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President: Mr. Amintore FANFANI (Italy).

AGENDA ITEM 65

Draft International Covenants on Human Rights

REPORT OF THE THIRD COMMITTEE (A/6173)

AGENDA ITEM 67

International Year for Human Rights

REPORT OF THE THIRD COMMITTEE (A/6184)

1. Mr. MACDONALD (Canada), Rapporteur of the Third Committee: I have the honour to report on the work of the Third Committee in regard to agenda items 65 and 67.

2. In regard to the report on item 65 [A/6173], the Third Committee's draft resolution would defer further consideration of the draft covenants to the twenty-first session of the General Assembly. This decision was made necessary by the exceptionally heavy agenda with which the Third Committee had to cope at the present session. In view of the fact that measures of implementation and final clauses are the only parts of the draft covenants which remain to be considered, the draft resolution before the Assembly invites Member Governments to consider the relevant articles prepared by the Commission on Human Rights, the explanatory paper on measures of implementation prepared by the Secretary-General, and the observations received from Governments in response to General Assembly resolution 1960 (XVIII), so that at the twenty-first session of the General Assembly, Member Governments will be in a position to complete the work on these covenants.

3. The Third Committee as a whole seems now to regard the completion of the work on the draft covenants as a matter of urgency. The feeling seems to be that the draft covenants should be given highest priority among all human rights items in view of the fact that work has been completed now on the draft Convention on the Elimination of all forms of racial discrimination.

4. In regard to agenda item 67, the Third Committee recommends that the General Assembly adopt the draft resolution which is reproduced in paragraph 22 of the Committee's report [A/6184]. The Committee's draft resolution includes most of the provisions which were set out in draft resolutions previously submitted by the Economic and Social Council. The changes which have been made thereto, as a result of discussion in the Third Committee, involve: first, the addition of a number of conventions to the list of agreements to be ratified before 1968; secondly, an invitation to UNESCO to mobilize the resources of culture and art for the promotion of human rights during the International Year; thirdly, the establishment of a preparatory committee to prepare for the 1968 Conference on Human Rights; and fourthly, the appointment of an executive secretary for the Conference.

5. Although opinions were divided on the advisability of establishing the preparatory committee and appointing an executive secretary for the conference, the draft resolution was approved by the Third Committee unanimously.

Pursuant to rule 68 of the rules of procedure, it was decided not to discuss the reports of the Third Committee.

6. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): I would remind representatives that, in accordance with the decision the Assembly has just taken, interventions must be restricted to explanations of vote.

7. I invite the Assembly to take a decision on the draft resolution of the Third Committee on agenda item 65 [A/6173, para. 8]. That draft was adopted unanimously in the Committee. I shall, therefore, unless there are any objections, take it as unanimously adopted also by the General Assembly.

The draft resolution was adopted unanimously.

8. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): We now pass on to the draft resolution which the Third Committee has submitted on agenda item 67 [A/6184, para. 22]. Before proceeding to the vote, I draw representatives' attention to the fact that the Secretary-General has submitted a statement of the financial implications of that recommendation [A/C.3/L.1320]. The draft resolution was adopted unanimously in committee; if there are no objections, I shall take it that the General Assembly adopts it unanimously.

The draft resolution was adopted unanimously.

9. Mr. S. K. SINGH (India): I wish to explain my delegation's vote on the draft resolution contained in the report of the Third Committee [A/6184].

10. We wish to express our gratification at the adoption of the draft resolution, particularly that part which establishes a preparatory committee for elaborating the agenda and taking other steps to translate

into reality the proposals regarding a conference on the International Year for Human Rights in 1968.

11. The reports of the Committee of Thirty-four, the Human Rights Commission and the Economic and Social Council indicate a general consensus on the desirability of organizing that conference in 1968. The adoption of the draft resolution contained in the Third Committee's report will, in my delegation's view, formalize the consensus to which I have just referred. The international conference would not only dramatize the observance of the twentieth anniversary of the adoption of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, but would also help humanity in the task of reviewing the progress which this Organization has made in the field of human rights during the past twenty years.

12. The years which follow our observance of this twentieth anniversary in 1968 will, we hope, see the unfolding of a programme of further measures in the field of human rights, which will ensure the enjoyment of fundamental freedoms to which human beings are entitled. We also hope that our world will be travelling away from the scourge of war which results from the negation of these fundamental freedoms.

13. We believe that the resolution that has been adopted carries us a step forward towards the implementation of those objectives which are embodied in General Assembly resolution 1961 (XVIII), the initiative for which came from the delegation of Jamaica. I take this opportunity to pay a tribute to Mr. Richardson of Jamaica, who was the Chairman of the Committee of thirty-four, which worked for so many weeks and months to hammer out an elaborate programme of activities for the observance of the International Year of Human Rights. Mr. Richardson was very ably assisted by Mr. Wyzner of Poland and Mr. Pisani of Italy, and that was very auspicious for our work. The diligence and objectivity of Mr. Pisani, our Rapporteur, were a source of great satisfaction to us.

14. If the new Committee of sixteen, which the President is going to name, follows the trail blazed by the Committee of thirty-four, we need have no doubts about its ultimate brilliant success.

15. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): By paragraph 15 of the resolution just adopted, the President of the General Assembly is asked to appoint the States which will serve on the Preparatory Committee, eight of which shall be States represented on the Commission on Human Rights and two of which shall be States represented on the Commission on the Status of Women. I shall announce the composition of the Preparatory Committee to-morrow.

