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REPORT OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

Report of the Second Committee (Part I)

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I. INTRODUCTION

1. At its 4th and 5th plenary meetings, on 22 September 1978, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee, decided to include the item entitled "Report of the Economic and Social Council" in its agenda and to allocate to the Second Committee the following parts of the Council's report: 1/ chapters II, III (sects. A, B, D, I and K to M), IV, V (sect. E), VI (sects. A to E and G) and VII (sect. E).
2. The Committee considered this item during the general debate at its 3rd to 20th meetings, from 4 to 27 October and at its 46th to 53rd and 57th meetings, from 24 November to 6 December 1978. An account of the discussion of the Committee is contained in the relevant summary records (A/C.2/33/SR.3-20, 46-53 and 57).
3. For the consideration of the item, the Committee had before it the following documents:
 - (a) Report of the Economic and Social Council on the work of its organizational session for 1978 and of its first and second regular sessions of 1978 and of its resumed second regular session of 1978; 2/

1/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-third Session, Supplement No. 3 (A/33/3).

2/ Ibid. chaps. II, III (sects. A, B, D, I and K to M), IV, V (sect. E), VI (sects. A to E and G) and VII (sect. E) and Add.1 (Part I).

- (b) Letter dated 12 April 1978 from the Permanent Representative of Egypt to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (A/33/79 and Corr.1);
- (c) Letter dated 10 May 1978 from the Permanent Representative of Israel to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (A/33/99);
- (d) Report of the Secretary-General on assistance to Djibouti (A/33/106);
- (e) Report of the Secretary-General on assistance to Lesotho (A/33/112 and Add.1);
- (f) Note verbale dated 2 June 1978 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the Final Communiqué adopted at the Ministerial Meeting of the Co-ordinating Bureau of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Havana from 15 to 20 May 1978 (A/33/118);
- (g) Report of the Secretary-General on assistance to Sao Tome and Principe (A/33/120);
- (h) Letter dated 5 June 1978 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the Secretary-General (A/33/127);
- (i) Letter dated 8 June 1978 from the Permanent Representative of the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic addressed to the Secretary-General (A/33/133);
- (j) Report of the Secretary-General on assistance to Seychelles (A/33/139);
- (k) Report of the Secretary-General on assistance to Botswana (A/33/166 and Corr.1);
- (l) Report of the Secretary-General on assistance to Cape Verde (A/33/167 and Corr.1);
- (m) Report of the Secretary-General on assistance to the Comoros (A/33/170);
- (n) Report of the Secretary-General on assistance to Mozambique (A/33/173 and Corr.1);
- (o) Note verbale dated 11 July 1978 from the Permanent Mission of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (A/33/178);
- (p) Report of the Secretary-General on assistance to Guinea-Bissau (A/33/179 and Corr.1);
- (q) Reports of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the recovery and rehabilitation programme in the Sudano-Sahelian region (A/33/267 and DP/326);

- (r) Reports of the Secretary-General on assistance to Zambia (A/33/343 and E/1978/114/Rev.1);
- (s) Report of the Secretary-General on progress in the implementation of the Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of States (A/33/438);
- (t) Note verbale dated 29 September 1978 from the Permanent Representative of Jamaica to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (A/33/278);
- (u) Letter dated 16 October 1978 from the Permanent Representative of Mongolia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (A/33/319);
- (v) Note by the Secretariat transmitting the text of a draft resolution, recommended by Economic and Social resolution 1978/59 entitled "United Nations Transport and Communications Decade in Africa" (A/C.2/33/L.2); 3/
- (w) Note by the Secretariat transmitting the text of a draft resolution, transmitted by the General Assembly in its decision 32/443 C, entitled "Preparations for a new international development strategy" (A/C.2/33/L.3);
- (x) Report of the Secretary-General on the feasibility of holding an international conference on new and renewable sources of energy (E/1978/68);
- (y) Progress report of the Secretary-General on long-term trends in the economic development of world regions (E/1978/71);
- (z) Report of the Secretary-General on the network for the exchange of technological information and the industrial and technological information bank (E/1978/72 and Corr.1);
- (aa) Report of the Secretary-General on the role of the public sector in promoting the economic development of developing countries (E/1978/76);
- (bb) Report of the Secretary-General on "the brain-drain problem": outflow of trained personnel from developing to developed countries (E/1978/92);
- (cc) Progress report of the Secretary-General on the Transport and Communications Decade in Africa (E/1978/96);
- (dd) Note by the Secretary-General on the promotion of tourism (E/1978/98);

3/ At the 58th meeting, on 7 December, on the proposal of Tunisia, made on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations which are members of the Group of 77, the Committee decided to consider the text of the draft resolution under item 58 of its agenda, "Development and international economic co-operation".

(ee) Note by the Secretary-General on membership of the World Tourism Organization (E/1978/99).

4. At the 47th meeting, on 27 November, the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme introduced the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the recovery and rehabilitation programme in the Sudano-Sahelian region (A/33/267).

5. At the 48th meeting, on 28 November, the Assistant Secretary-General for Special Political Questions introduced the reports of the Secretary-General on assistance to Djibouti (A/33/106); assistance to Lesotho (A/33/112 and Add.1); assistance to Sao Tome and Principe (A/33/120); assistance to Seychelles (A/33/139); assistance to Botswana (A/33/166 and Corr.1); assistance to Cape Verde (A/33/167 and Corr.1); assistance to the Comoros (A/33/170); assistance to Mozambique (A/33/173 and Corr.1); assistance to Guinea-Bissau (A/33/179 and Corr.1); and on assistance to Zambia (A/33/343 and E/1978/114/Rev.1). In accordance with the decision of the Committee taken at the same meeting, the statement of the Assistant Secretary-General for Special Political Questions was subsequently issued in document A/C/2/33/5.

II. CONSIDERATION OF DRAFT RESOLUTIONS

A. Draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.43

6. At the 49th meeting, on 28 November, the representative of the Philippines, on behalf of the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, India, Kenya, Mexico, Nepal, Panama, Peru, the Philippines, Portugal, Spain and Togo, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.43) entitled "World Tourism Organization". Subsequently, Colombia and Nigeria joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

7. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.43 (see para. 37 below, draft resolution I).

B. Draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.52 and Rev.1

8. At the 51st meeting, on 30 November, the representative of Chad introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.52) entitled "Assistance to Guinea-Bissau" on behalf of Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burundi, Cape Verde, the Central African Empire, Chad, the Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, France, Gabon, the Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, India, the Ivory Coast, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, the Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Liberia, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Portugal, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, the United Republic of Cameroon, the United Republic of Tanzania, the Upper Volta, Viet Nam, Yugoslavia, Zaire and Zambia. Subsequently, Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Brazil, Cuba, Guyana, Jamaica, Nepal, Pakistan and the Philippines joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

9. At the 52nd meeting, on 1 December, the representative of Chad, on behalf of the sponsors, orally revised the draft resolution by deleting operative paragraph 8, which read:

"8. Invites also Member States and other countries, organizations and institutions contributing to multilateral assistance programmes to consider earmarking a portion of their contributions for countries facing special problems, such as Guinea-Bissau, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to organize special economic assistance programmes".

10. At the 57th meeting, on 6 December, the representative of the Congo, on behalf of the sponsors, now joined by the United States of America, introduced and further orally revised a revised text of the draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.52/Rev.1), which entailed the following changes:

(a) In operative paragraph 5, the words "and in accordance with the previous resolutions of the General Assembly" and "as a matter of priority" were inserted; and the words "all privileges and benefits normally deriving from the status of a least developed country" were replaced by the words "privileges and benefits";

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(b) In operative paragraph 6, after "Invites" the words "the governing bodies of" were deleted; the words "the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization" and "of that assistance and decisions" were inserted; and the words "consider the inclusion of an item in the agenda of their 1979 meetings dealing specifically with the special category of countries, such as" were replaced by the words "bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to".

C. Draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.53 and Rev.1

11. At the 51st meeting, on 30 November, the representative of Chad introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.53) entitled "Assistance to Sao Tome and Principe" on behalf of Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burundi, Cape Verde, the Central African Empire, Chad, the Congo, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, France, Gabon, the Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, the Ivory Coast, Japan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Portugal, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, the Sudan, Swaziland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, the United Republic of Cameroon, the United Republic of Tanzania, Upper Volta, Zaire and Zambia. Subsequently, Bangladesh, Brazil, India, Jamaica, Nepal, Pakistan, the Philippines, Viet Nam and Yugoslavia joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

12. At the 57th meeting, on 6 December, the representative of the Congo, on behalf of the sponsors, introduced and further orally revised a revised text of the draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.53/Rev.1), which entailed the following changes:

(a) In operative paragraph 3, the words "and in accordance with the previous resolutions of the General Assembly" and "as a matter of priority" were inserted; and the words "all privileges and benefits normally deriving from the status of a least developed country" were replaced by the words "privileges and benefits";

(b) In operative paragraph 5, after "Invites" the words "the governing bodies of" were deleted; the words "the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization" and "of that assistance and decisions" were inserted; and the words "consider the inclusion of an item in the agenda of their 1979 meetings dealing specifically with the special category of countries, such as" were replaced by the words "bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to".

D. Draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.54/Rev.1 and Rev.2

13. At the 52nd meeting, on 1 December, the representative of the Congo introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.54/Rev.1) entitled "Assistance to

Mozambique" on behalf of Algeria, Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burundi, Cape Verde, the Central African Empire, Chad, the Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, the Gambia, the German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Hungary, India, the Ivory Coast, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Portugal, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, the Sudan, the Syrian Arab Republic, Swaziland, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, the United Republic of Cameroon, the United Republic of Tanzania, Upper Volta, Viet Nam, Yugoslavia, Zaire and Zambia. Subsequently, Afghanistan, Brazil, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Jamaica, Jordan, the Lao People's Democratic Republic, Nepal, Pakistan, Panama, the Philippines, Spain, Sri Lanka and Yemen joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

14. At the 57th meeting, on 6 December, the representative of the Congo, on behalf of the sponsors, now joined by Guyana and Mongolia, introduced a revised text of the draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.54/Rev.2) in which, in operative paragraph 15, the words "the governing bodies of" were deleted; the words "the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Health Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations" and "of that assistance and decisions" were inserted; the words "consider the inclusion of an item in the agenda of their 1979 meetings to deal specifically with the problems of countries such as" were replaced by the words "bring to the attention of their governing bodies of their consideration the assistance they are rendering to" and the words "and to report the results to the Secretary-General before the opening of the thirty-fourth session of the General Assembly" were replaced by the words "and to report the results of that assistance and decisions to the Secretary-General in time for consideration by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session".

E. Draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.55 and Rev.1

15. At the 51st meeting, on 30 November, the representative of Chad introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.55) entitled "Assistance to Cape Verde" on behalf of Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Brazil, Burundi, Cape Verde, the Central African Empire, Chad, the Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, France, Gabon, the Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, the Ivory Coast, Japan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Portugal, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, the Sudan, Swaziland, Sweden, the Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, the United Republic of Cameroon, the United Republic of Tanzania, Upper Volta, Viet Nam, Yugoslavia, Zaire and Zambia. Subsequently, Bangladesh, India, Pakistan, the Philippines and Nepal joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

16. At the 52nd meeting, on 1 December, the representative of the Congo, on behalf of the sponsors, orally revised the draft resolution by deleting operative paragraph 9 which read:

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"Also invites Member States and other countries, organizations and institutions contributing to multilateral assistance programmes to consider ear-marking a portion of their contribution specifically for countries such as Cape Verde, which face special problems and for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to organize special economic assistance programmes".

17. At the 57th meeting, on 6 December, the representative of the Congo, on behalf of the sponsors, now joined by Barbados, Cuba, Guyana and the United States of America, introduced a revised text of the draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.55/Rev.1) which contained the following changes:

(a) In operative paragraph 6, after "Invites" the words "the governing bodies of" were deleted; the words "the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization" and "of that assistance and decisions" were inserted; and the words "consider the inclusion of an item in the agenda of their 1979 meetings dealing specifically with the special category of countries, such as" were replaced by the words "bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to";

(b) Operative paragraph 8 was deleted. The paragraph read:

"Invites the World Food Programme to consider whether any modification of its present rules can be made to permit the local sale of food provided under its auspices and the use of its proceeds in development projects in the case of countries, such as Cape Verde, encountering special difficulties and circumstances".

F. Draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.56 and Rev.1

18. At the 51st meeting, on 30 November, the representative of Chad introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.56) entitled "Assistance to Lesotho" on behalf of Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burundi, Cape Verde, the Central African Empire, Chad, the Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, the Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, the Ivory Coast, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, the Sudan, Swaziland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, the United Republic of Cameroon, the United Republic of Tanzania, Upper Volta, Zaire and Zambia. Subsequently, Bangladesh, India, Nepal, Pakistan, Panama, the Philippines, Sweden, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

19. At the 52nd meeting, on 1 December the representative of Lesotho, on behalf of the co-sponsors, orally revised operative paragraph 8 of the draft resolution in A/C.2/33/L.56 by deleting the words "the governing bodies of"; by replacing the words "consider the inclusion of an item in the agenda of their 1979 meetings to deal specifically with the special problems of countries" by the words "to bring

to the attention of their governing bodies the assistance they are rendering to the countries"; and by inserting the words "of this assistance" between the words "the results" and the words "to the Secretary-General". At the same time, he deleted operative paragraph 9 which read:

"Invites the World Food Programme to consider whether any modification of its present rules can be made to permit the local sale of food and the use of its proceeds in development projects in the case of countries, such as Lesotho, encountering special difficulties and circumstances".

20. The revised draft resolution was later issued in document A/C.2/33/L.56/Rev.1. Ireland subsequently joined in sponsoring the revised draft resolution.

G. Draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.57 and Rev.1

21. At the 51st meeting, on 30 November, the representative of Chad introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.57) entitled "Assistance to Seychelles" on behalf of Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burundi, Cape Verde, the Central African Empire, Chad, the Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, the Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, the Ivory Coast, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, the Sudan, Swaziland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, the United Republic of Cameroon, the United Republic of Tanzania, Upper Volta, Zaire and Zambia. Subsequently, Bangladesh, India, Nepal, Pakistan, the Philippines and Viet Nam joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

22. At the 57th meeting, on 6 December, the representative of the Congo, on behalf of the sponsors, introduced and further orally revised a revised text of the draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.57/Rev.1) which entailed the following changes:

(a) In operative paragraph 4, the words "and in accordance with the previous resolutions of the General Assembly" and "as a matter of priority" were inserted; and the words "all privileges and benefits normally deriving from the status of a least developed country" were replaced by the words "privileges and benefits";

(b) In operative paragraph 6, after "Invites" the words "the governing bodies of" were deleted; the words "the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization" and "of this assistance and decisions" were inserted; and the words "consider the inclusion of an item in the agenda of their 1979 meetings dealing specifically with the special category of countries, such as" were replaced by the words "bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to";

(c) Operative paragraph 8 was deleted. The paragraph read:

"Invites also Member States and other countries, organizations and institutions contributing to multilateral assistance programmes to consider earmarking a portion of their contribution specifically for countries facing special problems such as Seychelles for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to organize special economic assistance programmes".

H. Draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.58 and Rev.1

23. At the 51st meeting, on 30 November, the representative of Chad introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.58) entitled "Assistance to Botswana" on behalf of Algeria, Angola, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bolivia, Botswana, Burundi, Cape Verde, the Central African Empire, Chad, the Congo, Cyprus, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, the Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, India, the Ivory Coast, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, the Sudan, Swaziland, Sweden, the Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, the United Republic of Cameroon, the United Republic of Tanzania, Upper Volta, Yugoslavia, Zaire and Zambia. At the same time, he orally revised the draft resolution, on behalf of the sponsors, by deleting operative paragraph 10 which read:

"Invites Member States and other countries, organizations and institutions contributing to multilateral assistance programmes to consider earmarking a portion of their contribution for those countries facing special problems, such as Botswana, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to organize special economic assistance programmes".

24. Subsequently, Jamaica, Nepal, Pakistan, the Philippines, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America and Viet Nam joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

25. At the 57th meeting, on 6 December, the representative of the Congo introduced, on behalf of the sponsors, now joined by Guyana, a revised text of the draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.58/Rev.1) in which operative paragraph 8 was revised by the deletion of the words "the governing bodies of"; the insertion of the words "the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization" and "of that assistance and decisions"; and the replacement of the words "consider the inclusion of an item in the agenda of their 1979 meetings to deal specifically with the special problems of countries, such as" by the words "bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to".

I. Draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.59 and Rev.1

26. At the 51st meeting, on 30 November, the representative of Chad introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.59) entitled "Assistance to Zambia" on behalf of

Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burundi, Cape Verde, the Central African Empire, Chad, the Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, the Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, India, the Ivory Coast, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, the Sudan, Swaziland, Sweden, the Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, the United Republic of Cameroon, the United Republic of Tanzania, Upper Volta, Yugoslavia, Zaire and Zambia. At the same time, he orally revised the draft resolution by deleting operative paragraph 9 which read:

"Invites Member States and other countries, organizations and institutions contributing to multilateral assistance programmes to consider earmarking a portion of their contribution specifically for countries such as Zambia, which face special problems and for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to organize special economic assistance programmes".

Subsequently, Bangladesh, Nepal, Norway, Pakistan, the Philippines, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America and Viet Nam joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

27. At the 52nd meeting, on 1 December, the representative of the Congo, on behalf of the sponsors, further orally revised the draft resolution by inserting the words "the United Nations Children's Fund" and "the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations" in the renumbered operative paragraph 11.

At the 57th meeting, on 6 December 1978, the representative of the Congo, on behalf of the sponsors, now joined by Guyana and Jamaica, introduced a revised text of the draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.59/Rev.1) in which operative paragraph 11 was further revised by the deletion of the words "the governing bodies of"; the insertion of the words "the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations" and "of that assistance and decisions"; and the replacement of the words "consider the inclusion of an item in the agenda of their 1979 meetings dealing specifically with countries, such as" by the words "bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to".

J. Draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.51 and Rev.1

28. At the 52nd meeting, on 1 December, the representative of the Ivory Coast introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.51) entitled "Assistance to the Comoros" on behalf of Bangladesh, the Central African Empire, the Comoros, the Dominican Republic, France, the Gambia, India, the Ivory Coast, Japan, Maldives, Nepal, Oman, Pakistan, Senegal, Togo, Tunisia and Turkey. At the same time he orally revised the draft resolution by deleting, in the first preambular paragraph and in operative paragraph 9 (b), the words "the Government of" before the words "the Comoros". Subsequently, the Philippines and the Syrian Arab Republic joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

29. At the 57th meeting, on 6 December, the representative of the Ivory Coast, on behalf of the sponsors, introduced a revised text of the draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.51/Rev.1) which contained the following changes:

(a) The fourth preambular paragraph was deleted. The paragraph read:

"Having regard to the exceptional circumstances in which the Comoros acceded to independence on 6 July 1975";

(b) In operative paragraph 6, the words "the governing bodies of" were deleted; the words "the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization" and "of that assistance and decisions" were inserted; and the words "consider the inclusion of an item in the agenda of their 1979 meetings dealing specifically with the special category of countries, such as" were replaced by the words "bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to".

K. Draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.61 and Rev.1

30. At the 52nd meeting, on 1 December, the representative of the Congo introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.61) entitled "Assistance to Djibouti" on behalf of Algeria, Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Botswana, Burundi, Cape Verde, the Central African Empire, Chad, the Congo, Democratic Yemen, Dominican Republic, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, the Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, India, the Ivory Coast, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Liberia, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, the Sudan, Swaziland, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, the United Arab Emirates, the United Republic of Cameroon, the United Republic of Tanzania, Upper Volta, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire and Zambia. Subsequently, Nepal, Pakistan, Panama, the Philippines and the Syrian Arab Republic joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

31. At the 57th meeting, on 6 December, the representative of the Congo, on behalf of the sponsors, now joined by Cuba and France, introduced and further orally revised a revised text of the draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.61/Rev.1) which entailed the following changes:

(a) In operative paragraph 5, the words "and in accordance with the previous resolutions of the General Assembly" and "as a matter of priority" were inserted; and the words "all privileges and benefits normally deriving from the status of a least developed country" were replaced by the words "privileges and benefits";

(b) In operative paragraph 7, after "Invites" the words "the governing bodies of" were deleted; the words "the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization" and "of that assistance and decisions" were inserted; and the words "consider the inclusion of an item in the agenda of

their 1979 meetings to deal specifically with the special category of countries, such as" were replaced by the words "bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to";

(c) Operative paragraph 10 was deleted. The paragraph read:

"Invites also Member States and other countries, organizations and institutions contributing to multilateral assistance programmes to consider earmarking a portion of their contribution specifically for countries facing special problems such as Djibouti for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to organize special economic assistance programmes".

* * *

32. In connexion with draft resolutions A/C.2/33/L.51 to A/C.2/33/L.59 and A/C.2/33/L.61, the Committee had before it a statement of the administrative and financial implications thereof, submitted by the Secretary-General in accordance with rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly (A/C.2/33/L.70). In the light of the revisions to the draft resolutions, the Secretary of the Committee stated that paragraph 2 of the administrative and financial implications no longer applied, and that therefore the statement submitted by the Secretary-General referred only to revised draft resolutions A/C.2/33/L.51/Rev.1, to A/C.2/33/L.53/Rev.1, A/C.2/33/L.56/Rev.1 to A/C.2/33/L.59/Rev.1 and A/C.2/33/L.61/Rev.1.

33. At the 57th meeting, on 6 December, the Committee adopted the revised draft resolutions in A/C.2/33/L.51/Rev.1 to A/C.2/33/L.54/Rev.2, A/C.2/33/L.55/Rev.1 to A/C.2/33/L.59/Rev.1 and A/C.2/33/L.61/Rev.1 (see para. 37 below, draft resolutions II to XI).

34. Following the adoption of the revised draft resolutions, statements were made by the representatives of the United States of America, the Federal Republic of Germany, Benin, the Congo, Japan, Burundi, Sao Tome and Principe, Norway (on behalf of Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden), Ethiopia, Cape Verde, Botswana, France, Cuba, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Djibouti, Nigeria, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Belgium, Angola, Zambia, Guinea, the Sudan and Algeria.

L. Draft resolution A/C.2/33/L.66

35. At the 53rd meeting, on 4 December, the representative of Senegal, on behalf of Cape Verde, Chad, Gambia, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Senegal and Upper Volta, submitted a draft resolution (A/C.2/33/L.66) entitled "Implementation of the medium-term and long-term recovery and rehabilitation programme in the Sudano-Sahelian region" and orally revised the draft by deleting, from operative paragraph 8, the words "and the relations with other participating institutions or organizations such as the Club du Sahel". Subsequently, France joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

36. At the 57th meeting, on 6 December, the Committee adopted the draft resolution in A/C.2/33/L.66, as orally revised (see para. 37 below, draft resolution XII).

/...

III. RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE

37. The Second Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolutions:

DRAFT RESOLUTION I

World Tourism Organization

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 32/157 of 19 December 1977 concerning the World Tourism Organization,

Noting with satisfaction the interim report prepared by the World Tourism Organization and circulated under a note by the Secretary-General 4/ in response to paragraph 1 of that resolution,

Further noting the work accomplished by the World Tourism Organization since its establishment in the light of its central role in the field of tourism and the further steps which it proposes to take in this regard, especially the operational activities for the promotion of tourism, for the benefit in particular of developing countries,

Recognizing that the programmes and activities of the World Tourism Organization in the field of tourism contribute, in line with its statutes, to global economic and social development and to international understanding, peace and progress,

Noting with interest that the World Tourism Organization is to convene a World Tourism Conference in 1980 which will examine past and present trends in tourism with a view to defining guidelines for its future development, planning and promotion, and enabling States to formulate their tourism development strategies,

1. Requests the World Tourism Organization to continue its efforts towards the further development and promotion of tourism, especially in the developing countries, through intensified international co-operation pursuant to article 3 of its statutes;

2. Urges States to give due attention and co-operation to the preparatory work of the World Tourism Organization for the 1980 World Tourism Conference and to ensure appropriate representation at the Conference in order to achieve the results expected therefrom, in particular the promotion and strengthening of tourism in developing countries to enable them to derive a fair and equitable share of the benefits of international tourism;

3. Reiterates its invitation, through the Secretary-General of the United Nations, to States Members of the United Nations which are not yet members of the World Tourism Organization to consider becoming members of that organization;

4. Requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations, in collaboration with the Secretary-General of the World Tourism Organization, to submit a final report, as called for in its resolution 32/157, to the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session, through the Economic and Social Council at its second regular session of 1979.

DRAFT RESOLUTION II

Assistance to the Comoros

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 31/42 of 1 December 1976, in which it urgently appealed to the international community to assist the Comoros in an effective and continuous manner so as to enable it to face successfully the critical situation resulting from the economic difficulties experienced by that newly independent country,

Recalling also its resolution 32/92 of 13 December 1977, in which it endorsed the assessment and recommendations of the United Nations mission to the Comoros 5/ and urged Member States and regional and intergovernmental organizations to respond generously and to continue to provide the Comoros with the economic, financial and material assistance necessary to meet the cost of the projects and other measures referred to in the report of the mission,

Recalling further its resolutions 31/156 of 21 December 1976 and 32/185 of 19 December 1977, in which it urged all Governments, in particular those of developed countries, to lend their support, in the context of their assistance programmes, to the implementation of the specific action envisaged in favour of developing island countries and which also called upon all organizations in the United Nations system to implement, within their respective spheres of competence, appropriate specific actions in favour of developing island countries,

Taking note of the special problems confronting the Comoros as a developing island country and as one of the least developed among the developing countries,

Having studied the report of the Secretary-General, dated 7 July 1978, 6/ which included a progress report on the Special Economic Assistance Programme for the Comoros recommended in the report of the Secretary-General, dated 3 November 1977, 7/

5/ A/32/208/Add.1 and 2.

6/ A/33/170.

7/ A/32/208/Add.1.

Noting Economic and Social Council resolution 1978/49 of 2 August 1978, in which the Council appealed to the international community to respond generously and to continue to assist the Comoros in carrying out its short-term and long-term development programme,

1. Expresses appreciation to the Secretary-General for the steps he has taken to mobilize assistance for the Comoros;
2. Notes with satisfaction the response by various Member States and organizations to its appeal and that of the Secretary-General for assistance to finance, in whole or in part, a number of projects identified in the report of the Secretary-General, dated 3 November 1977; 7/
3. Notes, however, that a substantial amount of assistance is still urgently required in order to carry out the projects identified in annex I of the report of the Secretary-General; 7/
4. Reiterates its appeal to Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental bodies to provide effective and continuous financial, material and technical assistance to the Comoros to help it overcome its financial and economic difficulties and to permit the implementation of the projects and programmes identified in the report of the Secretary-General; 7/
5. Calls upon Member States to give special consideration to the early inclusion of the Comoros in their programmes of development assistance and, in cases where assistance programmes for the Comoros are already in force, to expand them, wherever possible;
6. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to the Comoros, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to implement a special economic assistance programme, and to report the results of that assistance and decisions to the Secretary-General in time for consideration by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session;
7. Draws the attention of the international community to the United Nations special account for the Comoros, established in accordance with General Assembly resolution 32/92, for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to the Comoros;
8. Requests the appropriate organizations and specialized agencies of the United Nations system to co-operate closely with the Secretary-General in organizing an effective international programme of assistance for the Comoros and to report periodically to him on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist that country;

9. Requests the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to the Comoros;

(b) To pursue with the Comoros the question of organizing a meeting of donors and, in this respect, to co-ordinate efforts with the United Nations Development Programme, the Economic Commission for Africa and the World Bank;

(c) To ensure that adequate financial and budgetary arrangements are made to continue the organization of the international assistance programme for the Comoros and the mobilization of assistance;

(d) To keep the situation in the Comoros under constant review, maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions concerned and apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1979, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for the Comoros;

(e) To arrange for a review of the economic situation of the Comoros and the progress made in organizing and implementing the assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session.

