

**E/NS** 1953/Summary 4  
15 September 1953



UNITED NATIONS

## **NARCOTIC DRUGS**

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# **SUMMARY OF ILLICIT TRANSACTIONS AND SEIZURES**

REPORTED TO THE SECRETARIAT OF THE UNITED NATIONS  
BETWEEN 1 JULY AND 31 AUGUST 1953

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Note by the Secretary-General

The Secretary-General has the honour to draw attention to the following form prepared by the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its fourth session (16 May to 3 June 1949) and noted by the Economic and Social Council at its ninth session (5 July to 15 August 1949) in resolution 246(IX)A of 6 July 1949. This form was drawn up by the Commission on Narcotic Drugs for use by Governments in preparing and submitting their seizure reports.

FORM FOR REPORTS ON ILLICIT TRANSACTIONS AND SEIZURES

(Forwarded by the Secretary-General of the United Nations  
to facilitate the preparation of reports under  
Article 23 of the 1931 Convention)

SECTION I

1. Date of seizure: \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Place of seizure: \_\_\_\_\_
3. Kind and quantity of narcotics seized: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Details regarding ships, vehicles, and/or aircraft involved: (include name, owner, itinerary, nationality, etc.) \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Details regarding persons and/or firms involved: (include name, nationality, place of residence, age, occupation, etc.) \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. Origin of narcotics seized: (include all available information and reasonable suspicions which might throw light on the origin, sale and purchase, particularly in connection with information furnished under (4) and (5) above)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Detach from along line for use of those preparing reports

SECTION II

7.\* Judicial proceedings: (please refer to legal basis and indicate the sentence, including place and date of its pronouncement)

SECTION III

8. Narrative: (include especially information concerning any new or unusual methods employed by traffickers in concealing drugs or by officers in apprehending traffickers)

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\* This information may be sent subsequently after the proceedings have been concluded.

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KEY TO NUMERALS APPEARING IN EACH CASE

1. Kind and quantity of drugs
  - (a). seized;
  - (b). involved in the illicit transactions.
  
2. Data regarding the seizures:
  - Origin of drugs.
  - Name and address of manufacturer.
  - Labels, marks, packing etc.
  - Name of consignor, consignee and addressee, or other persons implicated.
  - Forwarding agents and other persons or firms whose names appear in connexion with the case.
  
3. Legal proceedings and penalties.



## PART I

### FURTHER INFORMATION CONCERNING CASES PREVIOUSLY REPORTED

Seizures in the Federation of Malaya from September 1952 to February 1953. Supplementary reports communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 13 July 1953.

#### *E/NS.1952/Summary 6*

No. 600A Seizure at Klang on 5 September 1952.

1(a). Opium: 72.5746 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium which was believed to have come from Thailand, was found following a raid on a house occupied by Kuah Her Kim, Lian Chuan Huat and two other men. The contraband was wrapped in cellophane paper with a brown paper outer covering, each package marked "Five Brand - 50 tahils full weight".

3. Lian Chuan Huat absconded and an arrest warrant was issued. The other three persons were acquitted and discharged.

#### *E/NS.1953/Summary 1*

No. 5E Seizure at Batu Pahat on 15 November 1952.

1(a). Opium: 28.1227 kg

2. The origin of the above-mentioned opium, which was found buried in the garden of a house, was not known. It was stated, however, that the drug was brought by car from Singapore, the owner of the car being named as one Chua Doun Kock of Singapore.

3. Lim Swee Kuay was sentenced to fines totalling Straits dollars 5,800 (\$1914) or, in default, to imprisonment for ten months. The fines were not paid.

No. 32D Seizure at Selangor on 7 October 1952.

1(a). Opium: 24.0404 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium, of unknown origin, was found in a car coming from Klang to a tidal creek where a sampan was waiting. The opium was to be loaded into the sampan and transported either to Pulau Ketam or Indonesia.

3. The sentence of Lim Choon Seng was reduced, on appeal, from 5 to two and one half years imprisonment.

#### *E/NS.1953/Summary 3*

No. 318B Seizure at Simpang Ampat on 4 January 1953.

1(a). Raw opium: 68.4923 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium, which was believed to have come from Thailand, was found in a specially constructed compartment in a car driven by Leong Keng Mun. The forward portion of the boot had been moved back to leave a gap between the rear of the back seat and the front of the boot. Access to this secret hiding place was possible only by removing the rear window frame on the inside. This allowed the moulded upholstery of the rear window ledge to be unscrewed and removed. In The metal sheet under this was a small metal plate secured with two screws.

No. 318N Seizure near Chemor on 31 January 1953.

1(a). Opium: 33.1122 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium, which was found in a car driven by Tear Seng Hootipaya, was almost certainly of Thai origin. The contraband had been hidden in the rearwheel mudguards.

No. 319B Seizure at Perak on 7 February 1953.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 66.6779 kg
2. The above-mentioned raw opium of unknown origin, was found in a specially constructed compartment of a car between the back seat and the front of the boot.
3. Teo Beng Seng was fined Straits dollars 3,000 (\$990).

No. 319G Seizure at Tanjong Piandang on 26 February 1953.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 63.0492 kg  
Prepared opium: 94.3467 kg
2. The above-mentioned opium was found in a house of a fisherman in tins marked "Parrot Brand Sweetened Milk". The origin of the drug was unknown.
3. On 11 April 1953, Tan Weng Kooi was fined Straits dollars 1,500 (\$495) or, in default, to rigorous imprisonment for six months on each of two charges and a further eighteen months on each charge, sentences to run concurrently.

Seizures in India during 1952 and 1953. Supplementary reports communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953.

*E/NS.1952/Summary 4*

No. 388 3. On 10 January 1953, Mohan Lal was discharged.

*E/NS.1952/Summary 6*

No. 520 3. On 16 September 1952, Hanuman Mahavir was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for four months and to a fine of Rs.500 (\$105) or, in default, to a further term of six weeks.

No. 629 3. On 5 November 1952, Abraham was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for four months.

No. 717 3. On 19 March 1953, Ramdas Bagrodia was fined Rs.1000 (\$210) or, in default, sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for six weeks.

*E/NS.1953/Summary 1*

No. 13 3. On 21 October 1952, Mahabir Mahato was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for five years and to a fine of Rs.1000 (\$210) or, in default, to a further term of six months.

*E/NS.1953/Summary 2*

No. 146 3. On 8 April 1953, Fazole Hawk was discharged due to lack of evidence.

No. 151 3. On 2 April 1953, Nabi Ahmed was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for six months.

No. 153 3. The accused were each sentenced on 28 February 1953 to rigorous imprisonment for six months and to a fine of Rs.500 (\$105) or, in default, to a further term of six months.

No. 273 3. On 7 February 1953, Abdul Gani was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for two months and to a fine of Rs.200 (\$42) or, to a further term of one month, while S.K. Kamiruddin was sentenced to a fine of Rs.200 or one month.

No. 278 3. On 12 March 1953, Pyara Singh Jagat was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for three months and to a fine of Rs.100 (\$21) or, two weeks.

No. 279 3. On 27 January 1953, Girja Shankar was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for three months and to a fine of Rs.200 (\$42) or, in default, to a further term of 20 days.

*E/NS.1953/Summary 3*

No. 409 3. On 3 March 1953, all the accused were discharged for lack of evidence.

Seizures in Mauritius during February 1953. Supplementary report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 21 July 1953. (3605/Add.)

*E/NS.1953/Summary 3*

No. 364 3. On 19 March 1953, Lam Tee Yuen was sentenced to hard labour for one month. No action was taken against Chan Kin.

No. 423A 3. On 10 April 1953, Gaffoor Ally was sentenced to hard labour for six weeks, and on 15 April he was fined Rs.75 (\$15.75).

No. 423B 3. On 21 April 1953, Guinness Mardaymootoo was fined Rs.200 (\$42).

No. 423C 3. On 21 April 1953, Kistnasamy Patten was fined Rs.200 (\$42).

No. 423D 3. On 21 April 1953, Ajodha Josserly was fined Rs.200 (\$42); no action was taken against B. Rengsing Beeharry.

No. 423F 3. On 4 May 1953, Moustapha Soodeen was fined Rs.75 (\$15.75).

Seizures in Mauritius during March 1953. Supplementary report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 12 August 1953.

*E/NS.1953/Summary 3*

No. 347 3. On 15 May 1953, Wing Tong Lai Cheong *alias* Ah Heng was sentenced to hard labour for six months.

No. 424A 3. On 15 May 1953, Dookaran Hurkoo was fined Rs.100 (\$21) plus costs.

## A. DISCOVERY OF A CLANDESTINE LABORATORY

No. 451 Seizure at Paris on 11 June 1953, and discovery of a clandestine laboratory at Meudon. Reports communicated by the Government of France on 29 July and 8 August 1953.\* (3738-3738/Add.1)

1(a). Morphine salts (probably hydrochloride): 3 kg

2. It was learned that a German woman named Ingeborg Griffel was attempting to contact persons willing to purchase morphine, generally those frequenting the bars of the Champs-Élysées. In order to follow up the activities of this person, an American narcotics agent was brought over to Paris, the French officers being too well known in those particular circles, and a first meeting with Ingeborg Griffel was arranged for 9 June. She gave the agent to understand that she could obtain large quantities of morphine which he could sell at a good profit, and to show her goodwill she gave him a sample of the drug which she offered for the price of \$4,000 per kilogramme. According to her statement, the morphine was given to her by a friend who manufactured pharmaceutical products under licence but who wished to make some money by selling the pure morphine to such clients as she could find for him.

A second meeting was arranged for 11 June at the bar of the "Marignan", in the Champs-Élysées. After they met, the woman left for a brief while, reappearing with an Iranian named Armen Nercessian, who agreed to sell 2 kg of morphine for 3,200,000 francs (\$9142.40). Nercessian then went away but returned two hours later, when the three of them went to the intersection of the Rue Francois Ier and the Franklin-Roosevelt Avenue; here they got into a car bearing an Iranian licence plate. Agents followed them to the Rue des Saussaies (in front of the Sureté Nationale) which had been chosen by the American agent as being a quiet little street in which to conclude the deal, Nercessian not knowing Paris. At this stage Griffel and Nercessian were arrested, 2 kg of morphine being found in the car.

According to the statement made by Nercessian, he had prepared the drug himself in a small laboratory at 40 Avenue Auguste Rodin at Meudon. Agents went there and found approximately another kilogramme of morphine in process of preparation. Nercessian stated further that he was able to purify the morphine following instructions taken from a pharmacopeia which he had consulted in the American Information Office at the Hotel Astoria. Some photographs of the laboratory are reproduced hereunder.

Following a long statement made by Nercessian, another Iranian, Nassorah Djalai, a former secretary at the Embassies in Cairo and Brussels, was also arrested; it was this man who arranged the various sales from the Hotel Gallia, Rue Gallia, from which Griffel operated. Djalai stated that the morphine base had been brought from Iran in his private car by one of his friends, a certain Morteza Sanizade.

\* The report concludes with the following observations:

"This case shed some interesting lights on the actual structure of the international traffic. For some years now, practically the whole world took it for granted that all the clandestine conversion of morphine took place in France. It was recognized and deplored by the competent French services that France occupied an important place in the illicit market but they noted that only a portion of the total illicit traffic was found in the country, being drawn there by some gangs who, through strict repressive measures were being gradually eliminated. Above all, they concluded that if in the poppy-producing countries there were some individuals capable of extracting the morphine base to be purified in France, there was no reason to suppose that they would stop there, leaving to others the monopoly of conversion into pure morphine, and later on heroin, a still more lucrative operation. This argument, however, was not enough to change pre-conceived views.

