



**Follow-up International Conference
on Financing for Development
to Review the Implementation
of the Monterrey Consensus**

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Doha, Qatar
29 November-2 December 2008

Agenda item 11

Adoption of the report of the Conference

Draft report

Rapporteur-General: Kaire M. **Mbuende** (Namibia)

**Chapter I
Resolutions adopted by the Conference**

[*To be completed*]

**Chapter II
Attendance and organization of work**

A. Date and place of the Conference

1. The Follow-up International Conference on Financing for Development to Review the Implementation of the Monterrey Consensus, was held in Doha, Qatar, from 29 November to 2 December 2008, in conformity with General Assembly resolutions 62/187 of 19 December 2007 and decision 63/509 of 18 November 2008. The Conference held seven plenary meetings (1st to 7th).

B. Attendance¹

2. The following States and the European Community were represented at the Conference: Afghanistan, Andorra, Antigua and Barbuda, Austria, Australia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belarus, Belgium, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Chile, China, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominica, Egypt, Estonia, Finland, France, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Holy See, Indonesia, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Latvia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Lesotho, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Malawi, Maldives, Mexico, Mozambique,

¹ Information on attendance is based on the provisional list of participants of the Conference contained in A/CONF.212/INF.2; the complete list will be reflected in the final report.



Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Paraguay, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation, Saint Lucia, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sudan, Swaziland, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, Viet Nam, Yemen.

3. The following associate members of the regional commissions were represented by observers:

[To be completed]

4. The following secretariats of the following regional commissions were represented:

[To be completed]

5. The following United Nations bodies and programmes were represented:

[To be completed]

6. The following specialized agencies and related organizations were represented: International Fund for Agricultural Development, International Labour Organization, International Monetary Fund, United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, World Trade Organization.

7. The following intergovernmental organizations were represented: African Development Bank Group, Asian Development Bank, Caribbean Community, Ibero-American Conference, International Development Law Organization, United Nations University.

8. Other entities having received a standing invitation and participating as observers were:

[To be completed]

9. A large number of business entities/organizations attended the Conference (see A/CONF.212/INF.2).

10. A large number of non-governmental organizations attended the Conference (see A/CONF.212/INF.2).

C. Opening of the Conference

11. The Conference was opened on 29 November by the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

D. Election of the President of the Conference

12. Upon the proposal of the Secretary-General, the Conference elected by acclamation His Highness Sheikh Hamad bin Khalifa Al-Thani, Amir of the State of Qatar, as President of the Conference.

E. Adoption of the rules of procedure

13. At its 1st meeting, on 29 November, the Conference adopted the provisional rules of procedure (A/CONF.212/2), as recommended by the General Assembly in its decision 63/510.

F. Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters

14. At its 1st meeting, on 29 November, the Conference adopted the provisional agenda (A/CONF.212/1), as recommended by the General Assembly in its decision 63/511. The agenda read as follows:

1. Opening of the Conference.
2. Election of the President.
3. Adoption of the rules of procedure.
4. Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters.
5. Election of officers other than the President.
6. Organization of work, including the establishment of the Main Committee.
7. Credentials of representatives to the Conference:
 - (a) Appointment of members of the Credentials Committee;
 - (b) Report of the Credentials Committee.
8. General debate on financing for development:
 - (a) General exchange of views on reviewing the implementation of the Monterrey Consensus, including new challenges and emerging issues;
 - (b) Consideration of the draft outcome document of the Conference.
9. Multi-stakeholder round tables under the overall theme “Looking ahead: further cooperative actions in financing for development”, focusing on the following six major thematic areas:
 - (a) Mobilizing domestic financial resources for development (round table 1);
 - (b) Mobilizing international resources for development: foreign direct investment and other private flows (round table 2);
 - (c) International trade as an engine for development (round table 3);
 - (d) Increasing international financial and technical cooperation for development (round table 4);
 - (e) External debt (round table 5);
 - (f) Addressing systemic issues: enhancing the coherence and consistency of the international monetary, financial and trading systems in support of development (round table 6).