DRAFT RESOLUTION III

Assistance to Guinea-Bissau

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 3339 (XXIX) of 17 December 1974, in which it invited Member States to provide economic assistance to the then newly independent State of Guinea-Bissau,

Recalling further its resolution 32/100 of 13 December 1977, in which it appealed to the international community to provide financial and economic assistance to help Guinea-Bissau overcome serious social and economic difficulties and meet its economic development needs,

Taking note of the recommendation of the Committee for Development Planning at its fourteenth session, in response to the application of Guinea-Bissau for inclusion in the list of least developed countries, that Guinea-Bissau should be assisted during the remainder of the current decade, and that the special difficulties and upheavals experienced by Guinea-Bissau require special measures, 8/

8/ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council of 1978, Supplement No. 6 (E/1978/46 and Corr. 1), para. 99.

Having examined the report of the Secretary-General, dated 20 July 1978, 9/ containing the report of the mission which he sent to Guinea-Bissau in response to General Assembly resolution 32/100 of 13 December 1977,

Noting Economic and Social Council resolution 1978/52 of 2 August 1978, in which the Council called upon the international community to provide assistance to Guinea-Bissau on a generous scale to enable it to meet its short-term and long-term development needs,

Deeply concerned at the damage to the economy of Guinea-Bissau and to much of its limited infrastructure as a result of the long war of national liberation, the acute shortages facing the country, especially in food supplies, trained manpower, equipment and spare parts, budgetary finance and foreign exchange, and the problems caused by the return of large numbers of refugees,

Taking note of the present development priorities of the Government, which include agriculture, industry, training, transport, electricity, water supplies, mineral exploration and the development of social services,

Recognizing that the persistence of an unfavourable balance of trade and of deficit in the recurrent budget, together with the weaknesses and limitations of the physical infrastructure, the administration and the services and the shortage of trained manpower constitute serious obstacles to development,

Recognizing also the continuing need of Guinea-Bissau for international assistance to overcome these obstacles and meet its short-term and long-term development needs,

1. Expresses appreciation to the Secretary-General for the steps he has taken to mobilize assistance for Guinea-Bissau;
2. Endorses fully the assessment and recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary General 9/ and draws the attention of the international community to the requirements for assistance for projects and programmes identified in it;
3. Expresses appreciation to those States and organizations that have provided assistance to Guinea-Bissau in response to appeals by the General Assembly and the Secretary-General;
4. Reiterates its appeal to Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental bodies to provide effective and continuous financial, material and technical assistance to Guinea-Bissau to help it overcome its financial and economic difficulties and to permit the implementation of projects and programmes identified in the report of the Secretary-General; 9/
5. Calls upon Member States, in the light of the recommendation of the Committee for Development Planning and in accordance with the previous resolutions

of the General Assembly, to accord Guinea-Bissau, as a matter of priority, privileges and benefits and to give special consideration to the early inclusion of Guinea-Bissau in their programmes of development assistance;

6. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to Guinea-Bissau, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to implement a special economic assistance programme, and to report the results of that assistance and decisions to the Secretary-General in time for consideration by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session;

7. Calls the attention of the international community to the special account which was established at United Nations Headquarters by the Secretary-General in accordance with General Assembly resolution 32/100 for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to Guinea-Bissau;

8. Requests the appropriate organizations and specialized agencies of the United Nations system to report periodically to the Secretary-General on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist Guinea-Bissau;

9. Further requests the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Guinea-Bissau;

(b) To pursue with the Government of Guinea-Bissau the question of organizing a meeting of donors and, in this respect, to co-ordinate efforts with the United Nations Development Programme, the Economic Commission for Africa and the World Bank;

(c) To ensure that adequate financial and budgetary arrangements are made to continue the organization of the international assistance programmes for Guinea-Bissau and the mobilization of assistance;

(d) To keep the situation in Guinea-Bissau under constant review, maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions concerned and apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1979, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Guinea-Bissau;

(e) To arrange for a review of the economic situation of Guinea-Bissau and the progress made in organizing and implementing the assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session.

DRAFT RESOLUTION IV

Assistance to Sao Tome and Principe

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 31/187 of 21 December 1976, in which it expressed deep concern at the serious economic and social situation in Sao Tome and Principe as a result of the total lack of infrastructure for development,

Recalling also its resolution 32/96 of 13 December 1977, in which it noted that the appeal made in resolution 31/187 had not met with the desired response and requested the Secretary-General to send a special mission to Sao Tome and Principe with a view to continuing the consultations with the Government on urgent needs and on identifying the economic problems facing the country,

Recalling further its resolutions 31/156 of 21 December 1976 and 32/185 of 19 December 1977, in which it urged all Governments, in particular those of developed countries, to lend their support, in the context of their assistance programmes, to the implementation of the specific action envisaged in favour of developing island countries and in which it also called upon all organizations in the United Nations system to implement, within their respective spheres of competence, appropriate specific actions in favour of developing island countries,

Taking note of the recommendation of the Committee for Development Planning at its fourteenth session, in response to the application of Sao Tome and Principe for inclusion in the list of least developed countries, that Sao Tome and Principe should be assisted during the remainder of the current decade and that special difficulties and upheavals experienced by Sao Tome and Principe require special measures, 10/

Having examined the report of the Secretary-General of 12 June 1978 11/ containing the report of the mission which he sent to Sao Tome and Principe in response to resolution 32/96,

Noting that the assessment and recommendations contained in the report were fully endorsed by the Economic and Social Council in resolution 1978/50 of 2 August 1978,

Noting with deep concern that most of the physical and organizational infrastructure of the country is inadequate, that the level of technological development has been generally low in virtually all branches of the economy, that many of the country's physical assets are obsolete and nearly worn out, and that the general condition of the country at independence did not constitute a viable base for launching an effective programme of development,

10/ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council of 1978, Supplement No. 6 (E/1978/46 and Corr.1), para. 99.

11/ A/33/120.

Noting further that a major reorganization was essential, as was the establishment of new institutions, and that the difficulty of making progress in the present situation was greatly increased by the lack of trained and experienced nations,

Noting also that the economic and social development of Sao Tome and Principe has been seriously hindered by inadequate sea and air transport and, to a less extent, by deficiencies in land transport, and that the improvement of all transport infrastructure is a prerequisite for the country's future progress,

Further noting that school buildings are inadequate for the number of pupils and that there is a serious shortage of housing,

Taking note of the Government's proposals for development, notably in agriculture and livestock, in fisheries, manufacture, transport and other infrastructure, and in education, training, health and housing,

Taking note of the estimate that an annual investment of about \$10 million will be needed for at least the next decade in order to replace obsolete and worn out installations as well as to provide for a modest growth of per capita income,

Recognizing the urgent need of Sao Tome and Principe for international assistance to meet its short-term and long-term development needs,

1. Expresses appreciation to the Secretary-General for the steps he has taken to mobilize assistance for Sao Tome and Principe;
2. Endorses fully the assessment and recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary-General; ll/
3. Calls upon Member States, in the light of the recommendation of the Committee for Development Planning and in accordance with the previous resolutions of the General Assembly, to accord Sao Tome and Principe, as a matter of priority, privileges and benefits and to give special consideration to the early inclusion of Sao Tome and Principe in their programmes of development assistance;
4. Reiterates its appeal to Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental bodies to provide financial, material and technical assistance to Sao Tome and Principe to permit the implementation of projects and programmes identified in the report of the Secretary-General; ll/
5. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to Sao Tome and Principe, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to implement a special economic assistance programme, and to report the results of that assistance and decisions to the Secretary-General in time for consideration by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session;

6. Draws the attention of the international community to the special account which was established at United Nations Headquarters by the Secretary-General in accordance with General Assembly resolution 32/96 for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to Sao Tome and Principe;

7. Requests the appropriate organs of the United Nations system and the specialized agencies to report periodically to the Secretary-General on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist Sao Tome and Principe;

8. Further requests the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Sao Tome and Principe;

(b) To pursue with the Government of Sao Tome and Principe the question of organizing a meeting of donors and, in this respect, to co-ordinate efforts with the United Nations Development Programme, the Economic Commission for Africa and the World Bank;

(c) To ensure that adequate financial and budgetary arrangements are made to continue the organization of the international assistance programme for Sao Tome and Principe and the mobilization of assistance;

(d) To keep the situation in Sao Tome and Principe under constant review, maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions concerned, and to apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1979, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Sao Tome and Principe;

(e) To arrange for a review of the economic situation of Sao Tome and Principe and the progress made in organizing and implementing the assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session.

DRAFT RESOLUTION V

Assistance to Mozambique

The General Assembly,

Recalling the decision of the Government of the People's Republic of Mozambique to implement mandatory sanctions against the illegal and racist régime of Southern Rhodesia in accordance with Security Council resolution 253 (1968) of 29 May 1968,

Recognizing the substantial economic sacrifices made by Mozambique in the implementation of its decision totally to enforce sanctions and to close its borders with Southern Rhodesia,

/...