There was proof that the product used was not morphine-base any longer; the official analysis showed that it was a morphine salt, that is, a substance already treated, but so badly that it must have been the work of someone who only had very limited equipment at his disposal.

One can conclude therefore that France is not the "pivot" of world traffic, a formula which owes its success to repetition rather than to exactitude. In view of this case, she appears now rather as an occasional base, and the sources of the international illicit traffic must be sought outside her territory."

When they arrived in France, Sanizade told him to purify the drug, as its poor quality would make sales difficult, and Djalai thereupon requested Nercessian to do this for him and then sell the morphine.

Nercessian tried several times to get rid of the morphine, once to a certain Andrew Kennedy, and once to the brother of the Shah of Iran, but the first attempt failed and the results of the second are still unknown. An investigation will be continued in America where Prince Mahmoud now is. As regards the woman Griffel, it was Djalai who put her in touch with Nercessian but she remained unaware of the fact that the former controlled the sales and received the profits.

Griffel had only been in France one week and, by possessing only a transit visa good for three days, was violating the law covering aliens; she hoped to be able to pay for her room through the proceeds of the day. Djalai, who owed a week's rent, possessed only 1,000 francs (\$2.86).



View left (sink work table)  
Angle gauche (évier, table de manipulation)



View right (carboy of distilled water)  
Angle droit (bonbonne d'eau distillée)



Window view (earthenware filter, porcelain bowl, alcohol, etc.)  
Angle fenêtre (filtre en faïence, coupelle de porcelaine, litres d'alcool, etc)



Glass container of a preparation of morphine prior to its purification.  
Ballon contenant une préparation de morphine à un stade précédant la purification.

## B. NEW CASES

## 1. Raw Opium

- No. 451A Seizure at Tawahi, Aden, on 23 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 22 July 1953. (3726)
- 1(a). Opium: 10.8862 kg
  2. The commander of H.M.S. *Owen* (British Navy) reported to the Aden police that one of the Somali crew was in possession of opium; Customs officers went therefore on board and arrested Abdillahi Attayeh, aged 28. The opium, of Iranian origin, was found hidden in a kerosene tin over which a quantity of Basra dates was kept to avoid suspicion. The accused stated that the opium had been given to him at Kuwait by an unknown Arab who had asked him to take it to a friend of his at Aden.
  3. On 23 April 1953, the accused was sentenced to a fine of sh. 1000 (\$140) or, in default, to rigorous imprisonment for one month. The fine was paid, and the opium was ordered to be destroyed.
- No. 452 Seizure at Sydney on 29 January 1953. Report No. 2 communicated by the Government of Australia on 20 August 1953. (3754)
- 1(a). Crude opium: 907.2 g
  2. Abdul Gaffoor, 35-year-old Indian donkeyman on board the British steamship *Chyebassa* (MacDonald Hamilton & Co.) coming from Basrah, Karachi, Bombay and Colombo, was intercepted while attempting to go down the tunnel escape to the engine room, and the above-mentioned block opium was found in his possession. When taken to his cabin, Gaffoor picked up a small parcel and threw it out of the port-hole. This package sank, but Gaffoor admitted that it contained a similar amount of the drug as was found on him. He stated further that the opium was for his own use.
  3. On 30 January 1953, Abdul Gaffoor was fined £A. 100 (\$224) plus costs.
- No. 453 Seizure at Sydney on 30 January 1953. Report No. 3 communicated by the Government of Australia on 20 August 1953. (3755)
- 1(a). Opium: 1.134 kg
  2. During a search of the British steamship *Chyebassa* coming from Basrah, Karachi, Bombay and Colombo, a box was found in the tunnel escape which was alleged to contain kerosene. However, when it was opened one of the tins inside was found to contain the above-mentioned opium in stick form.
- No. 454 Seizure at Sydney on 30 January 1953. Report No. 4 communicated by the Government of Australia on 20 August 1953. (3756)
- 1(a). Opium: 14.2 g
  2. The above-mentioned opium was found on a ledge in the engine room, tunnel escape, on the British steamship *Chyebassa*.
- No. 455 Seizure at Sydney on 30 January 1953. Report No. 5 communicated by the Government of Australia on 20 August 1953. (3757)
- 1(a). Opium: 453.6 g
  2. The above-mentioned opium was found in a vent on top of a boiler on the British steamship *Chyebassa*.



Summary of illicit transactions and seizures

July - August 1953

- No. 456 Seizure at Sydney on 30 January 1953. Report No. 8 communicated by the Government of Australia on 20 August 1953. (3760)
- 1(a). Opium: 3.5 g
  2. The above-mentioned opium was found in a tin in the locker of Antonio Fernandes, 29-year-old Genoese baker and crewmember of the British steamship *Chyebassa* (MacDonald Hamilton & Co.) coming from Basrah, Karachi, Bombay and Colombo. The accused stated that he had been given the opium by a man coming on board the evening before; he did not know whether this man was a wharf labourer but he took the opium and put it in his locker.  
There was no information as to the origin of the drug.
  3. Fernandes was fined £A.5 (\$11.20) and the opium was confiscated.
- No. 457 Seizure at Innsbruck on 18 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Austria on 30 July 1953. (3741)
- 1(a). Raw opium: 350 g
  2. Andreas Hausleithner, a German machine and toolmaker, had, at the instigation of one Wilhelm Kohlhuber, requested acquaintances to supply him with narcotics in order to smuggle them into Italy. A friend, Johann Kucera, found a supplier in Werner Heine who obtained for him 1.74 kg of raw opium at a price of 7,000 - 8,000 schillings (\$267.90-306.15). On 10 April, Hausleithner delivered 510 g of the opium to Kohlhuber for the sum of 14,000 schillings (\$535.80), and the latter was said to have been arrested in Genoa while attempting to sell the drug there. Heine claimed to have obtained the opium originally from a Dr. Robert Siegmund Vetter who, in the meantime, had moved to Germany.
- No. 458 Seizure at El Arish on 1 January 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Egypt on 16 July 1953. (3742)
- 1(a). Opium: 2.54 kg.
  2. The above-mentioned opium, believed to be of Turkish origin, was found in the possession of Atwa Habib Mohd. Arroug.
  3. On 29 March 1953, the accused was sentenced to imprisonment for two years and to a fine of £E.400 (\$1149).
- No. 459 Seizure at Sinai Desert on 11 November 1952. Report communicated by the Government of Egypt on 1 June 1953. (3649)
- 1(a). Opium: 66.465 kg
  2. A Coastguards patrol arrested Salman Hassan Ayyat who was found to be in possession of the above-mentioned opium. The accused stated that an unknown person had given him the drug to take to Kantara, where he would be paid P.T. 260 (\$7.50) which, however, he did not receive.  
The origin of the opium was suspected to be Turkish.
  3. On 5 March 1953, Salman Hassan Ayyat was sentenced to imprisonment for four years and to a fine of £E.800 (\$2298).
- No. 460 Seizures in the Federation of Malaya in March and April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 13 July 1953. (3665)
- This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of opium as follows:
- Opium: 95.6182 kg  
(Chandu: 4.3992 kg)

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- A. Seizure at Teluk Anson on 21 March 1953.  
1(a). Opium: 638.8 g  
3. Soon See Eow was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 2,000 (\$660) or, in default, to rigorous imprisonment for four months. The fine was not paid.
- B. Seizure at Batu Pahat on 2 April 1953.  
1(a). Opium: 1.6783 kg  
2. Lim Oh, Ng Kim Cheng and Toh Buay were arrested in connexion with this seizure.
- C. Seizure at Kuala Lumpur on 2 April 1953.  
1(a). Opium: 35.0686 kg  
2. Two women, Thum See Mooi and Fond Lien Yau, were arrested in connexion with this seizure.
- D. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 4 April 1953.  
1(a). Opium: 1.6556 kg  
(Chandu, 28 g)  
3. Tan Ah Seed was sentenced on a charge of possessing opium to imprisonment for two months, while on a charge of possessing chandu he was sentenced to a fine of straits dollars 50 (\$16.50) or, in default, to imprisonment for one month. The fine was not paid.
- E. Seizure at Bruas on 6 April 1953.  
1(a). Opium: 1.134 kg  
3. Goh Ek was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for two years.
- F. Seizure at Ipoh on 7 April 1953.  
1(a). Opium: 907.2 g  
3. A woman named Yip Ah See was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 2,500 (\$825) or, in default, to imprisonment for six months.
- G. Seizure at Alor Star on 8 April 1953.  
1(a). Opium: 793.8 g  
(Chandu: 509.5 g)  
2. A certain Goh Yew Lim\* was arrested in connexion with this seizure.
- H. Seizure at Klang on 11 April 1953.  
1(a). Opium: 29.0266 kg  
(Chandu: 3.5774 kg)  
3. Ch'ng Ah Joo was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for three years.

\* See also *Summaries of Illicit Transactions and Seizures*, E/NS.1951/Summary 4, Case 542B, and E/NS.1953/Summary 3, Cases 319A and 361A.

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I. Seizure at Kuala Lumpur on 11 April 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 2.0903 kg
3. Tay Cheng Liew was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 300 (\$99) or, in default, to imprisonment for three months. The fine was paid.

J. Seizure at Kedah on 13 April 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 2.268 kg  
(Chandu: 263.1 g)
2. Tang Siah Tak was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

K. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 14 April 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 226.8 g
2. Seow Tong Chew was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

L. Seizure at Johore on 16 April 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 1.8144 kg
2. A woman named Pek Fong was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

M. Seizure at Johore on 16 April 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 2.7216 kg
2. A woman named Tan Chee was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

N. Seizure at Kuantan on 16 April 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 701 g
2. The above-mentioned opium was found in a cabin on the motor vessel *Lang*. A certain Yeo Ah Ling was arrested.

O. Seizure on 22 April 1953 (place not indicated).

- 1(a). Opium: 9.072 kg
2. The above-mentioned opium was found on board the steamship *Sangola* coming from Calcutta, India. A certain Tse Ping was arrested.
3. The accused was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 1,000 (\$330) or, in default, to rigorous imprisonment for six months. The fine was paid.

P. Seizure on 22 April 1953 (place not indicated), on the steamship *Hero*.

- 1(a). Opium: 94.5 g
3. Tam Yau was sentenced to a fine of straits dollars 200 (\$66) or, in default, to imprisonment for two months. The fine was paid.

Q. Seizure at Butterworth on 24 April 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 4.0824 kg  
(Chandu: 21.2 g)
2. Khor Poh Mooi and a woman named Lee Seng Chan were arrested in connexion with this seizure.

Summary of illicit transactions and seizures

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R. Seizure on 29 April 1953 (place not indicated).

1(a). Opium: 1.6443 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium was found on board the steamship *Choy Sang* coming from Calcutta, India.

No. 461 Seizures in the Federation of Malaya during May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 6 August 1953. (3744)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of opium as follows:

Opium: 24.3444 kg

(Chandu: 370.4 g)

A. Seizure on 4 May 1953 (place not indicated).

1(a). Opium: 2.8917 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium was found on board the steamship *Lok Sang*.

B. Seizure on 5 May 1953 (place not indicated).

1(a). Opium: 6.0102 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium was found on board the steamship *Sirdhana*.