10. Adoption of the outcome document of the Conference.
11. Adoption of the report of the Conference.

G. Election of officers other than the President

15. At its 1st and 2nd meetings, on 29 November, the Conference elected Vice-Presidents from the following regional groups:

African Group of States (five Vice-Presidents)

Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Namibia, Senegal, United Republic of Tanzania

Asian Group of States (four Vice-Presidents)

Iran (Islamic Republic of), Philippines, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan

Eastern European Group of States (five Vice-Presidents)

Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Russian Federation, Slovakia

Latin American and Caribbean Group of States (five Vice-Presidents)

Bolivia, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Paraguay, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

Western European and other States (five Vice-Presidents)

Andorra, Australia, Canada, Switzerland, United States of America

H. Election of the Vice-President ex officio of the Conference

16. At its 1st meeting, on 29 November, the Conference elected by acclamation Ahmad Bin Abdullah Al-Mahmoud, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs of Qatar, as Vice-President ex officio of the Conference.

I. Election of the Rapporteur-General

17. At its 1st meeting, on 29 November, the Conference elected Kaire M. Mbuende (Namibia) as its Rapporteur-General.

J. Organization of work, including the establishment of the Main Committee

18. At the 1st meeting, on 29 November, the Conference approved its organization of work as contained in the note by the Secretariat on organizational and procedural matters (A/CONF.212/4).

19. At the same meeting, the Conference approved its proposed timetable of work (A/CONF.212/4, annex).

20. Also at the same meeting, in accordance with rule 46 of the rules of procedure, the Conference decided to establish a Main Committee. The Conference elected by acclamation Miguel d'Escoto Brockmann (Nicaragua), as President of the Main Committee. The Conference also decided to allocate agenda item 8 (b), "Consideration of the draft outcome document of the Conference", to the Main Committee.

K. Credentials of representatives to the Conference

21. At the 1st meeting, on 29 November, on the proposal of the President, it was decided that the composition of the Credentials Committee would be based on that of the Credentials Committee of the General Assembly of the United Nations at its sixty-third session, as follows: Botswana, China, Cyprus, Luxembourg, Mexico, Mozambique, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, the United States of America.

Chapter III General debate on financing for development

A. General exchange of views

22. Under agenda item 8 (a), the Conference held a general exchange of views on reviewing the implementation of the Monterrey Consensus at its 1st to 8th meetings, from 29 November to 2 December 2008.

23. At the 1st meeting, opening statements were made by His Highness Sheikh Hamad bin Khalifa Al-Thani, Amir of the State of Qatar and President of the Conference; Miguel d'Escoto Brockmann (Nicaragua), President of the General Assembly; Ban Ki-moon, Secretary-General of the United Nations; and Pascal Lamy, Director-General of the World Trade Organization.

24. At the same meeting, statements were made by Nicolas Sarkozy, President of France (on behalf of the European Union); Jakaya Mrisho Kikwete, President of the United Republic of Tanzania (on behalf of the African Union); Emomali Rahmon, President of Tajikistan; Georgi Parvanov, President of Bulgaria; José Manuel Barroso, President of the European Commission; Ángel Gurría, Secretary-General of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD); Fradique Bandeira Melo De Menezes, President of Sao Tome and Principe; James A. Michel, President of Seychelles; Mahmoud Ahmadinejad, President of the Islamic Republic of Iran; Laurent Gbagbo, President of Côte d'Ivoire; Oscar Arias Sánchez, President of Costa Rica; and Ahmed Abdallah Mohamed Sambi, President of the Comoros.

25. At its 2nd meeting, on 29 November, the Conference heard statements by Léo Mérorès (Haiti), President of the Economic and Social Council; Heidemarie Wiczorek-Zeul, Special Envoy of the Secretary-General to the Conference; Trevor Manuel, Special Envoy of the Secretary-General to the Conference; Philippe Douste-Blazy, Special Adviser of the Secretary-General on Innovative Financing for Development; and the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme, in his capacity as the Chairman of the United Nations Development Group. At its 4th meeting, on 30 November, the Conference heard a statement by the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD).