AGENDA ITEM 12

Reports of the Economic and Social Council

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6188)

AGENDA ITEM 37

Report of the United Nations Conference
on Trade and Development

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6189)

AGENDA ITEM 38

Accelerated flow of capital and technical assistance
to the developing countries: reports of the Secretary-General

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6190)

AGENDA ITEM 40

Activities in the field of industrial development:
(a) Reports of the Committee on industrial development on its fourth and fifth sessions;
(b) Report of the Secretary-General

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6191)

AGENDA ITEM 41

The role of the United Nations in training national
technical personnel for the accelerated industrialization of the developing countries: report of the Economic and Social Council

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6192)

AGENDA ITEM 42

The role of patents in the transfer of technology to
developing countries: report of the Secretary-General

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6193)

AGENDA ITEM 43

Decentralization of the economic and social activities
of the United Nations:

- (a) Report of the Secretary-General;
- (b) Report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6194)

AGENDA ITEM 44

Conversion to peaceful needs of the resources released
by disarmament:

- (a) Reports of the Economic and Social Council;
- (b) Reports of the Secretary-General

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6195)

AGENDA ITEM 45

Permanent sovereignty over natural resources:
report of the Secretary-General

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6196)

AGENDA ITEM 46

Population growth and economic development:
reports of the Economic and Social Council

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6197)

AGENDA ITEMS 49 AND 50

Progress and operations of the Special Fund

United Nations programmes of technical co-operation:

- (a) Review of activities;
- (b) Confirmation of the allocation of funds for the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6198)

AGENDA ITEM 52

World Food Programme

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6199)

AGENDA ITEM 96

Review and reappraisal of the role and functions of the Economic and Social Council

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6200)

AGENDA ITEM 100

General review of the programmes and activities in the economic, social, technical co-operation and related fields of the United Nations, the specialized agencies, the International Atomic Energy Agency, the United Nations Children's Fund and all other institutions and agencies related to the United Nations system

REPORT OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE (A/6201)

16. Mr. RAMAHOLIMIHASO (Madagascar), Rapporteur of the Second Committee (translated from French): I have the honour to submit to the General Assembly fourteen reports of the Second Committee [A/6188 to A/6201]. These reports cover most of the work done by the Second Committee during the twentieth session. The draft resolutions which they contain reflect the importance of the General Assembly's deliberations on the agenda items in question. I shall present the reports separately.

17. The report on agenda item 12 [A/6188] contains three draft resolutions which the Second Committee recommends for adoption by the General Assembly. Draft resolution I was unanimously adopted in committee; draft resolutions II and III were adopted without objection.

18. The report on agenda item 37 [A/6189] contains two draft resolutions for adoption by the General Assembly. Draft resolution I was adopted in the Committee by acclamation; draft resolution II was adopted by 77 votes to none, with 7 abstentions.

19. The report on agenda item 38 [A/6190] contains two draft resolutions recommended to the Assembly by the Second Committee. Draft resolution I was adopted in committee by 65 votes to none, with 24 abstentions; draft resolution II was adopted by 78 votes to none, with 12 abstentions.

20. The report on agenda item 40 [A/6191] contains one draft resolution submitted for adoption by the General Assembly. It refers to a note by the Secretary-General [A/C.2/L.837], concerning the financial implications of the recommendation and I should like to draw the Assembly's attention to that note. The draft resolution was adopted without objection by the Second Committee.

21. The report on agenda item 41 [A/6192] contains one draft resolution recommended to the Assembly by the Committee. It was adopted in the Committee by acclamation.

22. The report on agenda item 42 [A/6193] contains one draft resolution submitted for adoption by the General Assembly. This draft was adopted in the Committee by acclamation.

23. I should like to draw the Assembly's attention to paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Second Committee's report on agenda item 43 [A/6194] and particularly to the Committee's recommendation in paragraph 6. This recommendation was adopted without objection by the Committee.

24. The report on agenda item 44 [A/6195] contains one draft resolution recommended by the Second Committee for adoption by the General Assembly. This draft was adopted in committee by 75 votes to 1.

25. I should like to draw representatives' attention to paragraphs 11 and 12 of the Second Committee's report on agenda item 45 [A/6196] and, in particular, to the Committee's recommendation in paragraph 13. This recommendation was adopted without objection by the Committee.

26. I should like also to draw the Assembly's attention to paragraphs 10 and 11 of the Second Committee's report on agenda item 46 [A/6197] and particularly to the Committee's recommendation in paragraph 12. This recommendation was adopted in committee by 34 votes to 28, with 17 abstentions.

27. The report on agenda items 49 and 50 [A/6198] contains two draft resolutions submitted for adoption by the General Assembly. The Second Committee adopted draft resolution I by 73 votes to none, with 7 abstentions; draft resolution II was adopted without objection.

28. The report on agenda item 52 [A/6199] contains two draft resolutions and refers to the statements submitted by the Secretary-General [A/C.2/L.844] on the financial implications of draft resolution II. The Committee adopted draft resolutions I and II by 66 votes to none, with 17 abstentions.

29. The report on agenda item 96 [A/6200] contains one draft resolution recommended by the Second Committee for adoption by the General Assembly. This draft was adopted without objection by the Committee.

