

59. The PRESIDENT, announcing the result of the drawing of lots, said that Zaire would serve as a member of the Committee on Food Aid Policies and Programmes for a term of office of three years beginning on 1 January 1977, and Ethiopia for a term of office beginning on the date of election and expiring at the end of 1978.

COMMITTEE ON NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS  
(E/5770, PARA. 10 (q))

60. The PRESIDENT said that, in order to fill a vacancy on the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations, the Council was to elect one member from among the African and Asian States for a term of office beginning on the date of election and expiring at the end of 1978.

61. Miss ST. CLAIRE (Assistant Secretary of the Council) said that the candidature of Iraq had been endorsed by the African and Asian States.

62. The PRESIDENT suggested that Iraq should be elected by acclamation.

*Iraq was elected a member of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations by acclamation.*

63. The PRESIDENT suggested that the elections to the International Narcotics Control Board should be postponed until the following meeting, and the elections to the Board of Governors of the United Nations Special Fund and the Committee on Review and Appraisal until a future session.

*It was so decided.*

*Arrangements for the negotiation of an agreement between the United Nations and the International Fund for Agricultural Development (E/L.1702)*

64. Mr. CORDOVEZ (Secretary of the Council), referring to the negotiation of a relationship agreement with IFAD, drew the attention of the Council to document E/L.1702. The conference of plenipotentiaries would be held at Rome on 10 and 11 June 1976 and would elect a Preparatory Commission charged, among other things, with negotiating a relationship agreement between the United Nations and IFAD. The Council might therefore wish to elect the members and Chairman of the Committee on Negotiations with Intergovernmental Agencies to negotiate with the Preparatory Commission. With respect to the size of the Committee, there were no fixed rules. The Council might also wish to request the Preparatory Commission to produce a first draft of the relationship agreement and might decide on the date by which the relationship agreement should be submitted to the Council for its approval. It was desirable for the relationship agreement to be submitted by the end of 1976 so that the Council could consider it at its sixty-first session or its resumed sixty-first session. If the Council so wished, the Secretariat could prepare a procedural text to that effect for consideration by the Council.

65. The PRESIDENT suggested that the Secretariat should be requested to prepare a procedural draft decision concerning the negotiation of a relationship agreement with IFAD.

*It was so decided.*

*The meeting rose at 1.05 p.m.*

## 2002nd meeting

Wednesday, 12 May 1976, at 3.35 p.m.

President: Mr. Siméon AKE (Ivory Coast).

E/SR.2002

### AGENDA ITEM 7

#### Human rights questions (E/5765 to E/5768, E/5821)

1. The PRESIDENT invited delegations to vote on the draft resolutions and draft decisions recommended by the Social Committee in paragraph 32 of its report (E/5821).

*Draft resolution I was adopted by 34 votes to none, with 9 abstentions (resolution 1991 (LX)).*

*Draft resolutions II and III were adopted (resolutions 1992 (LX) and 1993 (LX)).*

*Draft resolution IV was adopted by 35 votes to 2, with 6 abstentions (resolution 1994 (LX)).*

2. Mr. PENTCHEV (Bulgaria) suggested that the wording of the French text of draft resolution V should be corrected to read "*se félicite*" instead of "*la félicite*".

*It was so decided.*

*Draft resolution V was adopted by 32 votes to none, with 14 abstentions (resolution 1995 (LX)).*

*Draft resolution VI was adopted (resolution 1996 (LX)).*

3. Mr. BADAWI (Egypt), speaking on behalf of the delegations of Algeria, Ethiopia, Kenya, Liberia, Nigeria and Zambia as well as his own, proposed that the words "and for the immediate recognition and restitution of all trade union rights" should be added at the end of operative paragraph 2 of draft resolution VII.

