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Forty-fourth session
Agenda item 28POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA

Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Benin, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Congo, Cuba, Djibouti, Ethiopia, Gambia, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kenya, Kuwait, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mauritania, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Panama, Qatar, Saint Lucia, Senegal, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Zambia and Zimbabwe:
draft resolution

Comprehensive and mandatory sanctions against the racist régime of South Africa

The General Assembly,

Recalling its earlier resolutions and those of the Security Council calling for concerted international action to force the racist régime of South Africa to eradicate apartheid,

Having considered the annual report of the Special Committee against Apartheid, 1/ in particular paragraphs 255 to 275, and the report of the Commission against Apartheid in Sports, 2/

Gravely concerned that, in spite of recent developments in South Africa, the system of apartheid remains intact and the régime maintains its domestic repressive

1/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 22 (A/44/22), part one.

2/ Ibid., Supplement No. 47 (A/44/47).

practices, its policies of destabilization against independent neighbouring States and its intransigence towards the will of the international community for the prompt elimination of apartheid,

Noting with grave concern that sanctions and other measures recommended by the General Assembly, as well as measures introduced unilaterally by a number of States, lack comprehensiveness, co-ordination and adequate monitoring mechanisms,

Gravely concerned that some Member States and transnational corporations have continued economic relations with South Africa, while others continue to exploit opportunities created by sanctions imposed by other States, thus substantially increasing their trade with that country, as indicated in paragraphs 109, 110, 112 and 265 of the annual report of the Special Committee against Apartheid,

Convinced that the imposition of comprehensive and mandatory sanctions by the Security Council under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations remains the most appropriate and effective means to bring about a peaceful end to apartheid,

1. Reaffirms that apartheid is a crime against humanity and a threat to international peace and security, and that it is a primary responsibility of the United Nations to assist in efforts to eliminate apartheid peacefully without further delay;
2. Calls upon those States which have increased their trade with South Africa and, particularly, the Federal Republic of Germany, which recently emerged as the leading trading partner of South Africa, to sever trade relations with South Africa;
3. Calls upon those Governments which are still opposed to the application of comprehensive and mandatory sanctions to reassess their policies and cease their opposition to the application of such sanctions by the Security Council;
4. Urges the Security Council to consider immediate action under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations with a view to applying comprehensive and mandatory sanctions against the racist régime of South Africa as long as it continues to disregard the demands of the majority of the people of South Africa and of the international community to eradicate apartheid.