30. The report on agenda item 100 [A/6201] contains one draft resolution submitted for adoption by the General Assembly. This draft was adopted without objection by the Second Committee.

Pursuant to rule 68 of the rules of procedure, it was decided not to discuss the reports of the Second Committee.

31. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): In conformity with the decision the General Assembly has just taken, statements must be limited to explanations of vote.

32. The Assembly will now take a decision on the various draft resolutions and recommendations of the Second Committee.

33. The Committee has submitted three draft resolutions on agenda item 12 [A/6188, para. 15].

34. Draft resolution I having been unanimously adopted in committee, I shall consider it, in the absence of any objection, adopted also unanimously by the General Assembly.

Draft resolution I was adopted unanimously.

35. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): Draft resolutions II and III were adopted without objection by the Second Committee. If there are no objections I shall consider the General Assembly also to have adopted them without objection.

Draft resolutions II and III were adopted.

36. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): The Second Committee has submitted draft resolutions I and II on agenda item 37 [A/6189, para. 18].

37. Mr. KANO (Nigeria): I have taken the floor to explain the vote of my delegation on draft resolution II [A/6189, para. 16].

38. The Nigerian delegation and Government consider that one of the most positive and constructive achievements of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development was the successful conclusion of the United Nations Conference of Plenipotentiaries on Transit Trade of Land-locked Countries, which adopted a convention^{1/} that would facilitate the trade of land-locked States. The Nigerian Government is proud to have taken part in the Conference on Transit Trade of Land-locked Countries. We consider it essential, in order to promote the economic and social development of the land-locked countries, to reduce as much as possible the difficulties caused by the absence of sea coasts in those countries.

39. The draft convention which draft resolution II would urge for signature by Member States is designed to provide better facilities for the smooth trading of land-locked countries. We of the Nigerian Government fully support the substance of the draft resolution. However, we should like to explain that the use of the word "all" in the fourth preambular paragraph of the draft resolution should not be interpreted as embracing the illegal régime of Mr. Smith's Government in Southern Rhodesia and should not apply to that country until a properly constituted government has been established in that region. With that brief reservation, the Nigerian delegation will vote in favour of both the draft resolutions contained in document A/6189.

40. Mr. Saad KHALIL (United Arab Republic): My delegation abstained in the voting in the Second Committee on the draft resolution dealing with land-locked countries, although it fully supports it in principle. My delegation abstained in particular in regard to operative paragraph 2, because it was not clear enough and it did not refer to the reservations which might be included or introduced by Governments. As far as my delegation in particular is concerned, we have our own reservations in regard to the trade of the occupied part of Palestine.

41. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): I now invite the Assembly to take a decision on draft resolution I. This draft was adopted by acclamation in committee; consequently, if there are no objections, I shall take it that the General Assembly wishes to adopt it in the same way.

Draft resolution I was adopted by acclamation.

42. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): I now put draft resolution II to the vote.

Draft resolution II was adopted by 81 votes to none, with 12 abstentions.

43. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): The Second Committee has submitted two draft resolutions on agenda item 38 [A/6190, para. 13].

44. I now put draft resolution I to the vote.

Draft resolution I was adopted by 78 votes to 1, with 17 abstentions.

45. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): I now put draft resolution II to the vote.

Draft resolution II was adopted by 83 votes to none, with 15 abstentions.

46. Mr. SCHUURMANS (Belgium) (translated from French): The delegation of Belgium would like to stress that, although it abstained from voting on draft resolution II as a whole, it nevertheless subscribes to the objectives of that text, particularly to the one embodied in the recommendation contained in annex A.IV.2 of the Final Act of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.

47. The delegation of Belgium would like to recall that, since 1963, Belgium has been spending more than 1 per cent of its national revenue on international assistance. Table one of the document on gross weights (TD/B/C.3/4) which the Secretary-General of the Conference has just submitted to the Committee on Invisibles and Financing Related to Trade in Geneva shows a percentage of 1.07 for Belgium in 1963, while for the year 1964 the statistics of the Committee on Assistance to the Development of the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development show that my country devoted 1.13 per cent of its national revenue to assistance to developing countries.

48. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): The Second Committee has submitted a draft resolution on agenda item 40 [A/6191, para. 18].

49. Mr. ASTROM (Sweden): The Swedish delegation wishes to record the Swedish Government's particular satisfaction at the decision which the General Assembly is about to take. After several years of debate and disagreement, the United Nations Organization for Industrial Development will now be set up. That organization, with the support of all concerned, will make it possible for the United Nations to engage more effectively in the promotion of industrialization in the developing countries.

50. I am authorized to say that the Swedish Government will make a voluntary contribution in 1966 towards the financing of the operational activities of the new organization. For reasons that have to do with the Swedish budgetary time-table, I am not now able to state the precise amount of our contribution. I hope to be able to do so in the near future.

51. The Swedish Government wishes the new organization success.

52. Lord CARADON (United Kingdom): In the midst of the many difficult and controversial problems which beset us in our Political Committees, we can all take satisfaction from the constructive and harmonious work of the Second Committee. This Com-

^{1/} Document TD/TRANSIT/9 and Corr.1.

mittee has a number of substantial achievements to its credit during this session, and I believe that this is in part due to the co-operative method of working which the Committee manages to preserve.

