolution urged that national governments should consult with the non-governmental organizations of their country and inform their delegations to the United Nations of the views of these organizations.

in its own statutes, and in the Preamble to the Charter of the United Nations with the words '... to reaffirm faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person, in equal rights of men and women and of nations large and small'."

The ICW has taken an active part in the Conferences of Non-Governmental Organizations called by the Department of Public Information and in those called by the Ad Hoc and Interim Committees of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations. The ICW also submitted material on its relations with UNESCO, FAO, WHO, ILO, and IRO.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"The Non-Governmental Organizations should be given opportunity to see proposed resolutions, draft declarations or conventions, etc. confidentially at the preparatory state; many of them have highly expert experience on certain subjects. They should be consulted not only as possible propagandists to the general public for United Nations activities, but as valued collaborators of the Secretariat and Economic and Social Council".

39. **INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL WOMEN**
 (Fédération internationale des Femmes de Carrières libérales et commerciales)
 Hotel Biltmore
 Madison Avenue and 43rd Street
 New York 17, N.Y.
 Tel. MU 6-3977
 Cable: PROFED, NEW YORK

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 139 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

Miss Margaret Hickey (since April 1947), Mrs. Ester Hymer, associate, Miss Mildred Burgess, associate (until 1948), Mrs. Alva Myrdal, former associate consultant at Geneva for Human Rights Commission and the Economic and Social Council.

B. Attendance

Consultants have attended all sessions of the Council, the Human Rights Commission, and the Commission on the Status of Women. The organizational meeting of the International Trade Organization was attended by Dr. Gilda Peraza. Miss Hickey and Miss Ruth Tomlinson attended the Commission on the Status of Women at Beirut, April 1949.

C. Oral statements

"The organization's standing consultant has made representations to the appropriate United Nations bodies of the official action of the International Federation at its Brussels Board Meeting (August 1946) and at its Paris Congress (July 1947) and of positions taken by the National Federation of Great Britain, Norway, New Zealand and the Netherlands, with reference to genocide, freedom of information, and equal opportunity for education.

"The International Federation as a consultative non-governmental organization proposed in February 1947 at the request of the United States Federation that certain principles should be included in an International Draft Bill of Human Rights ..."

"At the request of the British, Norwegian, and French Federations in June 1948, an amendment was proposed by the International Federation to Article 24.2 of the Draft Declaration of Human Rights. This amendment was, 'Everyone shall work with equal advantages, equal opportunities, equal access to all training and positions in trades, professions and other forms of employment, and receive equal pay for equal work irrespective of race, religion or sex.' While this amendment was not incorporated in full, the right of equal pay was accepted.

"Suggestions for the agenda have been transmitted to the Commissions on Human Rights and on the Status of Women."

/ "A ... statement

"A ... statement was also submitted by Miss Ruth Tomlinson on behalf of the British Federation drawing the attention of the Commission on the Status of Women in certain inaccuracies regarding conditions in Great Britain in the report E/CN.6/6/78 prepared by the Secretary-General from material supplied by National Governments and entitled 'Detailed comparative report showing the existing disabilities of women in the field of educational and professional opportunities.'" (see E/CN.6/SR.42, page 6).

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|------------------|----------|--|
| 19 December 1947 | E/C.2/71 | Co-operation with United Nations |
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations) |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

"At the request of the Secretary-General information was sought from member federations regarding the practical applicability of public law affecting the political status of women. Also at the request of the Secretary-General names of specialists in the fields with which the Economic and Social Council is particularly concerned were forwarded."

IV. Work of the organization in support of, or in connexion with, the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above

"The International Federation has been represented at the Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations held at Geneva, May 1948, by a delegation with Dame Caroline Haslett, chairman, (Great Britain); Miss Kathleen Armistead (Great Britain); Mme. M. Kraemer Bach (France) and Miss Bergliot Lie (Norway). It has also been one of the members of the Ad Hoc Committee which did the preparatory work for the conference."

At the similar Conference held at Lake Success in April 1949 the Federation was represented by "Dr. Lena Madesin Phillips, Founder President, Mrs. Isabelle Claridge Taylor, Treasurer, Miss Hilda Beal, National Federation of BFW Clubs of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Mrs. Angela Lang, Canadian Federation, Dr. Phyllis Cilento, Australian Federation, Dr. Marie Ochoa, Cuban Federation and Mrs. Esther W. Hymer, National Federation of the United States of America. Dr. Phillips, was unanimously elected president of the Conference ..."

/ "As the result

"As the result of contact and information afforded by consultative relationships, a United Nations committee works in every club (there are 3,975) and in every national federation (there are 15) to bring increased understanding and knowledge of substantive as well as organizational work of the Economic and Social Council; also of the Specialized Agencies, Food and Agriculture, World Health, UNESCO, International Labour Organisation, World Trade Organization. These local committees become the focal point of community responsibility in world affairs.

"Each month digest of documents, a news letter, and recommendations for study and action are sent to national federations for referral to their local clubs. Six thousand copies of 'Women and the United Nations' published in January 1947 by the International Federation have been distributed throughout the world; five thousand supplements have been issued both in February 1948 and in January 1949. 'Widening Horizons', a monthly magazine in which there are notes about the United Nations, is published in English and French and sent to all clubs affiliated with the International Federation. [Material on the FAO, the ITO, the ILO, the Commission on the Status of Women, and on the eighth session of the Council has also been sent out] Annually an international broadcast is arranged. This year's subject is 'Human Rights - A Community Responsibility'. In this broadcast the importance of the Universal Declaration on Human Rights just passed at the third session of the General Assembly will be stressed.

"A system of international fellowships has been approved which will make possible the bringing of International Federation leaders to the United Nations for special study and preparation. Special attention is given to urging upon national federations the closest co-operation with their national governments so that their position on questions before the Economic and Social Council will be brought directly to their governmental representatives."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

The Federation expresses the "sincere hope" that the close co-operation with the United Nations "in furthering understanding of the important work of the United Nations" may continue.

40. INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF FRIENDS 2 rue du Seyon
OF YOUNG WOMEN Neuchâtel, Switzerland
(Federation Internationale des
Amies de la Jeune Fille) Tél: 55.22.01
Cable: CENTRALSTAR,
NEUCHATEL

Reference: Description in E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, page 146 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants

Geneva: Mrs. Berthoud van Werveke (since June 1948)

B. Attendance

Seventh session of the Council, Geneva, July - August 1948:

Miss Andrée Kurz, President, Mr. W. Bouvier, member of the Central Office, and Mrs. O. Monod, President of the French Union of Friends of Young Women, attended special meetings.

C. Oral statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

1 July 1948 E/C.2/95 Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations)

19 July 1948 E/C.2/103 Genocide

15 April 1949 E/CN.5/115 Observations with respect to the draft Convention on Prostitution.

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

The Federation submitted the following reply to the questionnaires:

- (a) information on its work within the framework of youth organizations (See SOA 16/07 of 2.4.48);
- (b) a report on its activities with regard to family, child, and youth welfare (See SOA/16/07 of 2.4.48);
- (c) proposed amendments to the questionnaire on the traffic in women and children addressed to the Governments (See SOA/8/1/01 of 6.4.48);
- (d) a statement of its activities with regard to migrants (See SOA 140/1/04/BK of 29.11.48).

IV. Work of the Organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II and III above.

/The Federation's

The Federation's publications have contained articles dealing with the work of the United Nations and the specialized agencies. Moreover, members of the Federation take every opportunity to speak of United Nations when requested to give lectures.

The Federation has co-operated with the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-governmental Organizations and with the Committee on Legal Status of International Organizations.

The Federation was represented at the special session on the United Nations Appeal for Children (Geneva, April 1948), the Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations (Geneva, April 1949), and the General Assembly of the United Nations (Paris, 1948).

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the Organization

The Central Office of the International Federation of Friends of Young Women took action in the following cases:

- (a) It requested the General Assembly of the United Nations to support the principle of a convention on genocide (1.7.48).
- (b) It suggested that the United Nations approve the Declaration of Geneva, as modified by the International Union of Child Welfare, and that it prepare a Convention of the Rights of the Child (5.7.48).
- (c) It also approached the WHO requesting it to undertake a thorough study of the consequences of applying the approved recommendation on measures to be taken against venereal diseases (24.11.48).

41. INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF UNIVERSITY WOMEN 17a King's Road,
(Fédération internationale des Femmes
diplômées des Universités) London, S.W.3, England, U.K.
Tel. Sloane 8281
Cable: 'INFEDERUW, LONDON

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 156 ff

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultant

Dr. Janet Robb (appointed January 1948).

B. Attendance

"... the I.F.U.W. has been represented almost continuously at sessions at Lake Success of the Council, the Human Rights Commission, the Social Commission and the Status of Women Commission: we believe our record in this respect to be one of the best for an organization in (b) category."

Sessions of the above Commissions at Geneva have also been attended.

C. Oral Statements

Status of Women Commission (II)

General statement on Agenda (E/CN.5/SR.38)

General statement on discrimination (Women's City Club,
January 1949) (Informal meeting of the Commission)

Social Commission (III) (Through Liaison Committee)

Draft Convention for the Suppression of the Traffic in Persons
and the Exploitation of the Prostitution of Others (E/CN.5/SR.66)

Human Rights Commission (IV) (Through Liaison Committee)

Equal Pay (E/CN.4/SR.64)

Genocide (E/CN.4/SR.76)

Social Commission (IV) (Through Liaison Committee)

Draft Convention for the Suppression of the Traffic in Persons
and the Exploitation of the Prostitution of Others (E/CN.5/SR.68)

U.S. proposal on Art. 17 of Convention (E/CN.5/SR.69)

Work Programme in Social Defence (E/CN.5/SR.77)

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

1 July 1948 E/C.2/95. Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative
organizations)

Other communications have been submitted through the Liaison Committee
of Women's International Organizations (see below).

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council
and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

"The Consultant has conferred many times with members of the
Secretariat of the Social Affairs Department and especially those of the
/Social

Social Activities Division on such matters as post war problems in the control of narcotics, the Declaration of the Rights of the Child, the Nationality Convention as well as other items on the agenda of the Status of Women Commission, the migration programme, etc., etc.

"Reports, the result of attendance as well as of study of the relevant documents, have been sent by the Consultant to headquarters after each session at Lake Success of the Economic and Social Council, of the third session of the Commission on Human Rights, and of the third and fourth sessions of the Social Commission.

"The I.F.U.W. was one of the organizations represented at a special meeting on 18 April 1949, with the Social Defense Section of the Secretariat of the Division of Social Activities on suggested amendments to the Convention on Traffic in Women to come up at the fourth session of the Social Commission. Preliminary advice has been asked of the Federation by the Secretariat on the subject of Migration".

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above

A. In relation to the members of the Organization

"The various committees of the Federation represent and stimulate the many sided interests of the membership in the furtherance of the work of the United Nations and especially that of the Economic and Social Council. Such committees are those on the Economic and Legal Status of Women, Cultural Relations and the Award of International Fellowships".

B. Otherwise

"The Consultant has acted as observer at all briefings arranged by the Department of Public Information during 1948-1949 for international organizations. The Liaison Committee of which the I.F.U.W. is a constituent organization has been a member of the Interim Committee of Consultative Organizations and its representative at Lake Success has served as alternate in planning the 1949 Conference at Lake Success. A full quota of representatives of the Federation have attended and taken part actively in all the Department of Public Information Conferences held at Lake Success and Geneva since 1947 as well as those held in both places for Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations. Our Consultant has followed closely the sessions of the Security Council and the Trusteeship Council to round out her work."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

"Of concern to all N.G.O's and especially to the I.F.U.W. is the question of effective distribution of documentary material - the need to select, and channel off documents in order to escape burial under an
/avalanche!

avalanche! There is an equally important need to receive documents as early as possible in order to plan work in support of Commissions to which they may refer.

"Perhaps it might be suggested that the experience and competence of N.G.O's might be put progressively to more use by the Council and the development of this side of the consultative relationship be increasingly emphasized. Time spent on paper work about the consultative status in time, might be considerably reduced.

"During 1949 the 1st Vice President of the International Federation of University Women, Miss J. M. Bowie, has been a member of the Commission on Human Rights while its 2nd Vice President, Mlle Jeanne Chaton, has been the official representative for UNESCO at the third session of the Commission on the Status of Women held at Beirut."

The Federation also submitted material on its relations with UNESCO, IRO and ILO.

42. INTERNATIONAL LAW ASSOCIATION, THE (ILA) 3 Paper Buildings,
(No French title) The Temple
London, E.C.4,
England, U.K.

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 170 ff

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

"Having regard to the fact that our objects are in the main legal and that such matters are better presented in written statements, we have not made much use of personal representation by consultants or observers, though we have done so in special cases ..."

"International Maritime Conference at Geneva February 1948:

Representatives: Maître Leopold Dor and Professor Paul Guggenheim"

"Prevention of Crime and Treatment of Offenders, Paris, October 1948

Representatives: M. Chauveau (Doyen de la Faculté de Droit, Algiers) and M. Ithier."

(See document E/CN.5/104, 17 February 1949, for report of this meeting.)

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|-----------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| 15 October 1947 | E/C.2/58 | International Bill of Human Rights |
|-----------------|----------|------------------------------------|

| | | |
|-------------|-----------|--|
| 12 May 1948 | E/CN.4/89 | Preliminary Report on Human Rights by Professor Lauterpacht (63 pages) |
|-------------|-----------|--|

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs, or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

The IIA has also transmitted the following statements:

"Final Report of Professor Lauterpacht and Coordinating Committee presided over by Lord Porter, dated May 1948."

"Report of Dr. Andrew Martin and the Coordinating Committee on Human Rights in the Paris Peace Treaties, dated May 1948."

"Resolutions of our Brussels Conference, September 1948, in regard to Professor Lauterpacht's and Dr. Martin's Reports."

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

BRUSSELS CONFERENCE OF THE IIA, 1947

- (a) Report adopted of Committee under the Chairmanship of Judge Sir Arnold McNair on The Development and Formulation of International Law.
- (b) Report and Draft Convention on Jurisdiction and Mutual Recognition of Decrees in Divorce.

/BRUSSELS

BRUSSELS CONFERENCE OF THE ILA 1948

- (a) See point V below
- (b) Resolution of thanks to Dr. Yuen-Li Liang (representing the Secretary-General) for his presence and valuable communication on the Development of International Law.

The ILA has been represented at the following meetings:

Legal Committee of ICAC at Brussels, September 1947:

Representatives: Arthur Jaffee (Secretary General), M. J. M. Deleuze and Mr. Claude Barry.

Legal Committee of ICAO at Geneva, May 1948:

Representative: Dr. Alex. Meyer.

Legal Committee of ICAO at Montreal, June 1949:

Representatives: Mr. John C. Cooper and Mr. Arnold W. Knauth

NGO Conference at Geneva 1948:

Representative: W. Harvey Moore, K.C. (Deputy Secretary-General)

NGO Conference of Committee on International Status of NGO's at Paris 1948:

Representative: W. Harvey Moore, K.C. (Deputy Secretary-General)

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"INTERNATIONAL LAW ASSOCIATION

"UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

Re Draft resolution of Human Rights Commission,

Fifth session, Doc. E/1371, paragraph 27-C

dated 23rd June, 1949

"It is respectfully submitted that paragraph (a) of this resolution should be amended by the Council so as to ensure that when the Commission is not sitting, and matters of principle entrusted to the Commission are being dealt with by the General Assembly, or other principal organ of the United Nations, communications which would normally be addressed to the Commission shall be laid before the organ actively concerned.

"This Association did much work on the subject of Human Rights recently, and its preliminary report by Professor Lauterpacht was circulated as an unrestricted document E/CN.4/89, of 63 pages, dated 12th May 1948.

"The seventy-fifth anniversary Conference of the International Law Association was held in Brussels in September 1948. The work of the United Nations on Human Rights was, at that time, on the point of being dealt with by the General Assembly and its Third Committee. But, by reason of the Secretary-General's interpretation of resolution 75 (V), the resolutions passed by this Association at its Conference were referred over to the next Meeting of the Human Rights Commission due to take place six months later in April 1949, and were not laid before the General Assembly or its Third Committee.

/ "It is felt

"It is felt that it is undesirable that it should be necessary for an international body to enlist the mediation of a national government in order to bring its communications before that organ of the United Nations which is seized of the matter in question; but that means should be found to ensure that such communications reach such organ with as little delay as possible.

"Perhaps this end might be achieved by requesting the Secretary-General to forward communications from this Association under Rule No. 63 of the General Assembly's Rules of Procedure, which provides that the Secretary-General 'may at any time make either oral or written statements to the General Assembly concerning any question under consideration by it.'

"We have purposely made this representation short, but if further information is desired we shall be happy to furnish it."

"3 Paper Buildings,
Temple, London, E.C.4.
July 19th 1949."

43. INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE FOR THE RIGHTS OF MAN 756 Seventh Avenue
(Ligue internationale des droits de l'Homme) New York 19, N.Y., U.S.A.
Tel: PL 7-8674

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 175 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

Dr. Max Beer

Miss Gertrude Baer (alternate)

B. Attendance

The League has been consistently represented at sessions of the Council, and of the Human Rights Commission by Dr. Beer, Miss Baer, Miss Frances R. Grant, Dr. Alvarez Del Vayo, or the Rev. Michael Scott.

C. Oral Statement

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

18 June 1947 E/C.2/45 International Bill of Human Rights

15 March 1949 E/C.2/180 Human Rights in Peru

(and Corr.1, English
only)

18 April 1949 E/C.2/185 Human Rights, minorities right of
petition

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above

In addition to the communications listed under "II" above the League has submitted the following communications:

A cable to the Geneva Conference on Freedom of Information, 1948 urging elimination of governmental restraints.