C. Seizure at Bekok on 11 May 1953.

1(a). Opium: 926.1 g

2. Yap Kwee Lem and Koon Pak Leng were arrested for possession of the above-mentioned opium.

D. Seizure at Nebang Tebal on 15 May 1953.

1(a). Opium: 907.2 g

(Chandu: 370.4 g)

2. Boh Ah Cheah and Chiu Ah Bah were arrested in connexion with this seizure.

E. Seizure at Taiping on 16 May 1953.

1(a). Opium: 6.8051 kg

2. Osman bin Ahmad and Yusoff bin Awang were arrested for possession of the above-mentioned opium.

F. Seizure near Muar on 18 May 1953.

1(a). Opium: 907.2 g

2. Teh Hock Seng was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

G. Seizure on 18 May 1953 (place not indicated).

1(a). Opium: 453.6 g

3. A woman named Ng Loke Lan was sentenced to a fine of 1,500 Straits dollars (\$495) or, in default to imprisonment for five months. The fine was not paid.

Summary of illicit transactions and seizures

July - August 1953

H. Seizure at Taiping on 20 May 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 3.6856 kg
2. Tang Joo Sang and Ong Boon Chin were arrested in connexion with this seizure.

I. Seizure at Kuala Kurau on 27 May 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 1.7577 kg
2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.

No. 462 Seizures in the Federation of Malaya during May and June 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 25 August 1953. (3762)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of opium as follows:

Opium: 103.8569 kg  
(Chandu: 4.499 kg)  
(Chandu dross: 404.5 g)

A. Seizure at Teluk Anson on 23 May 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 14.1126 kg
3. Koay Kim Hing was sentenced to a fine of 3,000 Straits dollars (\$990) or, in default, to six months imprisonment. The fine was not paid.

B. Seizure at Teluk Anson on 25 May 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 3.306 kg
3. Ng Ah Long was sentenced to a fine of 3,000 Straits dollars (\$990) or, in default, to three months imprisonment. The fine was not paid.

C. Seizure near Pintu Gedong on 29 May 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 28.4256 kg
3. Charges against Kho Ijan and Ng Eng Lian were withdrawn.

D. Seizure at Port Swettenham on 31 May 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 18.7488 kg
3. Siow Soon Chin was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for one year and to a fine of 3,000 Straits dollars (\$990) or, in default, to an additional term of six months. The fine was not paid.

E. Seizure at Pontian on 5 June 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 251.4 g  
(Chandu: 1.4833 kg)
2. For further details, see Case No. 509B

F. Seizure at Ayer Tawar on 6 June 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 982.8 g
2. Law Hing was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

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G. Seizure at Taiping on 7 June 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 34.9697 kg  
(Chandu: 2.7889 kg)  
(Chandu dross: 404.5 g)

2. Ch'ng Tong San and Lim Ah Boon were arrested in connexion with this seizure.

H. Seizure at Taiping on 16 June 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 765.5 g
2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.

I. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 24 June 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 480.1 g
2. Lim Gek Choon was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

J. Seizure in the Malacca River on 24 June 1953.

- 1(a). Opium: 1.8144 kg  
(Chandu: 226.8 g)

3. Yeo Hwee Kim was sentenced to a fine of 350 Straits dollars (\$115.50) or, in default, to rigorous imprisonment for three months. The fine was paid.

No. 463 Seizure at Penang, Federation of Malaya, on 8 February 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 13 July 1953. (3666)

- 1(a). Raw opium: 158.7576 kg

2. The above-mentioned raw opium was found on a plane belonging to Malayan Airways when it arrived at the Bayan Lepas Airport on its way from Bangkok, Thailand, to Singapore. Twenty tins had been hidden in the tail control transmission housing compartments. Some members of the ground crew at Bangkok and Singapore airports must have been involved but no charges could be preferred.

The opium was of Thai origin.

No. 464 Seizure at Marseilles on 10 June 1953. Report communicated by the Government of France on 29 July 1953. (3737)

- 1(a). Opium: 5.022 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium of unknown origin was found in the possession of Thomas Marchetti and Jean Sinibaldi, a bar-owner. It was stated that the opium had been purchased from two Turkish seamen for 180,000 francs (\$514.26) and was intended for sale at a price of 60,000 francs (\$171.40) per kilogramme.

No. 465 Seizure at Hong Kong on 17 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 13 July 1953. (3661)

- 1(a). Raw opium: 434.7 g

2. The above-mentioned raw opium was found on board the motor junk *Sun Hoi On*. Wong Choi, a 59-year-old Chinese seaman, was arrested in connexion with this seizure. There was no information as to the origin of the opium.

3. Wong Choi was sentenced to a fine of HK\$1,000 (\$175) or, in default, to imprisonment for six months. The opium was confiscated.

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- No. 510a Seizure at Hong Kong on 13 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 22 July 1953. (3721)
- 1(a). P opium: 7.6 g  
(Prepared opium: 12.3606 kg)
  2. For further details, see Case No. 510
- No. 466 Seizure at Hong Kong on 5 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 25 August 1953. (3766)
- 1(a). Raw opium: 907.2 g
  2. The above-mentioned raw opium was found in the possession of a woman named Shing Ping Yuk. No information was available as regards the origin of the drug.
- No. 467 Seizure at Hong Kong on 8 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 25 August 1953. (3767)
- 1(a). Raw opium: 1.134 kg
  2. Fong Cho and a woman named Wu Shuk Ching were arrested for possession of the above-mentioned opium. No information was available as regards its origin.
  3. Fong Cho was sentenced to imprisonment for eighteen months on a charge of storing the opium on his premises. The woman was sentenced to imprisonment for six months.
- No. 468 Seizure at Hong Kong on 22 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 25 August 1953. (3764)
- 1(a). Raw opium: 604.8 g
  3. Cheng Kwok Nam was fined HK\$1,600 (\$280) or six months' imprisonment in default on a charge of dealing in drugs; Cheng Wong was sentenced on a charge of dealing in drugs to a fine of HK\$1,600 (\$280) or, in default to six months' imprisonment and to a fine of HK\$1,000 (\$175) or four months on a charge of possession; a woman named Ma Fa was sentenced to a fine of HK\$500 (\$87.50) or 3 months on each of the same two charges. There was no information as to the origin of the opium.
- No. 469 Seizure at Kowloon, Hong Kong, on 15 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 25 August 1953. (3765)
- 1(a). Raw opium: 434.7 g
  2. The above-mentioned raw opium was found in the possession of a woman named Wong So Hing. There was no information as to its origin.
- No. 470 Seizure at Wang Hing Village, Hong Kong, on 19 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 13 July 1953. (3660)
- 1(a). Raw opium: 529.2 g  
(Opium dross: 491.4 g)  
(Prepared opium: 30.6 g)
  2. The above-mentioned drugs were found in the home of Lee Cheung. There was no information as to their origin.
  3. The accused was charged with possession of opium and of an opium pipe; bail was established at HK\$500 (\$87.50).

- No. 471 Seizure at Alipurduar, West Bengal, on 9 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3699)  
1(a). Opium: 26.709 kg  
2. The above-mentioned opium of Indian origin was found by the local police at the railway station. The drug, valued at about Rs. 18,954 (\$3,980), had been ingeniously concealed inside the hollow ribs of umbrellas. Eight persons were involved in this seizure.
- No. 472 Seizures at Ambala, Punjab, on 30 March 1953 and at Nahan, Himachal Pradesh, on 31 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3685)  
1(a). Opium: 22.328 kg  
2. Following information received, Hari Chand, Chaman Lal, Mohan Lal and a woman named Shabni were searched, 14.106 kg of opium being found on their persons. Subsequently, the house of Buti Nath at Nahan was searched, 8,222 kg being found. The opium was of Indian origin.
- No. 473 Seizure at Bezwada on 4 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3674)  
1(a). Opium: 10.264 kg  
2. The above-mentioned opium, packed in oilcloth, was thrown out of the window of an express train; it was picked up by Gottchi Pentairh, who was arrested in the act of carrying it into the town. The opium, valued at Rs. 5,280 (\$1,109), was of Indian origin.
- No. 474 Seizure at Bombay on 20 February 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3671)  
1(a). Opium: 907.2 g  
2. The above-mentioned opium of unknown origin was found in the possession of Mustan Ali Mohamed when he was detained and searched before boarding the British steamship *Ordia* (Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.) bound for the Far East. The opium, which was valued at Rs. 243 (\$51), was destined for Singapore.  
3. On 13 May 1953, the accused was sentenced on a charge of illegal export to rigorous imprisonment and to a fine of Rs. 500 (\$105) or, in default, to a further term of five weeks.
- No. 475 Seizure at Bombay on 11 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3687)  
1(a). Opium: 1.8144 kg  
2. The above-mentioned opium of unknown origin was found during a routine search of the British steamship *Urlana*. The drug, which was valued at Rs. 480 (\$100), had been hidden in a tin below the steel plating of the tunnel, and was evidently destined for the Far East.
- No. 476 Seizure at Bombay on 21 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3692)  
1(a). Opium: 907.2 g



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2. Information was received that an attempt would be made to ship opium through carriers on the British steamship *Chusan* bound for Singapore via Colombo, Ceylon. A certain Telgu was detained when he tried to board the vessel, the above-mentioned opium being found in his possession. The drug, the origin of which was not known, was valued at Rs. 240 (\$50).

No. 477 Seizure at Bombay on 21 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3691)

1(a). Opium: 1.8144 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium of unknown origin was found on the steamship *Chusan* (Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.) bound for Singapore. Ownership of the drug, valued at Rs. 480 (\$100), could not be established.

No. 478 Seizure at Calcutta on 13 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3676)

1(a). Opium: 6.111 kg

2. A customs officer detected the above-mentioned opium of Indian origin which had been wrapped in greaseproof paper and placed in hermetically sealed tins and declared by Shri Bhim Sen Bajaj as containing pickles and brass utensils. The parcel was intended for shipment to Penang, Malaya, on the motor vessel *Eastern Queen*.

No. 479 Seizure at Dalanda, Madhya Bharat, on 22 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3693)

1(a). Opium: 15.162 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium of Indian origin was found in the bedding of Chhotu and Ramnarayan Muma Lal when they arrived by morot bus. They stated that they were only acting as carriers, but refused to give the names of the owners.

No. 480 Seizure at Dhamnood, Madhya Bharat, on 26 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3695)

1(a). Opium: 11.056 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium of unknown origin was found in a hotel, having been hidden in a folding table and in a piece of luggage. Chhote Khan and Ibrahim were involved in this seizure. The opium was valued at Rs. 600 (\$126).

No. 481 Seizure at Dhaula, Patiala, on 27 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3681)

1(a). Opium: 111.1 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium, packed in cotton bags, was found when a jeep arriving at the village was searched on suspicion. Kishore Chand, Bachan Singh and Meharban Singh were arrested. The opium, which was valued at Rs. 5,950 (\$1,249), was suspected to be of Pakistani origin.

No. 482 Seizure at Gangapur, Rajasthan, on 1 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3696)

1(a). Raw opium: 74.649 kg

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2. Five large tins containing opium, packed in wooden planks, had been sent from Bhawani Mandi Rajathan to Delhi in the name of a certain Ram Nath Kanhyalal, consigned to "Self". The tins were opened on suspicion at Gangapur railway station, when the opium was seized. The alleged consignor disappeared. The opium, valued at Rs.24,000 (\$5,040), was of Indian origin.

No. 483 Seizure at Gurkha Ghat Chengail, Howrah District, on 10 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3700)

1(a). Opium: 27.059 kg

2. Acting upon information received that opium was to be smuggled across the Ganges, a watch was kept and a party of smugglers were observed approaching a boat at Gurkha Ghat. By the time the Preventive party, which was in a boat, could close up to the bank, the smugglers, three or four in number, made good their escape under cover of darkness. They left two bags behind, however, which were found to contain the above-mentioned opium of Indian origin.

No. 484 Seizure at Kashi Barlia, Madhya Bharat, on 24 February 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3673)

1(a). Raw opium: 15.489 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium was found following raids on the houses of Juma Khan and a woman named Khatun. The origin of the drug was not known.