53. I have already expressed a warm welcome to the newly established United Nations Development Programme, and since I did that it has been possible to take a further step forward to agree on the outline of a new and enlarged Organization for Industrial Development. The United Kingdom has for some time pressed for a stronger organization in the industrial field. We wanted to see an organization with increased resources from the regular budget and also a supplement to existing technical assistance funds in the shape of voluntary contributions to finance operational activities in the industrial field, which could not be adequately or satisfactorily carried out under the existing programmes. We stated that if suitable organizational arrangements were made, we would ourselves be willing to contribute. We regard the arrangements provided for in the draft resolution [A/6191, para. 18] presented by the Second Committee as a basis for new and more consistent endeavour by the United Nations.

54. Some work on these arrangements remains to be done by the *ad hoc* committee established under operative paragraph 6 of the draft resolution, particularly as regards the relationship of the new organization with the Economic and Social Council. But this need not impede progress meanwhile. Within the provisions of the regular budget now envisaged for 1966, there is scope for a major expansion for industry.

55. On the operational side a lead has already been given by the Government of the Netherlands in announcing a voluntary contribution of 3 million guilders for special industrial services, and we were glad to hear the announcement made by the representative of Sweden just now. I am now able and happy to follow up this lead and the earlier statements and proposals by my own Government by announcing that we shall make a similar contribution of the equivalent of \$840,000.

56. Since the detailed shape and structure of the new organization remains to be worked out, this contribution will be made to the United Nations Development Programme in the form of funds in trust for the financing of special industrial services to be administered by the United Nations Development Programme in close co-operation with the Industrial Development Organization. It will be available in the next United Kingdom financial year.

57. We trust that with this and other contributions it will be possible to make a more vigorous attack on the obstacles to more rapid industrialization of developing countries.

58. Mr. ROOSEVELT (United States of America): My delegation is happy to support the draft resolution on activities in the field of industrial development proposed by the Second Committee [A/6191, para. 18] and on which we are voting today.

59. This draft resolution was recommended unanimously by our Committee. As I said several times

in our discussions, it is an outstanding example of the progress which can be made on important questions related to economic development when there is a will on the part of developing and developed countries to move forward and take practical steps.

60. The United States welcomes the immediate establishment of the secretariat of the Organization for Industrial Development within the United Nations Secretariat, as contemplated in the Committee's report. Now that the uncertainties as to its form of organization have been resolved, my delegation expects that the secretariat will pursue its programme vigorously and energetically. It is to be hoped that it will proceed with all possible dispatch to fill the authorized posts. It should outpost experts to the field with a view to helping countries to prepare well-conceived projects in the manufacturing field. All its efforts should be devoted to promoting the increase of soundly planned industrial plants in the developing countries. It has a heavy responsibility to produce action.

61. We hope that the spirit which permitted us to agree on the draft resolution in the Second Committee will continue to guide the work of the special *ad hoc* committee which will be established pursuant to paragraph 6 of the draft resolution. That committee will be presented with a series of important problems in its task of preparing the necessary operating procedures and administrative arrangements of the new United Nations Organization for Industrial Development. It will have to consider the problems of relationships of the new organizations, including the new Industrial Development Board, with the various organs of the United Nations itself, as well as the United Nations family of organizations. We look forward to the conclusion of these arrangements by the time of the twenty-first session of the General Assembly.

62. Many times, in various United Nations forums, my Government has recommended the expansion of United Nations operational activities to assist developing countries in speeding their industrialization. We have been, I believe, in the forefront of those who have urged increased participation of the present centre for industrial development in the programmes now within the United Nations Development Programme. We have counselled intensified efforts by both the centre and technical assistance officials to assist developing countries in translating their desire for industrialization into specific project requests related to the development of manufacturing industry. We therefore welcome the Secretary-General's recent report on activities in the field of industrial development and have studied with sympathetic interest the discussion in that report of the need for more flexible means of assistance within that area.

63. At the United Nations Pledging Conference on the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance and the Special Fund last November, I stated that the United States would be able to increase its pledge for 1966 by \$5 million, provided that the United Nations Development Programme was established on a basis satisfactory to contributors as well as beneficiaries. And so, today, I am pleased to announce an increase in the United States pledge for 1966 to the United

Nations Development Programme from \$60 million to \$65 million. This increase is subject, of course, to the same requirement, that it not exceed 40 per cent of total contributions, as was attached to the original pledge for 1966. Two million dollars of this \$5 million increase is to be devoted to specialized industrial services, as described in paragraphs 9 and 10 of the Secretary-General's report [A/6070/Rev.1], and expanded activities in the field of industrialization, as set forth in the draft resolution now before the Assembly.

64. We hope that this contribution, together with that announced by the representative of the Netherlands during the Second Committee's action on this resolution, as well as that which has just been announced by the representatives of the United Kingdom and of Sweden, and others which may be announced, will make it possible for the new United Nations Organization for Industrial Development to undertake, as promptly as possible, expanded operational activities in this field, which is so important to all of us and to the people we are privileged to represent, developed and developing countries alike. Another stone in the foundation of peace-building is now in place.

65. Mr. SILVA (Chile) (translated from Spanish): The countries of the Latin American group have entrusted me with the honour of speaking on their behalf to this Assembly in the final discussion on the question of industrialization. For many years the developing countries have wished to have a United Nations body to deal with the industrial process. This has been quite evident from discussions in the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, in the Committee for Industrial Development and in particular during this session of the General Assembly.