*It was so decided.*

*Draft resolution VII, as orally amended, was adopted (resolution 1997 (LX)).*

*Draft decisions 1, 2 and 3 were adopted (decisions 145 (LX), 146 (LX) and 147 (LX)).*

*Draft decision 4 was adopted by 38 votes to none, with 9 abstentions (decision 148 (LX)).*

*Draft decisions 5 and 6 were adopted (decisions 149 (LX) and 150 (LX)).*

4. Mr. RIVAS (Colombia) said that his delegation welcomed draft resolution IV, the effects of which had to be studied. His delegation deplored the violations of human rights in Chile and believed that such United Nations decisions provided a means for restoring certain values rooted in Chilean history. It also welcomed the fact that Chile had re-established contact with the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of the Commission on Human Rights.

5. Mr. LINDENBERG SETTE (Brazil) said that his delegation would have voted against draft decisions 1 and 5 had they been put to the vote in the plenary meeting of the Council.

6. Mr. FADHLI (Democratic Yemen) said that his delegation would have voted in favour of draft resolutions I and IV had it been present during the voting.

7. Ms. MATTESON (United States of America) said that her delegation had not participated in the voting on draft decision 4.

8. Miss RICHTER (Argentina) said that her delegation maintained certain reservations already expressed with respect to the draft decisions, especially draft decision 1.

9. Miss BALOGUN (Nigeria) pointed out that paragraph 8 of the report (E/5821) failed to include her delegation among those voting for the adoption of draft resolution II in the Social Committee, because the summary record had indicated that it had abstained. It had abstained from voting on the amendment, but had not abstained from voting on the draft resolution as a whole. The correct vote should be 29 votes to none rather than 28.

10. The PRESIDENT said that it was too late to make that change. The vote would remain as recorded but the Nigerian representative's comments would appear in the summary record of the current meeting.

11. Mr. DE FARIA (Portugal) said that his delegation was in favour of draft resolution I but maintained the juridical reservations it had already expressed in the Social Committee. With respect to draft resolution V, his delegation felt that it should apply to all the work of the Commission rather than only certain aspects of it.

12. The PRESIDENT declared that the Council had concluded its consideration of agenda item 7.

#### AGENDA ITEM 6

##### Housing, building and planning (E/5758, E/5797)

13. The PRESIDENT suggested that the Council adopt the draft decision recommended by the Social Committee in paragraph 7 of its report (E/5797) without a vote.

*The draft decision was adopted (decision 151 (LX)).*

14. The PRESIDENT declared that the Council had concluded its consideration of agenda item 6.

#### AGENDA ITEM 9

##### United Nations Decade for Women, 1976-1985 (E/5772, E/5773, E/5822, E/NGO/44)

15. The PRESIDENT invited the Council to consider the draft resolutions contained in paragraph 21 of the report of the Social Committee (E/5822).

16. Miss RICHTER (Argentina) said that her delegation regarded the expression "geographically disadvantaged" in operative paragraph 1 (a) of draft resolution I as too vague and suggested that as a compromise it be replaced with the phrase "land-locked and island countries among the ...".

17. Miss BALOGUN (Nigeria) proposed that the words "geographically disadvantaged" be replaced by the words "the land-locked and the island developing countries".

18. Mrs. MAIR (Jamaica) suggested that the original expression, "geographically disadvantaged", be retained since it was a comprehensive term encompassing countries which were disadvantaged because they were land-locked, insular, and so on.

19. Miss RICHTER (Argentina) said that the expression "geographically disadvantaged" would create a new category borrowed from the law of the sea and was too vague. Therefore the expression she had suggested was a fair compromise.

20. The PRESIDENT suggested that the Council adopt draft resolutions II and III and defer consideration of resolution I pending agreement on the wording.

*Draft resolutions II and III were adopted (resolutions 1998 (LX) and 1999 (LX)).*

21. Mrs. MAIR (Jamaica) said that, following consultations between the delegations of Argentina and Nigeria and her own, it had been agreed to amend the last part of paragraph 1 (a) of draft resolution I to read "projects of the least developed, land-locked and island countries among developing countries ...".

22. The PRESIDENT said that, if he heard no objection, he would take it that the Council wished to adopt draft resolution I, as thus amended, without a vote.