A communication to the General Assembly, June 1948, supporting the Assembly resolution on the partition of Palestine.

A communication in January 1949, to the Security Council concerning settlement of the Indonesian dispute in line with provisions for the human rights involved.

A letter to the General Assembly, 10 May 1949, urging adherence to the 1946 resolution concerning the withdrawal of diplomatic representatives from Spain so long as violations of human rights continue.

/A letter

A letter to the General Assembly, 29 April 1949, urging that conventions on international freedom of communication exclude all provisions for a censorship.

"The League held a reception in March 1949, for members of the Economic and Social Council and the Secretariat, addressed by the Honourable James Thorn, president of the Council (his speech being later circulated by the United Nations).

"A meeting at Freedom House, New York, on 4 May 1949 was organized for a conference on the covenant and its enforcement, attended by members of the Human Rights Commission and the Secretariat. The League has since taken the leadership in forming an action group on human rights among the non-governmental organizations."

"The League is co-operating with the American Committee and its own affiliates in actively promoting ratification of the Genocide convention adopted by the General Assembly at Paris in 1948.

"The League has expressed to the Indian Delegation its support of their position in dispute over the rights of the Indian minority in South Africa.

"The League has extended its contacts with affiliated national groups throughout the world in order to serve as a means of communication between them and the United Nations. Various representatives of the League traveled extensively abroad for this purpose, among others, Mr. Baldwin, Chairman of the Board, in the Far East and in Europe in 1947 and 1948; Dr. Pryn's Hopkins of Santa Barbara, California, throughout Asia in 1948 and 1949. Other representatives are now, in 1949, engaged in making the same contacts.

"A number of public meetings have been held in New York to discuss violations of human rights in various countries, notably, in Latin America.

"League representatives have attended the meetings of the conferences of non-governmental organizations at Lake Success and in Geneva."

Representatives have also attended the General Assembly (Paris 1948: Roger N. Baldwin and the Honourable Anne-Leroy) and certain meetings of the Trusteeship Council as well as other meetings relating to human rights.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

44. INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION (ISO) 39, Route de Malagnou
(Organisation internationale de Normalisation) Geneva, Switzerland
Tel. 5.92.98
Cable: ISORGANIZ

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 178 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultant

Mr. E. A. Pratt

B. Attendance

Economic Commission for Europe:

Inland Transport Committee (January 1949)

Mr. St. Leger and Mr. Rambal of the ISO General Secretariat

Mr. Nicolle of ISO Technical Committee 22 (Automobiles)

Coal Committee (March 1949)

Mr. St. Leger and Mr. Salt of the ISO General Secretariat

The ISO has not been represented at meetings held at Lake Success.

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|------------------|------------------|---|
| 8 September 1948 | W/RD/ITC/13 | Technical conditions to be fulfilled by road vehicles |
| 19 November 1948 | W/RD/TC/23 | Road vehicle lighting and braking |
| 10 January 1949 | W/RD/TC/38/Add.6 | Standardization of definitions of motor vehicles, etc. |
| 28 March 1949 | E/CN.2/66 | Co-ordination of activities of international bodies concerned with standardization. |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs and or with Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

A. Collaboration with the Economic Commission for Europe

"Inland Transport Committee. On 29 June 1948 the Sub-Committee on Road Transport transmitted to ISO the report of the first session of the Working Party on Road Traffic Conditions and requested proposals by ISO with respect to: (1) brakes, (2) mechanical device to give notice of change of direction, and (3) lights. Other questions, relative to braking, steering apparatus, warning devices, and red lights and reflectors for cycles, were submitted to ISO on 25 September 1948. ISO collaborated with the Working Party, up to the completion of its work, through the Secretariat of ISO Technical Committee 22 - Automobiles. By letter on 17 December 1948 the Director of the Transport Division expressed appreciation of this collaboration, especially in the drafting of the technical annexes to the proposed Convention on International road traffic."

/"Committee on

"Committee on Electric Power. On 1 October 1948, the Director of the Power Division, ECE, submitted to ISO a memorandum prepared by the French delegation based on reports received from various European countries on the subject of the standardization of turbo-alternator groups, with the request that its contents be taken into consideration in the work of ISO. This communication was circulated to its National Committees by the Electrical Division of ISO (the International Electrotechnical Commission - IEC), and a Sub-Committee of IEC Advisory Committee No. 5 - Steam Turbines---was established to set out the conditions for standardization of 50-cycle turbo-alternator sets. This Sub-Committee will meet at Brussels in September.

"Coal Committee. ISO representatives were present, by invitation, at the first and subsequent sessions of the Working Party on Utilization. At the first session the ISO General Secretary informed the Working Party of the existence of ISO Technical Committee 27 - Solid Mineral Fuels - and offered its collaboration. An ISO representative attended the meeting of the Ad Hoc Panel on Classification on 21 and 22 February 1949, at which it was agreed in principle that after consideration of the various methods of analysis, recommendations might be made at the next meeting to invite ISO to propose a final standardization of the analytical methods to be used in connexion with any classification of coal to be agreed in the future."

"Housing Sub-Committee. On 2 May 1949 a representative of the ECE Secretariat visited the General Secretary of ISO and an exchange of views took place regarding possible collaboration between the ECE Housing Sub-Committee and ISO on the subject of building documentation. This was followed by further communications and visits on 18 May and 10 June. On 21 June 1949 ISO was officially invited to participate in the Conference on Building Documentation to be held at Geneva in October 1949, and was asked to contribute two papers to the Conference. Representatives of the ECE Secretariat also met with the representative of ISO Technical Committee 59 - Building Construction, in Paris on 22 June 1949. The papers requested of ISO were duly submitted and the collaboration is continuing".

B. - United Nations Conference on Road and Motor Transport.

"By a letter of 2 December 1948 the Assistant Secretary-General in charge of Economic Affairs invited the ISO to send observers to this Conference, and subsequently furnished various documents in connexion therewith. On 20 April 1949 the Director of the Department of Economic Affairs consulted ISO with reference specifically to lighting of motor
/vehicles as

vehicles as provided for separately, but not identically, in Working Papers I and II of the Conference. Contact was established between the Department of Economic Affairs and ISO member body Association Francaise de Normalisation (AFNOR), Secretariat of ISO Technical Committee 22 - Automobiles - which had dealt with the same subject in collaboration with the Working Party on Road Traffic Conditions of ECE (see above). AFNOR is now co-operating with the Department of Economic Affairs in the matter."

C. Co-ordination of international standardizing activities.

"The ISO Consultant has followed closely all activities of the Economic and Social Council, the Commissions, Conferences, and reports of the Secretary-General, which might have a bearing on international standardization. His monthly reports have been circulated to the ISO membership representing 27 countries, thus bringing to the notice of the various national standardizing organizations the work of the United Nations which might influence their own activities. The need for co-ordination of the work of the many offices, agencies and organizations presently active in the sphere of standardization soon became apparent, and ISO directed that a special study be made with a view to presenting its suggestions to the Economic and Social Council.

"This study was completed in November 1948, but since the co-ordination envisaged would entail considerable expense to ISO and a substantial additional work load on the ISO staff and Technical Committees, it was decided to refer the matter to the ISO General Assembly scheduled to convene at Paris on 7 July 1949. Meanwhile, Mr. Howard Coonley, President of ISO, wrote informally to the Secretary-General, and to those of the Commissions which had been found to have an interest in standardization, to inform them of the contemplated action by ISO.

"Favourable action was taken by the ISO General Assembly and Council in Paris, and a formal statement for submittal to the Economic and Social Council is now in course of preparation."

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"The period during which the ISO has enjoyed consultative status with the Economic and Social Council has been to some extent a formative one for the Organization, and the development of the consultative relationship has, consequently, proceeded somewhat slowly. Although inheriting the work and most of the membership of its predecessor organization, the

International Federation of National Standardizing Associations (ISA), much required to be done by ISO in order to provide the expeditious international service which it is the purpose of the Organization to render. During the past two years an efficient General Secretariat has been established at Geneva, the membership (now representing 27 countries) has been expanded, and 58 Technical Committees have been set up. Additional Technical Committees are in process of formation.

"ISO has collaborated with the Committees on Inland Transport, Electric Power, and Coal, of the Economic Commission for Europe. ... The Organization is at present co-operating with the Department of Economic Affairs with reference to certain subjects to be considered at the forthcoming United Nations Conference on Road and Motor Transport, to which ISO will send representatives. All of the conferences of non-governmental organizations convened by the Department of Public Information have been attended by ISO representatives, and a representative has been designated to attend the United Nations Scientific Conference on the Conservation and Utilization of Resources. A detailed study has been made by ISO of the need for co-ordination of the activities of international offices, agencies and organizations concerned with standardization, a subject which is considered more fully under a separate heading of this report. Contact has been maintained by the ISO consultant with the Secretariat at Lake Success, to which information has been furnished from time to time as requested."

45. INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION OF JOURNALISTS
(IOJ)

(Organisation internationale des
Journalistes - OIJ)

II Opletalova 5,
Prague, Czechoslovakia.

Tel. 240-41

Cable: INTORGJOUR, PRAGUE

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 186ff

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

Attendance

Sub-Commission on Freedom of Information, January 1948.

United Nations Conference on Freedom of Information, Geneva, 1948,
two delegates (The IOJ had category A status for this conference)

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

The IOJ submitted three resolutions to the United Nations Conference on Freedom of Information (a) a General Resolution on the Press and Information, (b) a resolution on a Court of Honour, (c) a resolution on a Day of Mutual Friendship in the Press.

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

Mr. Jiri Hronek, Secretary General of the IOJ, visited Lake Success "several times". The Acting Secretary, Dr. Klamsky visited Lake Success as a United Nations essay contest winner and studied the work of the United Nations Secretariat.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above.

"The IOJ published in its bulletin several items on the work of the United Nations and regularly sent information on its articles to the respective United Nations organs".

"The IOJ informed the Secretary General of the United Nations and asked his collaboration in several cases when the freedom of the press was endangered".

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

46. INTERNATIONAL SOCIAL SERVICE (ISS) 37 Quai Wilson
(formerly: International Migration Service) Geneva, Switzerland
(Service social international) Tel. 2.01.85
Cable: MIGRANTO, GENEVA

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/324, 31 August 1949, pages 191 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

Consultants to the United Nations were appointed in January 1949. Those are Mr. Herbert E. Kunde, International Director, and Mrs. Whitney Wing. The latter has been recently replaced by Miss Ruth Larned, Associate Director in America.

B. Attendance

Mlle S. Ferriere, Associate Director in Geneva, is attending United Nations conferences meeting in Geneva, when Mr. Kunde (International Director) is unable to do so.

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

- | | | |
|--------------|---|--|
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.1/95 | Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations) |
| 29 July 1948 | E/C.2/108 | Offer to take lead in co-ordinating activities of non-governmental social organizations in the field of protection to migrants |
| 5 Nov. 1948 | E/AC.30/3 | Draft International Convention on declaration of death |
| 8 March 1949 | E/CN.5/111, Annex A (and Corr.1, English only). | Comments and suggestions on proposed United Nations Charter of the Rights of the Child |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

"The International Social Service has made use of the advantages pertaining to its consultative status mainly in connexion with the Migration Section of the Social Activities Division."

"As a result of conversations between the Migration Section and International Social Service, it was decided that the Migration Section of the Social Activities Division would send a questionnaire to all non-governmental organizations with consultative status in order to find out what was the nature of their interest in the field of protection to

/migrants and

migrants and what methods those organizations would suggest by which they could make arrangements for co-ordinating their respective activities in this field. They were also requested to state whether they would be interested in participating in a Conference of non-governmental organizations concerned with migration problems. The outcome of this preliminary enquiry is that a Conference of non-governmental organizations interested in migration will meet in Geneva in January 1950 under the joint auspices of the United Nations and ILO, the International Social Service acting as provisional Secretariat, as well as preparing a number of working papers."

"International Social Service feels that it is its responsibility to take the lead in this field because of its long time experience and because of the prominent part it had played during the time elapsed between the two world wars as a member of the Permanent Conference for Protection of Migrants, a body which reunited most of the non-governmental social organizations interested in migrants before the last war."

"In answer to a questionnaire on Family, Child and Youth Welfare sent in August 1948 by the Director of Social Activities Division, we have been able to have two of our national branches, the French and the Swiss branches, make a study in their respective countries of the regulations in this field, as applied to families of foreigners."

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above

The Service has sent the Declaration of Human Rights to all the members of its international committee.

"International Social Service was represented at the Conference of non-governmental organizations which met in Geneva in May 1948 and has submitted to the Conference a statement related to a few articles in the Declaration of Human Rights."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

"International Social Service feels it has a responsibility in the field of protection to migrants in its capacity as a non-sectarian and non-political social organization whose aims are:

(1) To render service through co-operative effort to individuals whose problems have arisen as a consequence of voluntary or forced migration and the solution of which involves action in more than one country.

(2) To study from an international standpoint the conditions and social consequences of migration in their effect on individual, family and social life.

/"The International

"The International Social Service through its network of branches and correspondents, and its exchange of social case work data, by means of its training courses for social workers of other countries and organizations; by means of meetings and conferences, brings about an exchange and understanding of techniques, ideas and philosophies of social case work and inevitably of the habits, customs, similarities and differences existing in various countries."

"This objective interchange, while small in volume is deep in effect. The very nature of the work of International Social Service impels consideration, in each individual case handled, of actions and reactions in two or more countries. This international collaboration is not a simple juxtaposition of special interests but involves the integration of these special interests into a common interest, by the search for a solution which does not require the sacrifice of these special interests."

47. INTERNATIONAL STATISTICAL INSTITUTE (ISI) 2, Oostdwinham
(Institut international de Statistique) The Hague, Netherlands
Tel: 11.63.90

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 200 ff.

- I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs
A. Standing Consultants
-
B. Attendance
Fourth session of the Statistical Commission, Geneva,
April/May 1949.
C. Oral Statements
A statement was made to the Statistical Commission on the
"Furtherance of Statistical Education."
II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs
26 April 1949 E/CN.3/W.10 Furtherance of statistical education
III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the
Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work
of consultants
-
IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the
activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in
I, II, III, above
-
V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the
organization
-

48. INTERNATIONAL STUDENT SERVICE (ISS) 13 rue Calvin
(Entr'aide universitaire internationale - Geneva, Switzerland
EUI) Tel: 4.73.54
Cable: INTERSTUD, GENEVA

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 203 ff.

- I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs
 - A. Standing Consultant
Mr. Bradford Abernethy (resigned 7 December 1948)
 - B. Attendance
-
 - C. Oral Statements
-
- II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs
-
- III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants
-
- IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs other than I, II, III, above
-
- V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

"International Student Service has been re-examining its obligations as an international non-governmental organization with consultative privileges towards the Economic and Social Council and in conjunction with the Non-Governmental Organizations, which have organized themselves into an interim conference of consultative non-governmental organizations. Using the findings of this conference and supplementing them by staff investigations, the association is prepared to assume a more positive role as a consultative body in view to participating actively in the work as a consultative body of the ninth and tenth[*] sessions of the Economic and Social Council."

[*] The report was submitted with a letter dated 4 November 1949; reference is, therefore, to the tenth and eleventh sessions of the Council.

49. INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT WORKERS' FEDERATION
(ITWF)
(Federation internationale des Ouvriers du
Transport)
- Maritime House
Old Town, Clapham
London, S.W.4, England, U.K.
Tel. Macaulay 5501/5502
Cable: INTRANSFE, LONDON

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 215. ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultant

Mr. Willy J. Dorchain

B. Attendance

"We are interested only in the work of the Transport and Communications Division and there only in so far as labour matters or the economic policy of the Federation are directly or indirectly affected.

"So far we have not been able to be represented at any meetings of the Transport and Communications Division, but we make good use of the documents it issues for supplying information to our affiliated unions.

"We have taken an active interest in the work of the Inland Transport Committee of the E.C.E. and representatives of the Federation, in the persons of Mr. F. Strauss and .. [Mr. P. Tofahrn] have attended meetings of the Committee and its working parties and sub-committees dealing with rail and road transport."

C. Oral Statements

The claims of road transport workers in connexion with the draft convention on international road transport and those of railwaymen in connexion with the standardization of railway rolling stock were presented to working parties and sub-committees of ECE. "Our point of view was expressed both verbally and in writing, and we were well satisfied with the consideration given to our claims." (see E/ECE/TRANS/SR.3/3, paragraph 72).

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

26 November 1948 W/RD/TC/32 Claims by professional drivers in
connection with the International
Convention on Road Traffic

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

/ "Altogether,

"Altogether, we appreciate the facilities which have been afforded and have no wishes to express regarding the granting of further facilities. There is one difficulty to which we would draw attention, though appreciating that probably little can be done about it, and that is the fact that the meetings are so frequent and involve such a heavy expenditure of time and money."

50. INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR CHILD WELFARE 16, rue du Mont-Blanc
(Union internationale de Protection de Geneva, Switzerland
l'Enfance) Tel. 2.60.38

Cable: UIPE, GENEVA

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224 31 August 1949, pages 220 ff

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultant

Miss Mary A. Dingman (since 1 July 1948)

B. Attendance

Miss Dingman has attended "the Economic and Social Council meeting held in Geneva, in July-August 1948, also the early part of the United Nations General Assembly in Sept. and Oct., in Paris. Since her return to New York last November, Miss Dingman has had frequent contacts with various officials, and has attended a number of meetings this year (Economic and Social Council, N.G.O. Conference, Social Commission, and so on)."

