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### **Trade and Development Board**

Working Party on the Medium-term Plan and the Programme Budget Fifty-first session Geneva, 1-5 September 2008 Item 3 of the provisional agenda Discussion of the four-year work plan in accordance with paragraph 221 of the Accra Accord

## Work plan for 2008–2011 for the implementation of the Accra Accord\*

Note prepared by the UNCTAD secretariat

### Executive summary

The work plan for 2008–2011 was prepared in response to paragraph 221 of the Accra Accord and was reviewed by the Working Party on the Medium-term Plan and the Programme Budget at its fifty-first session, in September 2008. The implementation plan for the operational paragraphs contained in chapter IV of the Accra Accord, on sub-theme 4, is presented in a separate document (TD/B/WP/207). The quantity of outputs for the period 2010-2011 will be identified in the proposed programme budget for 2010-2011.

\* The Working Party took note of the work plan at its closing plenary meeting on 5 September 2008.

### Abbreviations used in this document

ALADI Latin American Integration Association

ALDC Division for Africa, Least Developed Countries and Special Programmes CBTF Capacity-building Task Force on Trade, Environment and Development

COMESA Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa

CSR corporate social responsibility

CSTD Commission on Science and Technology for Development

DFQF duty-free and quota-free

DIAE Division on Investment and Enterprise

DITC Division on International Trade in Goods and Services, and Commodities

DMFAS Debt Management and Financial Analysis System

ECO Economic Cooperation Organization

EIF enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-related Technical Assistance to Least Developed

Countries

EPA economic partnership agreement

FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

FDI foreign direct investment

GDS Division on Globalization and Development Strategies

ICT information and communication technology

IFOAM International Federation of Organic Agriculture Movements

IGE Intergovernmental Expert Group
IPA investment promotion agency
IPR investment policy review

ISAR International Standards of Accounting and Reporting

ITC International Trade Centre UNCTAD/WTO

ITF International Task Force on Harmonization and Equivalence in Organic Agriculture

LDCs least developed countries
LLDCs landlocked developing countries
MEAs multilateral environmental agreements
NEPAD New Partnership for Africa's Development

NTB non-tariff barrier
PoA Programme of Action
PTP Port Training Programme
SIDS small island developing States
SME small and medium-sized enterprise

SPS sanitary and phytosanitary

STI science, technology and innovation

STIP Science, Technology and Innovation Policy Review

TBT technical barrier to trade
TDB Trade and Development Board

TF trade facilitation

TNC transnational corporation

TRAINS Trade Analysis Information System

TRIPS Trade-related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights
UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law
UNDAF United Nations Development Assistance Framework

UNEP United Nations Environment Programme

Vi Virtual Institute

WESP World Economic Situation and Prospects
WIPO World Intellectual Property Organization
WSIS World Summit on the Information Society

WTO World Trade Organization

# TD/B/WP/203/Rev.1

# Work plan for 2008–2011 for the implementation of the $Accra \, Accord^2$

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
10. While working in support of all developing countries and countries with economies in transition, UNCTAD should	ALDC DTL GDS	This paragraph is also addressed through ac of the Accra Accord and relevant resolution	ettivities under operational paragraphs 36, 39 as of the General Assembly.	9, 90, 107, 146, 150, 158, 162, 164 and 165
enhance its work on the special		Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	l reports	
problems of the African continent and of the least developed countries. UNCTAD should also,		Press briefings and interviews in relation to the work on issues of least developed countries	Annual and executive sessions of the Trade and Development Board	Annual and executive sessions of the Trade and Development Board
as appropriate, enhance its work on the special needs and problems of small island developing States, landlocked developing countries		<ul> <li>Contribution to the New Partnership for Africa's Development: consolidated report of the Secretary-</li> </ul>	Reports to the Trade and     Development Board on LDCs, as     required	• Reports to the xcTrade and Development Board on LDCs, as required
and other structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies. It should also assist transit		General on progress in implementation	Press briefings and interviews in relation to the work on issues of least developed countries	<ul> <li>Press briefings and interviews in relation to the work on issues of least developed countries</li> </ul>
developing countries with their special challenges in relation to infrastructure and transport.		<ul> <li>Mid-term review of the Almaty PoA*</li> <li>Global Preparatory Meeting on the Mid-term Review of the</li> </ul>	Contribution to the New     Partnership for Africa's     Development: consolidated report	<ul> <li>Contribution to the New Partnership for Africa's Development: consolidated report</li> </ul>
- Implementation of the first United Nations Decade for Eradication of Poverty (A/62/423/Add.1)		Implementation of the Almaty Programme of Action, on trade facilitation opportunities for	of the Secretary-General on progress in implementation	of the Secretary-General on progress in implementation
- New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in		landlocked and transit developing countries, Geneva, 8–9 July 2008*	Ad hoc expert group meetings on economic development in Africa/LDCsAd hoc expert group	• Ad hoc expert group meetings on economic development in Africa/LDCs
implementation and international support (A/62/L.10/Rev.1)		<ul> <li>Inputs to background reports for expert meetings on trade and development issues of interest to</li> </ul>	meeting on finding solutions to the special challenges in relation to infrastructure and multimodal	Ad hoc expert group meeting on finding solutions to the special
Third United Nations Conference on the LDCs (A/62/422/Add.1)		<ul><li>all developing countries*</li><li>Inputs to background reports for</li></ul>	transport of LDCs, LLDCs and transit developing countries (1)*	challenges in relation to infrastructure and multimodal transport of LDCs, LLDCs and
		expert meetings on trade and	Inputs into relevant post mid-term review of Almaty PoA meetings	transit developing countries*

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Activities marked with an asterisk also appear under other operational paragraphs.

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		development issues of interest to landlocked developing countries, transit developing countries, small island developing States and structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies*	<ul> <li>and reports*</li> <li>Inputs to background reports for expert meetings on trade and development issues of interest to developing countries*</li> <li>Inputs to background reports for expert meetings on trade and development issues of interest to landlocked developing countries, small island developing States and structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies*</li> <li>Contribution to the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the further implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inputs into relevant post mid-term review of Almaty PoA meetings and reports*</li> <li>Inputs to background reports for expert meetings on trade and development issues of interest to developing countries*</li> <li>Inputs to background reports for expert meetings on trade and development issues of interest to landlocked developing countries, small island developing States and structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies*</li> <li>Contribution to the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the further implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States*</li> <li>Expert group meeting on economic vulnerabilities in 2010 (to feed into the Mauritius mid-term review in the same year)*</li> </ul>
		Publications and other substantive outputs		
		The Least Developed Countries Report (1)	• The Least Developed Countries Report (1)	The Least Developed Countries Report
		LDC report highlights	LDC report highlights	LDC report highlights

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		Economic Development in Africa (1)     Two studies on transport and trade facilitation: collaborative solutions between LLDCs and transit developing countries (October 2008)*	<ul> <li>Economic Development in Africa (1)</li> <li>Forthcoming publication on SIDS in 2009*</li> <li>Lectures and presentations on Africa/LDCs, to various audiences, including civil society and academia, seminars on globalization, development strategies and policy coherence, including in connection with UNCTAD training courses and other capacity-building activities</li> <li>Policy briefs on landlocked developing countries, transit developing countries and small island developing States (6); Landlocked Developing Countries: Facts and Figures*</li> <li>Study on trade policy development with a view to integrating structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies into the multilateral trading system (1)*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Economic Development in Africa (1)</li> <li>Lectures and presentations on Africa/LDCs, to various audiences, including civil society and academia, seminars on globalization, development strategies and policy coherence, including in connection with UNCTAD training courses and other capacity-building activities</li> <li>Policy briefs on landlocked developing countries, transit developing countries and small island developing States (6); Landlocked Developing Countries: Facts and Figures*</li> <li>Study on trade policy development with a view to integrating structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies into the multilateral trading system*</li> </ul>
		Technical cooperation		
		Workshops to disseminate the findings of the LDC reports	Workshops to disseminate the findings of the LDC reports	Workshops to disseminate the findings of the LDC reports
		Training courses for the LDC policymakers drawing from the latest three LDC reports	Training courses for the LDC policymakers drawing from the latest three LDC reports	Training courses for the LDC policymakers drawing from the latest three LDC reports
			Papers for expert meetings, conferences and NEPAD-related	Papers for expert meetings, conferences and NEPAD-related

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			meetings (as required)	meetings (as required)
			Contribution to the NEPAD cluster on agriculture, market access and diversification	Contribution to the NEPAD cluster on agriculture, market access and diversification
			Contribution to NEPAD action plans (as required)	Contribution to NEPAD action plans (as required)
			<ul> <li>Assisting developing countries, including structrurally weak, vulnerable and small economies, in the context of their negotiations in WTO (4)*</li> </ul>	Assisting developing countries, including structrurally weak, vulnerable and small economies, in the context of their negotiations in WTO*
			Assistance to structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies to help them integrate trade and development concerns into their national development plans, poverty reduction strategies and UNDAFs*	Assistance to structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies to help them integrate trade and development concerns into their national development plans, poverty reduction strategies and UNDAFs*
			Training activities to build the capacity of structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies to be effective players in the multilateral trading system and to derive full benefit from trade liberalization*	Training activities to build the capacity of structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies to be effective players in the multilateral trading system and to derive full benefit from trade liberalization*
			Assistance in regard to multilateral and regional trade negotiations and capacity-building in developing countries, including in structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies*	Assistance in regard to multilateral and regional trade negotiations and capacity-building in developing countries, including in structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies*

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
36. UNCTAD should continue its	GDS	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	l l reports	
important role and specificity in delivering policy analysis and identifying policy options at the global and national levels. In its work on globalization and development strategies, UNCTAD should focus on:  (a) Identifying specific needs and	ALDC		Trade and Development Board: ad hoc reports on current trends and outlook regarding the performance of the world economy from a development perspective, as requested (2); Trade and Development Report Overview (2)	Trade and Development Board: ad hoc reports on current trends and outlook regarding the performance of the world economy from a development perspective, as requested; Trade and Development Report Overview  Economic and Social Council:
measures arising from the interdependence between trade, finance, investment, technology and macroeconomic policies from the			Economic and Social Council: contribution to World Economic Situation and Prospects (2)	contribution to World Economic Situation and Prospects
point of view of its effect on development  (b) Contributing to a better understanding of coherence between			General Assembly: contributions to reports on issues related to globalization and development, as requested (1)	General Assembly: contributions to reports on issues related to globalization and development, as requested
international economic rules, practices and processes, on the one hand, and national policies and development strategies, on the other  (c) Supporting developing countries in their efforts to formulate			Ad hoc expert group meeting on specific needs and measures arising from the interdependence between trade, finance, investment, technology and macroeconomic policies (2)	Ad hoc expert group meeting on specific needs and measures arising from the interdependence between trade, finance, investment, technology and macroeconomic policies
development strategies adapted to their specific circumstances and to the opportunities and challenges of globalization			Ad hoc expert group meetings on coherence between international economic rules, practices and processes, on the one hand, and national policies and development strategies, on the other	Ad hoc expert group meetings on coherence between international economic rules, practices and processes, on the one hand, and national policies and development strategies, on the other
			Ad hoc expert group meetings on current and forthcoming research on macroeconomic and development policies (1)	Ad hoc expert group meetings on current and forthcoming research on macroeconomic and development policies