66. Today we are taking another step forward. The discussion which has been going on for years has led us to positive conclusions and to advances which are very close to our aspirations. The economic and social development of the developing countries is one of the fundamental concerns of the United Nations; hence activities in the field of industrialization are fundamental.

67. We have known for some years that the people of Latin America, Asia and Africa want more productive opportunities for work, require goods that are already everyday commodities in other continents, wish to make up for the time lost during the years of colonial rule and of concentration on the production of raw materials, and require effective agrarian reform.

68. None of this will be achieved without multilateral efforts and co-operation to promote the industrialization of the developing countries. This is a lesson that we have learned from past and present history and that is clear from years of research into the world economic process. For this reason, the creation by this Assembly of a United Nations body for industrial development is an outstanding example of what can be achieved by a harmonious search for agreement and, in particular, it marks the beginning of efforts to promote international co-operation in a

field which is crucial for the progress of the developing countries.

69. There is one point to which I should like to make special reference, namely, the close connexion between industrialization and economic integration. As things stand at present, we believe that one cannot exist without the other. We therefore hope that the action of the United Nations organ for industrial development will pay special attention to this connexion since, to the extent that it takes into account the processes of economic integration, it will help to create an efficient and dynamic economic structure in the developing countries. The creation of this body does not mean that the problems are solved. Whether or not its work will be fruitful will depend to a large extent on the clarity and flexibility of its terms of reference and on the support it receives from all countries irrespective of their political or social systems. For that reason we attach special importance to the work to be done by the ad hoc committee. The committee will be partly responsible for ensuring that the body is really effective, and we again appeal for international co-operation for the wide support it needs. Evidence of this co-operation in the field with which we are concerned has been given by the speakers who have preceded me and we now have a clearer picture of the future of United Nations activities in the field of industrialization.

70. Mr. MUZIK (Czechoslovakia): May I be permitted, first of all, to express, on behalf of the socialist countries, our pleasure and satisfaction at the adoption in the Second Committee of the draft resolution on the establishment of an autonomous organization for industrial development [A/6191, para. 18]. Our satisfaction emanates from the fact that the socialist countries stood from the very beginning at the cradle, so to speak, of the industrial development of developing countries. The socialist countries, together with the delegations of developing countries, have always fought for the inclusion of this activity in the agendas of the United Nations bodies in the economic and social fields, and have always fought for the expansion of this work and an increase in the share of industrial projects and technical assistance everywhere, and in the Economic and Social Council in particular. These delegations have always striven to bolster the necessary industrial development of developing countries. Therefore, nothing can hide the important role the socialist countries have played in this field.

71. On the other hand, our satisfaction with the adopted solution cannot be complete, because we are aware of the weak points of the resolution. Although some of the amendments submitted by the socialist countries have been included in the draft resolution - inter alia, the provision for financing the activities of the new organization - some other amendments, and of even greater importance, have not been mentioned directly in the draft. These concern, primarily, the question of universality of the new body. We proceed from the fact that all States should be given the opportunity to participate in the new organization and in its financing, and that this question should be dealt with, first of all, in the special ad hoc preparatory committee; whereas the present resolution prejudices, to a certain extent, the future solution of the

question of universality to the detriment of certain interested countries.

72. Moreover, we would have preferred to have explicitly stated in this resolution that the Industrial Development Board should be formed in accordance with the principle of equitable geographical distribution; and, finally, we suggested that it be stated clearly in operative paragraph 4 of the resolution that the secretariat of the new organization should be established on the basis of the existing Centre for Industrial Development, in the light of the results of the preparatory work mentioned in paragraph 6 of the draft resolution.

73. These, in our opinion, are the main shortcomings of the draft. In spite of these shortcomings, however, the delegations of the socialist countries, being aware of the historical value of the establishment of an autonomous organization for industrial development within the United Nations, did not wish to oppose the draft because of those defects. For the sake of unanimity, the delegations of the socialist countries voted in favour of the draft resolution; and they are, for the same reasons, prepared to do likewise now. In so doing, we take into account the statement of the representative of Jordan made on behalf of all the co-sponsors of the draft, outlined in paragraph 14 of the report before us.

74. We also hope that during the future sessions dealing with this question — and I have in mind, in particular, the sessions of the Preparatory Committee, the Committee for Industrial Development, the Economic and Social Council, etc. — an earnest attempt will be made to eliminate existing shortcomings and create the Organization for Industrial Development in such a way that it will be to the benefit of all countries.

75. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): I now invite the Assembly to take a decision on the draft resolution contained in paragraph 18 of the Second Committee's report on agenda item 40 [A/6191]. Paragraph 15 of this report refers to a note by the Secretary-General [A/C.2/L.837] on the financial implications of the recommendation. The Second Committee adopted the draft resolution without objection. Consequently, if no one has any objection, I shall consider that the General Assembly similarly adopts it.

The draft resolution was adopted.

76. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): Paragraph 6 of the resolution provides for the establishment of an ad hoc committee composed of thirty-six States Members of the United Nations, of the specialized agencies and of the International Atomic Energy Agency. In accordance with the desire expressed by the Second Committee I shall announce the composition of this committee tomorrow, 21 December, after appropriate consultations.

