



Security Council

Distr.: General
26 January 2011

Original: English

Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006)

Note verbale dated 24 January 2011 from the Permanent Mission of Israel to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of Israel to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chair of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006) concerning the Islamic Republic of Iran, and has the honour to submit the attached report pursuant to paragraph 31 of Security Council resolution 1929 (2010) (see annex).



**Annex to the note verbale dated 24 January 2011 from the
Permanent Mission of Israel to the United Nations addressed to
the Chair of the Committee**

The State of Israel welcomes Security Council resolution 1929 (2010) and is fully committed to its implementation. Israel reiterates its full support of Security Council resolutions 1737 (2006), 1747 (2007) and 1803 (2008), along with the present resolution 1929 (2010) and its full support for the implementation of these resolutions.

The present report supplements the previous reports submitted by Israel on the implementation of Security Council resolutions 1737 (2006) and 1747 (2007) dated 31 July 2007 and the report pursuant to resolution 1803 (2008) dated 9 August 2009.

Israel believes it is essential that States fully and effectively implement their obligations under Security Council resolution 1929 (2010), as well as under Security Council resolutions 1737 (2006), 1747 (2007) and 1803 (2008), in order to curtail Iran's nuclear programme and curb its dangerous aspirations in the area of ballistic missiles.

Israel considers the actions of the Islamic Republic of Iran to be a serious threat to international peace and security. Iran's ongoing breach of its international obligations, including requirements of the International Atomic Energy Agency and Security Council resolutions, is a matter of great concern to the entire international community. Israel attributes great importance to the adoption of additional Security Council resolutions including further steps for national sanctions to reflect the gravity of concern and danger brought on by Iran's non-compliance and dangerous behaviour. It is imperative to enable the international community to take concrete steps to limit dangers emanating from the Islamic Republic of Iran including its central role as a source of arms smuggling to and financing of terrorists.

Israel is particularly concerned by the dangerous effects of Iran's actions on efforts to promote a successful peace process and stability in the Middle East.

The full implementation by the international community of these resolutions will demonstrate that it stands firmly united in its determination to stop the nuclear and missile programmes of Iran.

Israel does not have diplomatic relations with the Islamic Republic of Iran. No transactions or transfers involving goods, services and technology referred to in resolutions 1737 (2006), 1747 (2007), 1803 (2008) and 1929 (2010) have taken place between Israel and Iran nor any other activities restricted under these resolutions.

Israel's Ministry of Foreign Affairs has duly informed all relevant domestic authorities of resolution 1929 (2010) together with a reference to its requirements and the additions it makes to previous resolutions, with a view to ensuring the implementation of its obligations.