*Draft resolution I, as orally amended, was adopted (resolution 2005 (LX)).*

23. The PRESIDENT declared that the Council had concluded its consideration of agenda item 9.

#### AGENDA ITEM 8

##### Narcotic drugs (E/5769, E/5771, E/5820, E/NGO/42)

24. The PRESIDENT, referring to the report of the Social Committee (E/5820), pointed out that the final sentence of paragraph 12 had been omitted. That sentence read: "The Committee adopted the draft decision proposed by the representative of Argentina without a vote." Referring to draft resolution I, he said that, in the English version, the first preambular paragraph should read "*Having heard* the statement of the President of the International Narcotics Control Board".

25. If he heard no objection, he would take it that the Council wished to adopt draft resolutions I to V and the draft decision contained in paragraph 21 of the report of the Social Committee without a vote, as the Committee had done.

*Draft resolutions I to V and the draft decision were adopted (resolutions 2000 (LX) to 2004 (LX) and decision 152 (LX)).*

26. The PRESIDENT declared that the Council had concluded its consideration of agenda item 8.

#### AGENDA ITEM 14

##### Elections (*continued*) (E/5770, E/5774, E/5775 and Corr.1 and 2 and Add.1-6, E/5776)

EXECUTIVE BOARD OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHILDREN'S FUND (*concluded*) (E/5770, PARA. 10 (1))

27. The PRESIDENT recalled that the Council had still to elect three members from African States for a term of office of three years, beginning on 1 August 1976.

28. Miss ST. CLAIRE (Assistant Secretary of the Council) read out the following list of candidates: Morocco, the United Republic of Cameroon and the United Republic of Tanzania, all of which had been endorsed by the African group, and Egypt.

*At the invitation of the President, Mr. Quintela Paixão (Portugal) and Mr. Stoforopoulos (Greece) acted as tellers.*

*A vote was taken by secret ballot to elect three members from among the African States.*

|                                 |    |
|---------------------------------|----|
| <i>Number of ballot papers:</i> | 53 |
| <i>Invalid ballots:</i>         | 0  |
| <i>Number of valid ballots:</i> | 53 |
| <i>Required majority:</i>       | 27 |

*Number of votes obtained:*

|                                   |    |
|-----------------------------------|----|
| United Republic of Tanzania ..... | 48 |
| United Republic of Cameroon ..... | 39 |
| Morocco .....                     | 35 |
| Egypt .....                       | 32 |

*Having obtained the required majority, Morocco, the United Republic of Cameroon and the United Republic of Tanzania were elected members of the Executive Board of the United Nation's Children's Fund.*

INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL BOARD E/5774, E/5775 AND CORR.1 AND 2 AND ADD.1-6, E/5776)

29. The PRESIDENT recalled that 13 members were to be elected for a five-year term of office, beginning on 2 March 1977. Pursuant to the transitional provisions of article 20 of the 1972 Protocol Amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, "the terms of six members shall expire at the end of three years and the terms of the other seven members shall expire at the end of five years", and "the members of the Board whose terms are to expire at the end of the above-mentioned initial period of three years shall be chosen by lot . . . immediately after the first election has been completed". Therefore six members of the Board would serve from 2 March 1977 to 1 March 1980 and seven from 2 March 1977 to 1 March 1982.

30. He drew attention to the report of the Committee on Candidatures for Election to the International Narcotics Control Board (E/5774), in particular, to paragraphs 13 and 30, and to the documents containing the names of all the persons nominated by Governments (E/5775 and Corr.1 and 2 and Add.1-6) and by WHO (E/5776). Under the terms of the Single Convention, as amended by the 1972 Protocol, the Council was required to elect three members from among candidates submitted by WHO, and 10 from among candidates submitted by Governments. Finally, despite the recommendations of the Committee on Candidatures, he reminded members that they were free, in the second part of the ballot, to vote for any candidate proposed by a Government.

31. Miss ST. CLAIRE (Assistant Secretary of the Council) said that the candidacies of Dr. A. Elbadri (Libyan Arab Republic), Mrs. R. Kurdy (Syrian Arab Republic), Dr. J. Tyfczynska (Poland), Dr. P. Visalvethaya (Thailand) and Mr. A. Wahid (Pakistan) had been withdrawn. The Chairman of the Asian group had also informed her that it endorsed certain candidates.