No. 485 Seizure at Madras on 29 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3683)

1(a). Opium: 12 g

2. When Ma Hoo Singh, Chinese fitter on board the British steamship *Isipingo*, was leaving the harbour, he was searched on suspicion, the above-mentioned opium being found in his pocket. There was no information available with regard to the origin of the drug.

3. The accused was charged with illegal export and fined Rs.10 (\$2.10).

No. 486 Seizure at Nandi Mansa on 10 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3675)

1(a). Opium: 13.237 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium was found in the possession of Shri Ram when he arrived by train. The origin of the opium was not known.

No. 487 Seizure at Senthil, Rajasthan, on 13 April 1952. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3706)

1(a). Raw opium: 36.391 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium of unknown origin was found in the possession of a certain Magna.

No. 488 Seizure at Shargarh, Madhya Bharat, on 11 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3701)

1(a). Opium: 11.896 kg

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2. The above-mentioned opium of unknown origin was found underneath a layer of wax in a tin which was left at the railway station with some bedding. The opium was stated to be valued at Rs. 1,225 (\$257)

No. 489 Seizure at Tanjore, Madras State, on 20 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3707)

1(a). Opium: 3.732 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium of Indian origin was found on the persons of Ramdoss and Santhanagopala Naidu, residents of Seithur, French Settlement. The drug had been destined for Karaikal in the French Settlement.

No. 490 Seizure at Worli, Bombay State, on 20 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3679)

1(a). Opium: 97.976 kg

2. Information was received that a large quantity of opium would be smuggled into Bombay by motor car from Madhya Bharat, and a strict watch was kept on the movement of the suspected persons and vehicles. After the cars had been put in a garage, a search was made, resulting in the recovery of the above-mentioned opium, which had been hidden in a specially constructed compartment in the hood of the car. It appeared to be crude Indian opium, smuggled from the poppy growing areas. Gulam Hussain Abdul Hakim and Chedikhan Dildarkhan, drivers of the cars, were arrested, but Jumma Khan, an organizer of the illicit traffic, could not be traced. The opium was valued at Rs. 52,005 (\$10,921).

No. 491 Seizure at Djakarta on 28 February 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Indonesia on 31 July 1953. (3735)

1(a). Raw opium: 19 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium of unknown origin was brought ashore from the British motor-vessel *Tong Hoa* (Kie Hock Shipping Co., Singapore) coming from Singapore, by Gok Boon, greaser on board the vessel. He had arranged beforehand to divide the drug among Wong Song Tjong, Djakaria bin Djaenudin, La Sanusi bin La Padundi, La Saha bin Beie and Umar bin Din, who were to bring it outside the harbour area, but they were stopped and searched on suspicion by the police. Gok Boon absconded.

No. 492 Seizure at Tamatave, Madagascar, on 9 December 1952. Report communicated by the Government of France on 12 August 1953. (3752)

1(a). Raw opium: 11 kg

2. Jean Menghi, crewmember of the French steamship *Eridan* (Massageries Maritimes) asked Fidèle Timen Rasolo, chief timekeeper of the shipping company, to take a packet on his motor bicycle out of the port area for a sum of 3,000 francs (\$8.57). The latter had refused but had put him in touch with the employees of the company, Etablissements Verne, one of whose trucks was being unloaded alongside the ship. Two of these men, Paul Randrianarivelo and Jean Karama, agreed to take the packet on being told that it contained bread. It was found hidden under a number of empty cases and old papers when the truck arrived at the customs gate.

The opium, the origin of which was unknown, was found to have the following analysis:

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Humidity .....	16.7%
Calcium extract .....	36.69%
Morphine in the assayed opium .....	12.21%
Morphine in the dry opium .....	14.52%

- No. 493 Seizure at Port Louis, Mauritius, on 16 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 12 August 1953. (3746)
- 1(a). Raw opium: 5 g  
(Prepared opium: 10 g)
  2. For further details, see Case No. 514A
- No. 494 Seizure at Ciudad Juarez, Chihuahua, on 30 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Mexico on 3 July 1953. (3667)
- 1(a). Opium substance: 1.7 g
  2. The above-mentioned substance was found in the possession of Manuel Polo Gamboa. There was no information available as to the origin of the drug.
- No. 495 Seizure at Rotterdam on 14 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the Netherlands on 17 July 1953. (3715)
- 1(a). Raw opium: 1 kg
  2. The above-mentioned raw opium of unknown origin was found in the clothing of See Tho Kum Wah, 23-year-old, messroom boy, from the Norwegian tanker *Tank Prince* coming from Aden; Mena el Ahmadi, Kuwait; and Capetown, South Africa.
- No. 496 Seizure at Rotterdam on 27 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the Netherlands on 17 July 1953. (3716)
- 1(a). Raw opium: 500 g
  2. The above-mentioned raw opium was found in the clothing of Lee Yee Tiang, 54-year-old stoker on board the tanker *Erinna* coming from Abadan, Iran; and Suez, Egypt. The drug had been purchased by the accused in Fao harbour on the Persian Gulf.
  3. On 29 May 1953, Tiang was sentenced to imprisonment for fourteen days.
- No. 497 Seizure at Singapore on 3 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 13 July 1953. (3662)
- 1(a). Raw opium: 22.6796 kg
  2. The above-mentioned opium of unknown origin was found hidden above the ceiling of a room adjoining the garage of premises occupied by Khoo Lin Keng, a 38-year-old clerk.
- No. 498 Seizure at Singapore on 11 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 13 July 1953. (3663)
- 1(a). Raw opium: 58.0596 kg
  2. In the early hours of the morning of 11 April, three parcels were seen being lowered by rope from the steamship *Taksang* (The China Navigation Co.) coming from Calcutta, India to a motor sampan tied alongside. Upon being opened

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subsequently, the parcels were found to contain the above-mentioned opium, which was believed to be of Indian origin. Goh Way Yam and Goh Boon Peng, both Hokkien Chinese, were arrested in connexion with this seizure.

- No. 499 Seizure at Singapore on 12 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 13 July 1953. (3664)  
1(a). Raw opium: 38.3285 kg  
2. The above-mentioned raw opium, believed to be of Indian origin, was found hidden in a special compartment in a motor sampan tied alongside the steamship *Taksang* (The China Navigation Co.) coming from Calcutta. Ng Chwee Keng, Loh Cheng Hai and Tham Fatt, all Chinese, were arrested.
- No. 500 Seizure at Singapore on 25 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 22 July 1953. (3724)  
1(a). Raw opium: 1474.178 kg  
2. The above-mentioned opium, believed to be of Yunnan origin, was found in a lorry which was stopped after having been followed from the rural area to the city district of Singapore. The opium, which was packed in 82 tins, had been concealed under a load of firewood; the tins were wrapped in wet sacking which smelt of fish. Teoh Joon Hong and Ang Tuan Chuan, the occupants of the lorry, were arrested.
- No. 501 Seizure at Singapore on 14 June 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 12 August 1953. (3747)  
1(a). Raw opium: 39.916 kg  
2. The above-mentioned raw opium in slab form, was found between decks by the entrance to the engine-room on the Panamanian steamship *Ranheim* (Pan Norse Steamship Co., Hong Kong) plying between Indonesian ports, Rangoon, Penang and Singapore. The origin of the opium was probably Burmese and it was believed that it had just been removed from the engine-room for off-loading.
- No. 570a Seizure at Tunis, Tunisia, on 18 June 1953. Report communicated by the Government of France on 11 August 1953. (3761)  
1(a). Opium: 24.5 g  
(Takrouri: 1.75 kg)  
2. For further details, see Case No. 570
- No. 502 Seizure at Bristol, England, on 16 June 1953. Report No. 272 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 27 July 1953. (3731)  
1(a). Raw opium: 907.2 g  
2. The above-mentioned opium was found during a Customs rummage on the British steamship *Tangistan* (F.C.Strick & Co.Ltd.) coming from Basra, Mena-al-Ahmadi, Bahrein, Aden, Suez, Port Said, Venice and Genoa. The drug had been concealed behind a water tank; efforts to trace the owner were unsuccessful. There were no identifying marks or labels from which the origin could be seen.
- No. 503 Seizure at Ellesmere Port, England, on 5 June 1953. Report No. 271 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 27 July 1953. (3730)

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1(a). Raw opium: 4.0824 kg

2. When Tang Ee Huat, Chinese sailor from the British motor vessel *Lyria*, (Anglo-Saxon Petroleum Co.Ltd.) coming from Egypt, Cyprus and Bahrein, was searched, 1,8144 kg of raw opium were found on his person. He stated that he had purchased the drug in Bahrein. A second lot of opium was found in the grass alongside the dock, but the origin could not be identified.

3. The accused was sentenced to imprisonment for six months.

No. 504 Seizure at Gosport, England, on 11 June 1953. Report No. 273 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 27 July 1953. (3732)

1(a). Raw opium: 1.8144 kg

(Indian hemp: 1.5876 kg)

2. The above-mentioned drugs were found in the hand luggage of Umar Bawa, 32-year-old Indian stoker on the Indian Navy ship *Ranjit*. The accused stated that he had been given the drugs by an Indian in Bombay.

3. Umar Bawa was fined £50 (\$140)

2. Prepared Opium

- No 505 Seizure at Sydney on 30 January 1953. Report No. 6 communicated by the Government of Australia on 20 August 1953. (3758)  
1(a). Prepared opium: 453.6 g  
2. The above-mentioned prepared opium was found hidden under a lighted boiler in the engine room of the British steamship *Chyebassa* (MacDonald Hamilton & Co.) coming from Barah, Karachi, Bombay and Colombo.
- No. 506 Seizure at Curacao on 6 July 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the Netherlands Antilles on 19 August 1953. (3751)  
1(a). Prepared opium: 9 g  
2. The above-mentioned prepared opium was found in a bag belonging to Chang Cheng, a Chinese, when his house was searched. He stated that he had purchased the drug from an unknown sailor and it was suspected that it might have been brought in on a tanker of the Anglo-Saxon Oil Company. The origin of the opium was unknown.  
3. On 10 July 1953, Chang Cheng was sentenced to imprisonment for two weeks.
- No. 507 Seizures in the Federation of Malaya during March and April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 13 July 1953. (3665)  
This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a quantity of prepared opium as follows:  
Chandu: 13.0176 kg  
Chandu dross: 86.9 g  
(Opium: 37.8264 kg)
- A. Seizure at Rantau on 6 March 1953.  
1(a). Chandu: 3.6288 kg  
3. Esa bin Musa was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 10,200 (\$3366) or, in default, to rigorous imprisonment for seven months. The fine was not paid.
- B. Seizure at Dungen on 23 March 1953.  
1(a). Chandu: 1.4742 kg  
3. Tan Sheng Hup was sentenced to imprisonment for six months.
- C. Seizure at Penang on 1 April 1953.  
1(a). Chandu: 907.2 g  
3. Phuah Cheng Lee was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for two months and to a fine of Straits dollars 500 (\$165) or, in default, to imprisonment for five months. The fine was not paid.
- D. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 4 April 1953.  
1(a). Chandu: 24.2 g  
2. Tan Hoon Tho and Ten Meng were arrested in connexion with this seizure.

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E. Seizure at Alor Star on 8 April 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 509.5 g  
(Opium: 793.8 g)
- 2.. For further details, see Case No. 460 G

F. Seizure at Klang on 11 April 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 3.5774 kg  
(Opium: 29.0266 kg)
2. For further details, see Case No. 460 H

G. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 4 April 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 28 g  
(Opium: 1.6556 kg)
2. For further details, see Case No. 460 D

H. Seizure at Batu Pahat on 11 April 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 11.3 g
3. Wong Meu Chun was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 500 (\$165) or, in default, to rigorous imprisonment for five months.

