United Nations

Nations Unies

UNRESTRICTED

TRUSTEESHIP

TUTELLE

T/4 18 March 1947

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

SUGGESTED REVISION OF PROVISIONAL RULES OF PROCEDURE:

ITEM 7 OF THE PROVISIONAL AGENDA FOR THE FIRST SESSION OF THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL

(Memorandum prepared by the Secretariat)

The Secretariat has prepared this working memorandum with a view to facilitating the consideration by the Trusteeship Council of item 7 on the provisional Agenda of its first session.

In the preparation of this document, the Secretariat has been guided by the following basic considerations:

A set of rules of procedure for the Trusteeship Ceuncil was prepared by the Preparatory Commission in accordance with Article 4 (b) of the Interim Arrangements concluded on 26 June 1945 by the Governments represented at the San Francisco Conference. By a resolution adopted on 9 February 1946, the General Assembly requested the Secretary-General to transmit the "Provisional Rules of Procedure of the Trusteeship Council" (Section 2 of Chapter IV of the Preparatory Commission's Report) to the Trusteeship Council as soon as it would be constituted.

A thorough study of the rules of procedure was made by the Executive Committee of the Preparatory Commission and the Commission itself. Considerable weight is attached, therefore, to the conclusions reached by the representatives of the fifty-one states signatory to the Charter.

On the other hand, during the discussions in the Preparatory Commission it was clearly stated that while the Commission's aim was to put at the disposal of the Trusteeship Council, when it convenes, draft rules of procedure which would facilitate the initial stages of the Council's

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activities, the Trusteeship Council itself would be entirely free to make whatever final decisions it considered appropriate. This view corresponds with the provision of Article 90 of the Charter.

The Trusteeship Council has been established a year later than the other organs of the United Nations. The General Assembly, the Security Council and the Economic and Social Council have had, during the first year of their existence, a number of meetings, and the rules of procedure which have been prepared for these organs by the Preparatory Commission have been put to the test of experience. The Committee of Experts of the Security Council has made an extensive study of the rules of procedure of the Council drafted by the Preparatory Commission, which resulted in a considerable amplification and clarification. In the course of the two parts of the first session of the General Assembly, rules have been altered, interpretations have been given, rulings have been made by the President of the Assembly and the Chairman of Committees, and numerous precedents have been established. The Economic and Social Council has also established a committee on rules of procedure and on the recommendation of this committee certain modifications in the rules of procedure of that organ have been made. The Trusteeship Council may

system of rules of procedure for all organs of the United Nations, in particular when similar categories of questions are dealt with, it would appear that a certain differentiation between the rules of procedure of the several organs may be unavoidable and even desirable in view of the difference in their composition, powers and functions.

On 14 December 1946, the General Assembly approved agreements by which certain specialized agencies were brought into relationship with the United Nations. These agreements contain provisions relating to reciprocal representation between the United Nations and the specialized agencies, /provisions

provisions relating to reciprocal proposal of agenda items, exchange of information and documents, and assistance to be extended by the specialized agencies to the Trusteeship Council.

It is assumed to be desirable that the rules of procedure of the Trusteeship Council should take into account the system of relationship established between the United Nations and other international organizations.

Rule 62 of the Preparatory Commission's Rules (see new Rule 110) authorizes the Trusteeship Council to amend its rules of procedure by a simple majority vote. In spite of this rule which permits easy amendments to the rules, it is suggested that the Trusteeship Council, at its first session, may wish to consider the adoption of its first set of rules of procedure as provisional. However careful the drafting of rules of procedure may be, it will be only after a certain period of functioning that a new organ such as the Trusteeship Council will be in a position to estimate the value of each rule. The General Assembly and the Security Council have also adopted rules of procedure in a provisional form.

By a resolution adopted on 15 December 1946, the General Assembly directed the Secretary-General to make a study of measures to economize the time of the General Assembly and of its provisional rules of procedure. This study will be considered by a Committee of Procedures and Organization of the General Assembly, which will then present a report to the Assembly at the beginning of the second regular session. The Trusteeship Council may wish to have the benefit of the results of the work of the General Assembly on its rules of procedure before finally adopting its own rules.

In the following text, passages which it is suggested might be omitted are enclosed in parentheses f(), while suggested new passages have been underlined f().

Relevant excerpts from the agreements between the specialized agencies and the United Nations are presented in Annex I of this document.

PROVISIONAL RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL.

I SESSIONS

RULE 1

The	Trusteeship C	ouncil shall	meet in regu	lar session	at least
year.	The first of	such session	s shall be he	eld during th	e month
f		and the	second shall	be held dur	ing the

Explanations:

There are numerous advantages in holding the sessions of the Trusteeship Council at regular dates. Such an arrangement will permit the efficient functioning of the trusteeship system through consideration of reports from administering authorities at regular intervals, the fixing of dates for visits in such a way as not to interfere with the exercise of other activities of the Council, regular consideration of petitions, etc. It will probably be found more convenient for the Delegations and will present for the Secretariat numerous advantages from the point of view of the general co-ordination of the United Nations' conferences.

Some of the factors which would need to be taken into account in fixing the dates of regular sessions are the following:

- 1. It has been decided that the regular annual session of the General Assembly shall begin on the third Tuesday of September. In accordance with the Rules of Procedure prepared for the Trusteeship Council by the Preparatory Commission (See Rule 57), the Trusteeship Council must present its reports to the General Assembly at least twenty days before the regular annual session of the General Assembly. It will undoubtedly be considered as important that the date of one of the sessions of the Trusteeship Council should be as near as practicable to that of the General Assembly, so that the Trusteeship Council's reports to the General Assembly should be based on data which are as recent as possible.
- 2. The annual reports which the administering authorities will present to the Trusteeship Council will probably be prepared for each administrative year in each of the trust territories. The Trusteeship Council will wish to take into account the administrative convenience of the administering authorities. The administering authorities will indicate how much time will elapse after the end of the administrative year before the reports reach the Secretary-General.

The administrative year in the trust territories administered by Belgium, France, and the United Kingdom is at present the calendar year, whereas the administrative year in New Guinea extends from I July to 30 June and in Western Samoa from 1 April to 31 March.

Other factors are:

- (a) the seven months delay provided for by Rules 78 and 79 between the transmission of a questionnaire to an administering authority and the consideration of an annual report by the Trusteeship Council;
- (b) the desirability that the Trusteeship Council convene as soon as possible after the regular session of the General Assembly for the consideration of such resolutions as the General Assembly may adopt with respect to the International Trusteeship System.