C. Oral Statements

Oral statements were made to the third (by Dr. G. Chamorel) and fourth (by Miss Dingman) sessions of the Social Commission (See E/CN.5/SR.60, 19 April 1948, E/CN.5/SR.83, 12 May 1949 and E/CN.5/SR.89, 17 May 1949)

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| 19 February 1948 | E/CN.5/44 | Declaration of the Rights of the Child |
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative non-governmental organizations) |
| 8 March 1949 | E/CN.5/111 (and Corr.1, English only) | Charter of the Rights of the Child |
| 15 April 1949 | E/CN.5/115 | Observations on 1949 draft convention on prostitution. |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

The Declaration of the Rights of the Child "is of very special interest to the I.U.C.W., both because of the principles involved and because of its desire to see a Children's Charter formally adopted by the United Nations. Moreover, the Declaration of Geneva owes its origin to the Save the Children International Union (the former title of the Union), being drawn up in 1923. For these several reasons representatives of the I.U.C.W. have discussed the question of the adoption by the United Nations of the Declaration on numerous occasions with officials of the Division of Social Activities.

/"The position of

"The position of the I.U.C.W. was officially communicated to the Director of the Division on 9 January 1948, together with a draft amended text of the Declaration of Geneva. These observations were included in the document E/CN.5/44 submitted to the third session of the Social Commission (April 1948). Dr. G. Chamorel attended the session on behalf of the Union and set forth its views. The Social Commission decided to give the question further study.

"After the meeting of the General Council of the I.U.C.W., Stockholm, (August 1948), which considered the matter very carefully, further proposals and comments were sent to the Deputy Director of the Division of Social Activities on 5 October 1948. These observations were included in the report prepared by the Secretary General of the United Nations for submission to the fourth session of the Social Commission (E/CN.5/111). At that session Miss Dingman again presented the point of view of the I.U.C.W., and in the resolution directing the United Nations Secretariat to formulate a Draft Declaration of the Rights of the Child, the Declaration is specifically mentioned.

"The I.U.C.W. is most anxious to continue to co-operate closely on this subject, to which it attaches great importance."

"Juvenile Delinquency: The proceedings of the Conference of Experts convened by the I.U.C.W. at Geneva, in April-May 1947, to discuss the impact of war on juvenile delinquency, were published in a special number of the Review and communicated to the Division of Social Activities in due course (September 1947).

"At the meeting of the international organizations convened in Paris on 15-16 October 1948 by the Division of Social Activities, to consider what contribution those organizations could make towards the study ... [of the prevention of crime] and the treatment of offenders, the I.U.C.W. was represented by M. Lutz, a member of its Advisory Committee on Delinquent and Maladjusted Children and Young People, and Mrs. Small, the Secretary of that Committee and Chief of the Research Department of the I.U.C.W. They stated that they would be glad to co-operate with the United Nations on all matters pertaining to that field.*

"In 1949, the Union was again invited by the Division of Social Activities to attend a meeting of representatives of international organizations, held in Lake Success on 30 March. This was attended by

* The Social Defense Section suggests that this should read, "pertaining to the field in which the United Nations will consult them, namely various aspects of juvenile delinquency."

Miss Dingman. After receiving her report the I.U.C.W. expressed its readiness to accept a specific assignment in connexion with the fight against juvenile delinquency.

"The Division of Social Activities was invited to send an observer to the meeting of the I.U.C.W. Advisory Committee held at Amersfoort (Holland) in March 1949, but this it was unable to do owing to pressure of work. The main subject under discussion was the selection, training and status of educational personnel in rehabilitation institutions; other subjects discussed were the differentiation of institutions and after-care. The resolutions passed at the meeting were forwarded to the Division on 22 April 1949, and a copy of the proceedings will follow in due course."

"Living Conditions and Standards of Living. At its General Council in Stockholm (August 1948), one of the questions discussed by the I.U.C.W. was housing in relation to child welfare. When this question came up for discussion at the fourth session of the Social Commission, Miss Dingman drew attention to the recommendations which were passed at Stockholm.

"Stateless and Refugee Children. The I.U.C.W. made an extensive inquiry into the juridical aspects of the statelessness of children, which was published in booklet form in 1947 under the title Stateless Children - A Comparative Study of National Legislations and Suggested Solutions to the Problem of Statelessness of Children. This was communicated to the Division of Social Activities in July 1948.

"The question of refugee children was discussed at the I.U.C.W. General Council at Stockholm, in August 1948, and the report was duly communicated to the Division of Social Activities, together with a resolution concerning those children and one concerning the repatriation of Polish children still in Germany.

"Fellowships. Contacts have been established and are becoming more and more frequent with the European Office of the United Nations with regard to the Fellowship Programme. It has been arranged that Fellows who propose to study one or the other aspect of child welfare shall visit the I.U.C.W. Secretariat in Geneva to discuss their plan of study and to get acquainted with the work of our organization.

"UNICEF. Contact has been established with this body and co-operation offered. The I.U.C.W. has accepted an invitation to serve on the new Advisory Committee of N.G.O.s, now in process of formation by UNICEF

"Human Rights. Representatives of the I.U.C.W. took an active part in the Conference organized in Geneva in May 1948, one of them being appointed Vice-Chairman of Sub-Committee III, dealing with the social aspects of the question.

/"Miscellaneous.

"Miscellaneous. Co-operation of the I.U.C.W. Secretariat with the Division of Social Activities in other fields, and especially in that of the care of child victims of the war, or certain categories of the, has been under consideration for some time.

"The I.U.C.W. Secretariat was consulted by the Legal Department on the Draft Convention on Declaration of Death for Missing Persons, to which it replied on 1 November 1948. In response to a request from the Division of Social Activities, it also gave its opinion on March 23, 1949, with regard to the Draft Convention for the Unification of International Conventions dealing with the Traffic in Women and Children.

"Contact was established in the late summer of 1948 with the United Nations Director of Disaster Relief to discuss a relief mission to help the refugee children of Palestine. An I.U.C.W. Mission, composed of British, Danish and Swedish relief workers, left for the Near East in December 1948. The British team finally settled down to work in the Lebanon, while the other two groups made their base in Syria, where they co-operated with the League of Red Cross Societies and distributed the foodstuffs supplied by its own member organizations and by UNICEF.

"The I.U.C.W. has had many contacts with the United Nations Special Committee on the Balkans on the question of the Greek children removed to neighbouring countries, and has forwarded to the Secretary General of the United Nations a resolution passed on that subject by its General Council in Stockholm (August 1948). This was transmitted by the Secretary-General to the Division of Human Rights.

"For the majority of the questions mentioned in this report concerning the United Nations, the Secretariat of the I.U.C.W. has acted in co-operation with the Division of Social Activities (United Nations European Office, through the European representatives), and as regards consultative relations, with the Liaison Section (Non-Governmental Organizations) Geneva".

"Mention should be made ... of the visit of Mrs. Morier, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the I.U.C.W., to Lake Success in the Fall of 1947. The Union has made it a point to invite representatives of the Division of Social Activities to any conference it has organized during that period, notably, the Conference on Methods of Child Relief, held in Paris in September 1947, which was attended by Mr. L. Gros of the European Office, and the General Council of the I.U.C.W. held in Stockholm, in August 1948, which was attended by Mr. George Nelson."

Work of the organization in support of, or in connexion, with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above.

"The organ of the Union, the International Child Welfare Review,

/carries in

carries in almost every issue notes and reports on United Nations activities affecting child welfare."

The I.U.C.W. has been represented at various conferences of non-governmental organizations called by the Department of Public Information, (February 1948, May 1948 Geneva; April 1949, Lake Success; June 1949, Geneva)

Mr. Georges Thelin, Secretary-General of the I.U.C.W. presided over the May 1948, April 1949, and June 1949 conferences.

The I.U.C.W. has been represented at various conferences called by the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations and Mr. Thelin presided over those held in Geneva in May 1948, April 1949 and June 1949.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"We are confident that the presence of Miss Dingman, the I.U.C.W. Consultant in New York, will more and more facilitate co-operation between the I.U.C.W. and the Economic and Social Council, the Social Commission and the Division of Social Activities.

"The International Secretariat of the Union is always willing to give wholehearted co-operation in the study of many questions of vital interest. It should, however, be pointed out that any international study or survey takes some time to complete, especially as the limited staff both at the national and international level is already fully occupied, and therefore any new and extensive work desired by the United Nations cannot be undertaken without some financial provision being made for additional help."

51. INTERNATIONAL UNION OF CATHOLIC WOMEN'S LEAGUES (IUCWL)
(Union internationale des Ligues féminines catholiques)
- 5, Neuhuyskade
The Hague, Netherlands
Tel. 775945
Cable: ROMME, THE HAGUE

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 227 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

Lake Success

- Miss Catherine Schaefer - Officially appointed October 1947
(functioning since October 1945)
- Miss Alba Zizzamia - Assistant Consultant - Officially
appointed 1 June 1949
(functioning since 15 June 1948)

Geneva

- Mlle J. de Romer - Officially appointed February 1947.

Paris

- Mlle Françoise de
St. Maurice - Officially appointed December 1947
(functioning since October 1945)

"In addition, the IUCWL has utilized the services of the United Nations Observer Committee of the National Council of Catholic Women, its U.S. affiliate. This Committee, consisting of a panel of nearly one hundred women from nearby New York and New Jersey areas, founded in 1946, has regularly had two observers at each meeting of all Lake Success sessions of the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations and its various Commissions, held since its formation."

B. Attendance

"The permanent consultant at Lake Success was present for the duration of the United Nations Conference at San Francisco."

"Economic and Social Council Sessions Attended (Daily)"

Second, third, fourth, fifth (before Consultative Status was given), and the sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth, including attendance at the Social Committee, and the Economic Committee.

"Commissions"

1. Human Rights (Daily Attendance)

First, second, third, fourth and fifth sessions. (Drafting Committee of second and third sessions.)

In addition, the Third Committee of the Paris session of the General Assembly which debated and discussed the Human Rights Declaration was followed daily by the Paris consultant. The consultant from Lake Success also attended for several weeks.

(The Lake Success consultant participated actively in the work of the non-governmental organizations at San Francisco which were instrumental in getting the promotion of respect for human rights adopted as an aim of the United Nations Charter.)

2. Social Commission (Daily Attendance)

Second and third sessions.

3. Commission on the Status of Women (Daily Attendance)

First, second and third sessions.

4. Sub-Commission on Freedom of Information and the Press

Second and third sessions.

5. Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities

First and second sessions.

6. Population Commission (Daily Attendance)

April 1949 - Geneva.

Sessions held at Lake Success.

7. Ad Hoc Committee on Genocide

5 April - 10 May 1948.

Irregular and Unrecorded Attendance

Economic and Employment Commission and Sub-Commission on Development and Stability

(All sessions held at Lake Success)

Narcotic Drugs Commission

(Sessions held at Lake Success)

Transportation and Communications Commission

(Held at Lake Success)

Specialized Agencies and Other Conferences Connected with the Economic and Social Council

1. Committee on Children's Emergency Fund at Lake Success (Regularly)

2. UNAC (Geneva - 17-13 February 1948)

... /Material relating to IRO and WHO is omitted/

5. United Nations Conference on Freedom of Information and the Press (Geneva) (25 March - 23 April 1948)

6. Special Committee on Information Communicated under Article 73 (e) of the Charter (2-13 September 1948)

... /Material relating to UNESCO and ILO is omitted/

Other Organs of the United Nations

All sessions of the General Assembly - in Paris as well as at Lake Success - have been followed by consultants of the IUCWL.

The sessions of the Trusteeship Council and of the Security Council have likewise been regularly followed."

/C. Oral

C. Oral Statements

Statements made before the Human Rights Commission

Second session: Frequent statements before the working Committees and the plenary sessions, e.g., requesting that mention be made of equality in matters of marriage as between men and women, and that the proposed mention of divorce in the Declaration be dropped; on rights of the family in the article on Education; on the right to religious education, religious freedom; and on safeguarding protective legislation for women workers. Letters to the Chairman of the Commission opposing the proposed inclusion of the right of abortion into the Draft.

Third session: 1948. Three statements to Commission:

1. One on Family and Marriage - 3 June 1948.
2. Two statements on rights of parents with regard to the education of their children.

Fifth session: 1949. Three statements on proposed convention:

1. On freedom from mutilation and scientific experimentation with regard to inclusion of sterilization and castration.
2. On inclusion of rights of parents with regard to religious education of their children.
3. On equal pay for equal work by men and women.

Statements made before the Social Commission

Second session: 1948. Statements on Suppression of Exploitation of Prostitution of Others.

Third session: 1949. Statement on Suppression of Exploitation of Prostitution of Others. Statement on Charter on the Rights of the Child. Statement on Proposed Studies Regarding Marriage and Parenthood.

Statements made before the Commission on the Status of Women

First session: 1947. General statement of IUCWL's interest in problems being considered by Commission on the Status of Women.

Second session: 1948. General statement.

Third session: 1949. (Lebanon). (Attended by Mrs. Colini Lombardi and Mlle de St. Maurice). Statement on 25 March - regarding family conflicts in struggle for equality. Statement on 1 April - regarding family stability.

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

| | | |
|--------------|------------|---|
| 14 May 1948 | E/C.2/88 | Declaration of Human Rights |
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations) |
| 14 July 1948 | E/C.2/103 | Genocide |
| 3 March 1949 | E/CN.5/111 | Rights of the Child |
| 27 May 1949 | E/C.2/198 | Status of Women |

/In its report the

In its report the Union refers to the following written communications, which were not issued as documents:

"Statement to the Commission on the Status of Women on the Status of Women (as advanced to the League of Nations in 1935) - 1947. (Not reproduced)"

"A document of 'The Family Charter' sent to the United Nations in May."

"Statement in favour of adoption of the Genocide Convention, June 1948."

"Statement with 5 other non-governmental organizations to the Commission on the Status of Women, March 1949, recommending eight points:

1. Popular interpretation of the work of the Commission;
2. Research and education to promote sex equality while safeguarding the values of the family unit;
3. A study of the political education of women;
4. Dissemination of UNESCO reports on scholarship;
5. A study of the merit system in the Secretariat;
6. Child labour study;
7. Problems of D.P. women and families;
8. Co-operation with the Social Commission on family life." (This statement was read to the Commission, see E/CN.6/SR.59, pp. 3-4).

"Memorandum to the Commission on the Status of Women meeting at Beirut. March 1949"

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, i.e. work of consultants

"A. With Delegates

1. Consultation with governmental delegates to the various sessions of the Economic and Social Council and the Commissions noted above, particularly Human Rights, Status of Women and Social Commissions, also - Assembly and Trusteeship delegates.
2. Unofficial meeting of NGO's with all members of the Commission on the Status of Women, March 1948, and in Beirut.
3. Attendance at United Nations background conferences on Economic and Social Council matters addressed by the Economic and Social Council and commission members.
4. Attendance at numerous public and organizational meetings addressed by delegates.
5. Attendance at U.S. Mission background conferences.
6. Reception in honour of women delegates to the Paris Assembly (November 1948)."

"B. Questionnaires

1. The questionnaire of the UNAC sent with a letter or recommendations for action to all affiliated organizations.

2. The United Nations questionnaire on how information and teaching on the United Nations is disseminated was sent to all affiliated organizations.
3. At the request of the Department of Social Affairs, a questionnaire was sent to affiliates in the Far East on the extent and importance of the traffic in women and children.
4. Observations were sent in on the proposal to facilitate the functioning of NGO's having Consultative Status.
5. In January 1949, questionnaires were sent out asking what the affiliated organizations had done for the social education of their members, for the training of social workers, for the grouping of intellectual women, for the devastated countries and displaced persons, etc.
6. The questionnaire of the Department of Social Activities on action and education for the prevention of prostitution was sent to all affiliated members."

"C. Meetings with Secretariat Members

1. Regular contact with officials in the Lake Success and Geneva Secretariat and with the Information Centre in Paris, also with Secretariat officials of UNESCO in Paris and with IRO, WHO, etc., in Paris. Special meetings with the sections of the Secretariat concerned with:

- (a) Prevention of prostitution, inquiries into Far Eastern office to prevent traffic in women and children;
- (b) Migration.

2. Consultation with Secretariat members on Human Rights, Status of Women, Questions in the Social Commission. e.g., Prostitution Convention, Social Welfare Seminar.

3. Participation in United Nations Radio Broadcast Series arranged by Secretariat of the Status of Women Division.

4. Attendance at NGO background meetings prepared by the United Nations Department of Public Information, - Lake Success, Geneva and Paris.

5. Assistance at Press Conferences in Lake Success, Paris and Geneva."

IV. Work of the organization in support of, or in connexion with, the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above

A. In relation to the members of the Organization

"The last International Conference of the IUCWL at Rome, September 1948, proceedings of which have been published under the title 'L'Rapport des Femmes Chretiennes de la Communité Humaine'. It dealt, among other topics, with human rights, aid to war devastated countries, the role of Christian women with relation to international life and contribution to peace."

"One of the Standing Committees of the IUCWL is on relations with the United Nations."

/"The IUCWL

"The IUCWL regularly sends to all affiliated organizations information on the Economic and Social Council and related United Nations matters, either in circular letters or in the Cahiers. The affiliates republish this information in their periodicals. It serves also as a basis for lectures and conference and study programmes. Some of this information is sent to the world press and in many countries it is broadcast."

"Subscriptions to the United Nations Newsletter were sent to all affiliated organizations."

"Copies of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights were sent to all affiliated organizations."

"All affiliates were urged to seek their governments' ratification of the Genocide Convention."