26. At the same meeting, statements in the general exchange of views were made by Stjepan Mesić, President of Croatia; Blaise Compaoré, President of Burkina Faso; Mwai Kibaki, President of Kenya; Robert Mugabe, President of Zimbabwe; Omer Hassan Ahmed Al-Bashir, President of the Sudan; Bingu wa Mutharika, President of Malawi; Boni Yayi, President of Benin; Haris Silajđić, Chairman of the Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina; Idriss Déby Itno, President of Chad; Pierre Nkurunziza, President of Burundi; Mahmoud Abbas, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestinian Liberation Organization and President of the Palestinian Authority; Ana Vilma de Escobar, Vice-President of El Salvador; Isatou Njie-Saidy, Vice-President of the Gambia; Han Seung-soo, Prime Minister of the Republic of Korea; Pakalitha Bethuel Mosisili, Prime Minister and Minister for Defence and Public Service of Lesotho; Mohamed Ghannouchi, Prime Minister of Tunisia; Luisa Dias Diogo, Prime Minister of Mozambique; Ahmed Tidiane Souaré, Prime Minister of Guinea.

27. At its 3rd meeting, on 30 November, the Conference heard statements by Faure Essozimna Gnassingbé, President of Togo, Nader Dahabi, Prime Minister of Jordan; Sibusiso Barnabas Dlamini, Prime Minister of Swaziland; Deleita Mohamed Deleita, Prime Minister of Djibouti; Tuilaepa Sailele Maliele Gaoi, Prime Minister of Samoa; Moulaye Ould Mohamed Laghdaf, Prime Minister of Mauritania; Jean Eyeghe Ndong, Prime Minister of Gabon; Abbas El Fassi, Prime Minister of Morocco; Faustin Archange Touadéra, Prime Minister of the Central African Republic; Sheikh Mohammad Sabah Al Salem Al Sabah, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Kuwait; Keat Chhon, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Economy and Finance of Cambodia; Aniceto Ebiaca Moete, Deputy Prime Minister of Equatorial Guinea; Miyegombo Enkhbold, Deputy Prime Minister of Mongolia; Abdullah Dardari, Deputy Prime Minister for Economic Affairs of the Syrian Arab Republic; Fred Fono, Deputy Prime Minister of the Solomon Islands; Carlos Correia, Prime Minister of Guinea-Bissau; A. B. Mirza Md. Azizul Islam, Minister of Finance of Bangladesh (on behalf of the least developed countries); Beverly Oda, Minister for International Cooperation of Canada (on behalf of CANZ); Patricia Espinosa Cantellano, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Mexico (on behalf of the Rio Group); Ralph Recto, Minister for Socio-Economic Planning of the Philippines; Celso Amorim, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Brazil; Miguel Àngel Moratinos, Minister for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of Spain; He Yafei, Special Envoy of the President of China; Micheline Calmy-Rey, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Switzerland; Ulla Toernaes, Minister for Development Cooperation of Denmark; Rita Kieber-Beck, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Liechtenstein; Peter Moors, Director-General for Development Cooperation of Belgium; Sultan Bin Saeed Al-Mansouri, Minister for the Economy of the United Arab Emirates; and Urmas Paet, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Estonia.

28. At its 4th meeting, on 30 November, the Conference heard statements by Haja Nirina Razafinjatovo, Minister for Finance and Budget of Madagascar; Ana Afonso Dias Lorenço, Minister for Planning of Angola; Osman Mohamed Osman, Minister of State for Economic Development of Egypt; Fuad Siniora, Prime Minister of Lebanon; Erik Solheim, Minister for International Development of Norway; Paskah Suzetta, State Minister for National Development Planning of Indonesia; Peter Power, Minister for National Development Planning of Ireland; Georgina Barreiro, Minister for Finance of Cuba; Juan Temístocles Montás, Minister for Economy, Planning and Development of the Dominican Republic; Bert Koenders, Minister for Development Cooperation of the Netherlands; Juan Alberto Fuentes, Minister for

Finance of Guatemala; Fander Falconi, Minister for National Planning and Development of Ecuador; Hla Tun, Minister for Finance and Revenue of Myanmar; Serigne Diop, Senior Minister of Senegal; Alejandro Hamed Franco, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Paraguay; Samuel Santos López, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Nicaragua; Meritxell Mateu-Pi, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Andorra; Jorge Taiana, Minister for Foreign Affairs, Trade and Religious Relations of Argentina; Baburam Bhattarai, Minister for Finance of Nepal; Sarta Amunugama, Minister for Enterprise Development and Investment Promotion of Sri Lanka; Pehin Dato Abd Rahman Ibrahim, Minister for Finance II of Brunei Darussalam; David Choquehuanca, Minister for Foreign Affairs and Worship of Bolivia; E. Ahamad, Minister of State of India; Moctar Ouane, Minister for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of Mali; Saara Kuugongelwa-Amadhila, Minister for Finance of Namibia; Godsdoy Orubebe, Minister for Special Duties, National Planning Commission of Nigeria; Rosemary Museminali, Minister for Foreign Affairs and Regional Cooperation of Rwanda; Hans Winkler, Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs of Austria; Nabuhide Minorikawa, Parliamentary Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs of Japan; Tatyana Starchenko, Deputy Minister for the Economy of Belarus; Justin Yifu Lin, Chief Economist and Senior Vice-President of the World Bank; and Kamalesh Sharma, Secretary-General of the Commonwealth Secretariat.