Special sessions may be held as and where occasion may require, by decision of the <u>Trusteeship</u>*Council, (or) at the request of a majority of its members, at the request of the General Assembly, or at the request of the Security Council.**

RULE (2) 3

A request for a special session may be made by any member of the Trusteeship Council and shall be addressed to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, who shall communicate the request to other members of the Trusteeship Council. On notification by the Secretary-General that the majority of the members have concurred, the President of the Trusteeship <a href="Council shall request the Secretary-General to call a special session.

^{*} It is suggested that throughout the text reference be made to the "Trusteeship Council" instead of to "the Council", as in several rules there are references to the two other Councils of the United Nations: the Security Council and the Economic and Social Council. The same method has been followed in the Rules of Procedure of the Security Council.

The Rules of the Economic and Social Council contain a provision to the effect that a session shall be held within thirty days of a request by the General Assembly or by the Security Council acting in pursuance of Article 41 of the Charter (Rule 3(ii) (iii)), and that it may be held in certain other cases at the request of the Security Council, the Trusteeship Council, any Member of the United Nations or a specialized agency. It may seem advisable, in view of the provisions of Article 85, 87, etc., of the Charter and in view of the powers conferred on the Security Council by Chapters VI and VII of the Charter, as well as of Article 83, to insert a similar provision in the Rules of Procedure of the Trusteeship Council. It is less important to fix in the rules a definite period of time within which a special session will have to be held. In case of a decision of the Trusteeship Council that date will probably be fixed by the Trusteeship Council itself. In the case of a request, the President of the Trusteeship Council will take into account the wishes expressed by the majority of the members, the General Assembly or the Security Council, as well as the technical possibilities of convening the Trusteeship Council.

RULE (3) 4

The President of the Trusteeship Council shall (fix the date of the first meeting of a special session and shall) notify* the members of the date of the first meeting of each session through the Secretary-General. Such notification, as a rule, shall be given at least thirty days in advance of the date of the session.

Notifications shall also be addressed to the Security Council, to the Economic and Social Council, to such Members of the United Nations as have proposed an item for the Agenda and to such of the specialized agencies as may attend and participate in the meetings of the Trusteeship Council under the terms of the agreements with the United Nations.**

RULE 5

A request for a postponement of the date of a regular session may be made by any member of the Trusteeship Council or the

Secretary-General and shall be dealt with by a procedure similar to that provided in Rule 3 for a request for a special session.***

^{*} In the Preparatory Commission's rules, Rule 3 covers only special sessions. Rule 5, however, which deals with "each session" refers to a notice summoning the Trustceship Council. It seems advisable to cover in this rule both regular and special sessions. It is proposed to replace the expression "fix the date" by "notify", as the dates of special sessions called by a decision of the Trustceship Council would probably be fixed by the Trustceship Council itself.

^{**} Rule (6) 8 authorizes the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council, any Member of the United Nations and the specialized agencies to put items on the provisional agenda of the Trusteeship Council. Agreements bringing specialized agencies into relationship with the United Nations provide for attendance and participation of these agencies at sessions of the Trusteeship Council. It seems appropriate that notifications of meetings should be addressed to them in good time so that these bodies can exercise their rights under the Charter, the terms of the agreements, and the Rules of Procedure.

^{***} It seems useful to provide for the possibility of postponing a regular session in exceptional circumstances. The General Assembly had no rule to provide for this contingency, but procedure similar to that provided herein was followed when it appeared necessary to postpone the date of the second part of its first session.

RULE (4) 6

Each session shall be held at the seat of the United Nations, unless in pursuance of a previous decision of the Trusteeship Council or at the request of a majority of its members, another place is designated. Such a request may be made by any member of the Trusteeship Council and shall be dealt with by a procedure similar to that provided in Rule 3 for a request for a special session.*

II. AGENDA

RULE (5) 7

The Provisional agenda for each session shall be drawn up by the Secretary-General in consultation with the President and shall be communicated to the members and to the specialized agencies referred to in Rule 4,** together with the notice summoning the Trusteeship Council.

Explanations:

^{*} It appears useful to define the procedure to be followed.

^{**} It is important that the provisional agenda shall be sent to all those who may participate in the session.

RULE (6) 8

The provisional agenda shall include:

- (a) consideration of such annual reports and other documents as may have been submitted by the administering authorities;
- (b) consideration of such petitions as may have been presented;
- (c) consideration of arrangements for and reports on visits to trust territories*;
- (d) all items proposed by the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council at a previous session;
 - (e) all items proposed by any Member of the United Nations;
- (f) all items proposed by the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council, or a specialized agency under the terms of its agreement with the United Nations**; and
 - (g) all items or reports which the President or the

^{*} It appears appropriate to include in the provisional agenda those items which arise out of the regular functions of the Trusteeship Council as defined by the Charter.

^{**} All agreements with specialized agencies approved until now by the General Assembly grant to the specialized agencies the right to put items on the agenda of the Trusteeship Council. It is possible that at some future date specialized agencies will be brought into relationship with the United Nations, to which it will not seem desirable or appropriate to grant that right in view of the particular type and scope of their activities.

^{***} See Rule 11.

RULE (8) 9

The first item on the provisional agenda of any meeting of the Trusteeship Council shall be the adoption of the Agenda. The Trusteeship Council may revise the Agenda and may add or defer items. During any special session priority shall be given to the consideration of those items for which (have occasioned) the session has been called.

III REPRESENTATION AND CREDENTIALS*

RULE 10

Each member of the Trusteeship Council shall designate one specially qualified person to represent it therein.

RULE (7) 11

A Member of the United Nations which has proposed an item for the agenda of the Trusteeship Council shall be entitled to (be) have a representative present (and to) who shall be heard when that (the) item is being discussed.

RULE 12

Under the terms of the respective agreements between the United

Nations and the specialized agencies, representatives of specialized

agencies shall be invited to attend meetings of the Trusteeship Council

and to participate in deliberations.

Explanations:

^{*} Both the Provisional Rules of Procedure of the Security Council (Chapter III: Rules 13-17) and of the Economic and Social Council (Chapter III: Rules 14-15) have provisions concerning the credentials of representatives. Provisional Rules of Procedure of the General Assembly contain similar provisions in Chapter III (Delegations: Rules 19-22).

/RULE 13

The credentials of a representative on the Trusteeship Council, and of his alternates and advisors, shall, as a rule, be submitted to the Secretary-General not less than one week before the representative takes his seat on the Trusteeship Council. The credentials shall be issued for representatives of Members either by the Head of the State or by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and for representatives of specialized agencies by the competent organ of each specialized agency. The Secretary-General shall submit a report on credentials to the Trusteeship Council for approval.

RULE 14

Pending the decision on the credentials of a representative, such representative shall be seated provisionally with the same rights as the other representatives.