"The pamphlets of UNESCO and other specialized agencies sent to the IUCWL for distribution were forwarded to affiliates."

"The IUCWL Consultant and assistant consultant at Lake Success have given innumerable talks on the United Nations before the National Council of Catholic Women, (membership 5,000,000), and other groups in the United States. This includes radio talks in Grand Rapids, Cleveland, New York and New Orleans. The Paris consultant speaks frequently before French groups e.g., Diocesan Directors of the Women's League of French Catholic Action, (2,300,000 members) and in Belgium before the Christian Women Workers Association of Belgium (320,000 members) and in Cairo (Egypt) to the Directors of Catholic Activities as well as other smaller groups."

"Articles on various United Nations Economic and Social Council problems, e.g., 'We the Peoples and Human Rights' (CATHOLIC ACTION, May 1949); 'Timeless Rights in Modern Times', 'United Nations Efforts on Housing' (American syndicated column - 'The World on the Move'), have been written by the consultants in the U.S."

"The national affiliates conduct educational and action campaigns on the United Nations and various projects before it, e.g., on Human Rights, Genocide, Displaced Persons, etc." The report of the Union gives considerable information on such work which has been done by its United States affiliate - the National Council of Catholic Women.

B. Otherwise

"Relations with Other Non-Governmental Organizations in Connexion with the Economic and Social Council Activities"

"1. The IUCWL was a member of the 18-member Ad Hoc Committee of Non-Governmental Organizations with Consultative Status which, at Lake Success, in a number of meetings, contacted all other consultative groups and prepared the Conference of Consultative Organizations in May 1948, at Geneva. The IUCWL participated in that Conference with five delegates.

/"2. At that

"2. At that Conference, the IUCWL was elected (as Co-Treasurer) to the Executive Committee of the Interim Committee of Consultative Organizations. The consultants at Lake Success, Geneva and Paris, participated regularly in the work of this Committee, e.g., in its Executive Committee, in the Sub-Committee on Technical Facilities, in planning discussions on the long-range study of relations of Consultative Organizations with the United Nations and with each other and in preparing for the three conferences of Consultative NGO's:

(a) One regional preliminary conference at Lake Success, April 1949, in connexion with the conference for NGO's sponsored by the United Nations Department of Public Information;

(b) One regional preliminary conference at Geneva (29-30 April 1949) on specialized agencies and

(c) One general (28 June - 2 July 1949) at Geneva in June.

"3. All these conferences were attended by representatives of the IUCWL.

"4. A paper was given by the consultant at the Lake Success conference on 'What the Consultative Organizations can do with regards to Human Rights'.

"5. At the June meeting of consultative organizations, it was decided that the Interim Committee should be continued. The IUCWL remains a member of this committee.

"Department of Public Information NGO Conferences

"1 Attended with maximum number of delegates and observers in each case. (Always consultants as well as officers attended.)

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|------|
| Lake Success | | 1947 |
| Geneva | March | 1948 |
| Interim Conference - Lake Success | | 1948 |
| Lake Success | April | 1949 |
| (Regional) Geneva | 27 June | 1949 |

(a) At the 1949 meeting, the IUCWL was appointed on panels for Committee Work dealing with:

- 1 - National United Nations Committees
- 2 - International Exchange of Speakers."

"The UNICEF Conference in Geneva, (June 1949), was also attended and Mlle de St. Maurice (Consultant in Paris) was elected Vice-President of the Committee of NGO's for UNICEF-UNAC."

"Relations with other Non-Governmental Organizations

The officers and consultants of the IUCWL have had innumerable conferences with leaders and consultants of other international organizations, at which the Economic and Social Council, UNESCO, and other specialized agencies questions were thoroughly discussed.

/Continuous

Continuous contact is maintained with the Vatican Co-ordinating Committee of Catholic Organizations for UNESCO at Paris, and with the Vatican Migration Bureau at Geneva. (In the latter case, the Geneva consultant took an active part in the work of co-ordination of the Catholic assistance programme for refugees and contact with countries of immigration and Catholic welcoming Committees.)

The President of the Union is a member of the Board of Directors in the International Catholic Radio Association, of the International Catholic Film Association and of the International Catholic Association for the Protection of the Young Girl as well as ex-officio member of the Federation of the Catholic Young Women's Associations.

The Union has been represented at international organization meetings dealing with problems of interest to the United Nations, e.g., International Conference of Social Work (New York and Atlantic City, 1948); International Union of Family Organizations (Geneva, July 1948); World Federation of United Nations Associations (Geneva, September 1948). "Special work in the field of Migration and Displaced Persons.

1. One of the standing committees of the IUCWL is on Displaced Families and another on Devastated Countries.
2. Many organizations affiliated with the Union take part in the activities of national committees on Displaced Persons. ... [a somewhat lengthy statement follows on the work for Displaced Persons of the affiliated organizations.]"

"The Union's Relief Commission is in constant contact with IRO, with the Pontifical Relief Commission in Rome, and with Caritas in Germany, Austria, and Belgium. (A great deal of work is done with the expellees and refugees in these latter countries.) Affiliated organizations are encouraged to assist war-devastated countries by material gifts, e.g., clothing, family, adoption, etc., and by sending persons to help."

"The Paris consultant has written articles on the United Nations and UNESCO in the L'Echo des Francaises" (Circulation 2,300,000), in the review of the French Catholic leaders: "Travaillons", in "Cahiers" which is sent to affiliated organizations in 65 countries.

"Les droits de la Chretienté sur la Terre du Christ" has been published by a Board member of the IUCWL.

"The Lake Success consultant spoke on the United Nations, with particular reference to Human Rights, the Status of Women and the Social Commission's activities, to many groups in various cities of Germany, where she spent several months as a visiting expert for the American Military Government."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

"Statements to other Organs of the United Nations"

"A. Statement to the United Nations 'Denouncing the trial of Cardinal Mindszenty and thousands of lesser known victims' with reference to the aim of the United Nations 'to promote and encourage respect for the human rights and fundamental freedoms for all'" (Charter, Chapter I, Art. I, paragraph 3).

"B. Statement to the Palestine Conciliation Commission on Free Access to the Holy Places at all times to all pilgrims and a just and equitable solution of the Palestine Refugee problem." (This statement was sent with the attached folder Annex A describing the Union to all Members of the General Assembly.)

"C. To the President and the delegates of the Third Assembly of the United Nations, a memorandum, together with representatives of five other international Catholic organizations regarding mention of the Creator and opposing mention of dissolution of marriage in the Declaration of Human Rights."

"D. To the Presidents of countries with delegations at the Economic and Social Council at Geneva (August 1948), a petition asking support for the adoption of the Genocide Convention."

... [Material relating to UNESCO and IRO is omitted.]

52. INTERNATIONAL UNION OF FAMILY ORGANIZATIONS 28 Place Saint-Georges,
(Union internationale des Organismes familiaux) Paris 9, France,
Tel: Trudaine 96-70

Reference: Description in E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 231 et seq.

- I. Representation at sessions of the Council, its Commissions and Committees. Persons attending the said sessions, and statements made
- A. Standing Consultants
- B. Attendance
- C. Oral Statements
- II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs
- III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants
- The Union replied to the request made by the Social Activities Division for suggestions regarding the programme of the seminar and refresher course for European social-welfare workers to be held in Paris at the end of 1949.
- The Union made an appeal to the President of the Council that the Declaration of Human Rights should include an article specifying the family's right to an existence in accordance with its requirements and aspirations and therefore the right of parents to receive compensations in proportion to their expenses and family responsibilities. The Union also urged that, in all measures which might be necessary for the settlement of past disputes, the dignity, unity and living conditions of the family should be respected.
- IV. Work of the Organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II and III above

In its publications and, in particular, in its periodical "Familles dans Le Monde" (Families in the World), which has replaced its Liaison and Information Bulletin, the Union is striving to assemble and disseminate information on the whole problem of improved family conditions.

/The Union was

The Union was represented at the Conference of Non-governmental Organizations convened by the Department of Public Information and the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations, and held in April 1949.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

53. INTERNATIONAL UNION OF LOCAL AUTHORITIES 5, Paleisstraat
(Union internationale des Villes et Pouvoirs The Hague, Netherlands
locaux)

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 235 ff.

- I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs
A. Standing Consultants
B. Attendance
C. Oral statements
II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs
III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants
IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above

The Union makes the following statement:

"As our Union had only very little contact with the Economic and Social Council during the last few years, it was impossible to us to make a distinction between activities in support of the Economic and Social Council and other activities. Therefore we sent you a general report of our activities during this period. We hope that it will be useful material for the report of the Secretary-General."

A statement of the general activities will be found in document E/C.2/224, page 237.

The Union was represented at the Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations called by the Department of Public Information at Lake Success, September 1947 by Mr. Louis Brownlow.

- V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

"We have pleasure in informing you that we are now considering the appointment of a standing consultant with the Economic and Social Council and we have asked one of our American members to act as such. As soon as we have appointed a consultant we shall inform you".

The Union also submitted material on its relations with UNESCO.

54. INTERNATIONAL UNION OF OFFICIAL TRAVEL
ORGANIZATIONS
(Union internationale des Organismes
Officiels de Tourisme)

6 Arlington Street
St. James's,
London, S.W.1,
England, U.K.
Tel. Regent 2181
Cable: TOURUNION, PICCY,
LONDON

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 238 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants

Dr. Herbert A. Wilkinson (Chief, Travel Branch, United States Dept. of Commerce, Office of International Trade) was appointed consultant in March 1949.

B. Attendance

Mr. Wilkinson attended the third session of the Transport and Communications Commission.

M. Haulot, a member of the Executive Committee of the Union, attended the meeting of the Sub-Commission on Road Transport of the E.C.E. Inland Transport Committee on 3-5 May 1949.

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

10 April 1948 E/CN.2/37 Travel questions. Memorandum by United Nations Secretariat.

11 March 1949 E/C.2/146 Passport and frontier formalities.

A statement on "data relating to passport visas and frontier formalities collected by the Study Commission set up by the I.U.O.T.O." was sent on 28 February 1949, to Lake Success.

"It was studied at the third session of the Transport and Communications Commission held at Lake Success on March 22nd/23rd 1949, when a vote of thanks was accorded to the Union (Document E/CN.2/SR.29 of 25 March 1949).

"The document was reproduced in extenso in United Nations Document E/CN.2/62 of 15 March 1949.

"Documents presented by Mr. Haulot to the Sub-Committee on Road Transport which he attended May 3rd/5th 1949. ... Copies were subsequently brought to the attention of the Inland Transport Committee. (Letter from Mr. P. H. Charguerand Hartzmann No. G. IX 12/8/2/1 (3260) dated 21 June 1949)."

~/III. Any other

- III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.
- IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.
The Union has issued the Report of its Study Commission on International Travel Statistics.
- V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

Publicity has been given to the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and UNAC was strongly supported.

55. INTERNATIONAL UNION OF PRODUCERS AND DISTRIBUTORS OF ELECTRIC POWER
(Union Internationale des Producteurs et Distributeurs d'Energie electrique)
12 Place des Etats-Unis
Paris 16, France
Tel. Kleber 02-20
& Laborde 90-00
Cable: UNIFEDE, PARIS

Reference: Description in E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, page 243 et seq.

General statement

In reply to the request for information made by the Secretariat, the Union stated that it was of an extremely specialized nature, and that its relations with the United Nations were therefore virtually confined to relations with the Electric Power Committee of the Economic Commission for Europe at Geneva.

It further stated that these relations were rendered easier by the fact that the chairman of that Committee was Mr. Pierre Ailleret who was also Delegate General of the International Union.

56. LIAISON COMMITTEE OF WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS
(Comité de Liaison des grandes Associations internationales féminines)
- 19 Wellington Square
London, S.W.3,
England, United Kingdom
Tel: Sloane 3246

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 251 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

New York: Dr. Janet Robb, appointed January 1948.

Geneva : Miss Marion V. Royce, appointed July 1948

Paris : Mme. Majorelle, appointed October 1948.

B. Attendance

"Reference to the Summary Records will show that the Liaison Committee has been almost continuously in attendance at two sessions of the Social Commission; the third session of Human Rights, and at many other sessions of Commissions and of the Council it has been very well represented by one or more of its Consultants. We believe our record in this respect is one of the best for a category (b) organization."

Economic and Social Council: February 1948, (Dr. Janet Robb); July 1948 (Miss Marion V. Royce, Mrs. Elizabeth Abbott, Dame Rachel Crowley, Mrs. Dreyfus-Barney); February 1949 (Dr. Janet Robb).

Status of Women Commission: January 1948 (Dr. Janet Robb); March 1949 (Dr. Hanna Rydh and Miss Margaret Hickey).

Social Commission: April 1948 and May 1949 (Dr. Janet Robb)

Human Rights Commission: May 1948 and May 1949 (Dr. Janet Robb)

General Assembly: October 1948 (Mme. Majorelle and Mrs. Home-Piel) April 1949 (Dr. Janet Robb).

C. Oral Statements

1. Social Commission

9 April 1948, E/CN.5/SR.50 (1937 Draft Convention on Prostitution).

2 May 1949, E/CN.5/SR.68 (1949 Draft Convention on Prostitution)

9 May 1949, E/CN.5/SR.77 (Work of the Social Commission on prostitution).

3 May 1949, E/CN.5/SR.69 (on United States proposal for Article 17 of 1949 Draft Convention on Prostitution).

2. Human Rights Commission

18 June 1948, E/CN.4/SR.64 (Dr. Janet Robb) against special mention of women in Article 24 of Draft Declaration on Human Rights and requesting "decisive action" on Genocide 1 July 1948, E/CN.4/SR.76 (Dr. Janet Robb on Genocide).

3. Status of Women Commission

"General statement at informal NGO meeting at Women's City Club in January 1948."

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

19 February 1948, E/627/Add.4 - Equal Pay for Equal Work

20 February 1948, E/C.2/80 - Equal Pay for Equal Work

1 July 1948, E/C.2/95 - Prostitution (with 21 other consultative organizations)

19 July 1948, E/C.2/103 - Genocide

15 April 1949, E/CN.5/115 - Observations on Draft Convention on Prostitution

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

A meeting of an informal nature was held on 18 April 1949 at Lake Success between the Social Defense Section of the Social Activities Division and the Liaison Committee to discuss the proposed Convention on the Suppression of the Traffic in Persons.

A number of letters and cables have been addressed to the President of the Council, Chairmen of Commissions, officials of the United Nations Secretariat, etc. dealing with equal pay for equal work, the 1937 Draft Convention on prostitution, genocide, equality of sexes in Declaration on Human Rights, nationality of women and the position of women in dependent territories.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above

A. In relation to the members of the Organization

The New York consultant has submitted the following written reports to the Liaison Committee:

"(a) Sixth Session of the Economic and Social Council
Annotated agenda to show discussion and disposal of items of special interest to Liaison Committee.

"(b) Fourth Session of Human Rights Commission
Notes, text and comments on articles on juridical personality, nationality, equal rights in marriage and equal pay, as well as general comment.

"(c) Adoption of Universal Declaration of Human Rights and Genocide Convention with Notes on Committee III

/"(d) Third

"(d) Third Session of Social Commission

1937 Traffic Convention, migration, Advisory Social Services and housing.

"(e) Eighth Session of Economic and Social Council

Notes on IRO discussion; four developments in session affecting NGO's; Equal Pay; Human Rights (Freedom of Information, Court Records, Old Age); Documentary Chart.

"(f) Fourth Session of Social Commission

Emphasis on adoption of Convention on Exploitation of Prostitution, and some comment on housing, Advisory Social Welfare Services, and Declaration of Rights of Child."*

B. Otherwise

The Committee has "placed its views before the Trusteeship Council on the subject of men, women and children in dependent territories."

"Letter to the Director Department of Trusteeship and Information from Non-self Governing Territories 'The Liaison Committee wishes to express its satisfaction that the Trusteeship Council at the eighteenth meeting of its Third Session adopted a resolution condemning the customs of compulsory marriage and child marriage. They earnestly hope that enquiries as to these customs will be included in the terms of reference of all visiting commissions to Trust Territories. They would also venture to remind the Council of the recommendations of the Liaison Committee re. questionnaire T/44 sent to you on February 24th 1948 and hopes that these will be taken into account when the Provisional questionnaire is considered'.

"Reference also made to the necessity of stating when juridical personality is acquired and to ensure that every person at a specified age ceases to be a minor and attains full legal majority. There are still countries where women remain in tutelage all their lives."

The Committee is a member of the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations and has actively participated in the various conferences called by it. It is also a member of the Study Committee on the Legal Status of International Non-governmental Organizations. The Committee has been represented at several conferences of non-governmental organizations called by the Department of Public Information.

* These reports are available at Lake Success.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

"It is difficult to get exact news about the 'working parties' on problems, [problems relating to conventions on prostitution] but we have taken every opportunity of pressing that voluntary organizations with special competence should be consulted as well as the Member States. Members of these working parties should have expert knowledge and the abolitionist point of view."

The Liaison Committee also submitted material on its relations with the International Labour Organisation.

57. NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MANUFACTURERS (NAM).
(UNITED STATES)

14 West 49th Street
New York 20, N.Y.
Tel. CI. 5-6600

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 254 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing consultants:

Arvid L. Frank, Consultant and Director, International Relations Department, December 1, 1948.

Odette Jensen, Assistant Consultant, April 1, 1948.

B. Attendance

Economic and Social Council, seventh session, Noel Sargent, Secretary, NAM; eighth session, Miss Jensen.

Fiscal Commission, second session, Mitchell B. Carroll, President, International Fiscal Association.

