



# General Assembly

Distr.: Limited  
16 October 2014

Original: English

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## Sixty-ninth session First Committee

Agenda item 94 (b)

### Prevention of an arms race in outer space: no first placement of weapons in outer space

**Argentina, Armenia, Bangladesh, Belarus, Brazil, China, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, El Salvador, Eritrea, Indonesia, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Nicaragua, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Sri Lanka, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) and Zimbabwe: draft resolution**

### No first placement of weapons in outer space

*The General Assembly,*

*Recognizing* the common interest of all mankind in the exploration and use of outer space for peaceful purposes,

*Seriously concerned* about the possibility of an arms race in outer space, and bearing in mind the importance of articles III and IV of the Treaty on Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space, including the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies,<sup>1</sup>

*Conscious* that the prevention of an arms race in outer space would avert a grave danger to international peace and security,

*Reaffirming* that further measures should be examined in the search for agreements to prevent an arms race in outer space,

*Emphasizing* the paramount importance of strict compliance with the existing legal regime providing for the peaceful use of outer space,

*Reaffirming* its recognition that the legal regime applicable to outer space by itself does not guarantee prevention of an arms race in outer space and that there is a need to consolidate and reinforce that regime,

*Welcoming*, in this regard, the draft treaty on the prevention of the placement of weapons in outer space and of the threat or use of force against outer space

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<sup>1</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 610, No. 8843.



objects,<sup>2</sup> introduced by China and the Russian Federation at the Conference on Disarmament in 2008, and the submission of its updated version<sup>3</sup> in 2014,

*Considering* that transparency and confidence-building measures in outer space activities are an integral part of the draft treaty referred to above,

*Recalling* its previous resolutions, including resolutions 45/55 B of 4 December 1990 and 48/74 B of 16 December 1993, which, inter alia, confirm the importance of transparency and confidence-building measures as a means conducive to ensuring the attainment of the objective of the prevention of an arms race in outer space,

*Noting* the importance of the political statements made by a number of States that they would not be the first to place weapons in outer space,<sup>4</sup>

1. *Reaffirms* the importance and urgency of the objective to prevent an arms race in outer space and the willingness of States to contribute to reaching this common goal;

2. *Reiterates* that the Conference on Disarmament, as the single multilateral negotiating forum, has the primary role in the negotiation of a multilateral agreement, or agreements, as appropriate, on the prevention of an arms race in outer space in all its aspects;

3. *Urges* an early start of substantive work based on the updated draft treaty on the prevention of the placement of weapons in outer space and of the threat or use of force against outer space objects<sup>3</sup> submitted by China and the Russian Federation at the Conference on Disarmament, under the agenda item "Prevention of an arms race in outer space";

4. *Stresses* that, while such an agreement is not yet concluded, other measures may contribute to ensuring that weapons are not placed in outer space;

5. *Encourages* all States, especially space-faring nations, to consider the possibility of upholding as appropriate a political commitment not to be the first to place weapons in outer space;

6. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its seventieth session the item entitled "No first placement of weapons in outer space".

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<sup>2</sup> See CD/1839.

<sup>3</sup> See CD/1985.

<sup>4</sup> Argentina, Armenia, Belarus, Brazil, Cuba, Indonesia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Russian Federation, Sri Lanka and Tajikistan.