

fied by the General Assembly at its sixth⁶⁵ and seventh⁶⁶ special sessions, in the relevant decisions adopted at its twenty-ninth and subsequent sessions, and in the International Development Strategy for the Third United Nations Development Decade,⁶⁷ taking into consideration the statements on the programme of work of the Institute made at the current session;

4. *Takes note* of the clarification provided by the Executive Director on the mandate and the future role of the United Nations Institute for Training and Research as they relate to the mandates and roles of other institutions active in the Institute's field of competence, and notes with satisfaction the efforts being made to strengthen co-operation with those institutions;⁶⁸

5. *Calls upon* all States that have not yet contributed to the United Nations Institute for Training and Research to do so, and urges once again all donor countries, especially those that are not contributing at a level commensurate with their capacity, to increase their voluntary contributions in order to meet the urgent financial needs of the Institute during the biennium 1984-1985;

6. *Again requests* all States to continue to announce their contributions to the United Nations Institute for Training and Research early and, if possible, not later than the annual United Nations Pledging Conference for Development Activities, and to speed up the payment of their voluntary contributions to the Institute.

*103rd plenary meeting
17 December 1984*

39/179. United Nations University

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 2951 (XXVII) of 11 December 1972, 3081 (XXVIII) of 6 December 1973, 3313 (XXIX) of 14 December 1974, 3439 (XXX) of 9 December 1975, 31/117 and 31/118 of 16 December 1976, 32/54 of 8 December 1977, 33/108 of 18 December 1978, 34/112 of 14 December 1979, 35/54 of 5 December 1980, 36/45 of 19 November 1981, 37/143 of 17 December 1982 and 38/178 of 19 December 1983,

Having considered the report of the Council of the United Nations University on the work of the University,⁶⁹

Noting with appreciation the continuing interest of the Government of Japan in, and its support for, the University in regard to the construction of a permanent headquarters building,

Noting decision 5.2.1 adopted on 18 October 1984 by the Executive Board of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization at its one hundred and twentieth session,

1. *Notes with satisfaction*, as the United Nations University reaches the middle of its medium-term perspective (1982-1987), the progress achieved by the University in realizing the main objectives set forth in the perspective,⁷⁰ namely, developing and implementing the University programme focused on five themes relevant to the pressing global problems of human survival, development and welfare that are also the concerns of the United Nations and the specialized agencies, and embarking on a new phase of institutional development, with emphasis on establishing

the University's own research and training centres as called for in its Charter;

2. *Welcomes* the reports of external evaluation teams indicating the positive results of the United Nations University's research, institutional relations and post-graduate training, particularly the advanced training of University Fellows who have returned to their home institutions, in collaboration with the University's associated and co-operating institutions in both developing and industrialized countries;

3. *Welcomes also* the progress made in setting up the World Institute for Development Economics Research,⁷¹ the United Nations University's first research and training institution, at Helsinki, and expresses its appreciation for the leading role and invaluable support of the Government of Finland in establishing the Institute by providing financial and other forms of support;

4. *Notes with satisfaction* the advance made towards establishing the proposed Institute for Natural Resources in Africa⁷² and an international programme in biotechnology in Venezuela;⁷³

5. *Emphasizes* the continuing need of the United Nations University to strengthen the capacity of existing scholarly and scientific institutions in developing countries;

6. *Notes* the need to further continue, expand and intensify co-operative activities of the United Nations University with the United Nations, its bodies and the specialized agencies, on the one hand, and with the international academic and scientific community, on the other, which enhance the responsiveness of the University to global issues and problems and bring its work into closer relation with the concerns of the United Nations system and the world academic community in regard to global issues and problems;

7. *Recognizes* that the United Nations University needs to intensify its fund-raising efforts to build up its Endowment Fund and Operating Fund and to ensure the development of its activities in a well-co-ordinated manner in accordance with its Charter;

8. *Earnestly appeals* to all Member States to take cognizance of the progress made by the United Nations University and the relevance of its work to the concerns of the United Nations and to contribute urgently and generously to its Endowment Fund and, additionally or alternatively, to make operating contributions to the University to enable it to fulfil its mandate effectively, in accordance with its Charter and with the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly.

*103rd plenary meeting
17 December 1984*

39/180. Assistance for the reconstruction, rehabilitation and development of the Central African Republic

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 35/87 of 5 December 1980, in which it affirmed the urgent need for international action to assist the Government of the Central African Republic in its efforts for reconstruction, rehabilitation and development of the country and invited the international commu-

⁶⁵ See resolutions 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI).

⁶⁶ See resolution 3362 (S-VII).

⁶⁷ Resolution 35/56, annex.