Transport and Communications Commission, third session, Eugene S. Briggs, Vice-President, Westrex Corporation, and the Assistant Consultant.

Sub-Commission on Economic Development, third session, Assistant Consultant.

Economic and Employment Commission, third session, Philip Courtney, President, Coty International, Inc., Consultant, and Assistant Consultant.

Economic Commission for Europe, fourth session, Erik Kjellstrom, Associate Director, NAM Research Department; Patrick McMahon, for NAM International Relations Department.

Economic Commission for Latin America, second session, Henry W. Balgooyen, Secretary, American and Foreign Power Co., Inc.

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|--------------|---|--|
| 13 July 1948 | E/C.2/96 | Appraisal of the World Economic Report |
| 19 July 1948 | E/C.2/103 | Equal pay for equal work |
| 19 July 1948 | " | Training within industry |
| 27 July 1948 | E/C.2/107 (and Corr.1, English only). | Statement refuting USSR charge |

/11 August 1948

| | | |
|----------------|--------------|--|
| 11 August 1948 | E/C.2/121 | Statement on ITO |
| 29 March 1949 | E/C.2/184 | Capital export potentialities after 1952 |
| " " 1949 | " | Prerequisites to the free flow of capital |
| May | E/CN.1/SR.80 | The problem of maintaining full employment |

III. Any other activities directly in connection with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connection with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above.

Coverage in the NAM NEWS, weekly publication circulated to NAM members:

- 1) 6/5/48, Economic and Social Council Economic Record appraised by NAM.
- 2) 6/26/48, Industry Training Programs Aid Efficiency, Report to United Nations shows.
- 3) 6/26/48, United Nations Survey reveals Europe's Lacks.
- 4) 7/7/48, NAM refutes Russian blast.
- 5) 7/21/48, NAM Calls Inter-Government Commodity Pacts Bureaucratic.
- 6) 10/23/48, 2-page spread, United Nations Day brings Industry Pledge to cooperate in gaining Lasting World Peace.
- 7) 2/5/49, United Nations Group Would end Tax Barrier to free Flow of World Capital.
- 8) 3/12/49, Books for Businessmen, Major Economic Changes in 1948, review.
- 9) 4/16/49, Would simplify Passport-Frontier Rules; Report on United Nations Reveals Progress in removing International Barriers."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"We have been giving thought to the second phase of the matter, that dealing with desirable improvements in existing arrangements. After full consideration, we desire to place before you the following two recommendations:

- "(1) That Category B consultants be accorded in appearances before the Council, its Commissions and Sub-Commissions, the same privileges as those accorded Category A consultants. The evidence of the interest of NGOs in Council work is reflected in the attendance and participation of duly accredited representatives in its deliberations. We feel that any consultant, irrespective of category, should be specifically identified during the period of his appearance; similarly we feel that no organization, irrespective of category, should be provided identification at the Council table when it is not actually represented there. It is our recommendation that plaques of uniform character be provided

/for all Non-Governmental

for all Non-Governmental Organizations, to be placed before the consultant during his presence and removed during his absence.

- "(2) That Category B consultants be accorded the same privilege as to placing items on the provisional agenda of the Economic and Social Council as that accorded those in Category A. It is our conviction that there are organizations in the B category, including this Association, which have been and will be more active in this relationship than consultants in Category A. The Economic and Social Council would, in our opinion, profit from their suggestions for the provisional agenda.

"This Association, through its International Relations Department, takes its privileges and responsibilities under its consultative relationship seriously. It has, as you know, participated actively this year in the proceedings of the regional and functional commissions through the accreditation to those commissions of responsible business leaders particularly qualified to speak on the subjects under consideration. It is our hope that in time we may enlarge the scope of our interest in your work to include some matters in the social sphere. We would welcome the suggested improvements in the consultative arrangements which will serve to attract increasing interest on the part of men of large affairs in the deliberations of the Council and its Commissions."

58. SALVATION ARMY, THE
(Armee du Salut)

101 Queen Victoria Street
London, E.C.4, England, U. K.
Tel. Brixton, 6261
Cable: SALVATION CHAMPER

LONDON

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 273 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants

Commissioner Ernest I. Pugmire

B. Attendance

The Salvation Army has been represented at Council sessions by
Brigadier W. J. Parkins and SR. Captain Don Pitt.

C. Oral statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

20 April 1949 E/CN.5/111/Add.1 Comments on proposed United Nations
Charter of the Rights of the Child.

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council
and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of
consultants.

The Salvation Army was represented at an informal meeting on migration
called by the Secretariat in May 1949. The Army has replied to the
Secretariat's questionnaire on migration activities.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities
of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

The Salvation Army presents the following "extended account of
Salvation Army activity in supporting the Economic and Social Council".

"Internationally, The Salvation Army has participated in many of the
major social reforms in the past and is still a part of the progressive
on going process of social betterment.

"In its publication, 'Social Evils the Army Has Challenged' ...The
Salvation Army accounts for its role in progressive social legislation:

"History records that the Army was influential in establishing British
law which specifies that no girl can marry before she is sixteen, and
provides special legal protection to those under that age.

"The Army Founder, General William Booth, in his treatise, 'Darkest
England and the Way Out', introduced into England, which did not attain
unemployment insurance until 1911, plans for the alleviation of the
suffering of the unemployed. Through its city, farm and overseas

/colonies, and

colonies, and its pioneer labour bureaus, the Army anticipated present broad measures of social endeavour, such as are represented in the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations today.

"The Salvation Army challenged the evils of the phosphorous match, commonly used in the Nineties but leading to dangers of necrosis - match-makers leprosy - a painful and disfiguring malady, and pioneered in the actual manufacture of safety matches in 1891 which led to the elimination of social evils long identified with the phosphorous product.

"One of the staunchest fights in Army history was waged against the vicious system of licensed prostitution in Japan. For 250 years, girls could be openly sold to houses, and even an Imperial Ordinance of 1872 which forbade the practice had little effect. Few of the victims understood the law or its application, and after the Ordinance was introduced, girls were loaned to houses, the brothel-keepers making sure that the indebtedness could never be liquidated. The Salvation Army, in 1900 established a place of refuge for the girls, and published, for the first time in colloquial Japanese, the operative clauses of the 1872 Imperial Ordinance, followed by special editions of Japanese newspapers in support of the Army's programme. One Salvationist alone, among many others, helped liberate 1,200 cases, often at the risk of his life.

"The current activity of the United Nations in advocating the elimination of slavery and oppression calls to mind the Army's work for criminal tribes of India dating back to 1908. Day schools were established in every criminal tribe settlement and supervision of scores of village schools, started by the authorities, was delegated to the Salvation Army. Natives under the Army's jurisdiction in a particularly distressed area were shown to have the lowest record of crime of any caste.

"Later, in overseas penal settlements of the French Republic, the Salvation Army was influential in liquidating Devil's Island and is currently at work in assuring the re-introduction into normal homeland life of the last remaining 'liberes' - a class which had once been wholly despised by the civilian population.

"Within this general framework of some of the past accomplishments of the Salvation Army in fields of vital concern to the Economic and Social Council, we would like to set forth briefly the kinds of service currently being operated by our organization in the United States:

"Rehabilitation of Homeless Men

The Salvation Army operates 105 Social Service Centers, accommodating 5,408 men, and offering a general physical and work therapy programme; it has long maintained that the ordinary physical handicaps frequently lend themselves to treatment more readily than do the social handicaps (alcoholics, the psychologically unstable, the socially maladjusted, the physically infirm). The fundamental problem of the homeless man is of course one of the dilemmas of our national economy, and as such would be of special interest to the Economic and Social Council.

"Maternity Care for Unmarried Mothers

The Salvation Army operates 34 homes and hospitals accommodating 2,285 mothers and infants. One of the social evils with which we are coping today is the black market in adoptions, some of whose ramifications have the overtones of slavery, with babies being sold by unscrupulous operators in some parts of the nation while their mothers are exploited. In at least one instance, the Salvation Army has worked with authorities to break up an adoption ring.

"Work with Alcoholics

Our National Research Bureau is conducting a continuous study of the problems of alcoholism, and is currently developing agenda for the 1950 meeting of the Army's National Commission on Alcoholism, looking toward the publication of a treatise on work being conducted in the various social services of the Salvation Army and in its 17 specialized centres in bowery and skid-row areas of large cities.

"Inquiries Bureaus for Missing Persons

The work of these bureaus (four in the United States) has international social implications, since an internationally articulated network of Salvation Army bureaus is conducting continuous and effective search for missing persons.

"Overseas Relief

Since the Battle of Britain, the world-wide Salvation Army has been active in channelling to the areas of most acute need supplies, funds, equipment, pre-fabricated buildings, to aid in the general wartime and rehabilitation programme of the organization.

"Work in the Prisons and with Parolees

Starting from the early years when Salvationists did not yet have entry into prisons, and established Prison Gate Homes adjacent to institutions where services could be rendered to released inmates,

The Salvation Army regularly visits the major penal institutions of America. Its officers last year spent 17,012 hours in visitation, assisted 10,798 prisoners on discharge, and is currently supervising the paroles of 1,879 men and women. A Salvationist has just been elected President of the American Prison Association for 1950.

"General Social Service

A wide variety of spiritually-motivated and accented social welfare services is operated in America, including 116 hotels and lodges for single men and women, 10 general hospitals, 8 children's homes, 13 low-cost residences for business women, 13 settlements and nurseries, 46 summer camps, 6 clinics and dispensaries, and such seasonal activities as its annual Christmas and Thanksgiving dinners for 534,182, and distribution of toys and garments to 442,446 children. In family service bureaus, and in scores of transient shelters, a continuous service is offered on a non-denomination, non-discriminating basis.

"Participation in National Conferences

Salvationist delegates are sought for the major conferences in the various social and economic problems of the individual citizen, and of community, state and national bodies. The Salvation Army is an affiliate of the National Conference of Social Work, the National Social Welfare Assembly, and participates widely in the fund-raising programmes of Community Chests and Council of America.

"Evangelistic Programme with Constituency

The impact of spiritual forces upon the economic and social problems of the individual and the nation can never be underestimated. The Salvation Army has 5,084 officers in full-time service in the United States, but 37,511 voluntary officers who help administer the programme in 1,378 Corps (comparable to the parish church). Through their efforts last year 93,439 evangelistic meetings were conducted on United States streets, 331,799 religious services were offered for adults, and 17,966,035 copies of the official organ, The War Cry, whose spiritually accented pages frequently carry endorsements of United Nations efforts, were distributed and sold.

Mr. Benjamin Cohen, Assistant Secretary-General of the United Nations told a public gathering of Salvationists in New York City:

/ "Few organizations

"Few organizations come so close to a realization of the real purpose of the Charter of the United Nations as the Salvation Army, because you are working throughout the world for all races and peoples, laying foundation stones for that world which we of the United Nations would like to erect on the ruins made by the last war."

The Salvation Army has also distributed United Nations and UNESCO literature.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

59. SERVICE CIVIL INTERNATIONAL
(No English Title)

9, rue Guy-de-la-Brosse
Paris 5, France

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 279 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

The SCI was represented at "some of the meetings of the Council" through the representative of the Friends World Committee for Consultation (Mrs. Lois Jessup, and, after her resignation, Mr. Edward Wright).

"SCI did not find it possible to attend other meetings ..., mainly for financial reasons."

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

"Service civil international has had no other special contact with other member organizations in connexion with the meetings of the Council ... We have however been working very closely with the Reconstruction Section of UNESCO, and we are a member of TICER. The very slender financial resources of SCI and the nature of the work it undertakes make it difficult for us to maintain very close relations with ... [the United Nations] and most of the member organizations [i.e. consultative organizations] but the SCI International Committee will, at its next meeting, discuss the whole position and clarify our relationship with ... [the United Nations]."

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above, i.e.

"Service civil International is organizing International Work Camps often in connexion with other ... [consultative organizations] (International Red Cross, Friends World Committee for Consultation). In these camps volunteers have been provided with reading material on the United Nations and all its agencies, and some of them have been visited by special lecturers from UNESCO who gave lectures on the work of the United Nations."

"The SCI was represented at the Conference of Non-Governmental Organizations called by the Department of Public Information and at the Conferences of the consultative non-governmental organizations which were held in Geneva in May 1948."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"SCI Publications (Le Service Civil - our International Bulletin; list of camps organized etc.) have been regularly sent to the ...

/"We are very

"We are very anxious to carry out our duties as ... [a consultative organization]... but I must confess that we do not always see our way clear through the mass of literature we have been receiving, and, as you know, we have been much more closely connected with UNESCO."

60. WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL DEMOCRATIC FEDERATION (WIDF) 37 rue Jouvenet
Paris 16, France
Tel: JAS 85-04

Reference: Description in E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 283 et seq.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

Miss Susan Anthony, succeeded by Mrs. Mary Jane Keeney, succeeded by Miss Betty Millard.

Miss Millard had to leave to join the Secretariat in Paris and has not been replaced.

B. Attendance and oral statements

"The WIDF has always responded to all invitations and has taken part in all meetings and conferences to which it has been invited in its capacity as a non-governmental organization granted category (b) consultative status with the United Nations, namely:

"(1) In November 1946, Mrs. Sekaninova explained the point of view of the Women's International Democratic Federation on the work of the United Nations Commission on the Status of Women;

"(2)*

"(3) In December 1947 at Geneva, Mrs. Gabrielle Duchene, the representative of the WIDF, attended the meetings of the Human Rights Committee. She presented 'a short report on the political, legal and social inequalities suffered by women';

"(4)*

"(5) In July 1948 at Geneva, Mrs. Sekaninova (Czechoslovakia) and Mrs. Duchene participated in the work of the seventh session of the United Nations Economic and Social Council;

"(6)*

"In January 1948, our permanent representative at the United Nations, Mrs. F. Leclercq, attended the meeting of the Commission on the Status of Women and spoke several times."

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

| | | |
|-----------------|-------------|--|
| 31 October 1947 | E/C.2/63 | Rights of Women |
| 6 February 1948 | E/627/Add.2 | Women, economic rights |
| 16 April 1948 | E/C.2/85 | Trieste |
| 28 October 1948 | E/C.2/131 | Sentences in Madagascar, human rights |

* The information supplied under items (2), (4) and (6) is not related to the subject of Part I, but will be given later.

| | | |
|-----------------|-----------|---|
| 27 January 1949 | E/C.2/139 | Women, economic rights, legal rights |
| 4 February 1949 | E/C.2/140 | Children |
| 29 April 1949 | E/C.2/186 | Spain, juridical methods |
| 31 May 1949 | E/C.2/199 | Human rights |

The above list includes all documents referred to in the United Nations check lists.

In reply to the request by the Secretariat for information, the WIDF stated:

"The Secretariat of the WIDF has sent the United Nations sixty-five documents containing constructive proposals, information concerning the various activities of the United Nations, and documents expressing the opinion of women in different countries on this subject.

"As a non-governmental organization having only a consultative status with the Economic and Social Council, the Women's International Democratic Federation has sent the Council, either through the Secretary-General of the United Nations or directly, documents on the following subjects, which are entirely within the competence of these bodies:

- (1) The organization of food relief for the people of countries devastated by war (26 July 1947);
- (2) Support for the proposal to establish a United Nations Commission on the Status of Women (24 March 1947);
- (3) A study of the condition of women in colonial and semi-colonial countries (28 March 1947);
- (4) Status of children (28 March 1947);
- (5) The elimination of racial discrimination against the Negro population of countries devastated by war (26 July 1947).

"(Our proposals and documents on the latter three questions were sent to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and to the Economic and Social Council, the Human Rights Committee and the Commission on the Status of Women).

- (6) Proposals for the convention on social policy in dependent countries, on the prohibition of child labour, on conditions of child education, on safeguarding the rights of women and mothers (sent on 22 May 1947 to the ILO and to the Commission on the Status of Women).

- (7) The democratic education of German youth (20 June 1947);

/(8) The authorization

- (8) The authorization of activities by democratic organizations of women in the western zones of Germany (20 June 1947);
- (9) The effective denazification of Germany (sent on 20 June to the Commission on the Status of Women);
- (10) The condition of women and children in Asia (sent on 15 September 1947 to the Human Rights Committee and to the Commission on the Status of Women, and on 30 September 1947 to the ILO and UNESCO);
- (11) Protest against death sentences in Madagascar (sent on 30 September 1947 to the Human Rights Committee);
- (12) Declaration on the protection of children's rights (sent on 12 January 1949 to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, and on 14 January 1949 to the Economic and Social Council (see E/C.2/140);
- (13) Declaration on the economic and legal rights of women (sent on 6 January 1949 to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and to the Economic and Social Council and the Human Rights Committee);
- (14) Resolutions of the Second International Congress of Women on the peace campaign, the protection of the economic and political rights of women, the security of children, etc. (sent on 13 January 1949 to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and to the Economic and Social Council);
- (15) The condition of women in countries of Asia and Africa (the WIDF book) sent on 17 January 1949 to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and to the Economic and Social Council.

The WIDF has never limited its participation and assistance in United Nations activities solely to questions within the competence of the Economic and Social Council and its commissions. The maintenance of a democratic and lasting peace in the world is the greatest and most harassing problem. In interpreting the opinions and defending the interests of women, the WIDF sent the following documents to the United Nations Security Council through the Secretary-General of that organization:

(A list of eight documents follows)

"War, and fascism which causes war, are the worst enemies of womankind. It was at the express desire of women that the WIDF made several appeals to the Security Council of the United Nations, calling for the rupture of diplomatic and economic relations with Franco Spain (4 March, 12 April, 5 June and 25 November 1946; 1 July and 24 September 1947; and 12 March 1948).