I. Seizure at Batu Pahat on 11 April 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 274.1 g
2. Lim Yong Seng was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

J. Seizure at Batu Pahat on 13 April 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 202.2 g
2. Chai Chon Kiat was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

K. Seizure at Penang on 13 April 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 604.8 g
3. Lee Yik was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 500 (\$165) or, in default, to rigorous imprisonment for three months. The fine was paid.

L. Seizure at Kedah on 13 April 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 263.1 g  
(Opium: 2.268 kg)
2. For further details, see Case No. 460 J

M. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 14 April 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 723.5 g
2. Lim Tua Tau and Lui Yong Chin were arrested in connexion with this seizure.

N. Seizure at Malacca on 20 April 1953.



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- 1(a). Chandu: 10.6 g
2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.

O. Seizure at Padang Serai on 21 April 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 757.5 g  
Chandu dross: 86.9 g
2. Lee Chong Foon was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

No. 508 Seizures in the Federation of Malaya during May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 6 August 1953. (3744)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of prepared opium as follows:

Chandu: 98.8037 kg  
(Opium: 907.2 g)

A. Seizure at Batu Pahat on 2 May 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 452.7 g
2. Gam Sim Wan, Lim Cheng Hiang, Gam Sim and a woman named Quak Chui Leng, were arrested in connexion with this seizure.

B. Seizure at Taiping on 6 May 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 28.7 g
2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.

C. Seizure at Kodiang on 7 May 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 1.4704 kg
3. Ching Mai Choon was sentenced to a fine of 2,000 Straits dollars (\$660) or, in default, to six months imprisonment. The fine was not paid.

D. Seizure at Changloon on 11 May 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 96.0876 kg
2. Tek Sae Khong, M. Prasert Boontham and Nai Tamnan Chehmard were arrested in connexion with this seizure.

E. Seizure at Nebang Tebal on 15 May 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 370.4 g  
(Opium: 907.2 g)
2. For further details, see Case No. 461 D

F. Seizure at Ipoh on 23 May 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 113.4 g
3. Ng Boon Chiew was sentenced to a fine of 600 Straits dollars (\$198) or, in default, to three months imprisonment. He paid 200 Straits dollars, promising to pay the balance within a week.

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G. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 26 May 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 281.4 g
2. Kuan Ah Kwee was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

No. 509 Seizures in the Federation of Malaya during June 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 25 August 1953. (3762)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of prepared opium as follows:

- Chandu: 8.1343 kg  
Chandu dross: 404.5 g  
(Opium: 37.0355 kg)

A. Seizure at Batu Pahat on 4 June 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 16.6 g
2. Gui Yu Lai was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

B. Seizure at Pontian on 5 June 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 1.4833 kg  
(Opium: 251.4 g)
2. A woman named Heng Choon Khim was involved in this seizure.

C. Seizure at Taiping on 7 June 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 2.7889 kg  
Chandu dross: 404.5 g  
(Opium: 34.9697 kg)
2. For further details, see Case No. 462 G

D. Seizure at Kelantan on 15 June 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 2.7216 kg
3. Che Ibrahim *alias* Ma'alaf was sentenced to imprisonment for six months and to a fine of 10,000 Straits dollars (\$3,300) or, in default, to an additional term of six months.

E. Seizure at Kota Bharu on 23 June 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 633.2 g
3. Na Thian Huat was sentenced to a fine of 3,000 Straits dollars (\$990) or, in default to imprisonment for one year.

F. Seizure at Ipoh on 22 June 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 38.6 g
3. Cheah Chee Hoong was sentenced to a fine of 550 Straits dollars (\$181.50) or, in default, to rigorous imprisonment for four months and two weeks.

G. Seizure in the Malacca River on 24 June 1953.

- 1(a). Chandu: 226.8 g

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(Opium: 1.8144 kg)

2. For further details, see Case No. 462 J

H. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 25 June 1953.

1(a). Chandu: 225.3 g

3. A woman named Koh Ah Mui was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

No. 510 Seizure at Hong Kong on 13 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 22 July 1953. (3721)

1(a). Prepared opium: 12.3606 kg

(Raw opium: 7.6 g)

2. The above-mentioned drugs were found in the possession of Lam Oi alias Ngai Por. There was no information as regards the origin.

3. On 20 May 1953, Lam Oi was sentenced to imprisonment for eighteen months.

No. 511 Seizure at Hong Kong on 18 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 22 July 1953. (3722)

1(a). Prepared Opium: 1.512 kg

2. The above-mentioned prepared opium of Indian origin, Tiger Brand, was found in possession of Chow Chor on board the British motor vessel *Tai Loy* coming from Macao.

3. On 20 April 1953, Chow Chor was fined HK\$2000 (\$350) with an alternative sentence of six months imprisonment on a charge of possession.

No. 470a Seizure at Wang Hing Village, Hong Kong, on 19 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 13 July 1953. (3660)

1(a). Prepared opium: 30.6 g

Opium dross: 491.4 g

(Raw opium: 529.2 g)

2. For further details, see Case No. 470

No. 512 Seizure at Pontianak on 4 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Indonesia on 31 July 1953. (3736)

1(a). Prepared opium: 295.3 g

2. The above-mentioned prepared opium was found hidden under the clothing of Khouw Thiang She, crew-member of the Netherlands motor vessel *Labuan Hadji* (Royal Packet Navigation Co.) coming from Singapore.

No. 513 Seizures in Mauritius during April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 21 July 1953. (3719)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of prepared opium as follows:

50 g

A. Seizure at Port Louis on 4 April 1953.

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1(a). Prepared opium: 10 g

2. The above-mentioned opium was found in the possession of Raymond Ahtow, a clerk, and Germaine Lionnet, following a police raid on a house in Arsenal Street.

3. On 15 May 1953, they were each fined Rs.100 (\$21) plus costs.

B. Seizure at Port Louis on 9 April 1953.

1(a). Prepared opium: 15 g

2. The police found the above-mentioned opium in the possession of one Hajee Ramoojee *alias* Poutou.\*

3. On 27 May 1953, the accused was sentenced to hard labour for two years.

C. Seizure at Beaux Bassins on 20 April 1953.

1(a). Prepared opium: 25 g

2. The above-mentioned opium was found in a tin box in the possession of Han Ip Hing *alias* Etienne Ah Niap, a bread seller.

No. 514 Seizures in Mauritius during May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 12 August 1953. (3746)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of prepared opium as follows:

Prepared opium: 60 g

Opium dross: 40 g

(Raw opium: 5 g)

A. Seizure at Port Louis on 16 May 1953.

1(a). Prepared opium: 10 g

(Raw opium: 5 g)

2. The above-mentioned drugs were found following a raid on the house of Cheong Fah *alias* Ah Cheong Fah. The prepared opium had been hidden between iron sheets forming part of the partition of the accused's room.

B. Seizure at Port Louis on 29 May 1953.

1(a). Prepared opium: 50 g

Opium dross: 40 g

2. The above-mentioned opium and dross were found following a raid on a room occupied by Lai Hong, Lai Chuen *alias* Ah Soon, Chow Cheong and Yow Kok Foo.

No. 515 Seizure at Calexico, California, on 25 April 1953. Report No. 1293 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 9 July 1953. (3657)

1(a). Prepared opium: 1.0206 kg

2. When Francisca Gonzalez de Perez and Isabel Llamas de Gonzalez were

\*See Summary of Illicit Transactions and Seizures, E/NS.1951/5, Case No. 779A

stopped near the Greyhound Bus Station, six tins were found in possession of the first-named which contained a substance resembling smoking opium. The second woman stated that she had brought in the opium from Mexico hidden on her person. Both were arrested.

No. 516 Seizure near Indio, California, on 26 April 1953, Report No. 1292 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 9 July 1953. (3656)

1(a). Prepared opium: 283.5 g

2. The above-mentioned prepared opium was found in a car coming from Mexico with four Mexicans hidden in the back seat. One of these, Tomas Jaral-Franco, admitted ownership of the drug.

3. *Morphine*

No. 517 Seizure at Nanaimo, British Columbia, on 4 June 1953. Report No. 26/53 communicated by the Government of Canada on 6 August 1953. (3745)

1(a). Morphine: 0.6 g

2. An alert retail druggist advised the police that an attractive woman had just purchased a hypodermic needle. The police therefore maintained watch and later on that evening they observed Edwin Sebastian Pfoh and Penny Tranto on one of the downtown streets. These two people are well known addicts with previous narcotic convictions, the woman Tranto also using the *alias* of Kline.\* They were followed to a hotel and a search of their room disclosed 18 capsules of morphine and some addict paraphernalia.

3. On 19 June 1953, Penny Tranto *alias* Kline was sentenced to imprisonment for one year with hard labour and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$201) or, in default, to an additional two months, whilst on 23 June 1953, Pfoh was sentenced to four years in the penitentiary and to a similar fine.

No. 518 Seizure at Singapore on 7 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 29 August 1953. (3770)

1(a). Morphine: 576 g

2. The above-mentioned morphine of unknown origin was found in the possession of a Chinese labourer named Choo Liang Hin. The drug had been hidden in the hollow of an electric torch.

\*See *Summary of Illicit Transactions and Seizures*, E/NS.1949/Summary 4, Case 557.

## 4. Heroin

- No. 519 Seizure at Toronto, Ontario, on 9 June 1953. Report No. 24-53 communicated by the Government of Canada on 24 July 1953. (3733)
- 1(a). Heroin: 0.06 g
  2. The police were informed that a local distributor was in the habit of "planting" caches of narcotics at the base of an electric light pole and arrangements were therefore made to keep that point under observation. On 9 June a search of the area revealed a wrapped parcel containing 10 capsules of heroin and two of these were removed. Three hours later Wilfrid Tutty\* and a woman companion arrived, when Tutty removed the cache, placing it in his mouth and swallowing it before the police could seize the packet. However, the two capsules which they had removed constituted sufficient evidence for his arrest and conviction.
  3. On 17 June 1953, Tutty was sentenced to imprisonment for two years and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$200) or, in default, to one day's imprisonment.
- No. 520 Seizure at Vancouver, British Columbia, on 8 March 1953. Report No. 21/53 communicated by the Government of Canada on 3 July 1953. (3652)
- 1(a). Heroin: approximately 0.03 g
  2. An undercover police officer approached the house of Jean Moxon, a housewife, and rang the bell. She answered the door and enquired at one whether he wanted to "score". When the officer replied in the affirmative, he was given a capsule of heroin for which he paid Can.\$5 (\$5.05). The woman was subsequently arrested.
  3. On 27 April 1953, Jean Moxon was sentenced on a charge of illegal sale to imprisonment for three years and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$203) or, in default, to an additional two months.
- No. 521 Seizures at Vancouver, British Columbia, on 16, 17 and 18 March 1953. Report No. 22/53 communicated by the Government of Canada on 3 July 1953. (3653)
- 1(a). Heroin: approximately 0.1 g
  2. An undercover police officer was introduced to John M. Mackenzie, a drycleaner, by a well-known addict, and on three successive days was able to purchase a capsule of heroin; in each case the arrangements were made by the addict. Mackenzie was arrested and a warrant issued for the arrest of the addict who, however, could not be located to date.
  3. On 6 May 1953, Mackenzie was sentenced on a charge of illegal sale to imprisonment for five years and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$203) or, in default, to an additional two months.
- No. 522 Seizure at Vancouver, British Columbia, on 6 April 1953. Report No. 28/53 communicated by the Government of Canada on 26 August 1953. (3769)
- 1(a). Heroin: 0.1 g
  2. A police officer working undercover met Gerald Feeny in a café who asked him if he had ten dollars, stating he would get 3 capsules of heroin for that amount if the officer would give him half a capsule. This was agreed to and they

\*See *Summary of Illicit Transactions and Seizures*, E/NS.1949/Summary 4, Case 557.

proceeded to a meeting with Michael Burns. On the way they met Paul Ladd who made the officer a similar proposition. When Burns was met he was accompanied by Gerald Gibson and Burns asked the officer if he "wanted three". On receiving an affirmative reply, the officer was told to go with Gibson who, in Burns' presence, provided 3 capsules. Part of the above proceedings were observed by other officers.