Deeply concerned at the continued acts of aggression committed by the illegal and racist régime of Southern Rhodesia against Mozambique and the resultant loss of life and destruction of property,

Recalling Security Council resolution 386 (1976) of 17 March 1976, in which the Council appealed to all States to provide, and requested the Secretary-General, in collaboration with the appropriate organizations of the United Nations system, to organize with immediate effect financial, technical and material assistance to enable Mozambique to carry out its economic development programme normally and to enhance its capacity to implement fully the United Nations mandatory sanctions,

Recalling also its resolution 31/43 of 1 December 1976, in which it urged the international community to respond effectively and generously with assistance to Mozambique,

Recalling further its resolutions 32/95 of 13 December 1977, in which it endorsed the provisions of Security Council resolution 411 (1977) of 30 June 1977, and requested the Secretary-General to arrange for a review of the economic situation of Mozambique,

Noting Economic and Social Council resolutions 1987 (LX) of 11 May 1976, 2020 (LXI) of 3 August 1976, 2094 (LXIII) of 29 July 1977 and 1978/63 of 3 August 1978,

Noting also that the Committee for Development Planning has recommended that the present list of the least developed countries should stand until the end of the Second United Nations Development Decade, 12/

Having examined the report of the Secretary-General dated 12 July 1978 13/ containing the report of the mission to Mozambique,

Having noted the introductory statement of the Assistant Secretary-General for Special Political Questions, made on 28 November 1978, on the question of United Nations special assistance programmes,

Noting with concern that the economic and financial position of Mozambique remains grave and beset by budget and balance-of-payments deficits and that, in the absence of international assistance, the Government will have to reduce major imports that are essential for its development programmes and for restoring industrial production to pre-sanctions' levels,

Noting also that the Government's planned investment programme cannot be carried out without significant additional international assistance,

12/ See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council of 1978, Supplement No. 6 (E/1978/46 and Corr.1), para. 99.

13/ A/33/173 and Corr.1.

Taking note of the list of major projects for which no funding has yet been arranged 14/ and of the major food requirements for the balance of 1978 and the preliminary estimates for 1979, 15/

Recognizing that the major floods in 1978 had seriously affected the Government's agricultural programmes and that, despite the international response to this disaster, external assistance is still required, especially in the form of food-stuff and seeds for planting and technical co-operation for disaster preparedness and prevention,

Taking into account that Mozambique continues to provide asylum for a growing number of refugees who continue to be vulnerable to attack and harassment by the forces of the illegal and racist régime in Southern Rhodesia and noting the need for additional international assistance for these refugees,

Taking note of the communiqué issued on 17 October 1978 by the Government of the People's Republic of Mozambique reaffirming its position to maintain fully sanctions against the British Colony of Southern Rhodesia in accordance with Security Council resolution 253 (1968),

1. Strongly endorses the appeals made by the Security Council and the Secretary-General for international assistance to Mozambique;
2. Endorses fully the assessment and major recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary-General; 13/
3. Takes note with appreciation of the statement of the Assistant Secretary-General for Special Political Questions made on 28 November 1978; 16/
4. Expresses its appreciation to the Secretary-General for the measures he has taken to organize an international economic assistance programme for Mozambique;
5. Expresses appreciation to the Government of the People's Republic of Mozambique for the reaffirmation of applying total sanctions against the illegal and racist régime of Southern Rhodesia;
6. Expresses appreciation also for the assistance provided so far to Mozambique by various States and regional and international organizations;
7. Regrets, however, that the total assistance provided to date falls far short of Mozambique's pressing needs;
8. Draws the attention of the international community to the additional financial, economic and material assistance identified in the report as urgently required by Mozambique;

14/ See A/33/173 and Corr.1, annex, table 5.

15/ See A/33/173 and Corr.1, annex, table 6.

16/ A/C.2/33/5.

9. Calls upon Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to provide financial, material and technical assistance to Mozambique, wherever possible, in the form of grants, and urges them to give special consideration to the early inclusion of Mozambique in their programmes of development assistance if it is not already included;
10. Urges Member States and organizations which are already implementing or are negotiating assistance programmes for Mozambique to strengthen them, wherever possible;
11. Requests all States to consider granting to Mozambique, for the remainder of the Second United Nations Development Decade, in view of its difficult economic situations, the same treatment as is enjoyed by the least developed among the developing countries;
12. Draws the attention of the international community to the special account which was established at United Nations Headquarters by the Secretary-General to receive contributions for assistance to Mozambique;
13. Requests the appropriate organizations and programmes of the United Nations system - in particular the United Nations Development Programme, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the International Fund for Agricultural Development, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization and the United Nations Children's Fund - to maintain and increase their current and future programmes of assistance to Mozambique in carrying out its planned development projects without interruption and to co-operate closely with the Secretary-General in organizing an effective international programme of assistance;
14. Further requests the appropriate organizations and specialized agencies of the United Nations system to report periodically to the Secretary-General on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist Mozambique;
15. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to Mozambique, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to implement a special economic assistance programme, and to report the results of that assistance and decisions to the Secretary-General in time for consideration by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session;
16. Requests the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees to continue and increase his humanitarian assistance programmes on behalf of refugees in Mozambique and urges the international community to provide him speedily with the necessary means to carry out these programmes;

17. Requests the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Mozambique;

(b) To continue to ensure that adequate financial and budgetary arrangements are made to mobilize resources and to co-ordinate the international assistance to Mozambique;

(c) To keep the situation in Mozambique under constant review, maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions and other bodies concerned, and to apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its regular session of 1979, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Mozambique;

(d) To arrange for a review of the economic situation of Mozambique and the progress made in organizing and implementing the assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session.

DRAFT RESOLUTION VI

Assistance to Cape Verde

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 31/17 of 24 November 1976 and 32/99 of 13 December 1977, in which it noted with concern the grave economic situation existing in Cape Verde as a result of severe and lengthy drought, the total lack of infrastructure for development and other social and economic strains on the economy of the country,

Recalling also its resolutions 31/156 of 21 December 1976 and 32/185 of 19 December 1977, in which it urged all Governments, in particular those of developed countries, to lend their support, in the context of their assistance programmes, to the implementation of the specific action envisaged in favour of developing island countries and in which it also called upon all organizations in the United Nations system to implement, within their respective spheres of competence, appropriate specific actions in favour of developing island countries,

Recalling further its resolutions 3054 (XXVIII) of 17 October 1973, 3512 (XXX) of 15 December 1975 and 31/180 of 21 December 1976 concerning the economic and social situation in the Sudano-Sahelian region and measures to be taken for the benefit of that region,

Recalling Economic and Social Council resolution 1978/51 of 2 August 1978, in which the Council called upon the international community to provide assistance to Cape Verde on a generous scale,

/...

Noting that Cape Verde is classified by the United Nations as a least developed country as well as a most seriously affected country, and is a member of the Permanent Inter-State Committee on Drought Control in the Sahel,

Having examined the report of the Secretary-General of 18 July 1978 17/ containing the report of a mission which he sent to Cape Verde in response to General Assembly resolution 32/99 of 13 December 1977,

Taking note of the present development priorities of the Government which include urgent programmes for increased agricultural production and water supplies, the development of fisheries, the promotion of manufacturing, the exploitation of minerals, the development of inter-island transport and port facilities and the improvement of educational facilities,

Noting that international assistance already received by Cape Verde is still far from adequate for it to meet its urgent development needs,

Noting also the severe strain on the recurrent budget of Cape Verde, resulting largely from the drought, and the Government's policy of austerity to reduce the financial deficit,

Recognizing the emphasis which the Government places on the essential role of food aid for the country at the present stage of development and the fact that the food aid made available to Cape Verde has helped to ensure a minimum availability of food and has, in addition, contributed to labour-intensive development projects through the use of sale proceeds,

Recognizing the gravity and urgency of the economic and social problems confronting Cape Verde and the country's need for immediate assistance on a generous scale in order to overcome them and implement a programme of accelerated development,

1. Expresses appreciation to the Secretary-General for the steps he has taken to mobilize assistance for Cape Verde;
2. Endorses fully the assessments and recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary-General 17/ and calls the attention of the international community to the urgent requirements for assistance identified in it;
3. Expresses appreciation for the assistance provided to Cape Verde by various States and international organizations, including both food aid and development aid;
4. Reiterates its appeal to Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental bodies to provide financial, material and technical assistance to Cape Verde so as to enable it to carry out a programme of accelerated development;

5. Calls upon Member States to give special consideration to the early inclusion of Cape Verde in their programmes of development assistance, and, in cases where assistance programmes for Cape Verde are already in force, to expand them, wherever possible;

6. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to Cape Verde, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to implement special economic assistance programmes, and to report the results of that assistance and decisions to the Secretary-General in time for consideration by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session;

7. Calls the attention of the international community to the United Nations special account for Cape Verde, established in accordance with General Assembly resolution 32/99, for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to Cape Verde;

8. Requests the appropriate organizations and specialized agencies of the United Nations system to report periodically to the Secretary-General on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist Cape Verde;

9. Requests also the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Cape Verde;

(b) To pursue with the Government of Cape Verde the question of organizing a meeting of donors and, in this respect, to co-ordinate efforts with the United Nations Development Programme, the Economic Commission for Africa and the World Bank;

(c) To ensure that adequate financial and budgetary arrangements are made to continue the organization of the international assistance programme for Cape Verde and the mobilization of assistance;

(d) To keep the situation in Cape Verde under constant review, maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions concerned and to apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1979, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Cape Verde;

(e) To arrange for a review of the economic situation in Cape Verde and the progress made in organizing and implementing the assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session.