"The WIDF intervened in behalf of the tens of thousands of Spanish women who were being held, tortured or shot in Franco's gaols. The Federation sent the relevant documents and its protests to the Secretary-General of the United Nations on 9 and 18 July, 21 October, 17 December, 18 May and 25 September 1948.

"The WIDF intervened with equal energy in defence of the right of the Greek people and Greek women to live in freedom under democratic conditions, and it also protested against foreign intervention and the maintenance of a fascist regime in Greece and against terrorism and the execution of Greek democrats.

"The WIDF submitted to the United Nations:

- (1) A request for effective measures to re-establish democratic freedom in Greece (30 December 1946);
- (2) An appeal from Greek women (25 March 1947);
- (3) Information on terrorism in Greece (1 April 1947);
- (4) Further information on terrorism in Greece together with a proposal to present to the General Assembly a request for:
 - (a) the withdrawal of foreign armed forces from Greece, and
 - (b) measures for the elimination of terrorism in Greece (sent on 25 February 1948);
- (5) An appeal for the defence of Beata Kitsikis a request for intervention in her behalf and prevention of her execution (sent on 6 May 1948);
- (6) A resolution of the Executive Committee of the WIDF on steps to be taken to stop the executions in Greece (31 July 1948);
- (7) Document on the recent executions in Greece (7 September 1948);
- (8) An appeal to the General Assembly of the United Nations in support of measures to be taken to stop the executions in Greece (2 September 1948).

/"The

"The WIDF also sent to the United Nations the following documents on Trieste:

- (1) The opinion of women on the problem of Trieste (28 October 1946);
- (2) The situation at Trieste and the difficulties which the Anglo-American occupants put in the way of democratic women's organizations (7 February 1948);
- (3) A protest against the refusal of the Anglo-Americans to authorize the entry of representatives into the territory of Trieste on the occasion of the Congress held in that city." (See document E/C.2/85)

In conclusion, the WIDF sent to the United Nations on 11 March 1949 a document entitled "The condition of women in Iran", and on 29 April 1949 another document entitled "Repression in India and Argentina".

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g., work of consultants

IV. Work of the Organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, and III above

"The WIDF prepared a questionnaire on the condition of women and sent this to its national sections. The information obtained by our International Commission on the Rights of Women is interesting because it indicates not only the state of legislation in the various countries studied, but also the extent to which the laws are applied where they exist.

"At the present time a study of the replies already received shows that, although the principle of equality of rights is accepted in theory by a constantly growing number of countries and often is even embodied in the national Constitutions, this principle is far from being applied everywhere - even in those countries in which it is recognized.

"The WIDF has already carried out a series of extensive international enquiries: in Spain, a juridical enquiry in collaboration with the International Association of Democratic Lawyers, the chairman of which, Mr. R. Cassin, represented France on the United Nations Commission on Human Rights.

/ "In Germany,

"In Germany, for the purpose of studying the progress of denazification and the development of efforts to combat the Hitler theories of woman's inferiority and her degradation to the position of a submissive slave, and to learn the extent to which German women are participating in the serious problem of making their country democratic.

"In South-East Asia, for the purpose of studying on the spot the condition of women and their rights.

"In addition to the report and resolution adopted by its Second Congress, the WIDF also sent to the Economic and Social Council and to the Commission on the Status of Women a report on the conclusions reached in the enquiry of its Commission on the Rights of Women and its proposals for the upholding of these rights by the Council.

"In regard to children, the WIDF held a very successful world-wide fund-raising week for child victims of the war, and a fairly large number of its national sections also were responsible for important achievements in this field. In each of its enquiries, the WIDF studied the particular status given to children, and its Permanent Children's Committee sent a commission of enquiry to the popular democracies to study the problems of children from a legal point of view and to examine the facilities available for their physical and intellectual education.

"In accordance with its concept of the function of non-governmental organizations, the WIDF has always forwarded the results of its enquiries to the United Nations.

"Innumerable communications were sent to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and to the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council, the Commission on Human Rights and the Commission on the Status of Women, because we deemed it essential to call the attention of the United Nations to the political, social and legal condition of women and children wherever we found that the spirit and even the letter of the United Nations Charter or of other international agreements was being disregarded.

"Furthermore, the WIDF has, since its constitutive congress in 1945, continuously supported the opinion that atomic energy should be used for progress and peace and that atomic weapons should be prohibited and destroyed. All the national sections of the Federation have supported this view in the United Nations and have favoured a 'general reduction in armaments'.

/"We are

"We are unable in this letter to refer to all that has been done by each of our national sections to promote peace, but the United Nations has received tens of thousands of letters and telegrams expressing the desire for peace on the part of millions of women throughout the world.

"A delegation of Italian women came to Paris in order to transmit to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, Mr. Trygve Lie, more than three million signatures of Italian women asking for genuine peace throughout the world and prohibition of the atomic bomb.

"In only a few days Bulgarian women collected 2,200,000 signatures.

"We have also forwarded to the United Nations a copy of the suggestions made by the WIDF, on the occasion of the eighth session of the Economic and Social Council, concerning the rights of women and children.

"Information on the activities of the United Nations and on the function and co-operation of the WIDF and its national sections in the United Nations has been widely diffused in the executive committees, councils and congresses of the Women's National Democratic Federation.."

(There follows a list of the subjects of study which are "diffused" in the committees, councils and congresses of the WIDF.)

"In addition, articles dealing with the activities and participation of the Women's International Democratic Federation in the United Nations were published in issues No. 17 and 20 of the Information Bulletin of the WIDF."

The WIDF was represented: at the Conference of International Non-Governmental Organizations, convened by the Department of Public Information in February 1947 at Lake Success, by Ernestine Gonzales Fleischmann, Gene Weltfish, Francine April and Myrian Adler; at the Conference of January 1948 at Geneva, by Mrs. Sekaninova (Czechoslovakia), Mrs. Kormanova (Poland), Mrs. Duchéne (France) and Mrs. Vincent (Switzerland); at the Conference of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations held in May 1948 at Geneva to consider questions relative to human rights and consultative arrangements; and at the conference convened in May 1948 by the Department of Public Information.

From September to December 1948, "Mrs. Françoise Leclercq, Mrs. Duchéne and Mrs. L. Cot represented the WIDF at the third General Assembly of the United Nations in Paris".

In "November 1948 the WIDF was represented at the UNESCO session at Beirut by Mrs. Emilie Farez Ibrahim."

/"The first

"The first question on the agenda of the Executive Committee in Rome in May 1948 was the participation of women in carrying out the decisions of the General Assembly of the United Nations on war-mongering."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

The WIDF renewed its request for consultative status, category (a).

61. WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE FOR PEACE
AND FREEDOM (WILPF)
(Ligue internationale des Femmes pour la
Paix et la Liberté) (LIFPL)
- 12, rue du Vieux Collège
Geneva, Switzerland
Tel. 4.56.52

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 287 ff

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultant

Miss Gertrude Baer

B. Attendance

Economic and Social Council: the sixth, seventh and eighth sessions were "closely followed".

"Particular meetings were attended among others by: Dr. Gertrude Bussey, Goucher College, Officer, W.I.L.P.F. International Executive Committee; Mildred Olmsted, Philadelphia, Member, W.I.L.P.F. International Executive Committee; Dorothy Robinson, Washington, D.C., Treasurer, W.I.L.P.F. International Executive Committee; Mrs. Annalee Stewart, Washington, D.C., Chairman, U.S. National Section".

C. Oral Statements

On 10 March 1949 the consultant represented the views of the WILPF on the Economic and Social Council to the Council Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations. (See E/C.2/158 and E/C.2/SR.57 (i), 57 (ii)).

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|------------------|-------------|---|
| 19 July 1948 | E/C.2/103 | Genocide |
| 19 February 1949 | E/627/Add.4 | Equal Pay for Equal Work (This communication submitted by the World Federation of Trade Unions quotes a telegram from the WILPF to the Secretary-General) |
| 8 March 1949 | E/C.2/158 | Economic and Social Council |
| 29 April 1949 | E/C.2/163 | Women in the United Nations |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

"When the United Nations was established, the WILPF ... set up its International Liaison Office with United Nations in New York City with a full time Honorary International Liaison Officer. Though cooperation with United Nations is only one of the activities of the WILPF it absorbs more than a fourth of its International budget which indicates the importance attributed to this work".

"Among WILPF activities ... are the following:

"I. Five Special Studies:

"1. Subject Matters Covered by the United Nations Department of Social Affairs May 1948.

/Some of the

Some of the activities of the United Nations Department of Social Affairs have for many years been included in, and to a considerable degree covered by, the work of certain international organizations while other matters of equal importance were taken up by few organizations only, if any. It was hoped that further study of the situation by non-governmental organizations might lead to a division of work among organizations willing and able to specialize and acquire the fullest knowledge available on particular subjects for the benefit of all concerned.

"2. East-West Relations in Europe: The ECE, November 1948.

The material in this letter was selected to show the extent to which in spite of current belief that Europe is a continent divided by ideologies and economic systems which 'cannot exist side by side', there actually is cooperation and joint action in the economic life of Europe.

"3. The Economic and Social Council as an Instrument of International Cooperation January 1949.

"... [See document E/C.2/158]. A hearing on the matter was held by The Committee on ... Non-Governmental Organizations on March 10, 1949.

"After a summary of the points covered by the Study concrete recommendations were submitted by the consultant with the request that they be handed over to the Economic and Social Council and that attention be given to this matter. ...

"4. The Trusteeship System March 1949.

"This study is mentioned here because its chapter on 'Annual Reports from Trust Territories' deals among other matters with the advancement of indigenous populations in the economic, social and education fields. ...

"5. Women in the United Nations. Report as of April 1st, 1949. [see document E/C.2/163, 29 April 1949.]

"This is a second edition of a study originally presented in February 1948. It shows that the number of women in key positions in the United Nations Secretariat as well as among the delegates to the various organs of the United Nations remains insignificant. ...

"The delegate of the U.S. Government, Judge Dorothy Kenyon, presented part of the report on Women in the United Nations to the Commission on the Status of Women at its third session ... and the Commission requested the Secretary-General to prepare a report 'on the nature and proportion of posts in the Secretariat occupied by women' and to mention also 'the extent to which the Member Governments have included women in their delegations to organs and agencies of the United Nations.' "

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

"Eight News-Letters were sent out from March 1948 to May 1949. They give regular reports on developments in the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary organs. These international letters go to WILPF members in all countries where there are National Sections and correspondents. They also reach a considerable group of friends of the WILPF. In each letter space is devoted to recent United Nations publications so as to enable readers to obtain full information on a question if desired."

"Work on Special Questions"

"1. Human Rights:

"The WILPF following up the work it did in 1939 when it made a draft of an International Declaration of Human Rights has been active in helping create a strong international concern for the adoption of a United Nations Declaration. The WILPF repeatedly wrote and wired to the United Nations Human Rights Commission pleading for completion of the international draft and against its postponement as "disastrous for the United Nations and all who believe in its principles". The WILPF also urged creation of international machinery making it possible to receive, discuss, in open session and act upon petitions from individuals, groups, and organizations. ...

"WILPF National Sections promptly responded to requests from the WILPF International Consultant and from many countries wrote and cabled ..., the Chairman of the Commission."

"2. The Draft Convention on the Crime of Genocide:

"The WILPF International Consultant as well as National Sections made great efforts all through 1948 to help secure the adoption of a Convention as a vital step toward the protection of human groups and toward the maintenance of world peace. They urged the Economic and Social Council to submit the Convention to the United Nations General Assembly in September, 1948, for final action. Together with other international organizations they signed petitions, sent letters and cables. They also had numerous interviews with delegates to United Nations.

"In 1949 WILPF National Sections were called upon to urge their Governments to sign and/or ratify the Convention. ...

"In order to call the attention of people round the world to the importance of ratification a suggestion was submitted to Dr. H. V. Evatt with the request that the President of the Second Part of the Third United Nations General Assembly appeal to the Governments in the United Nations to sign and/or ratify the Convention."

"3. Statelessness:

"This organization has been active in dealing with problems of ...

/Stateless

Stateless Persons for over 25 years and has been analyzing the United Nations Study on the Position of Stateless Persons. ...

"4. Equal Pay for Equal Work:

"This organization has always advocated and worked for the implementation of the rate-for-the-job principle. In a telegram to the Secretary-General it gave full support to the principle when it was discussed in the Economic and Social Council and has interviewed delegates on the question.

"5. Status of Women" (See above III. 5.)

"6. Training in Public Administration:

"Profiting from experiences in drafting and discussing its own projects for Training in International Administration and Cooperation the WILPF has supported United Nations plans and made the following suggestions to the delegation concerned for insertion in the plan:-

"a. that women should have full and equal opportunities in training and in assignment of jobs;

"b. that emphasis be put on the importance of helping students to develop a consciousness of the world as an entity, to acquire a broad international outlook and understanding of things rather than concepts which confine them to the appreciation of national concerns only.

...

"7. UNICEF:

... A letter addressed to the Chairman of the United Nations Palestine Commission at the time when he was ready to apply for UNICEF funds reads:

...

In view of the desperate situation of the children in Palestine caused by bloodshed and imminent chaos and starvation, the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom suggests that a sum be allocated by UNICEF for the distribution of food and drugs to children in need in Palestine. ...

The essential point of our proposal is to have Arab and Jewish children alike and without any discrimination enjoy the assistance and to extend it to any other child in Palestine who may be found in need. ...

We understand that a country asking for assistance from UNICEF is expected to do so through its Government. In view of the complex and confused nature of the present status of Palestine we beg to submit that the United Nations Commission for Palestine examine our proposal at its earliest convenience and decide to apply for the allocation of UNICEF funds necessary to direct food and drugs to Palestine and to have them distributed through the good offices of the International Committee of the Red Cross...

...

/"8. UNAC:

"8. UNAC:

"The WILPF has closely cooperated with UNAC and had most satisfactory contacts with it. The UNAC official in her Report "Participation of Women's Organizations in the UNAC" published on May 15, 1948, several times mentioned WILPF activities, international as well as national. She spoke before one of the important WILPF groups. The WILPF International was represented at the UNAC NGO Conference in Geneva. In France the WILPF representative called prominent French men and women - doctors, teachers, educators and social workers to a conference to meet Mr. Chester Bowles. WILPF National Sections have generously supported the work of UNAC and various urgent appeals were issued by the WILPF Consultant in favor of UNAC and the continuation of its activities.

"9. Internationalization of Polar Regions:

"Some mention must be made of the work in connexion with this WILPF proposal; though it primarily concerns other United Nations organs, some of its aspects concern the Economic and Social Council and certain of its Specialized Agencies. Internationalization of the uninhabited Polar regions would f.i. shorten routes of civil aviation uncomplicated by national regulations or claims; it would add to the importance of meteorological observations, reports and research through universalization and coordination of such activities; it would allow for equal and free access to raw materials, mineral and other."

The WILPF was represented in the conferences of non-governmental organizations with consultative status in 1948 and 1949.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"At the end of 1948 affiliation of the WILPF with the Liaison Committee of Women's International Organizations was withdrawn."

"In presenting this Report on WILPF activities in the first year (1948/1949) of consultative relationship with Economic and Social Council we wish to state that the WILPF attempted mainly to concentrate on activities not yet covered by many other organizations. We wish to emphasize, too, that the work of the WILPF springs from the very sincere desire to see the work of the United Nations realize its highest possibilities and set standards corresponding to the most advanced developments in all the fields of its activities. ...

62. WORLD ASSOCIATION OF GIRL GUIDES AND GIRL SCOUTS, THE 9, Palace Street
(Association mondiale des Guides et des Eclaireuses) Westminster, London,
S.W.1. England, U.K.
Tel. Victoria 5674
Cable: WORLDBURO

SOWEST, LONDON

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 291 ff.

General Statement

The World Association submits the following statement:

"1. We do send observers to attend particular meetings but we have no standing consultant as such.

"2. We have not transmitted written statements to the Economic and Social Council on any subject* nor have any of their committees and commissions asked us for advice.

"3. Our activities in connexion with the various sessions of the Economic and Social Council have been nil.

"4. We have not worked in any manner other than that of interpretation to our membership in support of the activities of the Economic and Social Council.

"5. The World Association of Girl Guides and Girl Scouts appreciates the fact that it has consultative status with the United Nations. We attempt in so far as we can to use this as a means of interpreting the United Nations and its work to our membership - both adults and girls. We hope to do a better job on this in the future and are working on it."

* The World Association has submitted the following statement:

8 April 1948, E/C.2/83, Abduction of Greek children.

63. WORLD JEWISH CONGRESS (WJC)
(Congres juif mondial - CJM)

1834 Broadway
New York 23, N.Y., U.S.A.
Tel: CI-7-2917

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 319 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultant

Dr. Maurice L. Perlzweig

B. Attendance

Economic and Social Council: all sessions

Human Rights Commission: all sessions

"Other officers [in addition to Dr. Perlzweig] who have attended ... meetings either at Lake Success or in Geneva, are Dr. Robert S. Marcus, of New York; Mr. Alex Easterman, Dr. N. Barou, and Dr. F. R. Bienenfeld, of London; Dr. A. L. Kubowitzki, of Jerusalem; Dr. G. Riegner, Geneva, and others. It may be said in general that every meeting of the Council, of the Human Rights Commission, of the Sub-Commission on the Prevention of Discrimination and the Protection of Minorities, and of other committees in which the Congress has a special interest, has been and always will be attended by at least one representative of the Congress."

C. Oral Statements

Economic and Social Council: Ad Hoc Committee on Genocide, April 1948, Dr. Robert Marcus.