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			<ul> <li>Ad hoc expert group meetings on development strategies adapted to specific circumstances and to the opportunities and challenges of globalization (1)</li> <li>Policy advice at the national and regional levels to strengthen the capacity of developing countries as regards the formulation of development strategies</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meetings on calculation of trade indices, including in relation to South—South cooperation and the development of Africa (1)</li> <li>Seminars for outside users: seminars on development strategies in a globalized economy, including those held in connection with training courses on key issues on the international economic agenda and other capacity-building activities (the total number of such seminars to be implemented under Subprogramme 1, paragraphs 36–39, is 30 in the approved programme budget)*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ad hoc expert group meetings on development strategies adapted to specific circumstances and to the opportunities and challenges of globalization</li> <li>Policy advice at the national and regional levels to strengthen the capacity of developing countries as regards the formulation of development strategies</li> <li>Seminars for outside users: seminars on development strategies in a globalized economy, including those held in connection with training courses on key issues on the international economic agenda and other capacity-building activities*</li> </ul>
		Publications and other substantive outputs		

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and/or other mandate	Division	2008	2008–2009 (pianned)	2010–2011 (pianned)
			<ul> <li>Trade and Development Report (2)*</li> <li>Current issues in globalization and development policies, including the macroeconomic challenges of commodity-dependent countries (2)</li> <li>UNCTAD discussion paper series (12)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Trade and Development Report*</li> <li>Current issues in globalization and development policies, including the macroeconomic challenges of commodity-dependent countries</li> <li>UNCTAD discussion paper series</li> </ul>
36. UNCTAD should continue its important role and specificity in delivering policy analysis and identifying policy options at the global and national levels. In its work on globalization and development strategies, UNCTAD should focus on:  (d) Addressing the complex and wide- ranging special needs and problems faced by landlocked developing countries, small island developing States and other structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies	GDS ALDC	This subparagraph will also be addressed b  Intergovernmental and expert meetings and  Mid-term review of the Almaty PoA*  Inputs to background reports for expert meetings on trade and development issues of interest to landlocked developing countries, small island developing States and structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies*	<ul> <li>y other operational paragraphs, especially paragraphs.</li> <li>Inputs into relevant post mid-term review of Almaty PoA meetings and reports*</li> <li>Inputs to background reports for expert meetings on trade and development issues of interest to landlocked developing countries, small island developing States and structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies*</li> <li>Contribution to the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inputs into relevant post mid-term review of Almaty PoA meetings and reports*</li> <li>Inputs to background reports for expert meetings on trade and development issues of interest to landlocked developing countries, small island developing States and structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies*</li> <li>Contribution to the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States*</li> </ul>

2008–2009 (planned)

2010–2011 (planned)

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, Division Implemented/already under way in

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			Inputs into relevant post mid-term review of Almaty PoA meetings and reports*	<ul> <li>Expert group meeting on economic vulnerabilities in 2010 (to feed into the Mauritius mid-term review in the same year)*</li> <li>Inputs into relevant post mid-term review of Almaty PoA meetings and reports*</li> </ul>
		Publications and other substantive outputs		
			• Forthcoming publication on SIDS in 2009 (1)*	
			Policy briefs on landlocked developing countries and small island developing States (6); Landlocked Developing Countries: Facts and Figures*	
		Technical cooperation		
		Assisting developing countries, including structrurally weak, vulnerable and small economies, in the context of their negotiations in WTO (4)*	Assisting developing countries, including structrurally weak, vulnerable and small economies, in the context of their negotiations in WTO (4)*      Preparing and analysing information	Assisting developing countries, including structrurally weak, vulnerable and small economies, in the context of their negotiations in WTO*
		Preparing and analysing information requested nationally on issues of concern to the categories of countries under this subprogramme, i.e. LLDCs, SIDS and structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies, such as the development implications of multilateral trading systems	requested nationally on issues of concern to the categories of countries under this subprogramme, i.e. LLDCs, SIDS and structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies, such as the development implications of multilateral trading systems	Preparing and analysing information requested nationally on issues of concern to the categories of countries under this subprogramme, i.e. LLDCs, SIDS and structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies, such as the development implications of multilateral trading systems

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Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
GDS ALDC			ragraph 165
	9		Ad hoc expert group meetings on calculation of development and globalization indicators
	<ul> <li>UNCTAD Handbook of Statistics 2008, released on 29 July 2008 (1)</li> <li>January–June 2008: Commodity Price Statistics released</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Development and Globalization:         Facts and Figures (1)*; UNCTAD         Handbook of Statistics (hard copy         and DVD) and its online version         (1)</li> <li>Commodity Price Statistics         (electronic, monthly) (22);         UNCTAD statistical information         system, GlobStat online database,         UNCTAD statistics Internet         portal and IntraStat (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Development and Globalization:         Facts and Figures*; UNCTAD         Handbook of Statistics (hard copy         and DVD) and its online version</li> <li>Commodity Price Statistics         (electronic, monthly); UNCTAD         statistical information system,         GlobStat online database,         UNCTAD statistics Internet         portal and IntraStat</li> </ul>
GDS		Ad hoc expert group meeting on how globalization can support inclusive and equitable development, sustainable growth and appropriate development strategies, including an enabling environment for the private sector, productive employment and the contribution of trade to growth, employment creation and poverty reduction (1)	Ad hoc expert group meeting on how globalization can support inclusive and equitable development, sustainable growth and appropriate development strategies, including an enabling environment for the private sector, productive employment and the contribution of trade to growth, employment creation and poverty reduction
	ALDC	This subparagraph will also be addressed by ALDC  Intergovernmental and expert meetings and Publications and other substantive outputs  • UNCTAD Handbook of Statistics 2008, released on 29 July 2008 (1)  • January–June 2008: Commodity Price Statistics released	GDS ALDC  This subparagraph will also be addressed by other operational paragraphs, especially pa  Publications and other substantive outputs  • UNCTAD Handbook of Statistics 2008, released on 29 July 2008 (1)  • January—June 2008: Commodity Price Statistics released  • Commodity Price Statistics (alrocy and DVD) and its online version (1)  • Commodity Price Statistics (electronic, monthly) (22); UNCTAD statistical information system, GlobStat online database, UNCTAD statistics Internet portal and IntraStat (1)  GDS  Intergovernmental and expert meetings and reports  • Ad hoc expert group meeting on how globalization can support inclusive and equitable development, sustainable growth and appropriate development strategies, including an enabling environment for the private sector, productive employment and the contribution of trade to growth, employment creation and poverty reduction (1)

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
relevant international organizations, the contribution of trade to growth, employment creation and poverty reduction.			<ul> <li>Trade and Development Report (2)*</li> <li>Development and Globalization: Facts and Figures (1)*</li> <li>Technical material: support for Global Network of Development Think Tanks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Trade and Development Report*</li> <li>Development and Globalization:         Facts and Figures *</li> <li>Technical material: support for         Global Network of Development         Think Tanks</li> </ul>
		Technical cooperation	1	
			• Seminars for outside users: see paragraph 36*	• Seminars for outside users: see paragraph 36*
38. At the international level,	GDS	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and reports		
UNCTAD's work should contribute to increasing coherence in global economic policymaking, particularly in terms of the interdependence and consistency of international trade, investment and financial policies and arrangements, with a view to helping developing countries to integrate successfully into the global economy and to reap greater benefits from globalization.			• Ad hoc expert group meeting on coherence in global economic policymaking, particularly in terms of the interdependence and consistency of international trade, investment and financial policies and arrangements, with a view to helping developing countries to integrate successfully into the global economy and to reap greater benefits from globalization. (1)	Ad hoc expert group meeting on coherence in global economic policymaking, particularly in terms of the interdependence and consistency of international trade, investment and financial policies and arrangements, with a view to helping developing countries to integrate successfully into the global economy and to reap greater benefits from globalization.
		Publications and other substantive outputs	-	
			<ul> <li>Trade and Development Report         <ul> <li>(2)*</li> </ul> </li> <li>Discussion papers for the         <ul> <li>Intergovernmental Group of</li> <li>Twenty-Four on International</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Trade and Development Report*</li> <li>Discussion papers for the Intergovernmental Group of Twenty-Four on International Monetary Affairs and</li> </ul>

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			Monetary Affairs and Development (10); issues in international monetary and financial policies and globalization (compendium) (2)	Development; issues in international monetary and financial policies and globalization (compendium)
		Technical cooperation		
			<ul> <li>Seminars for outside users: see paragraph 36*</li> <li>Advisory services: policy advice with a view to helping developing countries to integrate successfully into the global economy and to reap greater benefits from globalization</li> <li>Provision of technical support to the Intergovernmental Group of Twenty-Four on International Monetary Affairs and Development</li> </ul>	Seminars for outside users: see paragraph 36*  • Advisory services: policy advice with a view to helping developing countries to integrate successfully into the global economy and to reap greater benefits from globalization  • Provision of technical support to the Intergovernmental Group of Twenty-Four on International Monetary Affairs and Development
39. At the national level, areas to which UNCTAD should give	GDS ALDC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	<u> </u>	
special attention include:  (a) The impact of growth- oriented macroeconomic and financial policies on development  (b) The creation of an enabling environment for the private sector and entrepreneurial investment  (c) Policies to enhance the productive capacity of	DIAE	Annual review of progress in implementation of the PoA by the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly, as well as review of UNCTAD-wide implementation activities in favour of LDCs by the TDB	<ul> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on the impact of growth-oriented macroeconomic and financial policies on development (1)</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on the creation of an enabling environment for the private sector and entrepreneurial investment (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report to the TDB and contribution to the report of the Secretary-General to the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly as part of the review of progress and final appraisal of the PoA</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on the impact of growth-oriented macroeconomic and financial policies on development</li> </ul>

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			of review of progress at the national level in selected LDCs  • Advisory services on the impact of growth-oriented macroeconomic and financial policies on development  • Advisory services on the creation of an enabling environment for the private sector and entrepreneurial investment  • Advisory services on policies to enhance the productive capacity of developing countries, particularly the least developed countries, and improve their ability to compete in the global economy  • Advisory services on poverty eradication, income distribution and public revenue systems	<ul> <li>macroeconomic and financial policies on development</li> <li>Advisory services on the creation of an enabling environment for the private sector and entrepreneurial investment</li> <li>Advisory services on policies to enhance the productive capacity of developing countries, particularly the least developed countries, and improve their ability to compete in the global economy</li> <li>Advisory services on poverty eradication, income distribution and public revenue systems</li> </ul>
40. UNCTAD should continue its	GDS	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d reports	
analysis of debt and development finance issues and should maintain its capacity-building programme for public debt management. On the basis of its analytical work, UNCTAD should continue to provide technical assistance and support		Ad hoc expert group meeting on maintaining long-term debt sustainability (1)	<ul> <li>Meetings of the Second Committee</li> <li>Economic and Social Council: contribution to the report for the Development Cooperation Forum, as required</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Meetings of the Second Committee</li> <li>Contributions to reports on the follow-up to the International Conference on Financing for Development; reports on external ebt crisis and development</li> </ul>

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
for developing countries in building national capacities through the Debt Management and Financial Analysis System (DMFAS) programme, in cooperation with the				Economic and Social Council: contribution to the report for the Development Cooperation Forum, as required
International Monetary Fund, the		Publications and other substantive outputs		
World Bank and other stakeholders. UNCTAD should continue to contribute to multilateral processes on external debt and finance, including in the "Paris Club" and the Development Cooperation Forum. Maximum synergy should be sought between analytical work and technical assistance.		Maintaining long-term debt sustainability (1)	<ul> <li>Contributions to reports on the follow-up to the International Conference on Financing for Development (1); reports on external debt and development</li> <li>DMFAS annual report (2)</li> <li>Proceedings of the UNCTAD Debt Management Conference (1)</li> <li>DMFAS 6 general guide (1); DMFAS newsletter; DMFAS technical support documentation (1); DMFAS version 6 and its updates (1); Debt Sustainability Model (DSM+) User Manual (1); DSM+ and updates (1); debt portfolio analysis (1); debt data validation (1); reports to the Paris Club on the economic situation and prospects of countries requesting debt rescheduling (8); training material for staff from relevant ministries and central banks in selected developing countries on the formulation of strategies and policies to maintain long-term debt sustainability (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>DMFAS annual report</li> <li>Financial instruments for the mitigation of external shocks</li> <li>Proceedings of the UNCTAD Debt Management Conference</li> <li>Institutional arrangements for public debt management;         Technical material: DMFAS 6         user's guide; DMFAS 6 reference guide; DMFAS newsletter;         DMFAS technical support documentation; DMFAS version 6         and its updates; Debt         Sustainability Model (DSM+);         User Manual; DSM+ and updates; debt portfolio analysis; debt data validation; debt statistics; debt analysis; basic risk analysis; reports to the Paris Club on the economic situation and prospects of countries requesting debt rescheduling; training material for staff from relevant ministries and central banks in selected developing countries on the formulation of appropriate instruments to manage risks from</li> </ul>