⁶⁸ See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-ninth Session, Supplement No. 14 (A/39/14)*, paras. 3-22.

⁶⁹ *Ibid.*, Supplement No. 31 (A/39/31).

⁷⁰ *Ibid.*, Thirty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 31 (A/37/31), sect. III.

⁷¹ *Ibid.*, Thirty-ninth Session, Supplement No. 31 (A/39/31), para. 106.

⁷² *Ibid.*, para. 108.

⁷³ *Ibid.*, para. 109.

nity to provide sufficient resources to carry out the programme of assistance to the Central African Republic.

Recalling also its resolutions 36/206 of 17 December 1981, 37/145 of 17 December 1982 and 38/211 of 20 December 1983, in which it noted with concern that the assistance provided had not been adequate to meet the urgent needs of the country,

Recalling further its resolution 38/195 of 20 December 1983 on the implementation of the Substantial New Programme of Action for the 1980s for the Least Developed Countries,⁷⁴

Considering that the Central African Republic is landlocked and is classified as one of the least developed countries,

Taking note of the statement made by the Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Co-operation of the Central African Republic on 11 October 1984,⁷⁵ in which he described the economic problems of concern to the Central African Republic and stated that, because of the lack of financial means, external aid continued to be essential to the country,

Also taking note of the statement made by the representative of the Central African Republic on 6 November 1984,⁷⁶ according to which, despite an incipient economic recovery, his country continued to be faced by enormous difficulties in implementing its socio-economic development programmes,

Particularly concerned that the Government of the Central African Republic is unable to provide the population with adequate health, educational and other essential social and public services because of an acute shortage of financial and material resources,

Taking account of the losses suffered by the Central African economy following the great drought of 1982-1983,

Noting with satisfaction the considerable efforts exerted by the Government and people of the Central African Republic for national reconstruction, rehabilitation and development, despite the limitations confronting them,

Also noting the intention of the Central African Government to organize, with the assistance of the United Nations Development Programme, a round-table conference of donors in 1985,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General⁷⁷ submitted pursuant to General Assembly resolution 38/211, to which was annexed the report of the review mission sent to the Central African Republic in June 1984,

Also taking note of table 7 of the annex to the report of the Secretary-General,⁷⁷ according to which substantial additional assistance for the special programme of economic assistance is needed to finance projects which have only been implemented in part and others for which finance has not yet been obtained, including new high-priority projects specified therein,

1. *Expresses its appreciation* to the Secretary-General for the efforts he has made to mobilize resources for carrying out the programme of assistance to the Central African Republic;

2. *Reiterates its appreciation* to States, international, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental organizations for their contribution to the programme of assistance to the Central African Republic;

3. *Notes with concern*, however, that the assistance provided under this heading continues to fall far short of the country's urgent needs;

4. *Urgently draws the attention* of the international community to table 7 of the annex to the Secretary-General's report, which indicates the projects still in need of financing;

5. *Reiterates its appeal* to all States to contribute generously, through bilateral or multilateral channels, to the reconstruction, rehabilitation and development of the Central African Republic;

6. *Urges* all States, organizations and financial institutions to participate in the round-table conference of donors scheduled for 1985 and to contribute to the financing of the projects to be submitted;

7. *Requests* the appropriate programmes and organizations of the United Nations system — in particular the United Nations Development Programme, the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the International Fund for Agricultural Development, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Children's Fund, the United Nations Fund for Population Activities and the United Nations Industrial Development Organization — to maintain their programmes of assistance to the Central African Republic, to co-operate closely with the Secretary-General in his efforts to organize an effective international programme of assistance and to report periodically to him on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to help that country;

8. *Invites* regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to give urgent consideration to the establishment of a programme of assistance to the Central African Republic or, where one is already in existence, to the expansion and considerable strengthening of that programme with a view to its implementation as soon as possible;

9. *Urges* all States and relevant United Nations bodies — in particular the United Nations Development Programme, the World Food Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Fund for Population Activities and the United Nations Industrial Development Organization — to provide all possible assistance to help the Government of the Central African Republic to cope with the critical humanitarian needs of the population and to provide, as appropriate, food, medicines and essential equipment for schools and hospitals, as well as to meet the emergency needs of the population in the drought-stricken areas of the country;

10. *Invites* the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies, for their consideration, the special needs of the Central African Republic and to report the decisions of those bodies to the Secretary-General by 15 July 1985;

11. *Again draws the attention* of the international community to the special account opened by the Secretary-General at United Nations Headquarters, in accordance

⁷⁴ Report of the United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries, Paris, 1-14 September 1981 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.82.1.8), part one, sect. A.