RULE 15

Each representative on the Trusteeship Council may be accompanied by such alternates and advisors as he may require. An alternate or an advisor may act as a representative when so designated by the representative.

(III) IV PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT RULE (9) 16

The <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall, by secret ballot, elect at the beginning of each regular session a President and a Vice-President from among the representatives of the members of the Trusteeship Council.

RULE (10) 17

The President and Vice-President shall hold office until their successors are elected at the next regular session of the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council and shall be eligible for re-election.

RULE (11) 18

In the absence of the President, the Vice-President shall take his place.

/RULE (12) 19

RULE (12) 19

If the President for any reason is no longer able to perform his functions, the Vice-President shall serve for the unexpired term.

RULE 20

The President may appoint one of his alternates or advisors to participate in the proceedings and to vote in the Trusteeship Council.

In such a case the President shall not exercise his right to vote.*

RULE (13) 21

The Vice-President, acting as President, shall have the same powers and duties as the President.

(IV) V SECRETARIAT

RULE (14) 22

The Secretary-General shall act in that capacity at all meetings of the Trusteeship Council, its committees, sub-committees and such subsidiary bodies as may be established by it.** The Secretary-General may authorize a deputy to act in his place (at meetings of the Council).

RULE 23

The Secretary-General shall bring to the attention of all the members of the Trusteeship Council all communications from Members and organs of the United Nations and from specialized agencies, as well as those communications from other sources which in his opinion merit the consideration of the Trusteeship Council.***

- * Adaptation of Rule 21 of the Rules of Procedure of the Economic and Social Council.
- ** In view of the scope and diversity of the activities of the Trusteeship Council, it may, from time to time, be found desirable to refer questions on the agenda to committees or other subsidiary bodies.
- *** This is an adaptation of Rule 6 of the Provisional Rules of Procedure of the Security Council.

RULE (15) 24

The Secretary-General shall provide and direct the staff required by the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council, <u>its committees</u>, <u>sub-committees</u> and <u>such other</u> subsidiary bodies as may be established by it.

RULE (16) 25

The Secretary-General or his deputy acting on his behalf may at any time (upon the invitation of the President,*) make to the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council, its committees, sub-committees and subsidiary bodies, either oral or written statements concerning any question under consideration by them, (the Council).

RULE (17) 26

The Secretary-General shall be responsible for all the necessary arrangements for meetings and other activities of the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council, its committees, sub-committees and subsidiary bodies.

(V) VI LANGUAGES**

(RULE 18)

(The rules adopted at the San Francisco Conference regarding languages shall prevail until otherwise decided.)

RULE 27

Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish shall be the official languages. English and French shall be the working languages of the Trusteeship Council.

Explanations:

- * It is proposed that as in the Rules of Procedure of the Security Council the reference to a special invitation by the President should be deleted. It has been recognized by all the organs of the United Nations that the Secretary-General or his deputy is authorized to make such statements as he may consider suitable.
- ** On 1 February 1946 the General Assembly adopted a set of rules of procedure concerning languages and recommended to the other organs of the United Nations the adoption of language rules in conformity with this resolution. The rules reproduced under this section are an adaptation of the General Assembly's decisions. They take into account, however, the form which it is proposed to give to the records of the Trusteeship Council.

RULE 28

Speeches made in one of the working languages shall be interpreted into the other working language.

RULE 29

Speeches made in any of the other three official languages shall be interpreted into both working languages.

RULE 30

Any representative may speak in a language other than the official languages. In this case he shall himself provide for interpretation into one of the working languages. Interpretation into the other working language by an interpreter of the Secretariat may be based on the interpretation given in the first working language.

RULE 31

Verbatim records of meetings of the Trusteeship Council shall be drawn up in the working languages. A translation of the whole or part of any verbatim record into any of the other official languages shall be furnished if requested by any Delegation.

RULE 32

The official records and the Journal of the Trusteeship Council shall be issued in the working languages.

RULE 33

All resolutions of the Trusteeship Council shall be made available in the official languages. Upon the request of a representative a member of the Trusteeship Council, any other important document shall be made available in any official language.*

Explanations:

* The corresponding General Assembly's rule says:

"All resolutions and other important documents shall be made available in the official languages. Upon the request of any representative, any other document shall be made available in any or all of the official languages."

The application of this rule to the Trusteeship Council would mean that all the reports of the administering authorities and the reports of the Council itself, which will be documents of considerable length, would have to be made available in the five official languages. This would greatly increase the work of the Languages Division of the Secretariat and might have budgetary repercussions. The rule provides, however, that the necessary translation will be made at the request of any representative of a member.

Documents of the Trusteeship Council shall, if the Trusteeship Council so decides, be published in any languages other than the official languages.

(VI) VII VOTING

RULE 35

Each member of the Trusteeship Council shall have one vote.*

RULE (19) 36

Decisions or recommendations of the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall be made by a majority of the members present and voting. <u>Members who abstain or</u> whose vote is declared invalid shall not be counted as voting.**

RULE (20) 37

If equal numbers of votes are cast for and against any proposal a second vote shall be taken at the next meeting. Unless at the second vote

This rule reproduces the text of Article 89, paragraph 1, of the Charter. The Rules of Procedure of the General Assembly and of the Economic and Social Council also reproduce corresponding Articles of the Charter.

^{**} During the General Assembly's first session, the question was raised whether members who abstain should be counted as "voting". This may have a considerable importance on the determination of a majority. Different views have been expressed. It seems, however, that the best interpretation of an abstention is to consider it as an intention to leave the decision as to the issue put to the vote to those who cast either a positive or a negative vote. To add the abstentions to the total of votes cast would, in fact, result in counting abstentions as negative votes. Invalid votes should be considered as mull and should therefore not be counted.

RULE (21) 38

The <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall normally vote by show of hands except that any member may request a roll call which shall then be taken in the English alphabetical order of the names of the members of the Trusteeship Council.

RULE (22) 39

The vote of each member participating in any roll call shall be inserted in the record

RULE 40

All elections and all decisions relating to tenure of office shall be taken by secret ballot.*

RULE (23) 41

(If,) When only one person or member is to be elected and no candidate obtains in the first ballot the majority required, a second ballot shall be taken, which shall be confined to the two candidates obtaining the largest number of votes. If in the second ballot the votes are equally divided, (and a majority is required,) the President shall decide between the candidates by drawing lots.

RULE 42

When two or more elective places are to be filled at one time under the same conditions, those candidates obtaining in the first ballot the majority required shall be elected. If the number of candidates obtaining such majority is less than the number of persons or members to be elected there shall be additional ballots to fill the remaining places, the voting being restricted to the candidates obtaining the greatest number of votes in the previous ballot, the number of candidates being not more than twice as many as the places remaining to be filled.**

Explanations:

- * It is an established rule in the other organs of the United Nations that decisions relating to individuals should be taken by secret ballot. It is advisable for reasons of substance and of uniformity to include a similar rule in the rules of procedure of the Trusteeship Council.
- ** The corresponding rule of procedure of the General Assembly on elections to two or more places has been inserted.