[To be completed, including an account of the proceedings of the 5th to 7th plenary meetings and a summary of discussion for all plenary meetings (see A/CONF.212/6)]

Report of business and civil society forums and parliamentary hearing

29. At its 2nd meeting, on 29 November, the Conference heard reports from:

(a) Gemma Adaba, Representative to the United Nations of the International Trade Union Confederation, on the civil society forum held in Doha on 26 and 27 November 2008;

(b) Louise Kantrow, Permanent Representative to the United Nations for the International Chamber of Commerce and Chair of the Business Sector Steering Committee, on the business forum held on 28 November 2008;

(c) Theo-Ban Gurirab, President of the Inter-Parliamentary Union and Speaker of the National Assembly of Namibia, on the parliamentary hearing held on 28 November 2008.

B. Consideration of the draft outcome document of the Conference

[To be completed]

Chapter IV Multi-stakeholder round tables

30. In accordance with General Assembly decision 62/187, the Conference held six multi-stakeholder round tables under the overall theme “Looking ahead: further cooperative actions in financing for development”, focusing on the six major thematic areas of the Monterrey Consensus, as follows:

Round table 1 (29 November, p.m.)

Mobilizing domestic financial resources for development

Round table 2 (30 November, a.m.)

Mobilizing international resources for development: foreign direct investment and other private flows

Round table 3 (30 November, p.m.)

International trade as an engine for development

Round table 4 (1 December, a.m.)

Increasing international financial and technical cooperation for development

Round table 5 (1 December, p.m.)

External debt

Round table 6 (2 December, a.m.)

Addressing systemic issues: enhancing the coherence and consistency of the international monetary, financial and trading systems in support of development.

31. An account of the round tables is set out below.

Round table 1

Mobilizing domestic financial resources for development

32. The Co-Chairpersons of round table 1, Emomali Rahmon, President of Tajikistan, and John Michuki, Minister for Finance of Kenya, presided over the round table.

33. The Moderator, Justin Lin, Chief Economist and Senior Vice-President of the World Bank, made an introductory statement. Statements were also made by the panellists: Azizul Islam, Minister of Finance, Bangladesh; Assane Diop, Executive Director, Social Protection Section, International Labour Organization; Angel Gurría, Secretary-General of OECD; Michael Keating, Director, Africa Progress Panel; Her Royal Highness Princess Máxima of the Netherlands; Vito Tanzi, former State Under-Secretary for Economy and Finance, Italy.

34. Comments were made and questions raised by:

(a) The representatives of Norway, Bolivia, Austria, Germany, Indonesia, Kazakhstan, Egypt, Mali, Burundi and Algeria;

(b) The following institutional stakeholder participants: United Nations Population Fund;

(c) The following civil society participant: Intermón Oxfam.

35. The Moderator made concluding remarks.

36. The summary of discussion for round table 1 (A/CONF.212/6/Add.2) is contained in annex ____.

Round table 2

Mobilizing international resources for development: foreign direct investment and other private flows

37. The Co-Chairpersons of round table 2, Denis Sassou Nguesso, President of the Congo, and Bob McMullan, Parliamentary Secretary for International Development Assistance, Australia, presided over the round table.

38. The Moderator, Supachai Panitchpakdi, Secretary-General of UNCTAD, made an introductory statement. Statements were also made by the panellists: Hiroto Arakawa, Senior Special Adviser, Japan International Cooperation Agency; Trevor Manuel, Minister of Finance of South Africa and Special Envoy of the Secretary-General for the Conference; Joyce H. de Ginatta, President, Federación Interamericana Empresarial, Ecuador; Avinash Persaud, Chairman, Intelligence Capital; and Kamallesh Sharma, Secretary-General of the Commonwealth.