77. The Second Committee has submitted a draft resolution on agenda item 41 [A/6192, para. 8]. This draft was adopted in the Committee by acclamation and if there are no objections, I shall consider that the General Assembly similarly adopts it.

The draft resolution was adopted by acclamation.

78. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): The Second Committee has submitted a draft resolution on agenda item 42 [A/6193, para. 10]. This draft was adopted by acclamation in committee; I shall therefore, if there are no objections, consider that the General Assembly adopts it similarly.

The draft resolution was adopted by acclamation.

79. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): In paragraph 6 of its report on agenda item 43 [A/6194] the Second Committee recommends to the General Assembly that the review of the question be postponed until the twenty-first session. If there are no objections, I shall consider the recommendation of the Second Committee adopted by the General Assembly.

The recommendation was adopted.

80. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): The Second Committee has submitted a draft resolution on agenda item 44 [A/6195, para. 8]. I put this draft resolution to the vote.

The draft resolution was adopted by 101 votes to 1.

81. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): In paragraph 13 of its report on agenda item 45 [A/6196] the Second Committee recommends the General Assembly to postpone discussion of the question to the twenty-first session. If no one has any objection I shall consider that the General Assembly adopts the recommendation of the Second Committee.

The recommendation was adopted.

82. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): In paragraph 12 of its report on agenda item 46 [A/6197], the Second Committee recommends the General Assembly to postpone discussion of this item until its twenty-first session. If no one has any objection, I shall consider the recommendation of the Second Committee adopted.

The recommendation was adopted.

83. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): The Second Committee has submitted two draft resolutions on agenda items 49 and 50 [A/6198, para. 16].

84. I now put draft resolution I to the vote.

Draft resolution I was adopted by 95 votes to none, with 8 abstentions.

85. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): Draft resolution II was adopted in committee without objection. If there are no objections, I shall consider it similarly adopted by the General Assembly.

The draft resolution was adopted.

86. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): The report of the Second Committee on agenda item 52 contains two draft resolutions [A/6199, para. 16] and refers to the note by the Secretary-General on the financial implications of resolution II [A/C.2/L.844].

87. I now put draft resolution I to the vote, starting with paragraph 8, on which a separate vote has been requested.

Paragraph 8 was adopted by 91 votes to 8, with 5 abstentions.

Draft resolution I, as a whole, was adopted by 93 votes to none, with 10 abstentions.

88. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): I now put draft resolution II to the vote.

Draft resolution II was adopted by 90 votes to none, with 10 abstentions.

89. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): The Second Committee has submitted a draft resolution on agenda item 96 [A/6200, para. 9]. The draft resolution was adopted without objection. If there are no objections, I shall consider it also adopted without objection by the General Assembly.

The draft resolution was adopted.

90. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): The Second Committee has submitted a draft resolution on agenda item 100 [A/6201, para. 6]. This draft resolution was adopted unopposed. If no one has any objections, I shall consider the General Assembly also to have adopted it unopposed.

The draft resolution was adopted.

91. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): We have now finished with the draft resolutions and recommendations of the Second Committee. I thank the members of that Committee for the results they achieved in the economic and social fields.

AGENDA ITEM 89

Technical assistance to promote the teaching, study, dissemination and wider appreciation of international law: report of the Special Committee on Technical Assistance to Promote the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law

REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/6136)

AGENDA ITEM 63

Draft declaration on the Right of Asylum

REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/6163)

AGENDA ITEM 104

Amendment to Article 109 of the Charter of the United Nations

REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/6180)

AGENDA ITEM 92

Consideration of steps to be taken for progressive development in the field of private international law with a particular view to promoting international trade

REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/6206)

AGENDA ITEMS 90 AND 94

Consideration of principles of international law concerning friendly relations and co-operation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations;

(a) Report of the Special Committee on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Co-operation among States;

(b) Study of the principles enumerated in paragraph 5 of General Assembly resolution 1966 (XVIII);

(c) Report of the Secretary-General on methods of fact-finding

Observance by Member States of the principles relating to the sovereignty of States, their territorial integrity, non-interference in their domestic affairs, the peaceful settlement of disputes and the condemnation of subversive activities

REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/6165)

92. Mr. ALCIVAR (Ecuador), Rapporteur of the Sixth Committee (translated from Spanish): I have the honour to submit to the General Assembly, first, the report of the Sixth Committee [A/6136] on agenda item 89.

93. A summary of the views expressed by members of the Sixth Committee during the lengthy examination of this item can be found in paragraphs 12 to 26 of the report and I do not think that I can add much to what is set forth there.

94. The Sixth Committee concluded its consideration of this item by approving the draft resolution appearing in paragraph 29 of the report. This draft resolution was approved by an overwhelming majority and the Sixth Committee recommends it to the General Assembly for adoption.

95. I should like, however, to draw the attention of the Assembly to operative paragraph 8, under which the Assembly would establish an Advisory Committee on Technical Assistance to Promote the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law — composed of ten Member States to be appointed every three years by the General Assembly.

96. This Committee would meet at the request either of the Secretary-General or of a majority of its members, it would advise the Secretary-General on the substantive aspects and on the implementation of the programme established under the resolution and would report, as appropriate, to the General Assembly.