/(VII) VIII PUBLICITY

(VII) VIII PUBLICITY OF MEETINGS

RULE (24) 43

The meetings of the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council and of its committees and commissions shall be held in public, unless the body concerned decides that exceptional circumstances require that the meetings be held in private.

RULE (25) 44

At the close of each private meeting, the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall issue a communique through the Secretary-General.

(VIII) IX RECORDS

RULE (26) 45

The verbatim records of all public and private meetings shall be (drawn up) prepared by the Secretariat (and submitted to the Council for approval).* They shall be made available, as far as possible, within twenty-four hours of the end of the meeting to the representatives who have participated in the meetings.

RULE 46

The representatives who have participated in the meeting shall, within two working days after the distribution of the verbatim records, inform the Secretary-General of any corrections they wish to have made.

Corrections that have been requested shall be considered approved unless the President is of the opinion that they are sufficiently important to be submitted to the Trusteeship Council for approval.*

^{*} Although the respective Rules of Procedure of the other organs of the United Nations provide for the formal approval of the verbatim records by these organs, this has never been done in practice. It is suggested that a more elastic procedure be followed similar to that which has been adopted by the Security Council (Rule 49).

RULE (27) 47

(Copies of verbatim records of public meetings relating to non-strategic areas shall be communicated to the General Assembly, and those relating to strategic areas to the Security Council.) The verbatim records of public and private meetings in which no corrections have been requested or which have been corrected in accordance with Rule 46, shall be considered as the official records of the Trusteeship Council. The official records of public meetings shall be published by the Secretariat as promptly as possible and communicated to the Members of the United Nations and to the specialized agencies referred to in Rule 4.*

RULE (28) 48

In the case of private meetings, the verbatim records and the official records shall be accessible only to the Members of the United Nations, except that the Trusteeship Council may make public the verbatim and official records of (a) any private meeting at such time and under such conditions as it thinks fit.

(RULE 29)

(A statement of minority views may be appended to a report or recommendation of the Council at the request of any member.)**

(IX) X CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

RULE (30) 49

At any meeting of the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council, two-thirds of the members shall constitute a quorum.

^{*} In view of the nature of the International Trusteeship System and the relationship between the Trusteeship Council and the General Assembly, it seems advisable that the official records of the Council be communicated as soon as possible to the Members of the General Assembly.

^{**} See Rule 66.

(RULE 31)

(Until otherwise decided, the rules for the conduct of business in the Council shall

RULE 50

In addition to exercising the powers which are conferred

upon him elsewhere by these rules, the President shall declare

the opening and closing of each meeting, direct the discussions,

ensure observance of the Rules of Procedure, accord the right to

speak, put questions and announce decisions. Subject to the Rules

of Procedure, he shall have complete control of the proceedings of

any meeting. The President, acting under the authority of the

Trusteeship Council, shall represent it as an organ of the United Nations.**

RULE 51

Whenever the President of the Trusteeship Council deems that
for the proper fulfilment of the responsibilities of the presidency
he should not preside over the Trusteeship Council during the
consideration of a question with which the Member he represents
is directly connected, and in particular when annual reports and

^{*} The Preparatory Commission's aim was to provide the Trusteeship Council at its first session with a set of rules on conduct of business. It considered that the most practical solution, until the Trusteeship Council had made a study of its rules, was to take as a basis the Rules of Procedure of the General Assembly. It is, however, possible at this stage to replace Rule 31, which has the disadvantage of making automatically applicable to the Trusteeship Council any rule which the General Assembly may adopt for its own use, by a set of rules based on those of the General Assembly, but which also take into account the experience of the General Assembly itself and that of the other organs, as well as the specific characteristics of the Trusteeship Council.

^{**} An adaptation of Rule 19 of the Provisional Rules of Procedure of the Security Council and Rule 31 of the Provisional Rules of Procedure of the General Assembly.

petitions relating to a trust territory of which the Member he represents

is the administering authority are under consideration, he shall indicate

his decision to the Trusteeship Council. The presidency shall then devolve

for the purpose of the consideration of that question on the Vice-President.*

RULE 52

No representative may address the Trusteeship Council without having previously obtained the permission of the President. The President shall call upon speakers in the order in which they signify their desire to speak. The chairman of a commission or a committee, or a rapporteur, or the Secretary-General, however, may be accorded precedence. The President may call a speaker to order if his remarks are not relevant to the subject under discussion.**

RULE 53

During the discussion of any matter, a representative may rise to a point of order and the point of order shall be immediately decided by the President, in accordance with the Rules of Procedure.***

RULE 54

A representative may appeal from any ruling of the President. The appeal shall be put to the vote without discussion.***

- * An adaptation of Rule 20 of the Security Council's Rules.
- ** Adaptation of Rules 66 and 67 of the General Assembly's Rules.
- *** Adaptation of Rule 68 of the General Assembly's Rules.

During the discussion of any matter a representative may move the adjournment of the debate. Any such motion shall have priority. In addition to the representative proposing the motion, one representative may speak in favour of and one against the motion.*

RULE 56

The Trusteeship Council may limit the time allowed to each speaker. **

RULE 57

A representative may at any time move the closure of the debate whether or not any other representative has signified his wish to speak.

If request to speak against the closure is made, such right may be accorded to not more than two speakers.***

RULE 58

Reports, resolutions and other substantive motions or amendments shall be introduced in writing and handed to the Secretary-General in triplicate.

The Secretary-General shall, to the extent possible, circulate copies to the representative twenty-four hours in advance of the meeting at which they are to be considered. The Trusteeship Council may decide to postpone the consideration of resolutions and other substantive motions or amendments, the copies of which have not been circulated twenty-four hours in advance.****

^{*} Adaptation of Rule 53 of the Economic and Social Council's Rules.

^{**} Adaptation of Rule 70 of the General Assembly's Rules.

^{***} Adaptation of Rule 71 of the General Assembly's Rules.

^{****} Adaptation of Rule 73 of the General Assembly's Rules.