⁷⁵ Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-ninth Session, Plenary Meetings, 31st meeting, paras. 104-138.

⁷⁶ *Ibid.*, Second Committee, 37th meeting, paras. 43-45.

⁷⁷ A/39/384.

with General Assembly resolution 35/87, for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to the Central African Republic:

12. *Requests* the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue his efforts to organize a special emergency assistance programme with regard to food and health, especially medicaments, vaccines, hospital equipment, generating sets for field hospitals, water pumps and food products in order to help the vulnerable populations;

(b) To continue also his efforts to mobilize necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to the Central African Republic;

(c) To ensure that the necessary financial and budgetary arrangements are made to continue the organization of the international programme of assistance to the Central African Republic and the mobilization of that assistance;

(d) To keep the situation in the Central African Republic under constant review, to maintain close contact with Member States, specialized agencies, regional and other intergovernmental organizations and the international financial institutions concerned and to apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1985, of the status of the special programme of economic assistance for the Central African Republic;

(e) To report on the progress made in the economic situation of the Central African Republic and in organizing and implementing the special programme of economic assistance for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its fortieth session.

*103rd plenary meeting
17 December 1984*

39/181. Assistance for the reconstruction, rehabilitation and development of Equatorial Guinea

The General Assembly.

Recalling its resolutions 35/105 of 5 December 1980, 36/204 of 17 December 1981 and 37/133 of 17 December 1982,

Recalling also its resolution 38/224 of 20 December 1983, in which it appealed to all Member States to respond generously, through bilateral or multilateral channels, to the reconstruction and development needs of Equatorial Guinea as presented at the International Conference of Donors for the Economic Reactivation and Development of Equatorial Guinea, and called upon regional and inter-regional organizations and other intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, as well as international financial and development institutions, to give urgent consideration to the establishment of a programme of assistance to Equatorial Guinea or, where one was already in existence, to its expansion in accordance with the programme established by the International Conference of Donors,

Recalling further that Equatorial Guinea is one of the least developed countries,

Having considered the summary report of the Secretary-General,⁷⁸ submitted pursuant to General Assembly resolution 38/224,

Noting with concern that Equatorial Guinea continues to be beset by serious economic and financial difficulties, and continues to suffer from a food situation made precarious by the absence of large-scale food-crop production projects,

Recognizing once again the essential role of both short-term and long-term international assistance in support of the efforts of the Government of Equatorial Guinea in the difficult task of reconstruction, rehabilitation and development of the country,

Bearing in mind the statement made by the Minister of State in charge of External Affairs and Co-operation of Equatorial Guinea, on 11 October 1984,⁷⁹ on the progress achieved in the sphere of regional co-operation,

Recognizing the efforts made by the Government and people of Equatorial Guinea towards the internal economic recovery and the social development of the country,

1. *Reaffirms* its resolution 38/224 and other relevant resolutions and calls for their implementation;

2. *Takes note* of the summary report of the Secretary-General;

3. *Expresses its thanks* to the Secretary-General for his efforts to organize and mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of assistance to Equatorial Guinea;

4. *Reiterates its appeal* to all Member States to continue to respond generously, through bilateral or multilateral channels, so as to meet, in full, the needs indicated in the 1982-1984 three-year programme presented in 1982 at the International Conference of Donors for the Economic Reactivation and Development of Equatorial Guinea;

5. *Notes* the entry of Equatorial Guinea into the Central African Customs and Economic Union and the Bank of Central African States;

6. *Expresses its thanks* to States and international, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental organizations for their assistance to Equatorial Guinea;

7. *Earnestly calls upon* all Member States and international and regional organizations and other intergovernmental organizations, as well as international financial and development institutions and appropriate programmes of the United Nations system, especially the United Nations Development Programme and the United Nations Institute for Training and Research, to establish, maintain and expand their programmes of assistance to Equatorial Guinea, particularly in the areas of public administration and public finance in which a general transformation is required as a result of Equatorial Guinea's entry into the Central African Customs and Economic Union and the Bank of Central African States;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General:

(a) To intensify his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Equatorial Guinea;

(b) To keep the situation in Equatorial Guinea under review, to maintain close contact with Member States, the specialized agencies, regional and other intergovernmental organizations and competent international financial institutions and to apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1985, of the status of assistance to Equatorial Guinea;

(c) To submit to the General Assembly at its fortieth session a report on the economic situation of Equatorial Guinea and the progress made in implementing the present resolution;

9. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to include in his report, in close collaboration with the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme, information on

⁷⁸ A/39/392, sect. VI.

⁷⁹ *Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-ninth Session, Plenary Meetings*, 31st meeting, paras. 1-34.