32. Mr. WILDER (Canada), speaking on a point of order, said that there could be no question of regional

endorsement since the members were being elected in their individual capacity.

33. Mr. FASLA (Algeria) expressed the view that a regional group was none the less free to express its preferences.

34. Mr. FADHLI (Democratic Yemen) said that regional endorsement should facilitate the election process.

35. The PRESIDENT suggested that, in view of the objection of the representative of Canada, the Council should proceed directly to a secret ballot to elect three members from the list of candidates proposed by WHO.

*At the invitation of the President, Mr. Quintela Paixão (Portugal) and Mr. Stoforopoulos (Greece) acted as tellers.*

*A vote was taken by secret ballot.*

|                                 |    |
|---------------------------------|----|
| <i>Number of ballot papers:</i> | 54 |
| <i>Invalid ballots:</i>         | 1  |
| <i>Number of valid ballots:</i> | 53 |
| <i>Required majority:</i>       | 27 |

*Number of votes obtained:*

|                                                 |    |
|-------------------------------------------------|----|
| Prof. R. de la Fuente Muñiz (Mexico) ..         | 38 |
| Prof. S. Kaymakçalan (Turkey) .....             | 38 |
| Prof. D. Bovet (Italy) .....                    | 33 |
| Prof. M. A. Attisso (Togo) .....                | 26 |
| Prof. M. A. Granier Doyeux<br>(Venezuela) ..... | 14 |

*Having obtained the required majority, Prof. de la Fuente Muñiz (Mexico), Prof. Kaymakçalan (Turkey) and Prof. Bovet (Italy) were elected members of the International Narcotics Control Board.*

36. The PRESIDENT invited the Council to proceed to elect 10 candidates from the panel of 20 government nominees whose nominations were also recommended by the Committee on Candidatures for Election to the International Narcotics Control Board (E/5774, para. 30) or from the remaining candidates nominated by Governments (E/5775, para. 3, E/5775/Corr.1, E/5775/Add.1-6).

37. He also pointed out that, in accordance with paragraph 14 of document E/5774, Prof. Attisso, although nominated by both WHO and his Government, had not been elected from the panel of WHO nominees, and should therefore remain on the panel of government nominees.

38. Miss ST. CLAIRE (Assistant Secretary of the Council) added that the three WHO nominees who had been elected members of the Board were no longer eligible for election from the panel of government nominees.

*At the invitation of the President, Mr. Quintela Paixão (Portugal) and Mr. Stoforopoulos (Greece) acted as tellers.*

*A vote was taken by secret ballot.*

|                                 |    |
|---------------------------------|----|
| <i>Number of ballot papers:</i> | 53 |
| <i>Invalid ballots:</i>         | 0  |
| <i>Number of valid ballots:</i> | 53 |
| <i>Required majority:</i>       | 27 |

*Number of votes obtained:*

|                                                             |    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Dr. T. Shimomura (Japan) .....                              | 33 |
| Prof. H. E. Ehrhardt (Federal Republic<br>of Germany) ..... | 32 |

|                                                                                  |    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Miss B. Gough (United States of America) .....                                   | 31 |
| Dr. J. S. Saleh (Iran) .....                                                     | 30 |
| Dr. D. Garcés Giraldo (Colombia) .....                                           | 27 |
| Prof. N. K. Barkov (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics) .....                   | 26 |
| Sir Frederick Mason (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland) ..... | 26 |
| Dr. V. V. Olguín (Argentina) .....                                               | 23 |
| Dr. A. W. Sadek (Egypt) .....                                                    | 23 |
| Prof. T. L. Chrusciel (Poland) .....                                             | 22 |
| Prof. P. Reuter (France) .....                                                   | 22 |
| Dr. R. A. Chapman (Canada) .....                                                 | 18 |
| Mr. A. Lari Cavagnaro (Peru) .....                                               | 18 |
| Dr. M. Kchouk (Tunisia) .....                                                    | 16 |
| Dr. S. Mårtens (Sweden) .....                                                    | 16 |
| Mr. D. P. Anand (India) .....                                                    | 15 |
| Mr. M. Rahman (Bangladesh) .....                                                 | 15 |
| Mr. J. Dittert (Switzerland) .....                                               | 13 |
| Prof. M. A. Attisso (Togo) .....                                                 | 12 |
| Dr. S. Kanchanahuta (Thailand) .....                                             | 12 |