DRAFT RESOLUTION VII

Assistance to Lesotho

The General Assembly,

Recalling Security Council resolution 402 (1976) of 22 December 1976, in which the Council, inter alia, expressed concern at the serious situation created by South Africa's closure of certain border posts between South Africa and Lesotho aimed at coercing Lesotho into according recognition to the bantustan Transkei,

Commending the decision of the Government of Lesotho not to recognize the bantustan Transkei in compliance with United Nations decisions, particularly General Assembly resolution 31/6 A of 26 October 1976,

Fully aware that the decision of the Government of Lesotho not to recognize the Transkei has imposed a special economic burden upon its people,

Recalling also its resolution 32/98 of 13 December 1977, in which, inter alia, it recognized that the continuing influx of refugees from South Africa imposed an additional burden on Lesotho,

Strongly endorsing the appeals made in Security Council resolutions 402 (1976) of 22 December 1976 and 407 (1977) of 25 May 1977, in General Assembly resolution 32/98, and by the Secretary-General, calling on all States, regional and intergovernmental organizations and the appropriate agencies of the United Nations system to contribute generously to the international programme of assistance to enable Lesotho to carry out its economic development and enhance its capacity to implement fully United Nations resolutions,

Noting that further restrictions have been imposed by South Africa on travel between Lesotho and that country,

Having examined the report of the Secretary-General of 5 June 1978, 18/ containing the report of a mission which he sent to Lesotho in response to an urgent request from the Government to assess the impact of the new restrictions on travel and to propose appropriate measures to deal with them,

Noting that the new travel restrictions have resulted in a wide range of deficiencies in services in the affected areas of Lesotho and have also had an impact on migrant labour from these areas,

Noting also that a number of projects are urgently required to give the affected areas improved access to the rest of Lesotho and assist them in their development,

Having examined also the report of the Secretary-General of 14 July 1978, 19/ containing the report of a mission which he sent to Lesotho, in response to General Assembly resolution 32/98, to review the economic situation as well as progress in the implementation of the United Nations special economic assistance programme for Lesotho,

Noting Economic and Social Council resolution 1978/47 of 2 August 1978, in which the Council fully concurred with the assessment and recommendations for dealing with the situation described in the reports of the Secretary-General, 18/ 19/ and appealed to the international community to provide assistance on a generous scale to Lesotho,

Taking note of the policies and programmes of the Government of Lesotho to make farming more productive and remunerative, promote industrial activities, expand social services, especially in the rural areas, and create employment opportunities within Lesotho, all of which will reduce Lesotho's economic dependence on South Africa,

Taking account of the concern of the Government of Lesotho regarding the possibility of changed circumstances which could lead to the sudden return of migrant workers from South Africa at a rate faster than Lesotho could absorb them,

Noting that, as a result of the uncertainty of the political and economic situation in the region, the Government has had to accelerate key elements of the development programme and to take additional steps to ensure the nation's food supply,

Noting with appreciation the generous provision of food aid to Lesotho to help it meet its urgent food requirements and the agreement of some donors to the use of such aid for development purposes,

Noting also that it would be of particular help to Lesotho, considering its special circumstances, if food and other material assistance could be provided on cost, insurance and freight terms, as allowed by some bilateral and multilateral agencies in the case of some other land-locked countries,

Taking account of Lesotho's position as a least developed, most seriously affected and land-locked country,

Noting further the need for technical assistance personnel and the hope expressed by the Government that donors will be increasingly willing to support training in Lesotho,

1. Expresses concern at the imposition of new restrictions by South Africa on travel between Lesotho and that country, thereby adding to the difficulties faced by Lesotho as a result of its decision not to recognize the so-called independent Transkei;

2. Endorses fully the assessments and recommendations for dealing with the situation contained in the reports of the Secretary-General dated 5 June 1978 18/ and 14 July 1978; 19/
3. Takes note of the requirements of Lesotho, as described in the reports of the Secretary-General, to carry out the remainder of its development programme and to implement projects necessitated by the current crisis;
4. Expresses satisfaction with the measures taken by the Secretary-General to organize an effective programme of assistance to Lesotho;
5. Notes with appreciation the response made so far by the international community to the special economic assistance programme for Lesotho, which has enabled it to proceed with the implementation of parts of the recommended programme;
6. Reiterates its appeal to Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental bodies to provide financial, material and technical assistance to Lesotho for the implementation of projects and programmes identified in the Secretary-General's reports;
7. Draws the attention of the international community to the special account which was established at United Nations Headquarters by the Secretary-General, in compliance with Security Council resolution 407 (1977), for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to Lesotho;
8. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies the assistance they are rendering to the countries, such as Lesotho, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to implement special economic assistance programmes, and to report the results of that assistance to the Secretary-General in time for consideration by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session;
9. Requests the appropriate organizations and specialized agencies of the United Nations system to co-operate closely with the Secretary-General in organizing an effective international programme of assistance for Lesotho and to report periodically to him on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist that country;
10. Requests the Secretary-General:
 - (a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance for Lesotho;
 - (b) To maintain close contact with the Government of Lesotho, as well as the United Nations Development Programme, the World Bank and the International Labour Organisation, on the question of formulating adequate contingency plans to deal with any developments which might result in the large-scale repatriation of Lesotho nationals working in South African mines;

(c) To pursue with the Government of Lesotho the question of organizing a meeting of donors and, in this respect, to co-ordinate efforts with the United Nations Development Programme, the Economic Commission for Africa and the World Bank;

(d) To ensure that adequate financial and budgetary arrangements are made to continue the organization of the international assistance programme for Lesotho and the mobilization of assistance;

(e) To keep the situation in Lesotho under constant review, maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions concerned, and apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1979, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Lesotho;

(f) To arrange for a review of the economic situation of Lesotho and the progress made in organizing and implementing the special economic assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session.

DRAFT RESOLUTION VIII

Assistance to Seychelles

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 3421 (XXX) of 8 December 1975 on the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, in which it urged the specialized agencies and other organizations within the United Nations system to extend assistance to the newly independent and emerging States,

Recalling also its resolutions 31/156 of 21 December 1976 and 32/185 of 19 December 1977, in which it urged all Governments, in particular those of developed countries, to lend their support, in the context of their assistance programmes, to the implementation of the specific action envisaged in favour of developing island countries, and in which it also called upon all organizations in the United Nations system to implement, within their respective spheres of competence, appropriate specific actions in favour of developing island countries,

Recalling further its resolution 32/101 of 13 December 1977 in which it requested the Secretary-General to mobilize financial, technical and economic assistance from the international community on behalf of Seychelles,

Recalling further Economic and Social Council resolution 1978/54 of 2 August 1978, in which the Council endorsed the appeal of the General Assembly to provide assistance to Seychelles,

Taking note of the recommendation of the Committee for Development Planning at its fourteenth session, in response to the application of Seychelles for inclusion

/...

in the list of least developed countries, that Seychelles "should be assisted during the remainder of the current decade", and that "the special difficulties and upheavals" experienced by Seychelles "require special measures", 20/

Having studied the report of the Secretary-General dated 28 June 1978 21/ containing the report of the mission which he sent to Seychelles in response to General Assembly resolution 32/101,

Concerned at the serious structural imbalances in the economy of the country, the overwhelming dependence on the tourist industry and the country's heavy reliance on imports,

Taking note of the decision of the Government of Seychelles that it will have closed down its tourist office in South Africa by January 1979, in compliance with United Nations sanctions,

Taking into account the disadvantageous demographic and geographical features of Seychelles - the small population, the wide dispersion of a large number of islands and the physical remoteness of the country - which pose special development problems,

Noting that, without good transport and communications links, any development will be difficult,

Taking note of the projects which the mission, in consultation with the Government, identified as urgent or as calling for accelerated implementation, 22/

1. Expresses its appreciation to the Secretary-General for the measures he has taken to organize an international economic assistance programme for Seychelles;
2. Endorses fully the assessment and recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary-General 21/ and draws the attention of the international community to the requirements for assistance for projects and programmes identified in that report;
3. Calls the attention of the international community to the special development problems confronting Seychelles as a developing island country with a small population;
4. Calls upon Member States, in the light of the recommendation of the Committee for Development Planning, and in accordance with the previous resolutions of the General Assembly, to accord Seychelles, as a matter of priority, privileges and benefits and to give special consideration to the early inclusion of Seychelles in their programmes of development assistance;

20/ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council of 1978, Supplement No. 6 (E/1978/46 and Corr.1), para. 99.

21/ A/33/139.

22/ See A/33/139, chap. III.

5. Reiterates its appeal to Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental bodies to provide financial, material and technical assistance to Seychelles to enable it to establish the social and economic infrastructure that is essential for the well-being of its people;

6. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to Seychelles, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to implement a special economic assistance programme, and to report the results of this assistance and decisions to the Secretary-General in time for consideration by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session;

7. Invites the attention of the international community to the special account that was established at United Nations Headquarters by the Secretary-General in accordance with General Assembly resolution 32/101, for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to Seychelles;

8. Requests the appropriate organizations and specialized agencies of the United Nations system to report periodically to the Secretary-General on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist Seychelles;

9. Requests the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Seychelles;

(b) To pursue with the Government of Seychelles the question of organizing a meeting of donors and, in this respect, to co-ordinate efforts with the United Nations Development Programme, the Economic Commission for Africa and the World Bank;

(c) To ensure that adequate financial and budgetary arrangements are made to continue the organization of the international assistance programme for Seychelles and the mobilization of assistance;

(d) To keep the situation in Seychelles under constant review, maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions concerned, and apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1979, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Seychelles;

(e) To arrange for a review of the economic situation of Seychelles and the progress made in organizing and implementing the assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session.