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
				external shocks
		Technical cooperation		
			Advisory group on the Debt Management and Financial Analysis System (DMFAS)	Advisory group on the Debt     Management and Financial     Analysis System (DMFAS)
			Strengthening the capacity of debtor developing countries in their renegotiations of official	Financial instruments for the mitigation of external shocks
			debt at the Paris Club; strengthening the capacity of selected developing countries in maintaining long-term debt sustainability; strengthening the technical capacity of developing countries and countries with economies in transition to record and monitor their external debt, including governance issues	Strengthening the capacity of debtor developing countries in their renegotiations of official debt at the Paris Club; strengthening the capacity of selected developing countries in maintaining long-term debt sustainability; strengthening the technical capacity of developing countries and countries with economies in transition to record
			DMFAS training for administrators from selected countries in debt statistics and	and monitor their external debt, including governance issues
			debt analysis training for administrators from selected countries in the design of policies and arrangements that ensure long-term debt sustainability	DMFAS training for administrators from selected countries in debt statistics and debt analysis training for administrators from selected countries in the design of
			Installation, updating and maintenance of the DMFAS programme	appropriate instruments to manage risks from external shocks
			Preparations for and logistical support to the UNCTAD Debt Management Conference	Installation, updating and maintenance of the DMFAS programme

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
				Preparations for and logistical support to the UNCTAD Debt Management Conference
41. UNCTAD must strengthen its special focus on the needs of the least developed countries and Africa across all areas of its mandate and in accordance with the Bangkok Plan of Action and the São Paulo Consensus. It should also continue to devote attention to other groups of countries with special needs, in accordance with those needs. UNCTAD should contribute to the efforts by the United Nations system to make practical policy recommendations to ensure beneficial globalization for all developing countries drawing on UNCTAD's particular areas of expertise and comparative advantage.	All program mes, with ALDC as focal point	This paragraph will be applied in the contemparas. 10, 39, 90, 146, 147 and 158	kt of implementing other operational paragra	phs of the Accra Accord, in particular
42. UNCTAD should support the development efforts of middle-income countries, in particular in facing specific challenges of sustainable economic development and poverty reduction.	GDS	This paragraph will be implemented in the 38 and 39	context of other operational paragraphs of th	e Accra Accord, in particular paras. 36, 37,
43. UNCTAD has traditionally played a substantive role in	GDS DITC	This paragraph will also be implemented the	rough activities listed under paragraphs 97 a	nd 147

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
supporting economic cooperation	(see also	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d reports	
among developing countries in all three pillars of its work. It should strengthen its work in this area by: (a) deepening research	97 and		• Contributions to reports on South–South cooperation, as requested (1)	Contributions to reports on South-South cooperation, as requested
on and analysis of the synergies created by South–South trade,		Publications and other substantive outputs		
investment and finance (b) upgrading data and analytical tools on South–South flows and cooperation and (c) promoting South–South and triangular cooperation.		UNCTAD Handbook of Statistics 2008, released on 29 July 2008	<ul> <li>Trade and Development Report (2)*</li> <li>Development and Globalization:         Facts and Figures (1)*; UNCTAD Handbook of Statistics (hard copy and DVD) and its online version (2)</li> </ul>	
44. Support to the Palestinian	GDS	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d reports	
people should be intensified to alleviate the adverse economic and social situation in the			Reports on UNCTAD assistance to the Palestinian people	Reports on UNCTAD assistance to the Palestinian people
Palestinian territory with a view to creating the conditions		Publications and other substantive outputs		
conducive to building a sovereign and viable Palestinian State in accordance with the relevant			Studies on Palestinian economic development (2)	Studies on Palestinian economic development
United Nations resolutions, the		Technical cooperation		
Road Map, the Annapolis Conference Joint Understanding and the Paris conferences. UNCTAD's programme of assistance to the Palestinian people in the areas of capacity- building, trade policy, trade facilitation, financial management, development strategies, enterprise			Strengthening the capacity of, and substantive administrative and coordination of technical cooperation projects for, the Palestinian people in the areas of capacity-building, trade facilitation, development strategies, and investments      Training/workshop on investment	Strengthening the capacity of, and substantive administrative and coordination of technical cooperation projects for, the Palestinian people in the areas of capacity-building, trade policy, trade facilitation, financial management, development strategies, enterprise development and investments

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
development and investments is welcome and should be strengthened with adequate resources and related operational activities.			retention/promotion, development strategies and trade facilitation for Palestinian professionals  • Technical cooperation project for the Palestinian private sector	<ul> <li>Training/workshop on investment, development strategies and trade policy for Palestinian professionals</li> <li>Technical cooperation project for the Palestinian private/public sector</li> </ul>
89. UNCTAD's contribution on trade and development should continue	DITC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	l reports	L
through analytical, consensus- building and technical assistance work in the areas of international trade in goods, services and commodities and the international trading system as provided below.		<ul> <li>Twelfth session of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, including preparatory meetings, as required</li> <li>Twelfth session of the Commission</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Contribution to the report of the Secretary-General on financing for development (2)</li> <li>Contributions to reports on the follow-up to the International</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Contribution to the report of the Secretary-General on financing for development</li> <li>Contributions to reports on the follow-up to the International</li> </ul>
UNCTAD should enhance its work on the linkages between trade and internationally agreed development		on Trade in Goods and Services, and Commodities	Conference on Financing for Development (1)	Conference on Financing for Development
goals and objectives, including the Millennium Development Goals. UNCTAD should continue to cooperate closely with other			<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the TDB (20)</li> <li>Reports on issues to be decided by the TDB, as required</li> </ul>	Preparatory meetings for the thirteenth session of the Conference, as required.
international organizations and foster coordination of system-wide United			Annual sessions of the Trade and	Annual sessions of the TDB
Nations activities in the area of trade and development.			Development Commission (20)	Reports on issues to be decided by the TDB, as required
			Division on International Trade in Goods and Services, and Commodities, activity report on the implementation of the Accra Accord	Annual sessions of the Trade and Development Commission
			<ul><li>(2)</li><li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on</li></ul>	Division on International Trade in Goods and Services, and Commodities, activity report on the
			trade-related topics of interest to	implementation of the Accra Accord

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			developing countries, as required	
		Publications and other substantive outputs		
		Addressing the global food crisis: key trade, investment and commodity policies in ensuring sustainable food	Series on trade, poverty and related cross-cutting development issues (1)	Series on trade, poverty and related crosscutting development issues.
		security and alleviating poverty (UNCTAD/OSG/200871)	• Series E: Trade policy issues (14)	Series E: Trade policy issue
		(61/61/11/05/61/2000/1)	Website on trade-related Millennium Development Goals (updating during biennium) (2)	Website on trade-related Millennium Development Goals (updating during biennium)
			Contributions to the Millennium Development Goals Report (2)	Contributions to the Millennium Development Goals Report
			Contributions to the Chief Executives Board and its subsidiary bodies, as required	Contributions to the Chief Executives Board and its subsidiary bodies, as required
			Contributions to the report of the United Nations University on regional integration (1)	Contributions to the report of the United Nations University on regional integration (2010, 2011)
		Technical cooperation		
			Advisory services on participating in activities at United Nations     Headquarters, at the regional commissions and at regional, subregional and international organizations, as well as on trade and internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals, as well as on follow-up to Monterrey Consensus on Financing for Development	Advisory services on participating in activities at United Nations     Headquarters, at the regional commissions and at regional, subregional and international organizations, as well as on trade and internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals, as well as on follow-up to Monterrey Consensus on Financing for Development

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			Workshop for developing countries on international trade issues within the mandate of UNCTAD relating to the Monterrey Consensus on Financing for Development, in coordination with the Department of Economic and Social Affairs and other relevant United Nations bodies to maximize complementarity of effort and value added (1)	Advisory services on international trade and commodities policy issues in dealing with the global food crisis
			Development Account project on "Strengthening capacity in developing countries for meeting Millennium Development Goals through policies and actions in trade and trade-related areas"	
			UNCTAD/DFDI/India Project on     "Strategies and preparedness for trade     and globalization in India"	
			Advisory services in international trade and commodities policy issues in dealing with the global food crisis	
90. UNCTAD should: (a) Continue to monitor and	DITC	Some of these activities will also be implem	mented in the context of subparagraph 90 (d)	of the Accra Accord
assess the evolution of the international trading system and of		Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d reports	
trends in international trade from a development perspective, and in particular analyse issues of concern		Report of the Secretary-General on international trade and development     (1)	Meeting of the Second Committee, as required (20)	Meetings of the Second Committee, as required
to developing countries, placing greater emphasis on practical solutions		Reports on topics to be decided by the TDB	• Report of the Secretary-General on international trade and development (1)	Report of the Secretary-General on international trade and development
(b) Continue its work on			Annual session of the Trade and	Annual session of the Trade and Development Commission

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
developments in the post-Doha work programme of particular concern to developing countries  (c) Help develop capacities in developing countries and countries with economies in transition to establish their own negotiating priorities, and their capacity to negotiate and implement bilateral, regional and multilateral trade agreements	elopments in the post-Doha work gramme of particular concern to eloping countries  Help develop capacities in eloping countries and countries in economies in transition to blish their own negotiating brities, and their capacity to otiate and implement bilateral, onal and multilateral trade	Annual session of the TDB	<ul> <li>Development Commission</li> <li>Reports on topics to be decided by the TDB</li> <li>Annual session of the Trade and Development Board</li> <li>Report on topics to be decided by the Commission (as required)</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on key issues in the international trading system with a particular emphasis on multilateral trade negotiations and regional trade agreements (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reports on topics to be decided by the TDB</li> <li>Annual session of the Trade and Development Board</li> <li>Report on topics to be decided by the Commission (as required)</li> </ul>
		Publications and other substantive outputs	<ul> <li>Series A: Systemic issues and market access in international trade: ensuring development gains from the international trading system and trade negotiations (1)</li> <li>Selected issues in international trade negotiations and ensuring development gains (5)</li> <li>Training modules on topics in international trade negotiations (7)</li> <li>Updates of relevant UNCTAD website pages on programmes and activities within the subprogramme (2)</li> <li>Commercial diplomacy and dispute</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Series A: Systemic issues and market access in international trade: ensuring development gains from the international trading system and trade negotiations</li> <li>Selected issues in international trade negotiations and ensuring development gains</li> <li>Training modules on topics in international trade negotiations</li> <li>Updates of relevant UNCTAD website pages on programmes and activities within the subprogramme</li> <li>Commercial diplomacy and dispute settlement CD-ROM</li> </ul>