3. On 30 June 1953, Burns, Feeny and Gibson were each sentenced to imprisonment for five years and a fine of Can.\$200 (\$201) or, in default, to an additional 30 days, on a charge of unlawful sale, whilst Ladd was sentenced to imprisonment for four years and to a similar fine on a charge of unlawful offer of sale.

No. 523 Seizure at Vancouver, British Columbia, on 20 May 1953. Report No. 25/53 communicated by the Government of Canada on 24 July 1953. (3734)

1(a). Heroin: 0.06 g

2. The police were informed that a man had been observed hiding an object in a lane at the rear of his home. A search of the area disclosed a rubber container with 20 capsules of heroin and two capsules were removed for evidence and analysis. During the evening of 20 May, James Miller\* paid two visits to the cache, taking the container with him the second time. When accosted by the police he succeeded in swallowing it but the two capsules that had been removed served to establish his possession.

3. On 3 July 1953, Miller was sentenced to imprisonment for two and one half years and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$200) or, in default, to an additional term of one month.

No. 524 Seizure at Windsor, Ontario, on 20 February 1953. Report No. 20/53 communicated by the Government of Canada on 3 July 1953. (3651)

1(a). Heroin: Approximately 0.1 g

2. Information was received that Raymond Gauthier, a labourer, and Wilda Raymond, a dressmaker, were selling heroin to local addicts. The addicts would phone their requirements and one of the above-mentioned people would secure the amount from a cache in the yard and supply the addict when he called. Observation was therefore maintained and one of the addicts seized; his clothes were borrowed by a police officer who then gained admission to the house and arrested the woman.

3. On 29 April 1953, Gauthier was sentenced on a charge of possession to imprisonment for four years and to a fine of Can.\$600 (\$610) or, in default, to an additional year; whilst the woman Raymond was sentenced on a similar charge to imprisonment for eighteen months and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$203) or, in default, to an additional four months.

No. 525 Seizure at Hong Kong on 21 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 25 August 1953. (3763)

1(a). Heroin: 708.7 g

2. A certain Yu Yau Fai was arrested for possession of the above-mentioned heroin. There was no information available as to the origin.

\*See E/NS.1947/111 and 112



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No. 526 Seizure at Luino on 24 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Italy on 14 July 1953. (3713)

1(a). Heroin: 250 g

2. The military police seized the above-mentioned heroin from the brothers Pietro and Gervasio Pozzi. It was stated that the heroin, the origin of which was not known, had been imported by a certain Claire Diot of Paris, who owned a laundry at 4, Rue d'Aix, the Blanchisserie Dohis.

No. 527 Seizure in British-United States Zone, Trieste, on 9 May 1953. Report communicated by the authorities of the Free Territory of Trieste on 3 July 1953. (3654)

1(a). Heroin: 561 g

2. The above-mentioned heroin, which was 98.6% pure, was found in the possession of Giacomo Gusmeri, who had received it for purposes of sale in Trieste from one Ino Novel. The latter had, in turn, obtained the drug from Rodolfo Pertusi. No information was available as to the origin of the heroin, as Pertusi was still at large at the time of this report.

5. Cocaine

- No. 528 Seizure at Amritsar on 20 January 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 31 March 1953. (3709)  
1(a). Cocaine: 2.6 g  
2. Information was received that Harbans and Brij Mohan, the son of the proprietor of a firm of druggists in Kalra Suffair, Amritsar, were attempting to sell cocaine to smugglers from Bombay and Delhi. The shop in question was raided, the above-mentioned cocaine, contained in a glass tube, being seized. The drug was valued at Rs.25 (\$5.25).
- No. 529 Seizure at Bombay on 14 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3702)  
1(a). Cocaine: 0.7 g  
2. The above-mentioned cocaine, in a glass tube, was found following a raid on a tin manufacturing shop in the Nal Bazaar. Six persons, Abdul Kadar Sayehnoor, Faza Hussain Allahrakha, Mohd. Raza Mohd. Ibrahim, Munshi Raza Mohd. Ibrahim, Ibrahimshah Rehman Shah and Abdul Mutalab Abdul Latif, were arrested.
- No. 530 Seizure at Bombay on 15 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3703)  
1(a). Cocaine: 29.2 g  
2. The above-mentioned cocaine of unknown origin was found following a search of a flour mill on Undiria Street. The drug, valued at Rs.512 (\$107), was in one bottle and two cardboard boxes. Three persons, Abdulla, Usman and Jos were arrested. A fourth man, Ismail Gani, escaped.
- No. 531 Seizure at Hyderabad on 1 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3686)  
1(a). Cocaine: 453.6 g  
2. The above-mentioned cocaine had been brought in by some unknown person from Goa, Portuguese India, for sale in Hyderabad. It was found, following information received, in a gun foundry in the city, and four people were arrested in connexion with the seizure, E.E. Ploughman, Lachman, Habeebullah Sarear and Ibrahim Patnay. The bottle bore a label of May & Baker Ltd., England.
- No. 532 Seizure at Sawantwadi, Bombay, on 21 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3680)  
1(a). Cocaine hydrochloride: 28.4 g  
2. The above-mentioned cocaine, which was packed in a bottle bearing a label of May & Baker, Ltd., England, was found following a search of the house and shop of a certain Sonu Saju Salkar.

## 6. Indian Hemp

- No. 532A Seizure at Aden on 16 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 22 July 1953. (3725)
- 1(a). Hashish: 311.8 g
  2. The above-mentioned hashish of Ethiopian origin was found in the possession of Taher Abdullah Sa'id, a Yemenese. The police searched him, on being informed that he always kept some hashish with him for sale to other persons.
  3. The accused was sentenced to a fine of sh.300 (\$42) or, in default, to rigorous imprisonment for three months. The fine was not paid.
- No. 533 Seizure at Tawahi, Aden, on 2 June 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 22 July 1953. (3727)
- 1(a). Hashish: 113.4 g
  2. The above-mentioned hashish of Indian origin, was found in the hand bag of Muhammad Sa'id Muhd. Hasan, 45-year-old Indian cook on the steamship *Dorsetshire*. The accused stated that he had purchased the hashish in Crater, Aden, for his personal use.
  3. The accused was fined sh.100 (\$14); the hashish was destroyed.
- No. 534 Seizure at Bone, Algeria, on 29 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of France on 29 July 1953. (3739)
- 1(a). Indian hemp: 7 kg
  2. The above-mentioned Indian hemp was found in the possession of Bengrid Tahar ben Abdallah and Benchik Tayeb, the latter being still at large. The hemp had been cultivated in the Constantine area.  
The drug, which had been purchased in unprepared form by Benchik for 13,000 francs (\$37.14) per kilogramme, was sold by Bengrid, after he had prepared it for smoking, for 50 francs (\$0.14) per packet of 6 g.
- No. 535 Seizure at Bone, Algeria, on 7 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of France on 29 July 1953. (3740)
- 1(a). Indian hemp: 20 kg
  2. A certain Benhaous Mazzouz ben Hocine *alias* Lagueb had gone to Constantine in the company of Saouli Mostapha in order to collect Indian hemp. They fell out, however, regarding the share to which each of them should be entitled and Benhaous took possession of the whole of the above-mentioned quantity of Indian hemp, fearing the intentions of his associate. The latter thereupon denounced him to the police. According to Benhaous, the producers of the drug at N'Gaous sold the hemp for 400 francs (\$1.14) per kilogramme.
- No. 536 Seizure at Sydney on 23 January 1953. Report No. 1 communicated by the Government of Australia on 20 August 1953. (3753)
- 1(a). Marihuana: 56.7 g
  2. The above-mentioned marihuana was found hidden in the nozzle of a fire hose outside crews quarters on the British vessel *Stanvac Karachi* (Vacuum Oil Company) coming from Tandjong Uban.

No. 537 Seizure at Montreal, Quebec, on 4 June 1953. Report No. 23-53 communicated by the Government of Canada on 10 July 1953. (3712)

1(a). Marihuana: 32 cigarettes and a small quantity of chopped marihuana

2. Information was received that Diego Perez Romero, a Spanish seaman, 39-years-old, employed on the steamship *Rosa Smith* coming from Rouen, France, was in possession of marihuana. He was therefore searched when he left the ship, the above-mentioned cigarettes and chopped marihuana being found in his possession. The origin of the marihuana was Casablanca, French Morocco.

3. On 5 June 1953, Romero was sentenced on a charge of possession to imprisonment for six months and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$200) or, in default, to an additional term of one month.

No. 538 Seizure at Montreal, Quebec, on 9 July 1953. Report No. 27-53 communicated by the Government of Canada on 26 August 1953. (3768)

1(a). Cannabis sativa: 708.7 g

2. On 8 July a confidential informant reported that the steamship *Danaholm* (Swedish-American Line) was due to dock and that a crewmember by the name of "Benny" was in possession of a large quantity of marihuana which he would attempt to smuggle into the country for sale. When the boat docked, a search was carried out for this man but it was learned that he had left the ship and could not be located.

The next day the informer advised the police again that he had found "Benny" and was with him at Mathews Lunch, a café, and arrangements were made for officers to meet both men and act as undercover agents in order to purchase the drugs. "Benny" and the informer were met, as planned, and after a brief conversation a deal was made to purchase 2 lbs. (907.2 g) of marihuana for 300 Canadian dollars (\$302) and 100 American dollars. The party then proceeded to a side street near Shed No. 4 at the harbour and "Benny" left alone to go on board the ship and pick up the marihuana. When he returned with the drug he was arrested.

"Benny", whose real name is Bengt Gosha Ingermar Rosengren, is a 21-year-old Swedish seaman working for the past two years on the *Danaholm*. This vessel had docked four times since the beginning of 1953 in Montreal, but Rosengren would not admit previous smuggling. It was learned, however, that marihuana had been smuggled previously into the country by crew members of the same ship and had sold the drug at the Shuma Baths, 802 Lusignan Street, but a search of these premises and the ship met with negative results.

The marihuana seized was in an exceptionally crude form, containing a large quantity of seeds, coarse stems and other matter from the plant. It was packed in black cloth bags made of cheap cotton, each bag containing about 360 g. The origin of the marihuana was unknown, but as the ship sailed directly from Veracruz, Mexico, it was presumed that the drug was obtained there.

3. On 16 July 1953, Rosengren was sentenced to imprisonment for six months and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$201) or, in default, to an additional month.

No. 539 Seizure at Mari, Cyprus, on 14 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 13 July 1953. (3659)

1(a). Hashish: 177.1 g

2. The above-mentioned hashish, which was in a small sack of white cloth, was found concealed in a hole of the wall of the toilet in the home of Moustafa Remzi, a farmer. It was believed to be part of a quantity of hashish which had been found by some shepherds on the seashore during 1951, which had been put ashore for transit purposes by a sailing vessel taking hashish from Syria to Egypt.