DRAFT RESOLUTION IX

Assistance to Botswana

The General Assembly,

Recalling Security Council resolutions 403 (1977) of 14 January 1977 and 406 (1977) of 25 May 1977 concerning the complaint by the Government of Botswana of acts of aggression committed against its territory by the illegal régime in Southern Rhodesia,

Recalling also Security Council resolutions 232 (1966) of 16 December 1966 and 253 (1968) of 29 May 1968 in which the Council determined and reaffirmed, respectively, that the situation in Southern Rhodesia constituted a threat to international peace and security,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 32/97 of 13 December 1977, in which, inter alia, the Assembly expressed full support for the Government of Botswana in its efforts to safeguard its territory, recognized the special economic hardship confronting Botswana as a result of diverting funds from current and planned development projects to effective arrangements for security against attacks and threats by Southern Rhodesia, and endorsed the assessments and recommendations contained in the notes by the Secretary-General dated 28 March 1977 23/ and 26 October 1977, 24/

Recalling also its resolution 32/160 of 19 December 1977 concerning the Transport and Communications Decade in Africa,

Having examined the report of the Secretary-General of 7 July 1978 25/ transmitting the report of a mission which he sent to Botswana in response to General Assembly resolution 32/97,

Noting that the revised programme of assistance contained in the report of the Secretary-General on assistance to Botswana 25/ has been fully endorsed by the Economic and Social Council in its resolution 1978/48 of 2 August 1978,

Deeply concerned that the security situation continues, with incidents and incursions by Southern Rhodesian forces occurring frequently at various places along the Botswana border with Southern Rhodesia,

Noting that there has been a substantial increase in the flow of refugees into Botswana, particularly since the announcement of an "internal settlement" in Southern Rhodesia, resulting in the need to expand and improve refugee facilities,

23/ Official Records of the Security Council, Thirty-second Year, Supplement for January, February and March 1977, document S/12307.

24/ Ibid., Supplement for October, November and December 1977, document S/12421.

25/ A/33/166 and Corr.1.

Noting also the Government's need to develop effective road, rail and air communications both internally and with the rest of the world, in view of the uncertain political situation in the region, Botswana's vulnerability as a land-locked country and its dependency on the externally-controlled railway systems for the transport of its principal exports and imports,

1. Expresses full support for the Government of Botswana in its efforts to safeguard its sovereignty and territorial integrity and to carry out its planned development programme;
2. Endorses fully the revised programme of assistance contained in the report of the Secretary-General 25/ and calls the attention of the international community to the outstanding needs for assistance identified in it;
3. Notes that, while the response from some Member States and international organizations to the appeals of the Secretary-General has been encouraging, there is urgent need to maintain the flow of contributions to carry out the remainder of the emergency programme, the implementation of parts of which has now become a critical necessity;
4. Draws the attention of States and international and intergovernmental organizations particularly to the projects in the field of transport and communications recommended in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General; 25/
5. Reiterates its appeal to all States and intergovernmental organizations to provide generous assistance to enable Botswana to carry out the remainder of its planned development projects as well as those made necessary by the current political situation;
6. Calls upon Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental bodies to provide financial, material and technical assistance to Botswana to enable it to carry out its planned development programme without interruption;
7. Urges Member States and organizations which are already implementing or are negotiating assistance programmes for Botswana to expand these, wherever possible;
8. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to Botswana, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to implement a special economic assistance programme, and to report the results of that assistance and decisions to the Secretary-General in time for consideration by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session;
9. Draws the attention of the international community to the special account established at United Nations Headquarters by the Secretary-General for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to Botswana;

10. Requests the appropriate organizations and specialized agencies of the United Nations system to co-operate closely with the Secretary-General in organizing an effective international programme of assistance for Botswana and to report periodically to him on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist that country;

11. Further requests the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Botswana;

(b) To pursue with the Government of Botswana the question of organizing a meeting of donors and, in this respect, to co-ordinate efforts with the United Nations Development Programme, the Economic Commission for Africa and the World Bank;

(c) To ensure that adequate financial and budgetary arrangements are made to continue the organization of the international assistance programme for Botswana and the mobilization of assistance;

(d) To keep the situation in Botswana under constant review, maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions concerned, and apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1979, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Botswana;

(e) To arrange for a review of the economic situation in Botswana and the progress made in organizing and implementing the special economic assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session.

DRAFT RESOLUTION X

Assistance to Zambia

The General Assembly,

Recalling previous resolutions adopted by the Security Council concerning the question of assistance to Zambia, in particular, resolution 329 (1973) of 10 March 1973, and Economic and Social Council resolutions 2012 (LXI) of 3 August 1976 and 2093 (LXIII) of 26 July 1977, in which the Council commended the decision of the Government of Zambia in 1968 to implement progressively United Nations mandatory sanctions against Southern Rhodesia in accordance with Security Council resolution 253 (1968) of 29 May 1968,

Recalling also Economic and Social Council resolution 1978/46 of 2 August 1978, in which the Council endorsed the assessment and recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary-General, 26/

Recognizing that the Government of Zambia has incurred both direct costs and the costs of contingency measures as a result of its decision to apply sanctions against the illegal racist régime in Southern Rhodesia as well as losses due to the diversion of limited financial and human resources from the country's normal development,

Recognizing further that the influx of refugees has imposed an additional burden on the economy of Zambia,

Having examined the report of the Secretary-General dated 3 October 1978 27/ containing the report of the mission which he sent to Zambia,

Noting that the present critical situation in Zambia has been brought about by the effects of applying sanctions, the dislocations resulting from the prolonged period of destabilization of the southern African region and the depressed state of copper prices, particularly since 1975,

Noting that since the border with Southern Rhodesia was closed in 1973, Zambia's gross domestic product in real terms has shown virtually no growth, but rather actual declines in 1973, 1975 and 1977,

Noting also the serious deterioration of the Government's financial position, the size of the over-all foreign deficit and the substantial domestic inflation,

Noting further that the budgetary situation and the disruption and reorientation of transport and trade have prevented Zambia from undertaking any kind of normal development programme and, indeed, have made it almost impossible for Zambia to carry out any rational planning,

Regretting that the international community has not so far provided assistance to Zambia on a scale commensurate with the costs of freeing Zambia from its dependence on the south, as called for in Security Council resolutions 253 (1968) of 1968, 277 (1970) of 1970 and 329 (1973) of 1973,

Taking into account that the deteriorating political situation in southern Africa and particularly the threat posed to Zambia's security by the illegal régime in Southern Rhodesia, including overt acts of aggression and continual incursions and harassments, have necessitated the diversion of scarce resources to defence,

Noting further that Zambia continues to grant asylum to an increasing number of refugees and that Zambia has had to bear a large proportion of the costs for the care of these refugees, and recognizing the need for additional international assistance for these refugees,

Taking note of the Government's broad guidelines for its future development strategy, which includes programmes for agriculture, manufacturing and mining and the longer-term development projects and programmes identified by the Government as requiring international assistance,

Taking note of Zambia's need for resources to overcome the present crisis and to implement successfully a stabilization programme, as well as for assistance directed towards the country's longer-run development objectives,

Having studied also the report of the Secretary-General dated 1 November 1978 28/ submitted in response to Economic and Social Council resolution 1978/46,

Taking note that at least \$850 million in quick-disbursing assistance is required in the period ending in December 1979 in order to finance necessary imports, reduce substantially outstanding arrears, build up foreign exchange reserves to a workable level and begin the long-term restructuring of the economy,

Noting further that international assistance is urgently required to allow Zambia to transport needed imports and exports,

1. Strongly endorses the appeals made by the Security Council and the Secretary-General for international assistance to Zambia;
2. Endorses fully the assessment and recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary-General dated 3 October 1978; 29/
3. Expresses appreciation for the assistance provided so far to Zambia by various States and regional and international organizations;
4. Expresses deep concern that the total assistance provided to date falls far short of Zambia's needs;
5. Draws the attention of the international community to the additional financial, economic and material assistance urgently required by Zambia, as identified in the Secretary-General's report, 29/ and to the particular need for immediate assistance in the transport sector;
6. Calls upon Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to provide financial, material and technical assistance to Zambia, wherever possible, in the form of grants, and urges them to give special consideration to the early inclusion of Zambia in their programmes of development assistance if it is not already included;
7. Further urges Member States and organizations that are already implementing or are negotiating assistance programmes for Zambia to strengthen them, wherever possible;
8. Draws the attention of the international community to the special account which was established at United Nations Headquarters by the Secretary-General to receive contributions for assistance to Zambia;

28/ A/33/343.

29/ E/1978/114/Rev.1.