|                                        |   |
|----------------------------------------|---|
| Dr. S. Azuz (Libyan Arab Republic).... | 9 |
| Prof. S. B. Bossa (Uganda) .....       | 3 |
| Dr. I. Lo (Senegal) .....              | 3 |
| Dr. K. E. Brunn (Finland) .....        | 2 |
| Mrs. L. Lee Luque (Panama) .....       | 2 |
| Mr. M. Randrianame (Madagascar) ....   | 1 |
| Mr. J. Ruberantwari (Uganda) .....     | 1 |
| Mr. G. M. Fares (Sudan) .....          | 1 |
| Dr. H. E. R. Suliman Rustom (Sudan)..  | 1 |
| Mr. A. Pinzón Carrizo (Panama) .....   | 1 |
| Prof. O. Sylla (Senegal) .....         | 1 |

*Having obtained the required majority, Dr. Shimomura (Japan), Prof. Ehrhardt (Federal Republic of Germany), Miss Gough (United States of America), Dr. Saleh (Iran) and Dr. Garcés Giraldo (Colombia) were elected members of the International Narcotics Control Board.*

39. The PRESIDENT announced that, since the remaining candidates had not obtained the required number of votes, a further ballot would be held at the following meeting in order to elect the remaining five members.

*The meeting rose at 7 p.m.*

## 2003rd meeting

Thursday, 13 May 1976, at 11.05 a.m.

*President: Mr. Siméon AKE (Ivory Coast).*

E/SR.2003

### AGENDA ITEM 14

#### Elections (*concluded*)

INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL BOARD (*concluded*) (E/5774, E/5775 AND CORR.1 AND 2 AND ADD.1-6, E/5776)

1. The PRESIDENT recalled that on the first ballot five of the candidates nominated by Governments, having obtained the required majority, had been elected to the International Narcotics Control Board. The Council should now proceed to elect the other five members. In accordance with paragraph 2 of rule 70 of the Council's rules of procedure, the ballot would be restricted to the 10 unsuccessful candidates who had obtained the largest number of votes in the first ballot. They were:

Prof. N. K. Barkov (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics);

Sir Frederick Mason (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);

Dr. V. V. Olguín (Argentina);

Dr. A. W. Sadek (Egypt);

Prof. T. L. Chrusciel (Poland);

Prof. P. Reuter (France);

Dr. R. A. Chapman (Canada);

Mr. A. Lari Cavagnaro (Peru);

Dr. M. Kchouk (Tunisia);

Dr. S. Mårtens (Sweden).

2. He reminded the Council that, in accordance with article 9, paragraph 3, of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, as amended by the 1972 Protocol, members should pay due regard to the principle of equitable geographic representation when voting.

3. Miss BALOGUN (Nigeria) said that the list of candidates should be extended, since there was no candidate from African countries south of the Sahara.

4. The PRESIDENT replied that the Council was governed by its rules of procedure. The list of candidates could not, therefore, be extended.

*The meeting was suspended at 11.35 a.m. and resumed at 11.45 a.m.*

5. The PRESIDENT said that the Council would proceed to the vote.

*At the invitation of the President, Mr. Karim (Bangladesh) and Mr. Quintela Paixão (Portugal) acted as tellers.*

*A vote was taken by secret ballot.*

Number of ballot papers: 52

Invalid ballots: 0

Number of valid ballots: 52

Required majority: 27

Number of votes obtained:

Prof. N. K. Barkov (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics) .....

39

Dr. A. W. Sadek (Egypt) .....

36

Dr. M. Kchouk (Tunisia) .....

28