3. On 14 July 1953, the accused was sentenced to imprisonment for three months and to a fine of 29/- (\$4.06).

No. 540 Seizures at Varosha, Cyprus, on 12 and 14 June 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 5 August 1953. (3743)

1(a). Indian hemp: 145.8 g

2. While Andreas Serghiou Florides *alias* Blackis was driving two petty officers to their ship in the harbour, he took out a small piece of Indian hemp from the dashboard of his car and offered it to them, stating that he could provide them with a larger amount which they could sell in Egypt at a good profit. He did not accept any money for the drug and the officers reported the matter to the police. Police agents were used to contact the accused and two days later he was arrested with more Indian hemp in his possession.

Florides stated that he would purchase the Indian hemp, suspected to be of Lebanese origin, from a certain Pavlos Photiou and for this purpose he required money in advance. As, however, he could not obtain the drug from Photiou he supplied the informers with a bag of hashish, which bore as markings two lions and a cypress tree, which he alleged had been given him by an Arab sailor. The premises of Photiou were searched but with no result and the latter, when interrogated, flatly denied the allegations of the accused.

3. On 15 June 1953, Florides was sentenced under Reg.5(c) and Reg.3 of the Dangerous Drugs Regulation 1926 to terms of imprisonment of four months and six months, to run concurrently, and he was fined £5 (\$14) under Section 75(f) and 76(d) of Cap.292 of the same Regulation.

No. 541 Seizure at Kantara on 26 November 1952. Report communicated by the Government of Egypt on 7 July 1953. (3729)

1(a). Hashish: 31.31 kg

2. A police force on patrol detected the footprints of three persons coming from the east, and after following these prints for some while three water-skins were found which contained the above-mentioned hashish. Some while later two persons were arrested, Soliman Salem Sewelem and Hassan Soliman Sewelem. A third person escaped.

The hashish was suspected to be of Syrian or Lebanese origin.

3. On 8 March 1953, the accused were each sentenced to imprisonment for two years and to a fine of £E.400 (\$1149).

No. 542 Seizure at Sinai Desert on 2 September 1952. Report communicated by the Government of Egypt on 7 July 1953. (3728)

1(a). Hashish: 232.5 kg

2. Information was received that a quantity of drugs would be smuggled through the desert on the backs of ten camels, and a force was sent to Agra where the tracks of seven animals were found. These tracks were followed as far as the prohibited area at Beireen where members of the force detected the tracks of four returning camels. After a pursuit of several miles the force was able to arrest three bedouins but failed to capture the animals. The bedouins denied all knowledge of the camels, but the above-mentioned quantity of hashish, together with a gun and some ammunition, was found following a search of their homes.

The hashish was suspected to be of Syrian or Lebanese origin.

3. Salama Eid El Hawwat was sentenced to imprisonment for five years

and to a fine of £E.800 (\$2298); Mohd. Alian Selim Kreidem was sentenced to imprisonment for three years and to fine of £E.600 (\$1723, while Ali Auda Eid was sentenced to a similar period of imprisonment and to a fine of £E.100 (\$287).

- No. 543 Seizures in the Federation of Malaya during April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 13 July 1953. (3665)  
This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of Indian hemp as follows:  
Cannabis Sativa: 7.56 kg
- A. Seizure at Penang on 3 April 1953.  
1(a). Cannabis Sativa: 4.536 kg  
2. There was no information available with regard to this seizure.
- B. Seizure at Penang on 28 April 1953.  
1(a). Cannabis Sativa: 3.024 kg  
2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.
- No. 544 Seizures in the Federation of Malaya during June 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 25 August 1953. (3762)  
This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of Indian hemp as follows:  
Cannabis sativa: 3.782 kg
- A. Seizure at Penang on 3 June 1953.  
1(a). Cannabis sativa: 672.8 g  
2. A certain S.M. Mohamad, an Indian, was arrested in connexion with this seizure.
- B. Seizure on 7 June 1953. (Place not indicated)  
1(a). Cannabis sativa: 680.4 g  
2. The above-mentioned cannabis was found on board the motor vessel *Membau* coming from Lho Seumawe, Sumatra.
- C. Seizure at Penang on 19 June 1953  
1(a). Cannabis sativa: 2.4288 kg  
2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.
- No. 545 Seizure at Paris on 7 July 1953. Report communicated by the Government of France on 8 August 1953. (3750)  
1(a). Marihuana: 100 g  
2. The above-mentioned marihuana of unknown origin was found in the possession of Milton Mesirov *alias* Mezzrow, an American band leader. The accused had drawn attention to his addiction through publication of the book "The rage to live" which became rather widespread among the young frequenters of the bars of St. Germain des Prés.

Summary of illicit transactions and seizures

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- No. 546 Seizure at Thionville on 23 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of France on 17 July 1953. (3714)  
1(a). Kif: 4,325 kg  
2. The attention of the Central Pharmaceutical Service was drawn to the frequent dispatch of registered parcels from Algeria to various points in France, which contained small quantities of kif. An investigation resulted in the arrest of Abdelkrim Ben Ali Ouldsaad, Messaoud Den Khoja Zenonda, Iachène Sahrane and Tayeb Badri. Zenonda had brought kif into France in the false bottom of a trunk.
- No. 547 Seizure at Amritsar on 20 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3690)  
1(a). Charas: 932.8 g  
2. The above-mentioned charas of Pakistani origin was found by Customs officials in the possession of one Curdip Singh, who had hidden the drug in his khaki drill jacket. A certain Pakistani named Kala from Narbar village, was implicated in this seizure. The charas was valued at Rs.100 (\$21).
- No. 548 Seizure at Banaras Cantt. on 24 February 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3672)  
1(a). Ganja: 46.656 kg  
2. A parcel containing 7 gas cylinders filled with Nepali ganja was found at the railway station; the parcel had been booked from Jogbani in Bihar. The ganja, which was valued at Rs. 15,000 (\$3150), was of Indian origin.
- No. 549 Seizure at Banihal, Jammu & Kashmir State, on 17 February 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3670)  
1(a). Charas: 4.66 kg  
2. The above-mentioned charas was found in the luggage of Abdul Gani Najar when he arrived by bus at the toll post. The drug was of Kashmiri origin.
- No. 550 Seizure at Bombay on 21 January 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 31 March 1953. (3710)  
1(a). Charas: 466 g  
2. Following information received, a watch was kept on the passengers landing from the Indian steamship *Saraswati* coming from Karachi, West Pakistan, and the above-mentioned charas was found on the person of Shaikh Mohammed, a Pakistani. The origin of the charas, which was destined for sale in Bombay, was not known.  
3. On 4 March 1953, the accused was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for three months and to a fine of Rs.500 (\$105) or, in default, to an additional six weeks, under Section 7(a) of the Dangerous Drugs Act of 1930.
- No. 551 Seizure at Bombay on 20 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3678)  
1(a). Bhang: 103.576 kg  
2. When nobody came to collect four parcels at the railway station, they were opened on suspicion, when the above-mentioned bhang was found. The drug had been sent from Delhi, the name and address given on the consignment being bogus. It was suspected that the bhang, valued at Rs.9,000 (\$1890), was destined for Bombay.

- No. 552 Seizure at Calcutta on 15 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3688)  
1(a). Ganja: 25.659 kg  
2. A certain Sudhir Kumar Das in the Naga Hills District of Assam had booked three wooden boxes through Messrs. Air Carrying Corporation from their Darjeeling office to a certain P.C. Das, Calcutta, declaring the contents as oranges. The boxes were kept under careful watch and were searched on delivery to the consignee at Calcutta, when the above-mentioned ganja was seized. The plane was a freight plane of Airways India Ltd. The ganja, which was of Indian origin, was valued at about Rs.8937 (\$1,877).
- No. 553 Seizure at Chandipur on 28 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3682)  
1(a). Ganja: 37.3248 kg  
2. The above-mentioned ganja was smuggled in from Nepal by Nepal Ahir. His brother Jaipal Ahir was also involved in this seizure. The Nepali ganja was valued at about Rs.6,400 (\$1,344).
- No. 554 Seizure at Dadar on 24 December 1952. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3705)  
1(a). Charas: 15.9793 kg  
2. Information was received that two registered parcels containing contraband had come in at the Dadar post office and been taken over by a certain Sayad Hussain Sayad Navaz, who was subsequently arrested. A second man, Ramesh Sarup of Srinagar, absconded. The charas was of Indian origin and was destined for Bombay.
- No. 555 Seizure at the Dall border, Indo-Pakistan frontier, on 6 January 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 31 March 1953. (3708)  
1(a). Charas: 9.442 kg  
2. An Indian patrol came across a party of smugglers leading a mare over the Indo-Pakistan frontier; the men absconded but the mare fell down, dropping its load, consisting of 8 flat slabs of charas. The packing was of a very peculiar character, the slabs being pressed together and wrapped in kraft paper with an outer covering of cellophane paper.  
The charas, which originated in West Pakistan, was valued at approximately Rs.5,000 (\$1050).
- No. 556 Seizure at Dhullulgoan, Madhya Bharat, on 4 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3697)  
1(a). Ganja: 12.363 kg  
2. The above-mentioned ganja, which was self-cultivated, was found in the house of one Tuliram. Another person, Gotupari, was also involved in this seizure. The ganja was valued at Rs.400 (\$84).
- No. 557 Seizure at Ganga Mahadeva, Basti District, on 16 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3704)  
1(a). Ganja: 33.591 kg



Summary of illicit transactions and seizures

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2. The above-mentioned ganja of Nepali origin was found following a raid on the village. Ram Pher *alias* Ramudar Das, Patti Khalsa Akhara and Chander Shekhar were arrested. The ganja was valued at Rs.10,800 (\$2,268).

No. 558 Seizures at Jagiara, Bihar State, on 18 and 19 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3689)

1(a). Ganja: 19.478 kg

2. The above-mentioned ganja of Nepali origin was found in bundles of clothes carried by Ram Chander Mandal and Narayan Mandal. It was valued at Rs. 5,000 (\$1050).

No. 559 Seizure at Jhansi on 8 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3698)

1(a). Bhang: 14.929 kg

2. The above-mentioned bhang of Indian origin was found in two pillows belonging to Mehar Singh *alias* Moti Singh when his luggage was searched after he arrived by train.

No. 560 Seizure at Kirkee, Bombay State, on 19 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3677)

1(a). Bhang: 53.187 kg

2. The above-mentioned bhang, possibly coming from East Punjab, was found in the luggage of Chotta Singh Janahar Singh, a military sepoy, when he arrived by train at the station.

No. 561 Seizure at Meerut on 25 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3694)

1(a). Charas: 6.298 kg

2. The above-mentioned charas of Nepali origin was found in the possession of Sukhbir Singh and Ram Praksh who had come from Dehra Dun intending to sell the drug in the city.

No. 562 Seizure at Muzafferpur, Bihar, on 30 March 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 13 July 1953. (3684)

1(a). Ganja: 33.592 kg

2. The above-mentioned ganja of Nepali origin, was found in a steel trunk brought to the station by Jadu Nath Pandey; the accused was dressed in military uniform and had no ticket. The value of the ganja was Rs.6,000 (\$1,260).

No. 563 Seizure at Ramdiri, Bihar State, on 5 February 1953. Report communicated by the Government of India on 31 March 1953. (3711)

1(a). Bhang: 1,437.395 kg

2. The above-mentioned wild bhang was found following a raid on the house of Dhorai Singh. The origin of the bhang, which was valued at Rs.23,655 (\$4,967), was not known.