Resolutions and other motions or amendments proposed by representatives
of members on the Trusteeship Council may be put to the vote without having
been seconded.*

RULE 60

Resolutions, motions or amendments may be withdrawn by the representative who introduced them at any time prior to the vote.*

RULE 61

Parts of a report, resolution, other motion or amendment may be voted on separately at the request of a representative and subject to the will of the Trusteeship Council. The proposal shall then be voted on as a whole.**

RULE 62

A proposal to add to or delete from or otherwise revise a part of a resolution or a motion shall be considered as an amendment. An amendment shall be voted on first and it if is adopted, the amended resolution or motion shall then he voted on.***

RULE 63

If two or more amendments are moved to a resolution or another motion, the President shall first put to the vote the amendment furthest removed in substance from the resolution or motion and then the amendment next furthest removed and so on, until all the amendments have been voted upon or an amendment has been approved which in the opinion of the Trusteeship Council makes voting on the remaining amendments unnecessary.****

- * Adaptation of Rules 34 and 35 of the Security Council's Rules.
- ** Adaptation of Rule 74 of the General Assembly's Rules.
- *** Adaptation of Rule 76 of the General Assembly's Rules.
- **** Adaptation of Rule 75 of the General Assembly's Rules.

If two or more resclutions or other motions relating to an original proposal are introduced, the President shall first put to the vote the resolution or motion furthest removed in substance from the original proposal. If that resolution or motion is rejected, the President shall put to the vote the resolution or motion next furthest removed and so on, until either all the resolutions or motions have been put to a vote or one or more of them has been adopted which, in the opinion of the Trusteeship Council, makes voting on the remaining proposals unnecessary.*

Explanations:

* The order in which votes should be taken in the organs of the United Nations on various proposals and amendments relating to one and the same question has been a source of considerable difficulty during debates. The General Assembly's Rules, (similar rules have been approved by the Economic and Social Council), state as follows:

"RULE 75: If two or more amendments are moved to a proposal, the General Assembly shall first vote on the amendment furthest removed in substance from the original proposal and then on the amendment next furthest removed, and so on, until all the amendments have been put to the vote."

"RULE 76: When an amendment revises, adds to or deletes from a proposal, the amendment shall be voted on first, and if it is adopted, the amended proposal shall then be voted on."

The Security Council has the following provisions:

"RULE 32: Principal motions and draft resolutions shall have precedence in the order of their submission.

"Parts of a motion or of a draft resolution shall be voted on separately at the request of any representative, unless the original mover objects."

"RULE 36: If two or more amendments to a motion or draft resolution are proposed, the President shall rule on the order in which they are to be voted upon. Ordinarily, the Security Council shall first vote on the amendment furthest removed in substance from the original proposal and then on the amendment next furthest removed until all amendments have been put to the vote, but when an amendment adds to or deletes from the text of a motion or draft resolution, that amendment shall be voted on first."

Explanation contid:

Explanation cont'd:

The Security Council's rules may give rise to prolonged discussions as to what is a principal motion or draft resolution on the one hand, and what is an amendment on the other hand.

The Sixth Committee (Legal Committee) of the General Assembly, at the request of the President of the Assembly, stated during the second part of the first session of the General Assembly its opinion as to the order of votes. It took a position against submitting proposals to the vote in the order of their presentation and approved the following point of view:

"The Sixth Committee was of the opinion that there could only be one resolution relating to one and the same question. All other proposals must be in the nature of amendments to the main resolution. Therefore Rule 75 can be given effect to in all cases where there are more proposals than one relating to one and the same question.

"The first in point of date of the resolutions presented shall be considered as the draft principal resolution. The President of the Assembly or the Chairman of a committee shall decide, unless the Assembly or the committees decide to the contrary, the order in which amendments should be voted by applying Rule 75."

For reasons of clarity, however, it seems advisable, while adopting the conclusions of the Sixth Committee of the General Assembly, to maintain a distinction between resolutions or other motions and amendments to these resolutions or motions and to define an amendment as an addition to, a deletion from or a revision of a part of a resolution or motion.

If the above rules are adopted, the President when faced with several resolutions or motions to which amendments have been presented, will first determine, subject to Rule 53, which is the original proposal and which resolution or motion is the furthest removed. He will deal with the amendments to that resolution or motion in accordance with Rules 62 and 63, and then put the resolution or motion to the vote. If rejected, he will put to the vote the resolution or motion next furthest removed and so on, until one resolution or motion is adopted by the required majority or one proposal is adopted which gives a complete solution to the matter under discussion.

Any representative of a Member of the United Nations invited, in accordance with Rule 11, to participate in the discussions of the Trusteeship Council, may submit resolutions or other motions or amendments.

These resolutions, motions or amendments may be discussed and put to a vote only at the request of a representative of a member of the Trusteeship Council.*

RULE (29) 66

A statement of minority views may be appended to a report or recommendation of the Trusteeship Council at the request of any member.

RULE 67

No resolution involving expenditure from United Nations funds shall be approved by the Trusteeship Council unless the Trusteeship Council has before it a report from the Secretary-General on the financial implications of the proposal, together with an estimate of the costs involved in the specific proposal. **

XI COMMITTEES AND RAPPORTEURS

RULE 68

The Trusteeship Council may set up such committees as it deems necessary, define their composition and refer to them any questions on the Agenda for study and report. The committees may be authorized to sit while the Trusteeship Council is not in session. ***

Bar terations:

- * Adaptation of Rule 38 of the Socurity Council's Rules.
- ** It is proposed to include in the Rules of Procedure of the Trusteeship Council the text of Regulation 25 of the Provisional Financial Regulations of the United Nations, adopted by the General Assembly on 11 December 1946.
- *** Adaptation of Rule 61 of the Economic and Social Council's Rules.

The Trusteeship Council may appoint rapporteurs for specified questions.

The Secretary-General or his deputy may be appointed rapporteur.*

RULE 70

Each committee shall elect its own chairman. It may also elect a vice-chairman and rapporteur.**

RULE 71

Each committee may set up sub-committees, which shall elect their own officers and adopt such rules of procedure as may be necessary for the efficient performance of their functions.***

RULE 72

The procedure set forth in Rules 27-30 and 50-64 inclusive shall apply to proceedings of committees of the Trusteeship Council. The committees may decide, on the recommendation of the Secretary, upon the form of the records and adopt such other rules of procedure as may be necessary.

(X) XII TECHNICAL EXPERTS AND ADVISORY COMMISSIONS RULE (32) 73

The <u>Trusteeship</u> Council may seek the advice of individual technical experts, or establish advisory commissions of technical experts.

RULE 74

Unless otherwise decided by the Trusteeship Council, each advisory

commission shall choose its own officers and adopt its own rules of procedure.

The Rules of Procedure of the Trusteeship Council shall apply, when appropriate, to the proceedings of the advisory commissions until they adopt their own rules of procedure.

^{*} Adaptation of Rules 23 and 28 of the Security Council's Rules.

^{**} Adaptation of Rule 104 of the General Assembly's Rules.

^{***} Adaptation of Rule 105 of the General Assembly's Rules.