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			Settlement CD-ROM     Contributions to World Economic Situation and Prospects, World Economic and Social Survey (as required)	Contributions to World Economic Situation and Prospects, World Economic and Social Survey (as required)
		Technical cooperation		1
		Advisory services for developing countries and countries with economies in transition on ensuring development gains from international trade and trade negotiations	Advisory services for developing countries and countries with economies in transition on ensuring development gains from international trade and trade negotiations	Advisory services for developing countries and countries with economies in transition on ensuring development gains from international trade and trade negotiations
		Assistance to African, Asian, Latin American, Caribbean and Pacific countries and their regional organizations, as well as countries with economies in transition, and on post-Doha negotiations, regional trade negotiations and trade preferences	Assistance to African, Asian, Latin American, Caribbean and Pacific countries and their regional organizations, as well as countries with economies in transition, and on post-Doha negotiations, regional trade negotiations and trade preferences	Assistance to African, Asian, Latin American, Caribbean and Pacific countries and their regional organizations, as well as countries with economies in transition, and on post-Doha negotiations, regional trade negotiations and trade preferences
		Assistance to the least developed countries in the context of the Integrated Framework for Trade- related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries	Assistance to the least developed countries in the context of the Integrated Framework for Trade- related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries	Assistance to the least developed countries in the context of the Integrated Framework for Trade- related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries
		Regular training courses organized pursuant to paragraph 166 of the Bangkok Plan of Action	Regular training courses organized pursuant to paragraph 166 of the Bangkok Plan of Action	Regular training courses organized pursuant to paragraph 166 of the Bangkok Plan of Action
		Enhance the understanding of developing countries, from a developmental perspective, of issues in ongoing and future multilateral	Enhance the understanding of developing countries, from a developmental perspective, of issues in ongoing and future multilateral	Enhance the understanding of developing countries, from a developmental perspective, of issues in ongoing and future multilateral

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		trade negotiations	trade negotiations	trade negotiations
		Dispute settlement in regard to trade, investment and intellectual property	Dispute settlement in regard to trade, investment and intellectual property	Dispute settlement in regard to trade, investment and intellectual property
		Build the capacity of developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, and countries with economies in transition, to be effective players in the multilateral trading system and to derive full benefit from trade liberalization	Build the capacity of developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, and countries with economies in transition, to be effective players in the multilateral trading system and to derive full benefit from trade liberalization	Build the capacity of developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, and countries with economies in transition, to be effective players in the multilateral trading system and to derive full benefit from trade liberalization
			Preparation of developing countries for the Seventh Ministerial Conference of the World Trade Organization	Preparation of developing countries for the Ninth Ministerial Conference of the World Trade Organization
			Assistance in regard to multilateral and regional trade negotiations on capacity-building, in particular in Africa and LDCs	Assistance in regard to multilateral and regional trade negotiations on capacity-building, in particular in Africa and LDCs
			Country and inter-country projects aimed at capacity-building for policymaking in relation to services and at strengthening the relationship between national policymaking and both regional and international services trade in developing countries, in particular in Africa and LDCs	Country and inter-country projects aimed at capacity-building for policymaking in relation to services and at strengthening the relationship between national policymaking and both regional and international services trade in developing countries, in particular in Africa and LDCs
			Country and inter-country projects for providing technical support to developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, in regard to regional and multilateral trade	Country and inter-country projects for providing technical support to developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, in regard to regional and multilateral trade negotiations, and support in

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			negotiations, and support in connection with their participation in the post-Doha negotiations  • Dispute settlement and commercial diplomacy	connection with their participation in the post-Doha negotiations  • Dispute settlement and commercial diplomacy
90. UNCTAD should: (d) Intensify its trade and trade-	DITC ALDC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	l reports	
related technical cooperation and capacity-building activities. It should strengthen its contribution to the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries and the	ALDC	Report to the TDB on Progress in the implementation of the Enhanced Integrated Framework continues under the existing TDB mandate contained in decision 445 (EX-16)	Report to the regular sessions of the TDB on progress in the implementation of the Enhanced Integrated Framework	Report to the regular sessions of the TDB on progress in the implementation of the Enhanced Integrated Framework
Joint Integrated Technical Assistance		Publications and other substantive outputs		
Programme (JITAP)  (i) Assist developing countries, in particular LDCs, in integrating trade and development concerns into their national development plans and		Trade Mainstreaming Report	Studies on trade policy development under the emerging multilateral trading system in developing countries, in particular in Africa and LDCs (2)	Studies on trade policy development under the emerging multilateral trading system in developing countries, in particular in Africa and LDCs
poverty reduction strategies and		Technical cooperation		
		<ul> <li>The Interim EIF Board has recently decided that the cut-off date for new activities under the old Integrated Framework is 31 May 2008.         Activities in the pipeline will continue under old Integrated Framework rules until completion</li> <li>Mainstreaming trade and development into national development plans and poverty reduction strategies: activities under way in Rwanda, Sierra Leone and the Lao People's Democratic Republic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assistance to developing countries to help them integrate trade and development concerns into their national development plans and poverty reduction strategies</li> <li>Training activities to build the capacity of developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, in mainstreaming trade into national development plans and poverty reduction strategies</li> <li>Activities under the EIF to be</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assistance to developing countries to help them integrate trade and development concerns into their national development plans and poverty reduction strategies</li> <li>Training activities to build the capacity of developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, in mainstreaming trade into national development plans and poverty reduction strategies</li> <li>Specific advisory services may be</li> </ul>

Paragraph of the Accra Accord,

and/or other mandate

UNCTAD should: (e) Continue to provide and

countries with economies in

process

strengthen technical support to and cooperation with developing countries, according to their level of development, particularly LDCs and

transition, prior to, during and in the follow-up to their WTO accession

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Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
	<ul> <li>implemented in 2008–2009 will be undertaken on the basis of country specific requests (demand-driven) based on priorities identified in the individual LDCs' diagnostic trade integration study action matrices (such country requests have so far been received from Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Madagascar, Vanuatu, Comoros, Maldives, Democratic Republic of the Congo and Bhutan)</li> <li>Specific advisory services may be undertaken to assist LDCs in mainstreaming trade and development into national development plans and poverty reduction strategies</li> <li>Develop and implement project to assist African countries in building and strengthening human, institutional and policy capacities to participate beneficially in the multilateral trading system</li> </ul>	undertaken to assist LDCs in mainstreaming trade and development into national development plans and poverty reduction strategies  • Support to Integrated Framework national focal points in trade policymaking, e.g. trade liberalization and export performance  • Develop and implement project to assist African countries in building and strengthening human, institutional and policy capacities to participate beneficially in the multilateral trading system
Publications and other substantive outputs		
	<ul> <li>Training modules on topics in international trade negotiations (1)</li> <li>Updates of relevant UNCTAD website pages on programmes and activities within the subprogramme (2)</li> </ul>	Selected issues in international trade negotiations and ensuring development gains     Updates of relevant UNCTAD website pages on programmes and activities within the subprogramme     Commercial diplomacy and dispute
Pub	lications and other substantive outputs	<ul> <li>Training modules on topics in international trade negotiations (1)</li> <li>Updates of relevant UNCTAD website pages on programmes and activities within the subprogramme</li> </ul>

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)	
			settlement CD-ROM	settlement CD-ROM	
		Technical cooperation	L	<u> </u>	
		Accession to the World Trade     Organization (before, during and after accession)	Accession to the World Trade     Organization (before, during and after accession)	Accession to the World Trade     Organization (before, during and after accession)	
		National workshops, seminars and training on accession to the World Trade Organization	National workshops, seminars and training on accession to the World Trade Organization	National workshops, seminars and training on accession to the World Trade Organization	
			Country and inter-country projects to assist developing countries and countries with economies in transition in their accession to the World Trade Organization	Country and inter-country projects to assist developing countries and countries with economies in transition in their accession to the World Trade Organization	
90. UNCTAD should: (f) Promote coherence and	DITC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and reports			
consistency of regional trade agreements with the multilateral trading system		sistency of regional trade eements with the multilateral			Promoting coherence and consistency of regional trade agreements with the multilateral trading system
(g) Support and strengthen regional		Publications and other substantive outputs			
cooperation mechanisms			Selected issues in international trade negotiations and ensuring development gains (1)	Selected issues in international trade negotiations and ensuring development gains	
			Training modules on topics in international trade negotiations (1)	Training modules on topics in international trade negotiations	
		Technical cooperation		1	
		Assistance to African, Asian, Latin American, Caribbean and Pacific countries and their regional organizations, as well as countries	Assistance to African, Asian, Latin American, Caribbean and Pacific countries and their regional organizations, as well as countries	Assistance to African, Asian, Latin American, Caribbean and Pacific countries and their regional organizations, as well as countries	

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		with economies in transition, and on post-Doha negotiations, regional trade negotiations and trade preferences	with economies in transition, and on post-Doha negotiations, regional trade negotiations and trade preferences	with economies in transition, and on post-Doha negotiations, regional trade negotiations and trade preferences
			Training events for trade negotiators of developing countries and countries with economies in transition in the context of commercial diplomacy	Training events for trade negotiators of developing countries and countries with economies in transition in the context of commercial diplomacy
			Country and inter-country projects for providing technical support to developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, in regard to regional and multilateral trade negotiations, and support in connection with their participation in the post-Doha negotiations	<ul> <li>Country and inter-country projects for providing technical support to developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, in regard to regional and multilateral trade negotiations, and support in connection with their participation in the post-Doha negotiations</li> </ul>
90. UNCTAD should: (h) Examine ways of improving the	DITC ALDC	Some of these activities will also be impler	mented in the context of subparagraph 90 (d)	of the Accra Accord
utilization of trade preferences and of making preference schemes more		Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d report	
predictable, and continue its work on the issue of erosion of preferences			Ad hoc expert group meeting on DFQF and rules of origin	Utilizing trade preferences under unilateral and reciprocal trade preferences: an assessment
		Publications and other substantive outputs		
		Lessons learned from drafting rules of origin under EPAs and DFQF and the way forward	• Generalized System of Preferences handbooks and market access studies (5)	Generalized System of Preferences handbooks and market access studies
		Handbook on Duty-Free Quota- Free and Rules of Origin.	Generalized System of Preferences newsletters (2)	Generalized System of Preferences newsletters
		Adaptation and elaboration of a software for understanding and	Updates of relevant UNCTAD website pages on programmes and	Updates of relevant UNCTAD     website pages on programmes and     activities within the subprogramme

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned) 2010–2011 (planned)
		complying with rules of origin with the Inter-American Development Bank (IADB) and the Regional Trade facilitation Project (RTFP)	<ul> <li>activities within the subprogramme         <ul> <li>(2)</li> <li>Commercial diplomacy and dispute settlement CD-ROM</li> <li>A series of small publication on: developing productive capacities and trade liberalization: the way forward in market access and other trade related issues from services to competition</li> <li>Developing countries trade preferences for LDCs under DFQF: an early assessment</li> <li>Preference erosion and Aid for Trade: selected case studies based on results of questionnaire survey</li> <li>Utilizing trade preferences in African regional economic communities</li> </ul> </li> <li>Commercial diplomacy and dispute settlement CD-ROM</li> <li>A series of small publications on developing productive capacities and trade liberalization: the way forward in market access and other trade related issues from services to competition (continued)</li> <li>Updating of handbooks on DFQF</li> <li>Linking preference erosion and Aid for Trade: some concrete cases</li> <li>Utilizing trade preferences in African regional economic communities</li> </ul>
		Technical cooperation	
		Continuous assistance and supply of information on the Generalized System of Preferences to Genevabased missions and to capitals	<ul> <li>Continuous assistance and supply of information on the Generalized System of Preferences to Genevabased missions and to capitals</li> <li>Continuous assistance and supply of information on the Generalized System of Preferences to Genevabased missions and to capitals</li> </ul>
		National and regional seminars on the Generalized System of Preferences and on other preferential trading arrangements	<ul> <li>National and regional seminars on the Generalized System of Preferences and on other preferential trading arrangements</li> <li>National and regional seminars on the Generalized System of Preferences and on other preferential trading arrangements</li> </ul>
			Inter-country projects to assist developing countries in the utilization     Inter-country projects to assist developing countries in the utilization