Human Rights Commission: Working Group on the Declaration, 11 December 1947, Mr. Alex Easterman; Working Group on the Convention or Conventions, 11 December 1947; Working Group on Implementation, 11 December 1947, Dr. Riegner; Drafting Committee of, 17 May 1948, Dr. Bienenfeld; Plenary, 23 June 1948, Dr. Bienenfeld; third session, Dr. Bienenfeld.

Council Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations: 16 February 1948, Dr. Maurice Perlzweig; 21 June 1948, Dr. Bienenfeld.

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|--|
| 12 May 1947 | (not issued as a document) | Memorandum to Preparatory Commission IRO, re: World Jewish Congress, structure, relief, various services, etc. |
| 18 June 1947 | E/C.2/45 | Memorandum to Drafting Commission on Human Rights regarding equal enjoyment of rights, and implementation. |

/8 August 1947

| | | |
|------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 8 August 1947 | E/C.2/52 | Memorandum on the Draft Convention on the Crime of Genocide. |
| 28 November 1947 | (not issued as a document) | Memorandum submitted to the Human Rights Commission. |
| 5 February 1948 | E/C.2/75 | Memorandum on the situation of the Jewish populations in Arab countries. |
| 6 February 1948 | E/C.2/78 | Memorandum on Genocide. |
| 13 February 1948 | E/C.2/79 | Letter to President of the Council re: Stateless Persons. |
| 26 February 1948 | E/710 (see also | Report on the memorandum re: |
| 9 August 1948 | E/940/Add.1) | Situation of the Jewish populations in Arab countries, dated 24 February 1948. |
| 1 March 1948 | E/C.2/82 | Letter to President of the ECOSOC dated 26 February 1948, submitting an additional memorandum dealing with the situation of the Jewish Populations in Arab countries. |
| 9 April | (not issued as a document) | Memorandum submitted to Conference on Freedom of Information and of the Press, in Geneva, re: Prevention of Incitement to Race Hatred. |
| 29 April 1948 | (not issued as a document) | Memorandum submitted to Drafting Committee on Human Rights re: restriction of human rights in times of emergency. |
| 14 May 1948 | E/C.2/88 | Memorandum re: Human Rights Declaration, dated 28 April 1948 |
| 17 May 1948 | (not issued as a document) | Telegram to President of ECOSOC, re: new violations against Jews in Arab countries and statement. |
| 10 June 1948 | (not issued as a document) | Memorandum on Genocide Convention submitted to ECOSOC: comments on the draft of the Ad Hoc Committee on Genocide. |
| 16 June 1948 | E/C.2/94 | Statement concerning Human Rights. |
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations). |
| 25 August 1948 | E/C.2/125 | Protest regarding postponement by ECOSOC of discussion on position of Jews in Arab countries. |

/21 October 1948

| | | |
|------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 21 October 1948 | (not issued as a document) | Letter to United Nations Secretary-General and all delegations to General Assembly urging an emergency resolution on plight of Jewish populations in Arab countries. |
| 28 October 1948 | E/C.2/132 | Memorandum concerning the Necessity of a Convention on Declaration of Death of Missing Persons, dated 16 June 1948. |
| 26 December 1948 | (not issued as a document) | Submission of "White Paper" on situation of Jewish populations in Arab Lands. |
| 6 January 1949 | E/C.2/136 | Memorandum concerning the Validity of post-Versailles Treaties and Other Instruments of International Protection of Minorities. |
| 11 February 1949 | E/C.2/143 | Letter to the President, dated 11 February 1949, on Situation of Jews in Arab Lands. |
| 23 February 1949 | E/1179 | Report of the Council NGO Committee, consultation with the World Jewish Congress. (E/710, 26 February 1948). Report of 16 February 1949 re: Situation of Jewish Populations in Arab Countries. |
| 11 March 1949 | E/C.2/147 | Reports from Syria; letter dated 3/4/49 on the situation of Jews in Arab lands. |
| 16 March 1949 | E/C.2/181 | Telegram to President (3/16/49) re: Persecution of Iraqi Jews. |
| 11 April 1949 | (not issued as a document) | Memorandum re: International Guarantees for rights of Jews in Tripolitania and Cyrenaica. |
| 22 April 1949 | E/AC.30/3 | Proposals for amendments to Articles 1, 3, 7, 9 (2) and 10, and of Draft Convention on Declaration of Death of Missing Persons. |

/23 April 1949

| | | |
|---------------|----------------------------|--|
| 23 April 1949 | (not issued as a document) | WJC urges the International Law Commission (4/23/49) to formulate principles of international law derived from Nuremburg Charter. |
| 19 May 1949 | E/C.2/194 | Observation on Draft Covenant of Human Rights. |
| 24 May 1949 | E/C.2/195 | Suggestion concerning study by Sub-Commission on Freedom of Information and of the Press of Dissemination of Information Prejudicial to United Nations Ideals. |

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

"Congress representatives have been active in consultation with many members of the Economic and Social Council, and especially with members of the Human Rights Commission. They have made suggestions to members of the Commission regarding the drafting of certain proposals adopted by the Commission. It may be mentioned that at the outset of the work of the Human Rights Commission, Dr. Jacob Robinson, who was then the international law advisor of the World Jewish Congress, was released by the Congress for a period to enable the Secretariat of the United Nations to employ his services in preparation for the work of the Commission."

"An example of the kind of activity, dealing with the protection of minorities, in which the Congress is especially interested, is its activity in relation to the situation of Jews in Arab Lands during the past few years. It made a number of written submissions to the Council on this subject, its representatives appeared twice before the Council NGO Committee, and when the report of the NGO Committee was finally considered by the Council, a resolution was adopted, and the papers in the case were referred to the Security Council. The Congress is convinced that this action exercised an important influence in securing the amelioration of the situation of minorities in the Middle East."

The World Jewish Congress also submitted material on its relations with IRO and UNESCO.

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

A. In relation to the members of the Organization

"The arrangements which the Congress has made for permanent representation at Lake Success under the consultative system has also enabled it to render services to its constituencies in relation to the

/general work

general work of the United Nations. When the future of the Italian colonies was under discussion at the General Assembly, accredited representatives of the population in these territories were invited to testify before the Political Committee. The Jewish Community of Tripolitania appointed Dr. Perlzweig, the Consultant to the United Nations, as its representative. In this capacity, he appeared before a working committee of a sub-committee of the Political Committee, and subsequently addressed the Political Committee as a whole on 3 May and 12 May. But for the existence of the machinery of the World Jewish Congress, it is unlikely that one important minority would have been heard."

"The Congress endeavours to keep the leaders of all its branches throughout the world informed through a Congress Digest, which is also issued in Spanish and Yiddish. A Hebrew version is issued from Jerusalem. In addition to this restricted information, weekly or monthly periodicals published by branches of the Congress appear throughout the world. In New York, London, Paris, Buenos Aires and Tel Aviv, the Congress offices maintain news services which supply the general and Jewish press. Every effort is made through these channels, and through the visits of members of the Executive to all parts of the world, to keep the membership of the Congress informed on various aspects of the United Nations activity. In this way, and through the administrative machinery of the Congress, support is mobilized for the work of the United Nations, and especially for conventions adopted by it."

B. Otherwise

"The Congress has played an active part in the ... Ad Hoc and Interim Committees of Consultative, Non-Governmental Organizations. Both at these meetings and at the conferences summoned by the Department of Public Information, Dr. Perlzweig at Lake Success, and Mr. Alex Easterman and Dr. G. Riegner in Geneva, have participated as chairmen, rapporteurs or secretaries of various committees."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"Through its consultative status, the Congress is enabled to render an important service to many Jewish communities, which would otherwise for practical purposes be cut off from contact with the international community. At the same time, it is in a unique position to bring information from these communities, which it is important should be at the disposal of certain organs of the United Nations, concerned generally with the promotion of respect for human rights and the encouragement of social progress. The Congress represents communities and organizations in

/more than

more than sixty countries in which the political and social conditions are of the most varied character. Its constituencies include both ancient and more recently established communities of a settled character, enjoying high standards of life and living under democratic regimes; it also includes communities living under the most primitive conditions, deprived of the full enjoyment of human rights and under constant peril of violent attack. It includes also the organs of the Jewish survivors of Hitlerism among the DP's. Its adherents include followers of all schools of Jewish thought and Jewish communities and organizations in countries of the most varied kinds of social and political doctrines. Accordingly, it is the most representative Jewish body in existence, as it is also the Jewish body with the widest experience in international affairs."

54. WORLD POWER CONFERENCE (WPC) 201-2 Grand Buildings
(Conference mondiale de l'Energie) Trafalgar Square
London, W.C.2, England, U.K.
Tel. Whitehall 3966
Cable: WORPOWCON, LONDON

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 332 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultant

Mr. Harold C. Dean (since 21 October 1947).

B. Attendance

Mr. Dean attended, as an observer, various meetings of the Preparatory Committee for the United Nations Scientific Conference on the Conservation and Utilization of Resources.

The World Power Conference has been represented by an observer (usually M. E. H. Etienne) at meetings of the Power Committee, Economic Commission for Europe.

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, i.e. work of consultants

"The Central Office of the World Power Conference had a prolonged exchange of cablegrams and letters with the Secretariat of the United Nations regarding the Programme of the United Nations Scientific Conference on the Conservation and Utilization of Resources... [This correspondence is available in Room D-210-D, Lake Success]

"Following the receipt of a request addressed to the World Power Conference by the Secretary-General of the United Nations on 8 December 1948, the World Power Conference nominated Dr. John C. Parker to prepare the paper for the Third Plenary Meeting of the United Nations Scientific Conference on the Conservation and Utilization of Resources, under heading 3 (d) of the revised programme (document E/CONF.7/2).

"The Secretary-General of the United Nations wrote to the World Power Conference on 16 March 1949, to invite the Conference to assume responsibility for the preparation of the introductory paper for Fuel and Energy Topic 9 (a): 'Utilization of Energy'. The World Power Conference was unable to accept responsibility for the preparation of this paper, but in a cablegram dated 20 April 1949, tendered certain advice to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, which advice was acted upon.

"There has been

"There has been collaboration with the Power Committee of ECE over a number of matters, including statistics and the preparation of a bibliography on legislation regarding international rivers and waterways.

"There has been correspondence with the Statistical Division of the Secretariat of the United Nations on matters concerning the preparation of the Statistical Yearbook of the World Power Conference. (UNESCO made a generous contribution of U.S. \$1,600 towards the cost of preparing and publishing Statistical Yearbook of the World Power Conference No. 4, issued in October 1948)."

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above

The WPC has been represented at three conferences of non-governmental organizations called by the Department of Public Information and has at various times furnished documents, photographs, etc. to that Department on its requests. It has also been represented at several conferences called by the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the Organization

65. WORLD'S WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION (WORLD WCTU) 62 Becmead Avenue
Streatham, London, S.W.15,
England, U.K.
Tel. Treat-Ham 6649
Cable: WHITEBOW, LONDON

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 344 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultant

Miss Helen G. H. Setelle

B. Attendance

Miss Elizabeth A. Smart of Washington and Evanston, 20 November and 18 November 1947; 11 and 12 February and 30 March 1948.

"Our official consultant, Miss Helen G. H. Estelle, attended 21 and 27 January (Economic and Social Council), 12 February (Security Council) and 23, 24 and 25 March, 19 April, 9 and 14 June, 8 November and 6 December 1948; 8 and 16 February (Trusteeship Council) and 4 and 23 March (Security), 4 April (N.G.O.), 5 April (N.G.O.) and General Assembly, 5 April (N.G.O.), 7 April (N.G.O.) and 8 April 1949 (N.G.O. and Human Rights).

"A number of attendances were made also by Mrs. Christner and Mrs. Cohen, ..."

"Mlle Perrelet attended very many of the sessions held in Paris in 1948, ..."

Mrs. H. Cecil Heath attended the General Assembly in Paris, 12 November 1948.

"Our representatives at Geneva in 1948 were Mme Chaix, Mlle Nef and Mme Jeannet, and Mme Loretta Hoyman attended the Beirut conference in 1949."

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

15 April 1949 E/CN.5/115 Observations on 1949 Draft Convention on Prostitution

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g., work of consultants

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

55. WORLD'S ALLIANCE OF YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS
(Alliance universelle des Unions chretiennes de Jeunes Gens)
- 37 Quai Wilson
Geneva, Switzerland
Tel: 2.70.60
Cable: FLEMCO, GENEVA
New York Office:
291 Broadway
New York, N.Y.
Tel: DI-9-0700

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 340 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs

A. Standing Consultants

George Edmund Haynes
Charles L. Miller
J. Benjamin Schmoker
Rachel L. Miller
Dr. Eugene E. Barnett
Wesley F. Rennie

B. Attendance

An "Observer-Consultant Team" was appointed to serve during the sixth session of the Economic and Social Council and comprised the following persons:

Albert M. Chilson
Carlton Harrison
George Edmund Haynes
Charles L. Miller,
Richard Pedersen
Mrs. Siu May Ting
Miss Rachel L. Miller (Social Commission - May 1949)

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs

| | | |
|-------------|----------|---|
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organisations) |
|-------------|----------|---|

/III. Any other

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs and or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

"(a) The experience of the Observer Team appointed in connexion with the sixth session of the Economic and Social Council is contained in a separate report.*

"(b) Although no written statements have been submitted to the Council there have been a number of personal discussions with delegates and members of the Secretariat relating to substantive matters.

"(c) YMCA representatives have taken part in a considerable number of briefing conferences and other meetings arranged for consultation.

"(d) The World's Alliance of YMCAs is represented on the Commission of the Churches on International Affairs and has looked to that body to take the lead in representing its interest in human rights and in certain matters."

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above

"(a) The activity of the World's Alliance of YMCAs known as the 'International Affairs Programme' was established as a result of decision taken at the Plenary Meeting of the World's Committee (the permanent organ of the World's Alliance of YMCAs) held in Edinburgh in August 1947. The responsibility for relationships with the United Nations and for educational work in support of the aims and purposes of the United Nations come within the scope of this programme. For a fuller account of the way in which this programme is being developed see the attached paper entitled 'International Affairs in the Programme of the YMCA'."*

* This report is available in Room D-210-D, Lake Success.

The following is quoted from this report:

"The YMCA Team members were asked to keep in mind the following objectives as they participated in the work:

"(a) Understand the scope and modus operandi of the Economic and Social Council and the various organs and agencies related thereto;

"(b) Identify the subjects and issues of greatest relevance to youth welfare and to YMCA objectives and activities;

"(c) Locate programme materials, ideas, and emphases that should be channelled to National YMCA Movements;

"(d) Evaluate United Nations efforts, and advise as to how these can be strengthened through YMCA co-operation, or as to how attempts should be made to modify and improve them;

"(e) Counsel with the World's Committee as to the contribution the YMCA might make to the United Nations - through studies and research through indicating attitudes, etc."

** This paper, available at Room D-210-D, Lake Success, cites examples of how YMCA work has contributed to the international good will.

"(b) It will be noted that a sub-office of the World's Committee, which has its headquarters in Geneva, Switzerland, has been set up in New York City for the purpose of facilitating liaison relationships with the United Nations.

"(c) As part of the training programme for leaders a series of "Workshops on International Affairs" are being held. One of the main elements of the subject matter presented in these Workshops is the United Nations. See attached report of the first Workshop held in New York, 14-21 March 1949. [*]

"(d) A considerable number of educational visits have been conducted by YMCA groups from the United States and Canada to the Interim Headquarters at Lake Success and by some of the European groups to UNESCO House in Paris and to the European Headquarters of the United Nations in Geneva. In New York City the Young Men's Christian Association maintains a guide service for young people and adults and offers auxiliary facilities in the form of housing and food services for groups coming from outside the city.

"(e) National YMCA educational activities, and those of local units, are manifesting a considerable growth, but no attempt can be made herein to provide a complete summary. One example only is cited, namely, that of the United Nations Study and Visitation, and Model Assembly project of the Chicago YMCA. See attached descriptive folder. [*]

"(f) The World's YWCA and the World's Alliance of YMCA's are sponsoring jointly the publication of a booklet "We the People and Human Rights - A Guide to Study and Action" for use among young people and adults in Association and church groups throughout affiliated units in over seventy countries. Publication date about 15 June... [*]

The YMCA also submitted material on its relations with UNESCO and IRO.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization

"The World's Alliance of YMCA's is a member of the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations and has taken part in the work of that committee including the conferences which have been held. It is a member also of the Committee on Legal Status of Non-Governmental Organizations. It is a member of the Sub-Committee (of the Interim Committee) on Technical Facilities and Services, and its representative has acted as the chairman of this sub-committee."

* Available at Room D-210-D Lake Success.

The following is quoted from a letter dated 3 June 1949 from the World's Alliance:

"It was my privilege recently to be present at an informal meeting of representatives of non-governmental organizations interested in migration matters, arranged by the Migration Section of the Secretariat. I did not want to let this occasion pass without expressing the thought that this type of consultation is much appreciated by many NGO consultants and illustrates what we have had in mind in some of our recent discussions regarding the further development of the consultative process."