(XI) XIII QUESTIONNAIRES

RULE (33) 75

At its (first) session immediately following the approval of each trusteeship agreement,* the Trusteeship Council shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Charter, formulate a comprehensive and detailed questionnaire(s) on the political, economic, social and educational advancement of the inhabitants of (each) the trust territory concerned, including questions on the activity of and measures taken by the administering authority (to that end) toward the attainment of the basic objectives of the International Trusteeship System.**

RULE (33) 76

The Trusteeship Council may modify the questionnaires at its discretion.

RULE (34) 77

(The Council shall avail itself, in formulating or modifying the questionnaires, of the assistance of the Economic and Social Council and of the specialized agencies). The President of the Trusteeship Council shall transmit through the Secretary-General each questionnaire or appropriate sections thereof to the Economic and Social Council and such specialized agencies as the Trusteeship Council will determine and shall

^{*} It is proposed that this provision should not only cover the first session but that it should establish a permanent rule which would cover any new trust territories.

It is assumed that the administering authority will report on all measures taken towards the fulfilment of the basic objectives of the International Trusteeship System as set forth in Article 76 of the Charter.

invite observations with regard to those sections of the questionnaires with which these bodies are respectively concerned.*

RULE (35) 78

The questionnaires, and any subsequent modifications thereof, shall normally be communicated to each administering authority six months before the date fixed for the presentation of its annual report.

(XII) XIV ANNUAL REPORTS OF ADMINISTERING AUTHORITIES RULE (36) 79

The annual report of an administering authority on the basis of the questionnaire formulated by the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall be submitted to the Secretary-General at least one month before the session at which it is to be considered.

RULE (37) 80

Each administering authority shall furnish to the Secretary-General one hundred copies of its report. In order to facilitate the work of the Trusteeship Council, copies may, at the same time, be sent directly to the members.

Explanations:

It would not be possible in the present circumstances to apply Rules 34 and 35 as drafted by the Preparatory Commission. Rule 34 states that the Trusteeship Council shall avail itself of the assistance of the Economic and Social Council and of the specialized agencies. Rule 33 states on the other hand that the questionnaires will be formulated at the first session of the Trusteeship Council. It will not be possible for the Trusteeship Council to avail itself during the course of its first session of the assistance of the Economic and Social Council and the specialized agencies, since the several organs do not meet simultaneously. As it is understood that this assistance was considered by the Preparatory Commission as "appropriate" in the meaning of Article 91 of the Charter, the solution proposed above seems to be the most practical. The first questionnaire for each trust territory will be be drafted by the Trusteeship Council itself and it will be used as the basis for the first reports of the administering authorities. Following the approval of a trusteeship agreement, it will be possible for the Economic and Social Council and the specialized agencies, between the first and second or the third session of the Trusteeship Council to formulate observations and propose new questions. The Trusteeship Council will then consider the original questionnaire in the light of the observations received.

(XIII) XV EXAMINATION OF ANNUAL REPORTS

RULE (38) 81

During its regular sessions, the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall undertake a separate examination and discussion of the annual report and any other documents submitted by each administering authority in respect of a trust territory. (not designated as a strategic area and likewise of any documents in respect of a strategic area on which its advice has been asked for by the Security Council).*

RULE (39) 82

To assist the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council in the examination and discussion of annual reports, the administering authority shall be entitled normally to be represented before the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council by one or more special representatives. In order to afford any supplementary explanations or information which the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council may request, <u>the special</u> representatives for a particular territory (They) shall be well informed on (the) <u>that</u> territory (under consideration) and (shall normally include) normally at least one of them shall be a responsible official of the local administration of (the) <u>that</u> territory.

RULE (40) 83

The special representatives of the administering authority shall participate freely in the examination and discussion of a report, except in a discussion directed to specific conclusions concerning it, but shall not at any time have the right to vote.

^{*} It is proposed to refer to the function of the Trusteeship Council with respect to strategic areas in a special section (XXIII) which would be of a general character, until such time as trusteeship agreements for strategic areas are approved and the relation between the Security Council and the Trusteeship Council in this regard have been more precisely defined.

(XIV) XVI PETITIONS RULE (42 and 45) 84

Petitions may be presented in writing or orally and may be accepted by the Trusteeship Council from the inhabitants of trust territories or from any other source if they concern the affairs of trust territories.* (The term "written petition" shall include) Any letter, telegram, memorandum or other document received from a petitioner shall be considered as a written petition. (The Council may, at its discretion, accept petitions delivered orally.)

RULE (41) 85

Written petitions (concerning the affairs of any trust territory) may be addressed directly to the Secretary-General or may be transmitted to him through the administering authority, which may attach comments thereon. The Secretary-General shall submit them promptly to the members of the Trusteeship Council and may communicate such analyses and supplementary information as he may deem appropriate.**

RULE (43) 86

Each administering authority (administering a non-strategic trust territory)*** shall be entitled to designate a special representative who shall be well informed on the territory under consideration and shall be /// preferably a responsible official of the local administration ///, to consult with the Trusteeship Council, either orally or by exchange of communications, on petitions received concerning the territory. (The administering authority of strategic areas from which petitions are not prohibited by the terms of the trusteeship agreements shall similarly designate representatives to consult with the Council).***

Explanations:

* It is proposed that the principle that petitions may be accepted from the inhabitants of the trust territories as well as from any other source, should be stated explicitly.

** The purpose of the proposed modification is to inform all members of the Trusteeship Council on the petitions received by the Secretary-General as soon as possible, so the members of the Council will have sufficient time to study the petitions and the administering authority may prepare its comments. It is a function of the Secretariat to prepare useful background and analytical information.

*** See explanation 1, (Rule 81).

RULE (42) 87

The Trusteeship Council may either hear an oral petition itself or may designate (the representative or) one or more representatives of the Trusteeship Council to whom (it) the petition may be presented. Hearings of oral petitions affecting non-strategic areas shall be held in public, but hearings of oral petitions affecting strategic areas may be held in public or in private at the discretion of the Trusteeship Council. The administering authority concerned shall be invited to send a special representative to be present at the hearing.

RULE (44) 88

During its regular sessions, the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall undertake, as far as possible and desirable in connection with the annual reports from administering authorities, a separate examination of the petitions referred to it.

RULE 89

The Secretary-General shall inform the petitioners of the decisions
reached by the Trusteeship Council on their petitions and shall communicate
to them the official records of the public meetings at which the petition
was examined.*

RULE 90

The Trusteeship Council may authorize its representatives engaged in a periodic visit or special investigation or inquiry in a trust territory to accept, subject to such rules as the Trusteeship Council may establish, written or oral petitions. The representatives will report on such petitions to the Trusteeship Council.**

^{*} It is suggested that this procedure, which was used by the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations, would be desirable.