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			of Generalized System of Preferences schemes and other preferential trade arrangements	of Generalized System of Preferences schemes and other preferential trade arrangements
			<ul> <li>Carry out workshops at national level to assist LDCs to utilize trade preferences including DFQF and comply with rules of origin, training and updating on the use of the software on compliance with origin requirement</li> <li>Upon request from regional economic communities, carry out specific advisory services to support in negotiation or in implementing full EPAs on market access and other trade-related issues. Assist regional economic communities in the implementation of their trade commitments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Workshops at national level to assist LDCs to utilize trade preferences and comply with rules of origin, training and updating on the use of the software on compliance with origin requirement</li> <li>Upon request from regional economic communities, carry out specific advisory services to support in negotiation or in implementing full EPAs on market access and other trade-related issues. Assist regional economic communities in the implementation of their trade commitments</li> </ul>
90. UNCTAD should: (j) Assist structurally weak,	DITC ALDC	Publications and other substantive outputs		
vulnerable and small economies in their efforts to integrate into the multilateral trading system and to address their exposure to internal and external economic shocks.	ALDC		Study on trade policy development with a view to integrating structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies into the multilateral trading system (1)	Study on trade policy development with a view to integrating structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies into the multilateral trading system
		Technical cooperation	,	
			Assistance to structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies to help them integrate trade and development concerns into their national development plans, poverty reduction strategies and UNDAFs*	Assistance to structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies to help them integrate trade and development concerns into their national development plans, poverty reduction strategies and UNDAFs*

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			<ul> <li>Training activities to build the capacity of structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies to be effective players in the multilateral trading system and to derive full benefit from trade liberalization*</li> <li>Assistance in regard to multilateral and regional trade negotiations capacity-building, in particular in structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Training activities to build the capacity of structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies to be effective players in the multilateral trading system and to derive full benefit from trade liberalization*</li> <li>Assistance in regard to multilateral and regional trade negotiations capacity-building, in particular in structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies*</li> </ul>
91. UNCTAD should continue to	DITC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d reports	,
play a key role, with appropriate coordination with other international and regional actors, including with relevant international commodity		Contribution to the report of the Secretary-General on commodity trends and prospects	Meetings of the Second Committee, as required	Meetings of the Second Committee, as required
bodies, to address the trade and development problems associated with the commodity economy, giving due attention to all commodity		UNCTAD XII round table on the changing face of commodities in the twenty-first century and background	United Nations negotiating conferences on individual commodities (subject to requests from international commodity	Contribution to the report of the Secretary-General on commodity trends and prospects (2010)
sectors such as agriculture, forestry, fisheries, metals and minerals and oil and gas. In this context, it should monitor developments and challenges		<ul> <li>note (TD/L.404)</li> <li>Annual session of the Commission on Trade in Goods and Services</li> </ul>	<ul><li>bodies)</li><li>Annual sessions of the TDB</li></ul>	United Nations negotiating conferences on individual commodities (subject to requests from international commodity bodies)
in commodity markets and address links between international commodity trade and national			Reports on issues to be decided by the TDB, as required	Annual sessions of the TDB
development, particularly with regard to poverty reduction.			Annual session of the Commission	Reports on issues to be decided by the TDB, as required
92. UNCTAD should enhance its efforts, under the three pillars of its			Report on topics to be decided by the Commission	Annual sessions of the Commission
work, to help commodity-dependent developing countries to harness development gains from the current			Multi-year expert meeting on commodities and development	Report on topics to be decided by the Commission

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
boom in commodity prices, as well as to deal with trade and development problems related to commodity dependence.  93. In this context, it should: (a) Assist commodity-dependent developing countries, particularly small commodity producers, in their efforts to: develop national			Background documentation as required      Ad hoc expert group meeting on commodities and development, as required	<ul> <li>Multi-year expert meetings on commodities and development</li> <li>Background documentation as required</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on commodities and development, as required</li> </ul>
commodity strategies, including		Publications and other substantive outputs		
mainstream commodity policies into their national and regional development strategies build supply-side capacity and attain competitiveness move up value chains and diversify commodity sectors comply with public and private international trade standards access commodity information and databases take advantage of export opportunities for commodities in emerging markets assist developing countries, upon request, in building human and institutional capacities assist developing countries, on request, to promote and improve transparency and accountability in the public, private and corporate sectors in order to enable the countries concerned to maximize the benefits that accrue to them from the extractive industries, taking into account, where appropriate, the implementation of relevant initiatives on extractive industries establish effective marketing systems and		<ul> <li>Series C: Commodity development and trade: analytical studies</li> <li>Contributions to World Economic Situation and Prospects, and World Economic and Social Survey</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Handbook of World Mineral trade Statistics (2)</li> <li>Series C: Commodity development and trade: analytical studies (8)</li> <li>World Commodity Survey (1)</li> <li>InfoComm and Infoshare (updating during biennium) (2)</li> <li>Sustainability Claims Portal (creation, launching and updating website during biennium)</li> <li>The Iron Ore Market</li> <li>Iron Ore Statistics</li> <li>Sustainability Claims Portal CD-ROM</li> <li>Contributions to World Economic Situation and Prospects, and World Economic and Social Survey</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Handbook of World Mineral Trade Statistics</li> <li>Series C: Commodity development and trade: analytical studies</li> <li>World Commodity Survey</li> <li>Studies on selected issues that assists commodity-dependent developing countries, particularly small commodity producers, to develop sustainable strategies and policies; build supply-side capacity add value and diversify products and markets; comply with food-safety and quality standards; access marketing information systems and commodity finance; establish effective, market-based marketing instruments and institutional frameworks, including commodity exchanges; improve transparency and accountability in the extractive industries, upon request; harness the development gains from</li> </ul>

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
commodity producers, including economically viable safety net programmes and develop commodity financing and risk management schemes (including commodity exchanges). In carrying out this work, UNCTAD should avoid duplication				prices; and respond to trade and development challenges and opportunities of commodity markets  • InfoComm and Infoshare (updating during biennium)
and therefore work in coordination with other relevant actors already active in this area (b) Promote intergovernmental				Sustainability Claims Portal (creation, launching and updating website during biennium)
cooperation in the field of commodities and consensus-building on ways of integrating commodity policies into national, regional and international development and				<ul> <li>The Iron Ore Market</li> <li>Iron Ore Statistics</li> </ul>
poverty reduction strategies trade- related policies and instruments for resolving commodity problems and investment and financial policies for				<ul> <li>Sustainability Claims Portal CD-ROM</li> <li>Contributions to World Economic Situation and Prospects, and World</li> </ul>
accessing financial resources for commodity-based development, including with respect to ODA, Aid for Trade and other possibilities		Technical cooperation		Economic and Social Survey
(c) Contribute to building effective multi-stakeholder partnerships with a view to identifying innovative approaches to resolving commodity-related problems.		Advisory services to assist commodity-dependent developing countries, upon request, particularly small commodity producers, in their efforts to:     Move up value chains and diversify commodity sectors     Comply with public and private trade standards at all levels     Access marketing information systems and databases     Promote and improve transparency and accountability in the extractive industries	Advisory services to assist commodity-dependent developing countries, upon request, particularly small commodity producers, in their efforts to:     Develop national commodity strategies and policies, including mainstream commodity policies into their national and regional development strategies     Build supply-side capacity and attain competitiveness     Move up value chains and diversify commodity sectors	Advisory Services to assist commodity-dependent developing countries, upon request, particularly small commodity producers, in their efforts to:     Develop national commodity strategies and policies, including mainstream commodity policies into their national and regional development strategies     Build supply-side capacity and attain competitiveness     Move up value chains and diversify commodity sectors

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		<ul> <li>Establish effective marketing systems and support frameworks for small commodity producers, including economically viable safety net programmes and</li> <li>Develop commodity financing and risk management schemes (including commodity exchanges)</li> <li>Address global food crisis.</li> </ul>	comply with public and private trade standards at all levels  Access marketing information systems and databases  Take advantage of export opportunities for commodities in emerging markets build human and institutional capacities, where appropriate  Promote and improve transparency and accountability in the extractive industries establish effective marketing systems and support frameworks for small commodity producers, including economically viable safety net programmes  Develop commodity financing and risk management schemes (including commodity exchanges) and  Address global food crisis	<ul> <li>Comply with public and private trade standards at all levels</li> <li>Access marketing information systems and databases</li> <li>Take advantage of export opportunities for commodities in emerging markets</li> <li>Build human and institutional capacities, where appropriate</li> <li>Promote and improve transparency and accountability in the extractive industries</li> <li>Establish effective marketing systems and support frameworks for small commodity producers, including economically viable safety net programmes</li> <li>Develop commodity financing and risk management schemes (including commodity exchanges) and</li> <li>Address global food crisis</li> </ul>
			National and regional workshops for capacity-building in commodity-dependent developing countries	National and regional workshops to help commodity-dependent developing countries formulate strategies and policies and harness the
			<ul> <li>Annual Africa Oil and Gas and Finance Conference</li> <li>Regular training courses organized pursuant to paragraph 166 of the Bangkok Plan of Action</li> </ul>	development gains from the current boom in commodity prices, as well as respond to trade and development challenges and opportunities of commodity markets
			Country and inter-country projects to assist commodity-dependent countries to establish institutional frameworks for diversification, value	<ul> <li>Annual Africa Oil and Gas and Finance Conference</li> <li>Regular training courses organized pursuant to paragraph 166 of the</li> </ul>

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)	
strengthening of their domestic		Publications and other substantive outputs			
strengthening of their domestic services capacity and its efficiency and competitiveness  (c) Providing support in national services assessment and policy reviews  (d) Examining issues relating to the liberalization of trade in services and its development impact, including at the regional level  (e) Giving attention to multilateral rule-making in services, taking into account the interests and concerns of developing countries  (f) Fostering recognition of qualifications and standards  (g) Providing support to multilateral and regional negotiations on services and  (h) Strengthening services data and statistics.			<ul> <li>Services and development impact assessment/policy review (2)</li> <li>Services, development and trade: the regulatory and institutional dimension (under series A) (1)</li> <li>Training modules on topics in international trade negotiations (1)</li> <li>Updates of relevant UNCTAD website pages on programmes and activities within the subprogramme (2)</li> <li>Commercial diplomacy and dispute settlement CD-ROM</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Services, development and trade (under Series A: Systemic issues and market access in international trade: ensuring development gains from the international trading system and trade negotiations)</li> <li>Services and development impact assessment</li> <li>Services, development and trade: the regulatory and institutional dimension</li> <li>Training modules on topics in international trade negotiations</li> <li>Updates of relevant UNCTAD website pages on programmes and activities within the subprogramme</li> <li>Commercial diplomacy and dispute settlement CD-ROM</li> </ul>	
	ļ 	Technical cooperation			
		<ul> <li>Advisory services for developing countries and countries with economies in transition on ensuring development gains from international trade and trade negotiations</li> <li>Participation in the preparation and conduct of regular training courses organized pursuant to paragraph 166 of the Bangkok Plan of Action</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Advisory services for developing countries and countries with economies in transition on ensuring development gains from international trade and trade negotiations</li> <li>Participation in the preparation and conduct of regular training courses organized pursuant to paragraph 166 of the Bangkok Plan of Action</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Advisory services for developing countries and countries with economies in transition on ensuring development gains from international trade and trade negotiations</li> <li>Participation in the preparation and conduct of regular training courses organized pursuant to paragraph 166 of the Bangkok Plan of Action</li> </ul>	