39. Comments were made and questions raised by:

(a) The representatives of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, the Sudan, China, South Africa, Senegal, Palau, Bangladesh, Algeria and Bolivia;

(b) The following civil society participants: World Federation of United Nations Associations.

40. Panellists responded to comments and questions raised. The Moderator made concluding remarks.

41. The summary of discussion for round table 2 (A/CONF.212/6/Add.3) is contained in annex ____.

Round table 3

International trade as an engine for development

42. The Co-Chairpersons of round table 3, Ana Vilma de Escobar, Vice-President of El Salvador, and Olga Algayerova, State Secretary for Foreign Affairs of Slovakia, presided over the round table.

43. The Moderator, Valentine Rugwabiza, Deputy Director-General of the World Trade Organization, made an introductory statement. Statements were made by the panellists: Pedro Luis Carneiro de Mendonca, Undersecretary-General for Economic and Technological Affairs of Brazil; Debapriya Bhattacharya, Permanent Representative of Bangladesh to the United Nations at Geneva and President of the Trade and Development Board of UNCTAD; Miguel Hakim, Secretary for Iberoamerican Cooperation, Iberoamerican Secretariat; Abdoulie Janneh, Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Africa; Sun Zhenyu, Ambassador of China to the World Trade Organization; and Paavo Väyrynen, Minister for Foreign Trade and Development of Finland.

44. Comments were made and questions raised by:

(a) The representatives of Bahrain, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, the Congo, India, Indonesia, the European Community, Bolivia, the Republic of Korea, Israel and the United Republic of Tanzania;

(b) The following institutional stakeholder participant: Common Fund for Commodities;

(c) The following civil society participant: Center of Concern.

45. Panellists responded to comments and questions raised. The Moderator made concluding remarks.

46. The summary of discussion for round table 3 (A/CONF.212/6/Add.4) is contained in annex ____.

Round table 4

Increasing international financial and technical cooperation for development

[To be completed]

47. The summary of discussion for round table 4 (A/CONF.212/6/Add.5) is contained in annex ____.

Round table 5

External debt

[To be completed]

48. The summary of discussion for round table 5 (A/CONF.212/6/Add.6) is contained in annex ____.

Round table 6

Addressing systemic issues: enhancing the coherence and consistency of the international monetary, financial and trading systems in support of development, including consideration of cross-cutting new challenges and emerging issues, as well as the topic “Staying engaged”

49. The summary of discussion for round table 6 (A/CONF.212/6/Add.7) is contained in annex ____.

Chapter V

Report of the Credentials Committee

[To be completed; see A/CONF.212/5]

Action taken

At its 7th meeting, on 2 December 2008, the Conference considered the report of the Credentials Committee (A/CONF.212/5).

The Conference adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee in its report (for the text, see chap. I, resolution 3).

Chapter VI

Adoption of the outcome document of the Conference

At its 7th meeting, on 2 December 2008, on the recommendation of its Main Committee, the Conference had before it a draft resolution on the outcome of the Conference (A/CONF.212/L.1).

At the same meeting, on the recommendation of the President of the Conference, the Conference unanimously adopted draft resolution A/CONF.212/L.1 and recommended it for endorsement by the General Assembly (for the text, see chap. I, resolution 1).

Chapter VII

Adoption of the report of the Conference

At the 7th meeting, on 2 December 2008, the Rapporteur-General introduced the report of the Conference (A/CONF.212/L.2).

At the same meeting, the Conference adopted the draft report and authorized the Rapporteur-General to finalize the report, in conformity with the practice of the United Nations, with a view to its submission to the General Assembly at its sixty-third session.

Chapter VIII

Closure of the Conference

At the 7th meeting, on 2 December 2008, the representative of Antigua and Barbuda, on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China, introduced a draft resolution expressing the Conference's gratitude to the host country (A/CONF.212/L.3).

At the same meeting, the Conference adopted the draft resolution (for the text, see chap. I, resolution 2).

Also at the same meeting, the Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs made a statement.

At the same meeting, the Vice-President ex officio of the Conference, Ahmad Bin Abdullah Al-Mahmoud, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs of Qatar, made a statement and declared the Conference closed.