^{**} The Trusteeship Council may wish to authorize the visiting missions to accept petitions in the trust territory and to report on them to the Trusteeship Council.

(XV) XVII. VISITS TO TRUST TERRITORIES RULE (46) 91

The <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall make provision for periodic (official)*
visits to each trust territory by its representative or representatives,
for information or inquiries or for any other purposes within the Charter
(within the competence of the General Assembly, and, at the request of
the Security Council, to strategic areas, in accordance with the provisions
of paragraph 3 of Article 83 of the Charter and with the terms of the
trusteeship agreements for those areas) and with particular reference to
the basic objectives set forth in Article 76 of the Charter.** At least
one month in advance of each proposed visit, the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall
notify the administering authority of the intention of the <u>Trusteeship</u>
Council to sponsor a visit to that territory. The administering
authority may indicate its preference for some other date. In that case,
the date of the visit shall be determined by agreement between the
President of the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council and the administering authority.

RULE 92

The Trusteeship Council shall define the terms of reference of each visiting mission and shall give to the members of the mission such special instructions as it may consider appropriate.***

Explanations:

^{*} The deletion of the word "official", which is not used in the Charter, nor in the other rules of the section, is suggested.

^{**} See explanation 1 (Rule 81).

^{***} It seems important that the terms of reference of each visiting mission should be defined as precisely as possible. This will facilitate the work of the visiting mission and may avoid possible difficulties concerning the extent of the responsibilities of the visiting mission between the visiting mission, the administering authority and the local administration of the trust territory.

All periodic visits, special investigations or inquiries shall be conducted in conformity with such regulations as may be approved by the Trusteeship Council.*

RULE (47) 94

The Trusteeship Council may designate, as members of its visiting missions (its agents for the purpose of its periodic visits) one or more representatives of members of the Trusteeship Council or one or more members (officials of the Secretariat, who shall report to the Trusteeship Council on their findings. It may also call upon the services of experts. (Its agents) The members of the visiting mission shall be chosen for their competence and integrity, perferably from among non-nationals of the administering authority.

RULE (48) 95

To the extent provided in any trusteeship agreement, the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council may conduct special investigations or inquiries when conditions in the trust territory require such action.

RULE 96

All expenses of periodic visits, special investigations and inquiries, including the travel expenses of the visiting missions shall be borne by the United Nations.**

^{*} It may seem advisable that the powers and obligations of visiting missions as well as rules for the conduct of such missions should be defined in more detailed regulations approved by the Trusteeship Council which may take the form of a guide for visiting missions.

^{**} It seems important to insert the above rule with a view to assuring the independence and impartiality of the members of the visiting mission and the efficient performance of their tasks performed on behalf of the Trusteeship Council and the United Nations.

RULE (49) 97

The <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall publish the findings of (its agents)

each visiting mission unless it decides that publication should be
temporarily postponed in the general interest.

(XVI) XVIII REPORTS OF THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL*

(RULE 50)

(The Council shall present the following reports to the General Assembly or the Security Council, as the case may be:

- (a) a general report following each regular session (Rule 51);
- (b) an annual report on each trust territory (Rules 52 to 54); and
- (c) special reports.) **

RULE (51) 98

After each regular session the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall prepare for submission to the General Assembly (or to the Security Council, as the case may he,)*** a general report on its activities and on the discharge of its responsibilities under the Trusteeship System. (Explanations: See next page)

RULE (56) 99

After each regular session, the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall report to the General Assembly and shall also report specially when necessary, on the petitions submitted to it. (from non-strategic areas.) It shall likewise make observations and recommendations based on the petitions which it has received. (In respect of petitions from strategic areas, the Council shall report similarly to the Security Council.)***

Explanations:

* This section of the rules drafted by the Preparatory Commission has been maintained with very few changes. It is thought however that the Preparatory Commission's draft may be found somewhat embiguous and that this section could be clarified by the replacement of Rules 98 - 102 by the following rules covering the various types of reports.

" RULE 98

The Trusteeship Council shall present to the General Assembly at each of its regular sessions, the following reports:

- (a) a general report on its activities and on the discharge of its responsibilities under the International Trusteeship System;
- (b) an annual report on each trust territory;
- (c) a special report on the petitions submitted to the Trusteeship Council which shall include observations and recommendations based on these petitions;
- (d) a special report on the basis of the findings of the visiting missions to trust territories;
- (e) auch special reports on any matter relating to the observance of the Charter, the attainment of the objectives of the International Trusteeship System, and the fulfillment of the terms of the trusteeship agreements, as may be requested by the General Assembly or decided by the Trusteeship Council.

RULE 99

The annual report of the Trusteeship Council on each trust territory shall be based on the consideration by the Trusteeship Council of the annual report of the administering authority and on such other information as may be available, including petitions and data obtained as a result of visits or inspections, special investigations or inquiries conducted in the trust territories and such other activities as may be taken in conformity with the trusteeship agreements.

This report shall include:

- (a) its conclusions regarding the execution and interpretation of the provisions of Chapters XII and XIII of the Charter and of the trusteeship agreements;
- (b) suggestions and recommendations for the improvement of the administration in the trust territory or for dealing with any problems in regard to the trust territory; and
- (c) other relevant information or observations which the Trusteeship Council may wish to add."

In this case Rule (57) 103 would read: "The reports of the Trusteeship Council to the General Assembly mentioned in Rule (17) 98, shall be....".

- ** This rule is not complete and would not seem necessary in view of the rules which follow.
- *** See explanation 1, (Rule 81)

RULE (52) 100

On the basis of its consideration of the annual report of the administering authority and of such other information as may be available, including petitions and data obtained as a result of visits or inspections, special investigations or inquiries conducted in the trust territory and such other actions as may be taken in conformity with the trusteeship agreements*, the Trusteeship Council shall submit to the General Assembly an annual report on each trust territory within the competence of the General Assembly.

RULE (53) 101

The annual report of the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council on each trust territory shall include:

- (a) its conclusions regarding the execution and interpretation of the provisions of Chapters XII and XIII of the Charter and of the trusteeship agreements;
- (b) suggestions and recommendations for the improvement of the administration in the <u>trust</u> territory or for dealing with any problems in regard to the trust territory; and
- (c) other relevant information or observations which the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council may wish to add.

(RULE 54)

(At the request of the Security Council, or when authorized in a trusteeship agreement, the Council shall submit similar reports on strategic areas.) **

^{*} It is proposed to include references to special investigations or inquiries provided for in Rule 95 as well as to any other actions which may be taken in conformity with the trusteeship agreements provided for in Article 87 (d) of the Charter.

^{**} See explanation 1 (Rule 81).