97. I should also like to draw the attention of the Assembly to paragraph 28 of the report of the Sixth Committee, which states that:

"At the 879th meeting, on 19 November, the Chairman announced that the following Member States would be proposed as members of the Advisory Committee on Technical Assistance to Promote the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law, to be established under paragraph 8 of the draft resolution: Afghanistan, Belgium, Ecuador, France, Ghana, Hungary, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania and United States of America. The Sixth Committee was in agreement on the composition of the Advisory Committee."

It is hoped that the General Assembly will agree to establish the Advisory Committee along the lines recommended by the Sixth Committee.

98. I also have the honour to submit to the General Assembly the report of the Sixth Committee [A/6163] on agenda item 63.

99. Owing to lack of time, the Sixth Committee could not consider the substance of the draft Declaration this year. Nevertheless, thanks to the efforts of a working group, the Sixth Committee has been able to establish certain guidelines on a series of procedural aspects which are included in this report and which will enable it to expedite its consideration of the substance of the item at the twenty-first session of the General Assembly.

100. I therefore invite the General Assembly to adopt the draft resolution appearing in paragraph 16 of the report.

101. I should also like to take advantage of this occasion to submit to the General Assembly the report of the Sixth Committee [A/6180] on agenda item 104.

102. Paragraph 15 of this report reproduces a draft resolution which was approved unanimously by the Committee and which envisages an amendment to Article 109, paragraph 1, of the Charter. This amendment is simply a result of the entry into effect of the amendments to Articles 23 and 27 of the Charter and its only purpose is to bring Articles 109 and 27 into line with respect to the majority required for decisions by the Security Council in its present expanded form.

103. I have also the honour to submit to the General Assembly the report of the Sixth Committee [A/6206] on agenda item 92.

104. The Sixth Committee devoted three meetings during this session to the consideration of this item. Various delegations took part in the debate and agreed that the discussion was a preliminary exchange of views on a matter to which they attributed great importance because of its significance for the expansion of international trade.

105. The Committee had before it a draft resolution which was amended by its sponsors after informal consultations had been held with the various delegations concerned and which was subsequently approved unanimously.

106. Operative paragraph 1 of the resolution requests the Secretary-General to prepare a comprehensive report on the item for discussion at the twenty-first session of the General Assembly.

107. I therefore invite the General Assembly to adopt the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee as set forth in paragraph 21 of its report.

108. Lastly, I have the honour to submit to the General Assembly the report of the Sixth Committee [A/6165] on agenda items 90 and 94.

109. The Sixth Committee decided to consider these two items together and the report therefore deals with both of them. The Sixth Committee devoted twenty-four meetings to its consideration of these items and they were therefore the most extensively discussed items on its agenda. I am glad to say that the two draft resolutions included in the report were

approved by the Sixth Committee without any opposing vote. The first was approved unanimously and the second by 59 votes in favour and 10 abstentions.

110. In accordance with the traditions of the Committee, the sponsors of the various draft resolutions were always ready to meet and to co-operate with a view to achieving results which would meet with general approval.

111. In this connexion, I should like to refer to a paragraph in one of the resolutions in which, owing to haste at the closing meeting of the Sixth Committee last Friday, a sentence has been omitted which was part of the compromise text [A/C.6/L.585] arrived at after discussions between the sponsors. I refer to operative paragraph 3 of part A of draft resolution I, appearing in paragraph 74 of the report which is now before the Assembly.

112. From consultations with members of the various groups concerned, it seems that there is general willingness and agreement to include the phrase that was omitted. Operative paragraph 3 of part A, as amended, would read as follows:

"Decides to reconstitute the Special Committee, which will be composed of the members of the Committee established under General Assembly resolution 1966 (XVIII) and of Algeria, Chile, Kenya and Syria, in order to complete the consideration and elaboration of the seven principles set forth in Assembly resolution 1815 (XVII)."

113. Although, of course, it has not been possible to consult every delegation, it is hoped that, on the basis of the consultations which have been held, this addition will be accepted without opposition by the General Assembly.

114. I therefore invite the General Assembly to adopt draft resolutions I and II recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 74 of its report, with the slight amendment to which I have referred.

In conformity with rule 68 of the rules of procedure it was decided not to discuss the reports of the Sixth Committee.

115. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): I would remind representatives that following the decision the General Assembly has just taken, statements should be restricted to explanations of vote.

116. We shall first vote on the draft resolution of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 89 [A/6136, para. 29]. The Fifth Committee has submitted a report [A/6175/Rev.1] on the financial implications of this draft resolution.

117. A separate vote has been requested on paragraph 5 of the draft resolution. If there are no objections, I shall first put this paragraph to the vote.

Paragraph 5 was adopted by 60 votes to 3, with 22 abstentions.

118. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): I now put the draft resolution as a whole to the vote.

The draft resolution, as a whole, was adopted by 75 votes to 2, with 11 abstentions.

119. Mr. DELEAU (France) (translated from French): The French delegation voted against paragraph 5 and, since that paragraph was upheld, against the draft resolution as a whole. This vote does not mean that we shall take no further interest in the creation, by the United Nations, of a programme of technical assistance to promote the teaching of international law; quite the contrary. But we believe that such a programme should be financed exclusively from voluntary contributions by States Members and should not be included in the ordinary budget of the Organization. That is a principle on which the French delegation — which, as everyone knows, submitted proposals to the General Assembly for setting the financial affairs of the Organization in order, proposals which the Assembly adopted — cannot compromise.

120. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): Paragraph 8 of the resolution which the Assembly has just adopted provides for the creation of an Advisory Committee on Technical Assistance to Promote the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law, composed of ten Member States, to be appointed every three years by the General Assembly. In paragraph 28 of its report the Sixth Committee proposes the following countries as members of the Advisory Committee: Afghanistan, Belgium, Ecuador, France, Ghana, Hungary, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United Republic of Tanzania and the United States of America.

121. If no one has any objection I shall consider that the General Assembly agrees that the Advisory Committee be composed of the States Members I have just mentioned.

It was so decided.

122. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): I invite the Assembly to take a decision on the draft resolution of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 63 [A/6163, para. 16]. The Committee adopted this draft without objection and, if there are no objections, I shall consider it similarly adopted by the General Assembly.

The draft resolution was adopted.

123. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): We shall now vote on the draft resolution of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 104 [A/6180, para. 15]. This draft was adopted unanimously in committee; consequently, if there are no objections, I shall consider it adopted also unanimously by the General Assembly.

The draft resolution was adopted.

124. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): I invite the Assembly to take a decision on the draft resolution of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 92 [A/6206, para. 21]. The Secretary-General has submitted a note [A/C.6/L.582] indicating the financial implications of this draft resolution. The Committee having adopted this draft resolution unanimously, if there are no objections, I shall consider it also unanimously adopted by the General Assembly.

The draft resolution was adopted unanimously.

125. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): We now come to the last draft resolutions, I and II, of the Sixth Committee, on agenda items 90 and 94 [A/6165, para. 74].

126. Mr. RAKOTOMALALA (Madagascar) (translated from French): The delegation of Madagascar wishes to thank you, Mr. President, for allowing us very briefly to explain our vote on draft resolution I B, which relates to the draft resolution submitted by my country, first at the nineteenth session of the General Assembly^{2/} and then when that session did not continue its work, at the twentieth session [see A/5937].

127. The principles recalled in our draft are the following: the sovereign equality of States; non-interference in the domestic affairs of States; respect for the sovereignty and territorial integrity of every State and of its inalienable right to exist in independence, and condemnation of political and subversive activities, carried out by neighbouring States or by any other State, such as might damage it; the emancipation of all territories not yet independent; the peaceful settlement of disputes by negotiation, conciliation and arbitration. Many delegations were surprised that this draft resolution was not submitted to the First Committee; they declared themselves ready to support it and even to appear as co-sponsors.

128. If my delegation did not oppose consideration of the draft by the Sixth Committee, it was because we knew that the Sixth Committee would be called on to consider the recommendations made at the Conference of Mexico by the Special Committee, of which Madagascar has the honour to be a member, and contained in that Committee's report [A/5746]. Those recommendations, I may recall, are the subject of draft resolution I B, to which I have just referred.

129. As I stated at the beginning of the debates in the Sixth Committee, my Government has no other aim than to obtain from the United Nations a solemn declaration of the principles which it deems to be the essential conditions for the safeguard of collective security and which alone would permit all peoples to pursue their harmonious development in peace, freedom and full independence. These principles have already been formulated, if not in the letter, at least in the spirit, in Articles 1, 2 (paras. 1, 3 and 4) and 33 of the Charter.

130. The Sixth Committee considered that the recommendations of the Conference of Mexico, as well as its own conclusions, were intimately linked with the principles contained in the draft resolution of the Republic of Madagascar.

131. With the aim of achieving a resolution solemnly reaffirming the principles which must govern international relations and making clear the obligations, which, in this important field, must be brought to mind among all peoples of the world, the Committee decided to ensure continued study of the subjects listed under agenda items 90 and 94 by the Special Committee which you have just enlarged, in order that concrete proposals may be submitted to the

^{2/} See Official Records of the General Assembly, Nineteenth Session, Annexes, annex No. 2, document A/5757 and Add.1.

twenty-first session of the General Assembly. My delegation agrees with that procedure.

132. Since most delegations examined our draft during the debates in the Sixth Committee and since no voice was raised against the principles contained therein, I shall end by expressing the hope that, in 1966, the General Assembly will unanimously take a decision endorsing the proposals submitted by my country, proposals which, I am sure, will create in the world an atmosphere of goodwill, mutual understanding and respect for the rights that the Charter was intended to confer on all peoples.

133. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): Before putting draft resolutions I and II to the vote, I have to tell the Assembly that the Rapporteur of the Sixth Committee has informed me that, in accordance with the wishes of members of the Sixth Committee, a slight change should be made in paragraph 3 of draft resolution I A. So changed, the paragraph would read as follows:

"Decides to constitute a Special Committee, composed of the Special Committee established under

General Assembly resolution 1966 (XVIII), to which are added Algeria, Chile, Kenya and Syria, to continue consideration of the seven principles defined in General Assembly resolution 1815 (XVII)."

134. I invite the Assembly to take a decision on draft resolution I. Since this draft was adopted without objection in committee, I shall consider, if there are no objections, that the General Assembly similarly adopts it.

Draft resolution I was adopted.

135. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): I now put draft resolution II to the vote.

Draft resolution II was adopted by 80 votes to none, with 12 abstentions.

136. The PRESIDENT (translated from French): This concludes voting on the draft resolutions submitted by the Sixth Committee. I wish to convey my congratulations and good wishes to the members and officers of that Committee.

The meeting rose at 1.5 p.m.