67. WORLD'S YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION
(WORLD'S YWCA)
(Alliance universelle des Unions chretiennes
du Jeunes Filles)

37 Quai Wilson
Geneva, Switzerland
Tel. 2.60 93
Cable: SOROMUNDI, GENEVA

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224

31 August 1949, pages 349 ff

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants

| | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| "Dr. Alice Arnold: | appointed March 1949. | |
| Miss Anne Guthrie: | appointed September 1947, | resigned 1948. |
| Miss Marion Royce: | appointed June 1948. | |
| Special Consultants: | Miss Edna Bayouth | March 1949 |
| | Miss Margaret Forsyth | January 1948 |
| | Mrs. Beresford Fox | May 1949 |
| | Dr. Kathleen MacArthur | May 1949 |
| | Mrs. Alfred E. Mudge | May 1949 |
| | Dr. Marion Ostrander | March 1949 |
| <u>Observers:</u> | Mrs. Beresford Fox | July/August 1948 |
| | Miss Helen Morton | December 1947." |

B. Attendance:

Economic and Social Council: sixth session, Miss Guthrie
seventh session, Miss Royce, Mrs. Fox; eighth session, Miss Royce,
Commission on Human Rights: third session, Miss Morton; fifth session,
Dr. McArthur.

Commission on the Status of Women: second session, Miss Forsyth;
third session, Miss Bayouth.

Social Commission: fourth session, Mrs. Fox

C. Oral Statements

Commission on the Status of Women, third session,
Dr. Alice Arnold on:

- (a) the contribution of voluntary women's organizations,
including the YWCA, to the education of women and
- (b) women affected by immigration provisions for displaced persons.
Miss Edna Bayouth on Equal Pay for Equal Work and the problem
of Child Labour.

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

| | | |
|---------------|-----------|--|
| 1 July 1948 | E/C.2/95 | Prostitution (submitted by 22 consultative organizations) |
| 22 March 1949 | E/C.2/160 | Refugees and displaced persons |

/III. Any other activities

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

"Consultation with the Secretariat e.g. discussion of the Draft Convention for Suppression of the Traffic in Women and Children on April 18, 1949 and Conference on Migration, May 19, 1948. Such consultation both in conferences including representatives of several organizations and individually with members of the Secretariat the World's YWCA has found useful. It has been the means of bringing world issues to the attention of the World's YWCA and also makes it possible for the World's YWCA to contribute relevant information and experience on the subject under consideration."

Questionnaires and enquiries from the Secretariat on the following subjects have been answered by the World's YWCA:

Youth Questionnaire, November 30, 1948

Women (Status of), March 11, 1947.

Far Eastern Bureau for Suppression of the

Traffic in Women and Children, September 7, 1948

Migration, January 11, 1949

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above.

"In cooperation with the World's YWCA the World's YWCA is publishing a pamphlet entitled, "We the People and Human Rights" as an educational instrument in relation to the question of Human Rights.

"Monthly newsletters relating to the work of the Economic and Social Council are sent to members of the Executive Committee and Council of the World's YWCA and to all National YWCAs."

"Working in close cooperation with Correspondents and Committees on public affairs in National YWCAs the World's YWCA tries to stimulate thinking and action at the national level on the issues before the Economic and Social Council. At the same time, through exchange of thinking among National Associations it is possible to secure a measure of international thinking and to give National Associations some understanding of the way the respective policies of their countries influence other countries."

"The World's YWCA is at present working on two projects related to current questions before the Economic and Social Council; relevant findings will be made available to the Council and its Commissions.

- (1) Equal Pay for Equal Work. - This is an inquiry into the experience and opinion of YWCA members in all parts of the world on this subject. The project provides for gathering information and exchanging views.

(ii) The economic and technical development of under developed areas of the world.

This is a project in exchange of thinking and experience among YWCAs in countries that will receive aid and countries that will contribute. It deals chiefly with the social aspects of economic and technical aid."

The World's YWCA has been represented at various conferences of non-governmental organizations called by the Department of Public Information. It has also been represented at the conferences called by the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

The World's YWCA states that its report does not cover cooperative activities in which the YWCA has worked with other international non-governmental organisations.

C. Organizations in Category "C"

68. INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF SECONDARY TEACHERS 46-47 Moray Place
(Federation internationale des Professeurs de Edinburg 3,
l'Enseignement secondaire officiel - FIPESO) Scotland, U.K.
Tel. 23216, 23217, 23218

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 148 ff

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

A. Standing Consultants

B. Representation

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

1 July 1948 E/C.2/95 Prostitution (submitted by 22
consultative organizations)

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council
and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities
of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above.

The Federation was represented at the conferences of non-governmental organizations held in Geneva in May 1948 which were called by the Department of Public Information and by the Ad Hoc Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations by Monsieur Henri Grandjean, Director of Primary and Secondary Instruction at Geneva.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"It is regretted that the Federation has still no official representative in the New York area who would be able to attend meetings at Lake Success but we are still hopeful of finding someone to act on behalf of FIPESO"

The Federation also submitted material on its relations with UNESCO.

69. LIONS INTERNATIONAL - INTERNATIONAL
ASSOCIATION OF LIONS CLUBS

332 South Michigan Ave.
Chicago 4, Illinois USA
Tel: WAbash 2-0190
Cable: LIONSINT 1

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 73 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.

Fred W. Smith, Past International President, Date of appointment July 29, 1948; Melvin Jones, Secretary General, Date of appointment September 16, 1949

"At various times certain of our representatives attended meetings of the General Assembly, Economic and Social Council, Security Council and Trusteeship Council, where no record was made of such attendance. We do not have at the present time anyone in New York or nearby definitely assigned to attend the meetings at Lake Success or Flushing."

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

"Active participation in Conference Sessions, particularly on the part of Fred W. Smith, now Past International President of Lions International but during the fiscal year July 1, 1947, to June 30, 1948, President of this Association. Mr. Smith served on several NGO Committees and was Chairman of a number of them. He was instrumental in the formulation of a number of resolutions for transmittal to the Council." (This statement refers to the conference of non-governmental organizations called by the Department of Public Information and to the conferences of non-governmental organizations called by the organizations themselves).

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III, above.

"(a) Lions International has been particularly active in enlisting the support of its clubs in subscribing to the United Nations Newsletter and by forming a United Nations Committee in each club for the purpose of keeping the club members abreast of United Nations happenings and for the dissemination of information on the United Nations to the people of the community served by the club.

/"(b) Lions

"(b) Lions International prepared, at its own expense, nearly 100,000 copies of the Suggested Service Club Program on the United Nations, which was developed by the Committee on Model United Nations Meetings, Non-Governmental Organizations, of which International President Fred W. Smith was Chairman. We furnished this program to all of our clubs and, without expense, to all organizations of the NGO which evidenced interest in it and made request for it. These programs were given world-wide distribution.

"(c) Lions International instituted a program for the establishment of June 26 in each year as World Peace Day early in 1946 and was active in its behalf all during 1947, up to the time of the decision by the General Assembly in September 1947 for the establishment of October 24 as United Nations Day. IN TWO DIFFERENT MEETINGS OF NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS THE NGO'S WENT ON RECORD IN SUPPORT OF HAVING JUNE 26 NAMED AS WORLD PEACE DAY, AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO THIS EFFECT WERE MADE TO SECRETARY-GENERAL TRYGVE LIE AS REPRESENTING THE THINKING OF THE NGO'S ON THIS POINT".

Lions International has also been represented at the following conferences:

"Conference of International Organizations, Lake Success, February 10-14, 1947 - Past International Presidents Alexander T. Wells and D. A. Skeen, International Vice Presidents Fred W. Smith and Walter C. Fisher, and International Director Harold P. Nutter.

"Opening Session General Assembly, Flushing, April 28, 1947 - Past International President Alexander T. Wells.

"Mountain Plains Regional Conference on UNESCO, Denver, May 15-17, 1947 - International Vice President Eugene S. Briggs.

"Conference of International Organizations, Lake Success, September 12-13, 1947 - International President Fred W. Smith, Past International President D. A. Skeen, International Director Harold P. Nutter, and Secretary William R. Bird.

"Conference on UNESCO, Mexico City, Mexico, November 6 - December 3, 1947 - International Vice President Eugene S. Briggs.

"Regional Conference on UNESCO, San Francisco, May 13-15, 1948 - Dr. C.C. Trillingham, President, Los Angeles Lions Club.

"Conference of International NGO, Geneva, May 17-21, 1948 - International President Fred W. Smith

"General Assembly, Paris, September 21, 1948 - Past International President Fred W. Smith.

"United Nations FAO Conference, Washington, D.C., November 15, 1948 - International Director Jules C. Ricker.

"Second Biennial Conference of UNESCO, Cleveland, March 21 - April 1-2, 1949 - Secretary William R. Bird.

"Third Conference of International NGO, Lake Success, April 4-8, 1949 - Past International Presidents Alexander T. Wells and Fred W. Smith, International Vice President Harold P. Nutter, International Director Harold E. Curran, and Secretary William R. Bird".

Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"It is the belief of the men who have represented Lions International at the various meetings and conferences of the United Nations at Lake Success and elsewhere that the organizations listed in Category C are not given the recognition and consideration which at least some of these organizations apparently deserve. And this causes them to feel that they have not the same rights and privileges as organizations in Categories A and B.

"Also, the thinking of these men is that if separate categories such as A, B and C are required, then those categories should be enlarged upon or modified so as to give organizations such as Lions International and others of like capacity an opportunity to express the opinions of their membership, with the knowledge that such expressions would be accorded the same consideration as the expressions of any other Non-Governmental organization, no matter in what category.

"Further, it is the opinion of these Lion representatives that if committees are to be formed of those organizations in A, B and C, at least some members of each category should be chosen on such committees; and that the organizations in Category A, for example, represented on such committees should not be so far superior in numbers to the other categories as has been the case in the past.

[Reference is apparently made to the Interim Committee of Consultative Non-Governmental Organizations, a body set up by the organizations themselves at a conference held in Geneva in May 1948. The conference elected the nine organizations in category A and none other organizations from among those in categories B and C. Although category C organizations were eligible, none were elected. It should be emphasized that the conference which elected the Interim Committee was entirely independent of the United Nations.]

"The present manner of operation, in our opinion, is such as to cause those organizations in Category C to believe that they have only a minor part in the NGO setup. This could result in a loss of interest on the part of these organizations in the work of the United Nations, and a loss to the United Nations of the full weight of their services.

"From the time the Charter of the United Nations was signed, and even before, the Lions have been actively engaged as an information agent in disseminating data about the United Nations. They have encouraged their members, and those with whom they come into contact, to support the aims and purposes of the United Nations and to contest the statements of those who would depreciate the United Nations.

"In addition to the meetings attended at Lake Success, Lions International has had representatives at meetings called by the Department of State of the United States and by organizations interested in international affairs. These Lion representatives have traveled to Mexico, to Central and South America and to many of the cities of the United States in order to attend such meetings. ... But at all important NGO Conferences we have had a full staff of people to represent Lions International.

"Our Association has no axes to grind. We have not at any time used any pressure methods in behalf of any desired goal. Lions are seriously interested in the cause of world peace and better understanding among men of all nations. That is the primary reason why they are so interested in seeing that the United Nations is given every opportunity to fulfill the high ideals and purposes for which it was organized.

"The Lions at present have clubs in 26 nations of the world and are the largest service club organization in the world. As they extend into still additional countries they will, in our opinion, be able to bring to the peoples of those lands a better understanding of the United Nations".

70. ROTARY INTERNATIONAL

35 East Wacker Drive

Chicago 1, Illinois, U.S.A.

Tel: State 2-4020

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 267 ff.

I. Representation at sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs.A. Standing Consultants:

Mr. Philip Lovejoy, Secretary, Rotary International

Mr. Leo E. Golden

B. Attendance:

Mr. Leo E. Golden attended meetings of the Economic and Social Council held at Lake Success.

Mr. Walter Panzar, European Secretary, Rotary International, Börsenstrasse 21, Zurich, Switzerland, attended the seventh session, Geneva, 19 July to 26 August, 1948.

C. Oral Statements:II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

"The activities of Rotary International in connection with the Council have not been definitely related to sessions of the Council except for attendance at sessions as noted above and regular visits by its observer to UNESCO House."

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

"If the organized plan for internes at Lake Success falls under the work of the council, as it may, then it will be recalled that Rotary International provided for half of the cost of the internship program in the summer of 1948."

"Monthly distribution in English and Spanish of 27,000 copies of 'Report on U.N. by Rotary International' - section of each issue devoted to the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary organs.

"Distribution of the Universal Declaration on Human Rights in English and Spanish as a supplement to 'Report on U.N.' Many requests for additional copies satisfied.

"Series of six radio scripts sent to all Rotary clubs in U.S.A. and Canada. Of these three related directly to the work of the Economic and Social Council - 'Protecting Human Rights', 'Conserving Natural Resources' and 'Helping Backward Peoples Help Themselves'. Another script - 'Strengthening the United Nations' - called particular attention to the need for supporting the economic and social efforts of the United Nations. More than 150 stations are broadcasting this series.

"A sixth, completely revised edition of 'From Here on' was issued in April. This commentary on the United Nations Charter (108 pages) is used in a great many schools as a text book for teaching about the United Nations. 200,000 copies have been distributed to Rotary clubs and other organizations.

"An entirely new companion to 'From Here On' was published in June. It is entitled 'The World at Work' (152 pages) and seeks to cover the economic and social efforts of the United Nations and the Specialized Agencies. Basic provisions from fundamental documents are paralleled by comments and questions. Human interest stories and concise records of work accomplished, together with numerous two-color charts and the full text of the Universal Declaration on Human Rights distinguish this new publication.

"NOTE: The purpose in publishing 'The World at Work' is to give publicity to those activities that fall within the field of the Economic and Social Council. Rotary clubs are being requested to bring it to the attention of their local school authorities and present copies for use of classes in teaching about the United Nations."

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"Rotary International has its own program of social work, a very widely varied program operative in every country of the world where there are Rotary clubs. This program is parallel with the program of the Economic and Social Council. The continued operation of the consultative status is of value to Rotary International in ways too numerous to mention and without doubt is of value also to the Economic and Social Council."

Rotary International also submitted material on its relations with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization.

71. WORLD ORGANIZATION OF THE TEACHING
PROFESSION
(Organisation mondiale de la
Profession enseignante)

1201 Sixteenth Street, N. W.
Washington 6, D. C., U. S. A.

Reference to descriptive statement: E/C.2/224, 31 August 1949, pages 328 ff.

A. Standing Consultant

Dr. William F. Russell, President, Teachers College, Columbia University, New York City. He is "available at anytime for consultation on educational questions arising under the operation of the Economic and Social Council".

B. Attendance

C. Oral Statements

II. Written statements transmitted to the Council and its subsidiary organs.

"We have no strongly partisan feelings on most of the issues pending before the Council. I expect that the Economic and Social Council gets plenty of advice from other organizations; we prefer to devote our efforts mainly to promoting the purposes of the United Nations as best we can."

III. Any other activities directly in connexion with sessions of the Council and its subsidiary organs or with the Secretariat, e.g. work of consultants.

"Our association has been of assistance to the members of the secretariat working on cultural relations in the staff of the Economic and Social Council and has cooperated also with the Department of Public Information in supplying materials for schools about the United Nations and its specialized agencies."

IV. Work of the organization in support of or in connexion with the activities of the Council and its subsidiary organs, other than in I, II, III above.

"The activities in which the World Organization is particularly interested include UNESCO, the Resolution on Teaching About the United Nations in the Schools of Member States, and the United Nations Appeal for Children. Our organization has devoted several sessions to the consideration of these matters, and the national members of the organization have made every effort to promote the interests of the United Nations in all channels open to them through the schools. Our association has also been elected a member of the Temporary International Committee on Educational Reconstruction which functions under the auspices of UNESCO."

"The World Organization ... has been represented at two conferences sponsored by the Department of Public Information of the United Nations at Lake Success and at one conference sponsored by the Department of Public Information at Geneva. It has also been represented by official observers at the First General Conference of UNESCO at Paris, the Second General Conference of UNESCO in Mexico City, and the Third General Conference of UNESCO in Beirut."

The Organization has consultative status with UNESCO.

V. Other information in connexion with the consultative status of the organization.

"We would welcome the opportunity to be of any further service to the United Nations or to the Economic and Social Council in the fields in which teachers are competent, namely, matters affecting the welfare of children and educational and cultural arrangements and interchange."

The following information, contained in the report of this organization although it relates to events happening after the time limit (up to 1 June 1949) given in Council Resolution 214 (VIII) E, is included as it may be of interest to the Council:

"Our Delegate Assembly meeting in Berne, Switzerland, in July 1949 authorized an application for funds which, if granted, would enable us to have a permanent, fulltime representative at the headquarters of the Economic and Social Council at Lake Success. If funds for the employment of such a representative can be secured, his duties will be: (a) to render assistance as requested by the Economic and Social Council on educational questions, and (b) to issue a periodical news-letter to teachers giving up-to-date information on trends in the United Nations which are of special interest to teachers and children.

"We also expect to develop a substantial program in support of the United Nations Declaration of Human Rights. Preliminary discussion of this question was held at our Delegate Assembly in Berne, Switzerland, in July. We were aided there by Mr. Orrick, Mr. Wojcicki, and Mr. Chen of the United Nations and UNESCO Secretariats. Final decision has not been made as to exact form in which our work will be conducted. One proposal has been the preparation and staging of a children's pageant on human rights, to be given its premiere performance on the occasion of the WOTF Fourth Delegate Assembly which will be held July 17-22, 1950, in Ottawa, Canada. Another proposal is the preparation of a teachers' manual to encourage the teaching of the Human Rights Declaration. We shall certainly round up promising practices with reference to the

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teaching of the United Nations Declaration of Human Rights, wherever they may be found in the elementary and secondary schools and colleges."

"In conclusion, while I can not engage to speak for our Executive Committee, I believe that any request to us from the Economic and Social Council would be almost a command and that we would carry it out, within the limits of our resources in time and money, with the greatest vigor. We would welcome such requests for specific kinds of assistance."