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		Seminars to enhance the understanding of developing countries, from a developmental perspective, of issues in ongoing and future multilateral trade negotiations	Seminars to enhance the understanding of developing countries, from a developmental perspective, of issues in ongoing and future multilateral and regional trade negotiations	Seminars to enhance the understanding of developing countries, from a developmental perspective, of issues in ongoing and future multilateral and regional trade negotiations
		Training activities to build the capacity of developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, and countries with economies in transition, to be effective players in the multilateral trading system and to derive full benefit from trade liberalization	Training activities to build the capacity of developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, and countries with economies in transition, to be effective players in the multilateral trading system and to derive full benefit from trade liberalization	Training activities to build the capacity of developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, and countries with economies in transition, to be effective players in the multilateral trading system and to derive full benefit from trade liberalization
		Training events for trade negotiators of developing countries and countries with economies in transition in the context of commercial diplomacy	Training events for trade negotiators of developing countries and countries with economies in transition in the context of commercial diplomacy	Training events for trade negotiators of developing countries and countries with economies in transition in the context of commercial diplomacy
			Country (3) and inter-country (3) projects aimed at capacity-building for policymaking in relation to services and at strengthening the relationship between national policymaking and both regional and international services trade in developing countries, in particular in Africa and LDCs	Country and inter-country projects aimed at capacity-building for policymaking in relation to services and at strengthening the relationship between national policymaking and both regional and international services trade in developing countries, in particular in Africa and LDCs
95. Without prejudice to the work undertaken in other forums and in	DITC (see also	The activities listed below also address par-	agraph 170	
cooperation with other organizations, UNCTAD, within its mandate and in	para. 170)	Publications and other substantive outputs		

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
relation to the contribution of migrants to development, should conduct research and analysis on the potential benefits and opportunities of trade, investment and developmental links between countries of origin of migrants and their communities abroad.		Assuring development gains and poverty reduction from trade: the labour mobility and skills trade dimension (UNCTAD/DITC/TNCD/2007/8)	<ul> <li>Series A: Systemic issues and market access in international trade: analysis on the potential benefits and opportunities of trade, investment and developmental links between countries of origin of migrants and their communities abroad (2)</li> <li>Participation in the Global Migration Group and Global Forum on Migration and Development, as required</li> </ul>	Series A: Systemic issues and market access in international trade: analysis on the potential benefits and opportunities of trade, investment and developmental links between countries of origin of migrants and their communities abroad      Participation in the Global Migration Group and Global Forum on Migration and Development, as required
96. UNCTAD should also:	DITC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and reports		
(a) Help strengthen the participation of developing countries in dynamic and new sectors of world trade <sup>3</sup>				Ad hoc expert group meeting on strengthening participation of developing countries in dynamic and new sectors of world trade
		Publications and other substantive outputs	I	
		Creative Economy Report (UNCTAD/DITC/2008/2) (1)		
		Technical cooperation		1
		Inter-country project on new and dynamic sectors	Inter-country projects on new and dynamic sectors	Inter-country projects on new and dynamic sectors
96. UNCTAD should also:	DITC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and reports		
(b) Address the trade and development impact of non-tariff barriers		Ad hoc expert group meeting of the Group of Eminent Persons on Non- Tariff Barriers and the inter-agency		Ad hoc expert group meetings of the Group of Eminent Persons on Non- Tariff Barriers and the inter-agency

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Note: Activities and outputs under this paragraph also include the "creative economy"...

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		task force (1)		task force, as required
		Publications and other substantive outputs		
			Non-tariff measures/non-tariff barriers database	Non-tariff measures/non-tariff barriers database
		Technical cooperation		
		Inter-country project on non-tariff measures/non-tariff barriers data collection	Inter-country project on non-tariff measures/non-tariff barriers data collection	Inter-country project on non-tariff measures/non-tariff barriers data collection
96. UNCTAD should also:	DITC	Publications and other substantive outputs		
(c) Further improve and disseminate its analytical tools, such as the Trade and Development Index, and databases and software, such as			Developing countries in international trade, including Trade and Development Index (1)	Developing countries in international trade, including Trade and Development Index
TRAINS/WITS			Agricultural Trade Policy Simulation Model (upgrading during the biennium) (2)	Agricultural Trade Policy Simulation Model (upgrading during the biennium)
			• Trade Analysis Information System (TRAINS) database (updating during biennium) (2)	Trade Analysis Information System (TRAINS) database (updating during biennium)
			World Integrated Trade Solution (updating during biennium) (2)	World Integrated Trade Solution (updating during biennium)
			Agricultural Trade Policy Simulation Model CD-ROM.	Contribution to joint UNCTAD/WTO/ITC publication "World Tariff Profiles"
			Contribution to Joint UNCTAD/WTO/ITC publication "World Tariff Profiles" (2)	
		Technical cooperation		

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)		
			Advisory services on strengthening analytical capacity in trade and development issues     In-service training for staff from selected regional and subregional groupings for interactive collaboration on TRAINS     Seminars on using the TRAINS database	<ul> <li>Advisory services on strengthening analytical capacity in trade and development issues</li> <li>In-service training for staff from selected regional and subregional groupings for interactive collaboration on TRAINS</li> <li>Seminars on using the TRAINS database</li> </ul>		
96. UNCTAD should also:	DITC	This paragraph will be implemented through activities listed under paragraph 89				
(d) Strengthen its work on the linkages between trade and		Intergovernmental and expert meetings and reports				
internationally agreed development goals and objectives, including the Millennium Development Goals, including poverty reduction and gender equality.			Single-year expert meeting on mainstreaming gender in trade policy			
		Publications and other substantive outputs				
		Moving towards gender sensitization of trade policy (UNCTAD/DITC/TNCDB/2008/2)				
97. UNCTAD should promote and support economic cooperation among developing countries, including through the exchange of experiences through the exchange of experiences		The activities listed below also address par	ragraph 43			
		Intergovernmental and expert meetings and reports				
and institution-building. It should upgrade its data and analytical tools on South–South trade and strengthen related technical assistance programmes. It should also continue its support for the revitalization and		UNCTAD XII round table on emergence of a new South and South–South trade as a vehicle for regional and interregional integration for development, and background	Multi-year expert meetings on international cooperation: South— South cooperation and regional integration (2)	<ul> <li>Multi-year expert meetings on international cooperation: South– South cooperation and regional integration</li> </ul>		

Paragraph of the Accra Accord,	Division	Implemented/already under way in	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
and/or other mandate		2008		
greater utilization of the Global System of Trade Preferences among Developing Countries and other initiatives that stimulate South–South		note (TD/L.408)	Ad hoc expert group meeting on South–South regional and interregional trade (1)	Ad hoc expert group meeting on South–South regional and interregional trade
trade.		Publications and other substantive outputs		
			<ul> <li>New geography of international economic relations, with special reference to South–South cooperation (1)</li> <li>Selected issues in international trade negotiations and ensuring development gains (1)</li> <li>South–South Trade Information System (updating during biennium) (2)</li> <li>Training modules on topics in international trade negotiations (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>New geography of international economic relations, with special reference to South–South cooperation</li> <li>Selected issues in international trade negotiations and ensuring development gains</li> <li>South–South Trade Information System (updating during biennium)</li> <li>Training modules on topics in international trade negotiations</li> </ul>
		Technical cooperation		
			<ul> <li>Advisory services on assistance to African, Asian, Latin American, Caribbean and Pacific countries and their regional organizations, as well as countries with economies in transition, and on post-Doha negotiations, regional trade negotiations and trade preferences</li> <li>Assistance in regard to multilateral and regional trade negotiations capacity-building, in particular in Africa and LDCs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Advisory services on assistance to African, Asian, Latin American, Caribbean and Pacific countries and their regional organizations, as well as countries with economies in transition, and on post-Doha negotiations, regional trade negotiations and trade preferences</li> <li>Assistance in regard to multilateral and regional trade negotiations capacity-building, in particular in Africa and LDCs</li> </ul>

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)									
			Project on the Global System of Trade Preferences among Developing Countries	Project on the Global System of Trade Preferences among Developing Countries									
98. UNCTAD's work on energy-	DITC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d reports										
related issues should be addressed from the trade and development perspective, where relevant in the context of UNCTAD's work on			have been integrated as appropriate in the wo 9, 100 and 101), new and dynamic sectors (pa										
commodities, trade and environment,		Publications and other substantive outputs											
new and dynamic sectors, and services.			have been integrated as appropriate in the wo 9, 100 and 101), new and dynamic sectors (pa										
		Technical cooperation											
			have been integrated as appropriate in the wo 9, 100 and 101), new and dynamic sectors (pa										
99. UNCTAD should continue its	DITC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and reports											
work under the Biofuels Initiative, striving to maximize trade and development gains for developing countries and countries with		UNCTAD XII side event on the opportunities and risks for small producers in developing countries as a lever for sustainable development	<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the TDB</li> <li>Annual session of the Trade and Development Commission</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the TDB</li> <li>Annual session of the Trade and Development Commission</li> </ul>									
economies in transition while minimizing the potentially adverse environmental and social aspects of the biofuel option.		Annual session of the Commission	Background documentation on developing countries in international trade, as required	Background documentation on developing countries in international trade, as required									
												Report on topics to be decided by the Commission	Report on topics to be decided by the Commission
				Ad hoc expert group meeting on trade and investment opportunities deriving from multilateral environmental	Ad hoc expert group meeting on market access for sustainable biofuels								
			agreements related to biodiversity and climate change (1)	Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change:									

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			Conference of the Parties to the     United Nations Framework     Convention on Climate Change:     report on UNCTAD's activities on     the interface between trade and     climate change, Kyoto Protocol rules,     as well as on the Clean Development     Mechanism and foreign direct     investment	report on UNCTAD's activities on the interface between trade and climate change, Kyoto Protocol rules, as well as on the Clean Development Mechanism and foreign direct investment
		Publications and other substantive outputs		
		<ul> <li>Publication on certification schemes for biofuels for sustainable development (under Trade and Environment Issues notes) (1)</li> <li>Analysis of policy variables with trade and development implications on the biofuels market (under Trade and Environment Issues notes) (1)</li> </ul>	Series D: Analytical studies on trade, environment and development (economic analysis of cross-cutting issues related to the biofuels option)     (1)	<ul> <li>Series D: Analytical studies on trade, environment and development (economic analysis of cross-cutting issues related to the biofuels option)</li> <li>Trade and Environment Issues Note</li> </ul>
		Technical cooperation		
			Assistance in identifying and responding to capacity building needs of developing countries in assessing the feasibility of integrating biofuels into their national energy strategy	Assistance in identifying and responding to capacity building needs of developing countries in assessing the feasibility of integrating biofuels into their national energy strategy
			Training courses, seminars and workshops on trade, environment and development, including on trade opportunities in environmentally preferable products, traditional knowledge, environmental and developmental implications of biotechnologies, environmentally	Training courses, seminars and workshops on trade, environment and development, including on trade opportunities in environmentally preferable products, traditional knowledge, environmental and developmental implications of biotechnologies, environmentally

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			sound technologies and instruments to help achieve the objectives of multilateral environmental agreements, such as the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and its Kyoto Protocol	sound technologies and instruments to help achieve the objectives of multilateral environmental agreements, such as the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and its Kyoto Protocol
100. UNCTAD, within its mandate	DITC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d reports	
and without duplicating the ongoing work of other organizations, should consider climate change in its ongoing work of assisting developing countries with trade- and investment-related issues in development strategies.			Single year expert meeting on trade and climate change: trade and investment opportunities and challenges under the Clean Development Mechanism (1)      United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change: report on UNCTAD's work on trade, climate change and investment.	United Nations Framework     Convention on Climate Change:     report on UNCTAD's work on trade,     climate change and investment
		Publications and other substantive outputs		
			<ul> <li>Contributions to the Chief Executives Board and its subsidiary bodies, as required, including on climate change</li> <li>Contribution to the United Nations- wide system response to the challenge of climate change in the context of sustainable development.</li> </ul>	Series D: Analytical studies on trade, environment and development     Economic analysis on trade, development and climate change interface     Analysis on trade competitiveness issues arising from post-Kyoto regime     Economic analysis of crosscutting issues related to the trade and development aspects of climate change.
				Publication/training material on the rules of the clean development