9. Requests the appropriate organizations and programmes of the United Nations system - in particular the United Nations Development Programme, the World Bank, the Food and Agriculture Organization, the International Fund for Agricultural Development, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, and the United Nations Children's Fund - to maintain and increase their current and future programmes of assistance to Zambia to enable it to carry out its planned development projects without interruption and to co-operate closely with the Secretary-General in organizing an effective international programme of assistance;

10. Further requests the appropriate organizations and specialized agencies of the United Nations system to report periodically to the Secretary-General on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist Zambia;

11. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to Zambia, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to implement a special economic assistance programme, and to report the results of that assistance and decisions to the Secretary-General before the opening of the thirty-fourth session of the General Assembly;

12. Requests the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees to continue his humanitarian assistance programmes on behalf of refugees in Zambia, and urges the international community to provide him speedily with the necessary means to carry out these programmes;

13. Requests the Security Council to examine the situation in Zambia, as a matter of urgency, in the context of Articles 49 and 50 of Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations, with a view to proposing additional measures of assistance to Zambia in view of its critical economic and financial position;

14. Requests the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Zambia;

(b) To continue to ensure that adequate financial and budgetary arrangements are made to mobilize resources and to co-ordinate the international assistance to Zambia;

(c) To keep the situation in Zambia under constant review, maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions concerned, and to apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1979, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Zambia;

(d) To arrange for a review of the economic situation of Zambia and the progress made in organizing and implementing the assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session.

DRAFT RESOLUTION XI

Assistance to Djibouti

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 3421 (XXX) of 8 December 1975 on the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, in which it urged the specialized agencies and other organizations within the United Nations system to extend assistance to the newly independent and emerging States,

Recalling its resolution 32/93 of December 1977, in which the Assembly expressed its deep concern at the situation prevailing in Djibouti and strongly appealed to Member States and to international institutions concerned to give effective and sustained assistance to Djibouti to enable it to deal with the critical situation arising from the drought and its economic difficulties,

Recalling also Economic and Social Council resolution 1978/53 of 2 August 1978, in which the Council strongly endorsed the appeal of the General Assembly to provide assistance to Djibouti,

Aware that the Government of Djibouti faces complex problems as a newly independent country with a need to improve and enlarge the economic and social infrastructure of the country,

Taking note of the recommendation of the Committee for Development Planning at its fourteenth session, in response to the application of Djibouti for inclusion in the list of least developed countries, that Djibouti "should be assisted during the remainder of the current decade", and that "the special difficulties and upheavals" experienced by Djibouti "require special measures", 30/

Noting that the situation in Djibouti has been adversely affected by recent events in the area and of the presence of a substantial number of refugees,

Having studied the report of the Secretary-General dated 31 May 1978, 31/ transmitting the report of the United Nations mission to Djibouti,

Taking note of the extremely critical economic situation in Djibouti and the list and the cost of urgent projects formulated by the Government of the Republic of Djibouti that require international assistance,

Noting the statement of the Representative of the Secretary-General in which he emphasized the urgency of providing increased financial, material and technical assistance to Djibouti,

30/ See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council of 1978, Supplement No. 6 (E/1978/46 and Corr.1), para. 99.

31/ A/33/106.

Noting with appreciation the assistance already provided or pledged to the Republic of Djibouti by Member States and the organizations of the United Nations system,

1. Endorses the assessment and recommendations of the United Nations mission to Djibouti contained in the report of the Secretary-General; 31/
2. Draws the attention of the international community to the critical economic situation confronting the Republic of Djibouti;
3. Calls the attention of the international community to the list of urgent short-term and long-term projects submitted by the Government of the Republic of Djibouti for financial assistance, as described in the report transmitted by the Secretary-General; 31/
4. Expresses its appreciation to the Secretary-General for the measures he has taken to organize an international economic assistance programme for Djibouti.
5. Calls upon Member States, in the light of the recommendation of the Committee for Development Planning, 30/ and in accordance with the previous resolutions of the General Assembly to accord Djibouti, as a matter of priority, privileges and benefits and to give special consideration to the early inclusion of Djibouti in their programmes of development assistance;
6. Calls upon all States and all regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental bodies to provide Djibouti with ample and appropriate assistance, bilaterally and multilaterally, wherever possible in the form of grants, to enable Djibouti to cope with its special economic hardships;
7. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies for their consideration the assistance they are rendering to Djibouti, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to implement a special economic assistance programme, and to report the results of that assistance and decisions to the Secretary-General in time for consideration by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session;
8. Requests the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees to maintain and increase his humanitarian assistance for refugees in Djibouti and urges the international community to provide him speedily with the necessary means to carry out these programmes;
9. Invites the attention of the international community to the special account established at United Nations Headquarters by the Secretary-General for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to Djibouti;
10. Requests the appropriate organizations and specialized agencies of the

United Nations system to co-operate closely with the Secretary-General in organizing an effective international programme of assistance to Djibouti and to report periodically to him on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist that country;

11. Requests the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Djibouti;

(b) To pursue with the Government of Djibouti the question of organizing a meeting of donors and, in this respect, to co-ordinate efforts with the United Nations Development Programme, the Economic Commission for Africa and the World Bank;

(c) To ensure that adequate financial and budgetary arrangements are made to continue the organization of the international assistance programme for Djibouti and the mobilization of assistance;

(d) To keep the situation in Djibouti under constant review, to maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions concerned, and to apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1979, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Djibouti;

(e) To arrange for a review of the economic situation of Djibouti and the progress made in organizing and implementing the assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session.

DRAFT RESOLUTION XIII

Implementation of the medium-term and long-term recovery and rehabilitation programme in the Sudano-Sahelian region

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 2816 (XXVI) of 14 December 1971, 2959 (XXVII) of 12 December 1972, 3054 (XXVIII) of 17 October 1973, 3253 (XXIX) of 4 December 1974, 3512 (XXX) of 15 December 1975, 31/180 of 21 December 1976 and 32/159 of 19 December 1977,

Recalling also Economic and Social Council resolutions 1918 (LVIII) of 5 May 1975, 2103 (LXIII) of 3 August 1977 and 1978/37 of 21 July 1978,

Taking note of decision 25/10 of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme, of 27 June 1978, concerning the implementation of the

medium-term and long-term recovery and rehabilitation programme in the Sudano-Sahelian region, 32/

Noting with satisfaction the decisive role played by the United Nations Sahelian Office, on the one hand, in helping to combat the effects of the drought and to implement the priority medium-term and long-term recovery and rehabilitation programme adopted by the States members of the Permanent Inter-State Committee on Drought Control in the Sahel, and, on the other hand, in mobilizing the necessary resources to finance priority projects,

Noting with satisfaction the measures taken by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and the World Food Programme to establish stockpiles of food in the Sudano-Sahelian region,

Considering that the nature and magnitude of the needs of the countries of the Sudano-Sahelian region, which are among the least developed countries, make it necessary for the international community to continue and to strengthen its action of solidarity in support of the recovery efforts and the economic development of those countries,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the medium-term and long-term recovery and rehabilitation programme in the Sudano-Sahelian region and on the emergency measures on behalf of the region, 33/

1. Takes note with satisfaction of the report of the Secretary-General on the efforts made to implement the medium-term and long-term recovery and rehabilitation programme in the Sudano-Sahelian region and on the emergency measures taken on behalf of that region; 33/

2. Expresses its gratitude to the Governments, agencies of the United Nations, intergovernmental organizations, private organizations and individuals that have contributed to the implementation of the medium-term and long-term recovery and rehabilitation programme drawn up by the States members of the Permanent Inter-State Committee on Drought Control in the Sahel;

3. Also expresses its gratitude to the Governments and international organizations, particularly the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and the World Food Programme, which have responded promptly and efficiently to the requests for emergency assistance by the countries of the Sudano-Sahelian region victims of the drought in 1977;

4. Urges all Governments, agencies of the United Nations, intergovernmental organizations, private organizations and individuals to continue to respond favourably, either bilaterally or through the United Nations Sahelian Office or any

32/ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council of 1978, Supplement No. 13, chap. XX.

33/ DP/326.

other intermediary, to requests for assistance from the Governments of the States members of the Permanent Inter-State Committee on Drought Control in the Sahel and from the Committee itself;

5. Urges Member States, international financial institutions and intergovernmental organizations to increase their support for and assistance to the short-term measures taken in various fields by the States members of the Permanent Inter-State Committee on Drought Control in the Sahel to combat the effects of the drought until the medium-term and long-term measures produce their full effect;

6. Urges Member States, particularly the developed countries, to support the efforts of the States members of the Permanent Inter-State Committee on Drought Control in the Sahel aimed at the establishment of emergency and security stockpiles of basic food-stuffs and stocks of agricultural inputs;

7. Requests the Secretary-General to continue his efforts aimed at mobilizing the financial resources necessary for the implementation of the medium-term and long-term projects identified by the States members of the Permanent Inter-State Committee on Drought Control in the Sahel;

8. Reaffirms the role of the United Nations Sahelian Office as the central point and principal body responsible for co-ordinating the efforts of United Nations agencies to help the countries of the Sudano-Sahelian region to implement their recovery and rehabilitation programme;

9. Requests the United Nations Sahelian Office to continue its close co-operation with the Permanent Inter-State Committee on Drought Control in the Sahel and its efforts to ensure co-operation and co-ordination between United Nations programmes and bodies, with a view to the implementation of the medium-term and long-term assistance programme;

10. Requests the Secretary-General to continue to report to the General Assembly, through the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme and the Economic and Social Council, on the implementation of the medium-term and long-term recovery and rehabilitation programme in the Sudano-Sahelian region.