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No. 564 Seizures in Mauritius during April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 21 July 1953. (3719)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of Indian hemp as follows:

Gandia: 183 g

A. Seizure at Roche Bois on 2 April 1953.

1(a). Gandia: 182 g

2. The above-mentioned gandia was found following a search of the premises of Narain Parsad Hamatally *alias* Pagla, a hawker of milk. The drug had been concealed in the kitchen.

3. On 10 June 1953, the accused was fined Rs.75 (\$15.75) plus costs.

B. Seizure at Port Louis on 14 April 1953.

1(a). Gandia: 1 g

2. The above-mentioned gandia was found when Harryparsad Khedun was searched at the police station following his arrest for vagrancy.

No. 565 Seizures in Mauritius during May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 12 August 1953. (3746)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of Indian hemp as follows:

Gandia: 486.6 g

A. Seizure at Port Louis on 12 May 1953.

1(a). Gandia leaves and seeds: 15 g

2. The above-mentioned gandia leaves and seeds were found in a cupboard in the room of A. Fok Chak. They were of local origin.

B. Seizure at Port Louis on 17 May 1953.

1(a). Gandia: 15 g

2. When Narain Abajee, a vegetable seller, was being searched at the police station, a small parcel containing the above-mentioned gandia, of local origin, was found in his pocket.

C. Seizure at Port Louis on 19 May 1953.

1(a). Gandia: 1 g

2. The above-mentioned gandia of local origin was found in the possession of Jannoo Hurdial.

3. On 17 June 1953, the accused was fined Rs.50 (\$10.50) plus costs.

D. Seizure at Camp de Masque on 20 May 1953.

1(a). Gandia leaves: 453.6 g

2. Following information received, Moonay Banayah, a docker, was stopped while driving in a taxi, the above-mentioned gandia, of local origin, being found.

## E. Seizure at St. Julien d'Hotman on 23 May 1953.

1(a). Gandia leaves: 2 g

2. The above-mentioned gandia of local origin was found when the house of Chattergoon Ramlochan was searched for illicit rum.

No. 566 Seizure at Port Louis, Mauritius, on 12 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 21 July 1953. (3720)

1(a). Gandia: 2 g

2. The above-mentioned gandia was found in the possession of Mucklas Rhaman, 45-year-old oilman on the British motor vessel *Somersetshire* (Bibby Line, Ltd.) coming from Mombasa, Kenya.

3. On 13 April 1953, the accused was fined Rs.10 (\$2.10).

No. 567 Seizure at Cacalomacan, Mexico State, on 26 June 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Mexico on 10 July 1953. (3718)

1(a). Cannabis indica: 3.6 kg

2. Pedro Gil Carrillo was arrested for possession of the above-mentioned drug, which was confiscated by the police.

No. 568 Seizure at Jesus Maria, Aguascalientes, on 2 June 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Mexico on 4 July 1953. (3669)

1(a). Marihuana: 5.66 kg

2. Nabor Romo Hernandez, Antonio Romo Chavez, Juan Romo de los Santos and Jacinto Romo Chavez were found to be in possession of the above-mentioned marihuana.

3. These people were charged with possession of and trafficking in narcotic drugs and were liable, under the penal code, of imprisonment for terms of from 1 to 10 years and fines of from pesos 100 to 10,000 (\$11.56 - \$1156).

No. 569 Seizure at Tuxpan, Vera Cruz, on 4 May 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Mexico on 3 July 1953. (3668)

1(a). Marihuana: 3.4 kg

2. The police arrested J. Carmen Cruz Leonardo for the possession and attempted sale of the above-mentioned marihuana. The drug was found in the house of this person who stated that he had obtained it from a certain Pablo Silva.

3. Leonardo was charged with possession of and trafficking in narcotic drugs, being liable under the penal code to imprisonment for a term of from 1 to 10 years and to a fine of from pesos 100 to 10,000 (\$11.56 - \$1156).

No. 570 Seizure at Tunis, Tunisia, on 18 June 1953. Report communicated by the Government of France on 11 August 1953. (3761)

1(a). Takrouri: 1.75 kg

(Opium: 24.5 g)

2. The above-mentioned drugs had been purchased from traffickers at Ras-Djebel by a certain Jaffard Hassouna, who had sent them through a student named Hassine Kefi to his son Jaffard Moktar, who was imprisoned at Tunis on a murder charge. The accused alleged that he had sent his sons the drugs so as to help him forget his troubles.

Summary of illicit transactions and seizures

July - August 1953

- No. 571 Seizure at Glasgow, Scotland, on 10 July 1953. Report No. 276 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 14 August 1953. (3749)
- 1(a). Indian hemp: 1.3608 kg
  2. The above-mentioned Indian hemp was found during a routine rummage of the British steamship *Salween* (P. Henderson & Co. Ltd) coming from Rangoon and Bassein, Colombo, Aden, Port Sudan, Suez and Port Said. The drug had been hidden under a quantity of wood stacked against the side of the ship. The origin of the Indian hemp was unknown; there was no reason to believe that it had been intended for supply in the country.
- No. 504a Seizure at Gosport, England, on 11 June 1953. Report No. 273 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 27 July 1953. (3732)
- 1(a). Indian hemp: 1.5876 kg  
(Raw opium: 1.8144 kg)
  2. For further details, see Case No. 504
- No. 572 Seizure at Gravesend, England, on 18 June 1953. Report No. 275 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 14 August 1953. (3748)
- 1(a). Indian hemp: approximately 14.2 g
  2. The above-mentioned Indian hemp was found in the cabin of Bahar Amith Abideen *alias* Azoor, 49-year-old Ceylonese merchant seaman on board the British steamship *Lodestone* (Navigation & Coal Trade Co. Ltd.) coming from Takoradi, Hull and London. The accused stated that he had purchased the drug from two coloured men in the East End of London and that it was intended solely for his own use. There was no reason to believe that he intended to engage in the trafficking of drugs.
  3. Abideen was sentenced to a fine of £10 (\$28) or, in default, to imprisonment for one month. The fine was paid.
- No. 573 Seizure at London, England, on 23 June 1953. Report No. 274 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 22 July 1953. (3723)
- 1(a). Indian hemp: 14.2 g
  2. The above-mentioned Indian hemp was found in the possession of Tosir Ali, 39-year-old Pakistani fireman on the British steamship *Karmala* coming from Calcutta, Vezagapatam and Madras, India; Colombo, Ceylon; Aden; Suez and Port Said, Egypt; Genoa, Italy; and Marseilles, France. The drug was stated to have been purchased in Calcutta for six shillings (\$0.84). The accused said that the hemp was intended for his own use.
  3. Tosir Ali was sentenced to a fine of £10 (\$28) plus costs, or, in default, to imprisonment for two months. The fine was paid.
- No. 574 Seizure at Brownsville, Texas, on 24 March 1953. Report No. 1287 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 29 June 1953. (3645)
- 1(a). Marihuana: 25.4012 kg
  2. The above-mentioned bulk marihuana was found in the car of Richard Samuel Ehrlick and Robert D. Storm when they arrived from Mexico.

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- No. 575 Seizure at El Paso, Texas, on 27 April 1953. Report No. 1289 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 29 June 1953. (3647)  
1(a). Marihuana: 9.5254 kg  
2. After selling the above-mentioned bulk marihuana to an undercover agent, George Gilmore was arrested on 26 May 1953. The marihuana was in a white cotton bag on which was printed: "Vendido por U.N. Productories de Azucar S.A., Haciendas da Redo Y Cia., S.A., El Dorado, Sin." The contraband had been forwarded from Mexico by a certain Perry O. Carlisle.
- No. 576 Seizure near Laredo, Texas, on 25 April 1953. Report No. 1286 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 29 June 1953. (3644)  
1(a). Marihuana: 6.3503 kg  
2. Information was received that Erineo H. Espinoza would attempt to smuggle in marihuana in his car, and when the car arrived at the Customs station from Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, it was given a routine check and allowed to proceed until it reached the immigration patrol checking station about 18 miles north of Laredo. There it was stopped and searched, the above-mentioned bulk marihuana being found tied beneath it.
- No. 577 Seizure at Miami, Florida, on 11 January 1953. Report No. 1291 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 9 July 1953. (3655)  
1(a). Marihuana: 737.1 g  
2. The above-mentioned marihuana of unknown origin was found in the possession of Julius McClellan, Henry Jones and Sylvester K. Coe. The drug was in paper bags, one of which bore the following marks: "Galiano 155 Telef A3232 Para Vestir Mejor BURIA, Haban". It was alleged that the marihuana had been smuggled in from Cuba by a crewmember of the steamship *New Grand Haven*.
- No. 578 Seizure at Radium Springs, New Mexico, on 22 May 1953. Report No. 1285 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 29 June 1953. (3643)  
1(a). Marihuana: 1.0489 kg  
2. Immigration patrol inspectors, while making a routine check of northbound traffic, questioned Carmel Sanchez, Carlos Tartaglia and Arturo Ruiz Moreno coming from Juarez, Mexico. They learned that Moreno had been deported to Mexico on 20 May 1953, after having been released from LaTuna. A search of the car revealed the above-mentioned bulk marihuana which had been hidden under the front seat. Carmel Sanchez stated that he had parked the car in Juarez, Mexico, and the marihuana was in the car when he returned.
- No. 579 Seizure at San Antonio, Texas, on 21 March 1953. Report No. 1288 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 29 June 1953. (3646)  
1(a). Marihuana: 14.9686 kg  
2. The above-mentioned bulk marihuana was found in the possession of Luis V. Reyes, who admitted having received it from two men who had waded across the Rio Grande River from Mexico. He had then transported it to San Antonio, where it was to be delivered to one Nicanor P. Hernandez, who was also arrested.

Summary of illicit transactions and seizures

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- No. 580    Seizure at San Ysidro, California, on 17 May 1953. Report No. 1294 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 9 July 1953. (3658)
- 1(a).    Marihuana:    12.7005 kg
2.        When Frank Leon Sanchez, accompanied by William Tracey Clark, drove in from Mexico, he declared a plaster statuette to Customs; Clark declared no merchandise. A search of the car, however, revealed seven large paper sacks hidden under the hood which were found to contain the above-mentioned marihuana.

7. *Synthetic Drugs*

No. 581 Seizure at Amsterdam on 3 June 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the Netherlands on 17 July 1953. (3717)

1(a). Pethidine 2 c.c.: 100 ampoules

2. The above-mentioned drug was found in the clothing of a fitter named Wilhelmus Hermsen. The ampoules were without labels and were not in their original containers, and it appeared probable that the drug was of German origin. The accused stated that he had obtained the ampoules from a man called Gilson or Kilson in Ubach, Germany.

8. *Miscellaneous Drugs*

No. 582 Seizure at Hamilton, Ontario, on 4 May 1953. Report No. 19/53 communicated by the Government of Canada on 3 July 1953. (3650)

1(a). Codeine phosphate: 28.4 g

Miscellaneous drugs

2. The police received information that a person was seen on the premises of a drug store; they surrounded the place and arrested Norman F. Dye, a tailor, who was found to be in the possession of the above-mentioned drugs. The accused is a well-known addict.

3. On 19 May 1953, Dye was sentenced on two charges of possession to two and one-half years imprisonment and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$203) or, in default, to an additional two months. The sentence was concurrent as to imprisonment and consecutive in the event of non-payment of fine.

No. 583 Seizure at Hollywood, Florida, on 21 May 1953. Report No. 1290 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 29 June 1953. (3648)

1(a). Dilaudid: 3.2 g

2. Clyde A. Miller, naturopath and chiropractor, admitted that he had purchased "morphine powder" in Havana, Cuba, from a street peddler, and had brought it back to the United States with him on a Pan-American Airways plane. Later on he had put the powder in capsules. A chemical analysis of the powder showed that it was dilaudid.



## INDICES

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