2010–2011 (planned)

Contribution to the Chief Executives Board and its subsidiary bodies, as required, including on climate change

Contribution to the United Nationswide system response to the challenge of climate change in the

• Annual sessions of the Trade and

Ad hoc expert group meeting on

the multilateral, regional and

• Joint WTO-UNCTAD information

seminar on participation and

bilateral levels

WTO-related activities:

interfacing trade and environment at

**Development Commission** 

mechanism

• Twelfth session of the Conference.

required: Making sustainability

standards work for small-scale

(Arusha, April 2008)

WTO-related activities:

including preparatory meetings, as

farmers: an UNCTAD XII pre-event

• Playing an active observer role in the

sessions of the WTO TBT and SPS

committees, related to environment-

Implemented/already under way in

2008-2009 (planned)

Annual sessions of the Trade and

Ad hoc expert group meeting on

the multilateral, regional and

• Joint WTO-UNCTAD information

seminar on private standards and

bilateral levels

WTO-related activities:

interfacing trade and environment at

**Development Commission** 

Paragraph of the Accra Accord.

and/or other mandate

provide support to developing

the interface between trade and

economies in transition on issues at

environment, such as market access,

environmentally sound technology,

environmental goods and services,

and standards, including issues

concerning eco-labelling and

environmentally preferable products,

certification costs, and follow up on

countries and countries with

agriculture, the transfer of

Division

2008

Paragraph of the Accra Accord,	Division	Implemented/already under way in	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate  trade-related issues contained in the Johannesburg Plan of Implementation. It should strengthen work on the UNEP-UNCTAD Capacity-Building Task Force on Trade, Environment and Development.	Division	<ul> <li>Implemented/already under way in 2008</li> <li>related non-tariff barriers, standards and requirements</li> <li>Active observer role in the sessions of the WTO Committee on Trade and Environment, notably on the issue of environmental requirements and market access</li> <li>Direct substantive support to the WTO negotiations and discussions conducted under the mandate provided for in paragraph 31 (iii) of the Doha Ministerial Declaration: liberalization of trade in environmental goods and services</li> </ul>	market access for developing countries  • Playing an active observer role in the sessions of the WTO TBT and SPS committees, related to environment-related NTBs, standards and requirements  • Active observer role in the sessions of the WTO Committee on Trade and Environment, notably on the issue of environmental requirements and market access  • Direct substantive support to the WTO negotiations and discussions conducted under the mandate provided for in paragraph 31 (iii) of the Doha Ministerial Declaration:	transparency in setting of private agro-food standards  • Playing an active observer role in the sessions of the WTO TBT and SPS committees, related to environment-related non-tariff barriers, standards and requirements  • Active observer role in the sessions of the WTO Committee on Trade and Environment, notably on the issue of environmental requirements and market access  • Direct substantive support to the WTO negotiations and discussions conducted under the mandate provided for in paragraph 31 (iii) of the Doha Ministerial Declaration:
		<ul> <li>liberalization of trade in environmental goods and services</li> <li>National seminar/dialogue in conjunction with the WTO regional seminar for Latin America (September 2008)</li> <li>UNCTAD-FAO-IFOAM International Task Force on</li> </ul>	liberalization of trade in environmental goods and services	
		<ul> <li>Publications and other substantive outputs</li> <li>Trade, Environment and Development Review 2008 (Energy</li> </ul>	Harmonization and Equivalence in Organic Agriculture (eighth meeting) Geneva, fall 2008)	Trade, Environment and Development Review

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		Efficiency and Environmentally Preferable Products – Turning Challenges into Opportunities for Developing Countries) (1)  • Series D: Analytical studies on trade, environment and development (6)	(Sustainability Standards and Their Opportunities for Agricultural Producers and Exporters in Developing Countries) (1)  • Series D: Analytical studies on trade, environment and development (4)	Series D: Analytical studies on trade, environment and development (covering various topical trade, environment and development issues, including those arising from technical cooperation activities)
		<ul> <li>Private-sector standards and national schemes for good agricultural practices: implications for exports of fresh fruit and vegetables from sub- Saharan Africa – experiences of</li> </ul>	Transparency in setting private agri- food standards and issues related to their harmonization and equivalence     (1)	<ul> <li>Trade and environment issues note</li> <li>Trade and environment workshop report</li> </ul>
		Ghana, Kenya and Uganda (UNCTAD/DITC/TED/2007/13)  • Challenges and opportunities arising	Developmental and market access impact of private agri-food standards for developing countries: key findings of country case studies (1)	TrainForTrade/Capacity-building Task Force training modules on trade and environment
		from private standards on food safety and environment for exporters of fresh fruit and vegetables in Asia: experiences of Malaysia, Thailand and Viet Nam (UNCTAD/DITC/TED/2007/6)	Studies in the context of the Sustainable Commodity Initiative on the impact assessment of sustainability standards and implications for small-scale producers in developing countries (2)	<ul> <li>Capacity-building Task Force on Trade, Environment and Development Newsletter</li> <li>Trade and Environment Information Bulletin</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Certified organic export production: implications for economic welfare and gender equality among smallholder farmers in tropical Africa. (UNCTAD/DITC/TED/2007/7)</li> </ul>	Policy analysis on energy-efficiency issues and renewable energy in the context of the negotiations in the WTO Committee on Trade and Environment Special Session (2)	
		<ul> <li>Best practices for organic policy: what developing country Governments can do to promote the organic agriculture sector (UNCTAD/DITC/TED/2007/3)</li> <li>Harmonization and Equivalence in</li> </ul>	Harmonization and Equivalence in Organic Agriculture: Volume 5, Background Papers of the International Task Force on Harmonization and Equivalence in Organic Agriculture (under Trade and Environment Workshop Report) (1)	

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		Organic Agriculture: Volume 4, Background Papers of the International Task Force on Harmonization and Equivalence in Organic Agriculture (UNCTAD/DITC/TED/2007/14)  Organic Agriculture and Food Security in East Africa. (UNCTAD/DITC/TED/2007/15)  International Requirements for Organic Certification Bodies (IROCB)(developed by the ITF)	<ul> <li>Trade and Environment workshop reports (2)</li> <li>TrainForTrade/Capacity-building Task Force training modules on trade and environment (2)</li> <li>Capacity-building Task Force on Trade, Environment and Development Newsletter (4)</li> <li>Trade and Environment Information Bulletin (8)</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Second Seminar under Public-Private         Sector Joint Initiatives on Issues         Related to Trade and Industry,         Malaysia, New and Emerging Issues         Affecting International Trade: WTO         Negotiations on Environmental         Goods and Services</li> <li>Consultative Task Force (CTF) on         Environmental Requirements and         Market Access for Developing         Countries: Country-case studies on         the developmental and market access         impact of private voluntary food         standards</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Advocacy, networking and assistance on pilot activities to implement the recommendations of the ITF.</li> <li>Activities on promoting production and trading opportunities for organic agricultural products: a tool for poverty reduction and environmental protection in East Africa, as outlined in memorandum of understanding between the Government of Austria and UNCTAD, signed in Accra. To be implemented under the framework of the UNEP-UNCTAD Capacity-Building Task Force on Trade, Environment and Development (CBTF)</li> <li>Voluntary sectoral initiatives on enhancing energy and material-efficiency in developing countries:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assist delegations at UNCTAD and WTO in dealing with energy-efficiency related issues arising at the interface of trade and environment.</li> <li>Activities carried out in the framework of the UNEP-UNCTAD CBTF</li> <li>Activities carried out in the framework of the UNCTAD-FAO-IFOAM International Task Force on Harmonization and Equivalence in Organic Agriculture</li> <li>Activities under the Sustainable Commodity Initiative, jointly implemented by UNCTAD, the International Institute for sustainable Development (IISD), AIDEnvironment, and the</li> </ul>

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			promoting re-use and recycling of non-ferrous metals in Asia – project to be jointly developed and implemented under the CBTF, in collaboration with the secretariat of the Basel Convention  • Developmental and trade opportunities arising from an enhanced use of integrated off-grid systems of various renewable energies in developing countries, implemented under the CBTF	International Institute for Environment and Development (IIED)
102. UNCTAD should continue to build on its experience to enhance its Biotrade Initiative, which gives support to the growing market for biodiversity products and services produced in a sustainable manner. The Biotrade Initiative should continue to support the creation of an enabling policy and environment to foster private sector engagement in the sustainable use and conservation of biodiversity, while acknowledging the social, cultural, legal and economic complexity of this issue.	DITC	<ul> <li>Intergovernmental and expert meetings and Annual session of the Commission on Trade in Goods and Services and Commodities (2008)</li> <li>UNCTAD XII meetings, including preparatory meetings, as required: side-event on biofuels</li> <li>Ninth Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity: side-events</li> <li>Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity: report on UNCTAD's activities on positive incentive measures (1) (2008) and sustainable use of biodiversity and access and benefit sharing (1) (2008).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Commission on Sustainable         Development: contributions to         reports on trade and sustainable         development issues prepared in         follow-up to the World Summit on         Sustainable Development</li> <li>Convention on Biological Diversity:         contribution on UNCTAD's         activities on trade and biodiversity         (2009).</li> <li>WTO related activities:         <ul> <li>Contributions to the WTO</li></ul></li></ul>	Commission on Sustainable Development: contributions to reports on trade and sustainable development issues prepared in follow-up to the World Summit on Sustainable Development  Convention on Biological Diversity: contribution on UNCTAD's activities on trade and biodiversity  WTO related activities: Contributions to the WTO Committee on Trade and Environment (CTE) and the Committee on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures, in particular in addressing trade barriers to biotrade

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		Publications and other substantive outputs		
		Methodological guidelines for value chains (under promotional material)     (1)	Series D: Analytical studies on trade, environment and development	Series D: Analytical studies on trade, environment and development:
		Guidelines for the development and implementation of management	Impact assessment study for African countries (1)	Case studies of country BioTrade experiences
		plans for wild-collected plant species (under promotional material) (1)	• Issue paper on the business case for sustainable use of biodiversity (1)	Policy papers related to trade formulation and negotiations
		Incentive measures for biodiversity conservation (decision VIII/26) (under promotional material) (1)	Concept notes on sustainable land management and geographical indications (under Trade and	Technical papers on issues related to trade regulation for BioTrade      Concept pages on relevant.
		Positive to nature: Erhaltung durch Nutzung, Projekte und Produkte, die      The lyng der Biedingsrifft	Environment Issues Note) (2)	Concept notes on relevant     BioTrade issues
		zur Erhaltung der Biodiversität beitragen (under promotional material) (1)	Case studies on private sector engagement (under UNCTAD/ITC Biotrade Facilitation Programme  Technical Nature) (2)	<ul> <li>Production of BioTrade Newsletter</li> <li>Production of substantive</li> </ul>
			<ul><li>Technical Notes) (2)</li><li>Technical papers on labelling, test</li></ul>	promotional material on BioTrade concepts
			data protection and safe use guidelines (under UNCTAD/ITC Biotrade Facilitation Programme Technical Notes) (1)	UNCTAD/ITC BioTrade Facilitation Programme: Technical Notes (4)
			Methodological guidelines for sustainable management plans (under Trade and Environment issues note)     (1)	
			Production of BioTrade Newsletter (2)	
			Access and Benefit-sharing (ABS) concept document and field testing	