RULE (55) 102

The <u>Trusteeship</u> Council may also at any time, in its discretion or at the request of the General Assembly (or of the Security Council) submit to the General Assembly (or to the Security Council, as the case may be,)* special reports on any matter relating to the observance of the Charter, the attainment of the objectives of the trusteeship system, and the fulfilment of the terms of the trusteeship agreements.

RULE (57) 103

The reports of the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council to the General Assembly mentioned in Rules (51, 52 and 56) 98, 99 and 100 shall be (submitted) <u>transmitted</u> to the Secretary-General at least twenty days before the regular annual session of the General Assembly.

RULE 104

The Trusteeship Council may designate the President, the Vice-President or another of its members to represent it during the consideration of its reports by the General Assembly.**

^{*} See explanation 1, (Rule 81).

^{**} During the discussion of the report of the Economic and Social Council to the second part of the first session of the General Assembly, it was suggested that the Economic and Social Council should appoint a special representative who would speak on its behalf in the General Assembly and its committees. The Trusteeship Council may consider that it may be useful that during the consideration of its reports by the General Assembly its representative should be in a position to give to the General Assembly whatever supplementary information may be necessary.

(XVII) <u>XIX</u>. OTHER FUNCTIONS RULE (58) <u>105</u>

The <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall perform such other functions as may be provided for in the trusteeship agreements or as may be assigned to it by the General Assembly (or the Security Council,)* including the expedition and consideration of draft trusteeship agreements and the preparation of recommendations thereon for submission to the General Assembly (or the Security Council)*.

(XVIII) XX. AMENDMENTS OF TRUSTEESHIP AGREEMENTS
RULE (59) 106

The <u>Trusteeship</u> Council may submit to the appropriate organs of the United Nations recommendations for alterations or amendments in the terms of any trusteeship agreement, so far as they come within the competence of the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council.

(XIX) XXI. RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER BODIES
RULE (60) 107

The <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall, when appropriate, avail itself of the assistance of the Economic and Social Council, of the specialized agencies and of regional bodies which may be separately established, concerning matters with which they may be concerned. It shall, <u>subject to Rule 12</u>, invite, when appropriate, representatives of these bodies to attend the meetings of the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council.

Explanations:

^{*} See explanation 1, Rule 81.

(XX) XXII. PERIODIC SURVEYS

RULE (61) 108

The <u>Trusteeship</u> Council shall conduct, as one means of giving effect to Article 76(b) of the Charter, periodic surveys of the development of the political institutions and capacity for self-government or independence of the inhabitants of each trust territory for which the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council is empowered to conduct such surveys by the terms of the trusteeship agreements. During such surveys the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council is empowered to use various methods to ensure the fullest possible expression of the wishes of the local population such as the voice of the representative organs if they exist, the holding of public elections or spokesmen consultation with the national organizations, popular referendum, direct contact by the special representatives of the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council with the people of the territory, or other methods appropriate to the progressive state of political development of the people. The result(s) of these surveys shall be submitted to the General Assembly, (or the Security Council, as the case may be).*

XXIII. STRATEGIC AREAS

RULE 109

The foregoing rules shall apply to the performance by the Trusteeship

Council of all functions with respect to strategic areas which the

Trusteeship Council may be called upon to carry out in accordance with

Article 83(3) of the Charter. In these instances the words "Security Council"

shall replace "General Assembly" whenever appropriate in the foregoing rules.

(XXI) XXIV. AMENDMENTS

RULE (62) 110

These Rules of Procedure may be amended by the <u>Trusteeship</u> Council.

Normally, a vote shall not be taken until four days after a proposal for amendment has been submitted.

Explanations:

^{*} See explanation 1, (Rule 81)

ANNEX

Extracts from agreements between the United Nations and the specialized agencies.

I. ACREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE INTERNATIONAL LABOUR ORGANIZATION

ARTICLE II

- 5. Representatives of the International Labour Organization shall be invited to attend the meetings of the Trusteeship Council and to participate, without vote, in the deliberations thereof with respect to items on the agenda in which the International Labour Organization has indicated that it has an interest.
- 6. Written statements of the Organization shall be distributed by the Secretariat of the United Nations to all Members of the Ceneral Assembly, the Council*eand its commissions and the Trusteeship Council as appropriate.

ARTICLE III

Proposal of Agenda Items

Subject to such preliminary consultation as may be necessary, the International Labour Organization shall include on the agenda of the Governing Body items proposed to it by the United Nations. Similarly, the Council* and its commissions and the Trusteeship Council shall include on their agenda items proposed by the International Labour Organization.

ARTICLE IV

Assistance to the Trusteeship Council

The International Labour Organization agrees to co-operate with the Trusteeship Council in the carrying out of its functions and in particular agrees that it will, to the greatest extent possible, render such assistance as the Trusteeship Council may request in regard to matters with which the Organization is concerned.

^{*} The Economic and Social Council.

II. AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION

ARTICLE III

- 5. Representatives of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization shall be invited to attend the meetings of the Trusteeship Council of the United Nations and to participate without vote, in the deliberations thereof, with respect to items on the agenda relating to educational, scientific and cultural matters.
- 6. Written statements of the United Nations, Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization shall be distributed by the Secretariat of the United Nations to all Members of the General Assembly, the Council* and its commissions, and the Trusteeship Council, as appropriate.

ARTICLE IV

Proposal of Agenda Items

Subject to such preliminary consultation as may be necessary, the United Ections Educational predientific and Cultural Organization shall include on The organizational predientific and Cultural Organization shall include on The organization of the General items proposed to it mystic curited Mattons in Similarly the Council and its confidence in the Council and its confidence on Executive Board of the Organization.

Assistance to the Trusteeship Council

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^{*} The Economic and Social Council.

III. AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS

ARTICLE II

- 5. Representatives of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations shall be invited to attend the meetings of the Trusteeship Council and to participate, without vote, in the deliberations thereof with respect to items on the agenda relating to matters within the scope of its activities.
- 6. Written statements of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations shall be distributed by the Secretariat of the United Nations to all Members of the General Assembly, the Council,* and its commissions, and the Trusteeship Council as appropriate.

ARTICLE III

Proposal of Agenda Items

Subject to such preliminary consultation as may be necessary, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations shall include on the agenda of the Conference or Executive Committee items proposed to it by the United Nations. Similarly, the Council* and its commissions and the Trusteeship Council shall include on their agenda items proposed by the Conference or Executive Committee of the Organization.

ARTICLE VII

Assistance to the Trusteeship Council

The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations agrees to co-operate with the Trusteeship Council in carrying out its functions and in particular agrees that it will, to the greatest extent possible, render such assistance as the Trusteeship Council may request in regard to matters with which the Organization is concerned.