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			notes (under UNCTAD/ITC Biotrade Facilitation Programme Technical Notes) (1)	
		Technical cooperation	l	l
		<ul> <li>Meeting with Bolivian Government officials and national stakeholders</li> <li>Assisting the Bolivian Government with structuring the new phase of the national BioTrade programme</li> <li>Assisting the Ugandan Government put in place strategy for natural ingredients</li> <li>Support BioNativa business association in developing management and work plans</li> <li>National stakeholders meeting at International BioTrade Fair Bolivia</li> <li>National stakeholder consultations in Viet Nam and Colombia</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assistance:         <ul> <li>To respond to the capacity-building needs of developing countries in regard to the sustainable use of biodiversity</li> </ul> </li> <li>To identify and respond to capacity building needs of developing countries in trade, environment and development, including market access, environmental goods and services, sustainable use of biodiversity</li> <li>Participation at the Tenth Meeting of the Conference of the Contracting Parties to the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands</li> <li>Participation at Exposustentat and other international BioTrade fairs</li> <li>Consultation meetings with European Union Governments on non-tariff barriers</li> <li>Consultation meetings with Geneva delegates on non-tariff barriers</li> <li>Assisting developing countries develop and/or consolidate national biotrade programmes.</li> </ul>	Assistance:  Participation in conferences of the parties to MEAs  Participation in international BioTrade fairs  Experts and consultation meetings with stakeholders  To identify and respond to capacity-building needs of developing countries in trade, environment and development, including market access, environmental goods and services, sustainable use of biodiversity  Support submission of developing country positions in relevant fora  MEAs informal network meeting  Regional policy dialogues in Africa, Asia and Latin America  BioTrade-related issues workshops  National/regional workshops on multi-stakeholder approaches to BioTrade

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			<ul> <li>Regional seminar (1) on trade and investment in biodiversity and climate change</li> <li>National, regional and international seminars and workshops on multistakeholder approaches to biotrade</li> <li>Regional seminars on trade and investment in biodiversity and climate change</li> <li>Development of impact assessment systems for African countries</li> <li>Capacity-building on Access and Benefit-sharing (ABS) field testing in Latin America and Africa</li> <li>Capacity-building on impact assessment testing in Latin America and Africa</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Regional seminar on trade and investment in biodiversity and climate change</li> <li>Seminars and workshops on trade, environment and development, including on trade opportunities in environmentally preferable products, traditional knowledge, environmental and developmental implications of biotechnologies, environmental sound technologies and instruments to help achieve the objectives of multilateral environmental agreements, such as the Convention on Biological Diversity.</li> <li>Assisting countries and regions put in places BioTrade programmes</li> <li>Develop innovative capacity-building activities for diverse audiences</li> </ul>
103. UNCTAD should further	DITC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d reports	
promote and support cooperation, including by facilitating voluntary consultations among member States and regional groupings, in line with section F of the Set of Multilaterally Agreed Equitable Principles and Rules for the Control of Restrictive Business Practices, adopted by the General Assembly in 1980 and reaffirmed in the São Paulo Consensus and at the Fifth Conference to Review All Aspects of		<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the         Intergovernmental Group of Experts on Competition Law and Policy (6)     </li> <li>Background documentation on the review of capacity-building and technical assistance on competition law and policy; reports on competition law and policy issues; voluntary peer review of competition policy, as required</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the         Intergovernmental Group of Experts on Competition Law and Policy (6).     </li> <li>Background documentation on the review of capacity-building and technical assistance on competition law and policy; Model Law on Competition; reports on competition law and policy issues; voluntary peer review of competition policy, as</li> </ul>	Annual sessions of the     Intergovernmental Group of Experts     on Competition Law and Policy     Background documentation on the     review of capacity-building and     technical assistance on competition     law and policy; Model Law on     Competition; reports on competition     law and policy issues; voluntary peer     review of competition policy, as

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
104. UNCTAD is the focal point on the work on competition policy and related consumer welfare within the United Nations system. It provides to its member States a forum for intergovernmental policy dialogue and consensus-building in the area of competition laws and policies. It should continue to carry out research and analysis in this area for, and/or in collaboration with, its member States and international networks on competition policy. UNCTAD should continue to be a forum to discuss competition issues on the multilateral level, with close linkages to existing networks of competition authorities, and to promote the use of competition law and policy as tools for achieving domestic and international competitiveness. UNCTAD's work in this area should promote competition law regimes that take into account the prevailing conditions in the developing countries. Accordingly, future action by UNCTAD in this area needs to focus on:  (a) The preparation and implementation of national and regional competition law and policies		Ad hoc expert group meeting on the role of competition law and policy in promoting growth and development  Publications and other substantive outputs	<ul> <li>Handbook on Competition         Legislation (1)</li> <li>Series B: Analytical studies on         competition law and policy (4)</li> <li>Technical papers on competition law         and policy (4)</li> <li>Directory of competition authorities         (2)</li> <li>Updates of relevant UNCTAD         website pages on programmes and         activities within the subprogramme         (2)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sixth United Nations Conference to Review All Aspects of the Set of Multilaterally Agreed Equitable Principles and Rules for the Control of Restrictive Business Practices</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on the role of competition law and policy in promoting domestic and international competitiveness of developing countries and countries with economies in transition</li> <li>Handbook on Competition Legislation</li> <li>Series B: Analytical studies on competition law and policy.</li> <li>Technical papers on competition law and policy</li> <li>Directory of competition authorities</li> <li>Updates of relevant UNCTAD website pages on programmes and activities within the subprogramme</li> </ul>
and measures appropriate to developing countries' development		Technical cooperation		
needs and their consumers' welfare		Advisory services on issues related to	Advisory services on issues related to	Advisory services on issues related to
(b)Research and deliberations regarding anti-competitive practices in different sectors, their effects on		the drafting and enforcement of competition law and policy, on	the drafting and enforcement of competition law and policy, on	the preparation and implementation of national and regional competition

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
consumer welfare and global markets and developing countries' markets in particular, and mechanisms to address such effects  (c) Examining all issues relating to the interface between competition, privatization and innovation and their impacts on trade and development, including at the regional level  (d) Providing support to regional and South–South cooperation on competition policies  (e) Supporting developing countries in the formulation and implementation of competition laws  (f) Voluntary peer reviews of competition policy in UNCTAD should be extended to a wider group of developing countries and their regional economic organizations and  (g) Facilitating the exchange of experiences and best practices in capacity-building in different regions, including programmes like the technical assistance programme on competition and consumer protection policies for Latin America (Compal), which should be strengthened.		consumer protection and on dealing with restrictive business practices at the national and international levels  • Seminars, workshops and simulation exercises aimed at assisting interested countries in developing their national regulatory and institutional framework in competition law and policy, and at enhancing their effective participation in discussions of the subject in international forums, including regional meetings  • Country and inter-country projects aimed at capacity-building in the area of competition and consumer welfare, in particular in the least developed countries	<ul> <li>consumer protection and on dealing with restrictive business practices at the national and international levels</li> <li>Seminars, workshops and simulation exercises aimed at assisting interested countries in developing their national regulatory and institutional framework in competition law and policy, and at enhancing their effective participation in discussions of the subject in international forums, including regional meetings</li> <li>Regular training courses organized pursuant to paragraph 166 of the Bangkok Plan of Action</li> <li>Country and inter-country projects aimed at capacity-building in the area of competition and consumer welfare, in particular in the least developed countries</li> <li>Establishment and/or strengthening of capacities in various institutions related to competition and consumer protection policy (Compal programme)</li> </ul>	law and policies and measures appropriate to developing countries' development needs and their consumers' welfare  • Seminars, workshops and simulation exercises aimed at supporting developing countries in the formulation of competition laws effective implementation of domestic and regional laws on completion, and enhancing their effective participation in discussions of the subject in international forums, including regional and South–South cooperation meetings  • Regular training courses organized pursuant to paragraph 166 of the Bangkok Plan of Action  • Country and inter-country projects aimed at capacity-building in the area of competition and consumer welfare, in particular in the least developed countries  • Establishment and/or strengthening of capacities in various institutions related to competition and consumer protection policy (Compal programme
105. Taking into account the World	DITC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	l reports	1
Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) Development Agenda and without prejudice to the work undertaken in other forums,			<ul><li>WTO related activities:</li><li>Substantive support to discussions in the WTO TRIPS Council, the WIPO</li></ul>	<ul><li>WTO related activities:</li><li>Substantive support to discussions in the WTO TRIPS Council, the WIPO</li></ul>

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)	
to provide focused support to developing countries, in building		(Bangkok, 24–25 January 2008).			
their capacity to meaningfully participate in, and benefit from, the		Publications and other substantive outputs			
international trading system and to address the opportunities and challenges that this system offers.		Contributions to the report of the United Nations University on regional integration (2008 on Aid for Trade)			
		Technical cooperation			
		Participation, as a member, in the work of the WTO Advisory Group on Aid for Trade, and other related activities	Participation, as a member, in the work of WTO Advisory Group on Aid for Trade and other related activities	Participation, as a member, in the work of the WTO Advisory Group on Aid for Trade and other related activities	
			Aid for Trade project (1)	Aid for Trade project	
107. UNCTAD should provide technical assistance to landlocked	DTL ALDC	This paragraph is also addressed by the activities listed under paragraph 167			
developing countries and transit developing countries to help them		Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	l reports		
ensure that adequate and efficient infrastructure and services, as well as effective transit transport arrangements, are in place to support trade.		<ul> <li>Mid-term review of the Almaty PoA</li> <li>Global Preparatory Meeting on the Mid-term Review of the Implementation of the Almaty Programme of Action, on trade facilitation opportunities for landlocked and transit developing countries, Geneva, 8–9 July 2008</li> <li>Inputs to background reports for expert meetings on trade and development issues of interest to landlocked developing countries</li> </ul>	Inputs into relevant post mid-term review of Almaty PoA meetings and reports	Inputs into relevant post mid-term review of Almaty PoA meetings and reports	
		and transit developing countries			

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
other structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies.	Para. 148: Best practices in attracting and benefiting from FDI in small economies; best practices in attracting and benefiting from FDI in post-conflict countries			
		Para. 149: Investment policy reviews for Burkina Faso, Mauritania, Sierra Leone		
		Para. 153: Series on intellectual property for development – Uganda		
		Technical cooperation	<u> </u>	
		• LLDCs Investment Forum (2 October 2008)		
		• Examples of activities carried out in 2008 to the benefit of LDCs and countries with special needs:		
		<ul> <li>Para 147: Zambia national workshop on reading financial statement and compiling FDI statistics; Training on FDI statistics planned in Comoros, Ethiopia, Seychelles</li> </ul>		
		Para 149: Assistance in the preparation of the IPRs for Burkina Faso, Mauritania, Sierra Leone		
		Para 150: LLDCs Investment Forum; i-Portal/investment guide for Benin		

Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
	<ul> <li>Para 154: Launch of the business linkages project in Uganda (phase 2); launch of business linkages projects in Mozambique and Zambia</li> <li>Para 155: e-government practices (Ethiopia)</li> </ul>		
DIAE	Some activities listed below also address po	aragraph 43	
	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	l reports	
	Global Seminar on the World Investment Report 2008: FDI and Infrastructure	<ul> <li>Annual Sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission</li> <li>Multi-year expert meeting on investment for development</li> <li>Inputs to the multi-year expert meeting on international cooperation: South—South cooperation and regional integration</li> <li>Contribution to the World Economic Situation and Prospects (WESP) on issues relevant to the subprogramme (2)</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on issues of key concern to developing countries related to foreign investments (2)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission</li> <li>Multi-year expert meeting on investment for development</li> <li>Inputs to the multi-year expert meeting on international cooperation: South—South cooperation and regional integration</li> <li>Contribution to the WESP on issues relevant to the subprogramme</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on issues of key concern to developing countries related to foreign investments</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on</li> </ul>
		Para 154: Launch of the business linkages project in Uganda (phase 2); launch of business linkages projects in Mozambique and Zambia  Para 155: e-government practices (Ethiopia)  DIAE  Some activities listed below also address para linear properties of the provided investment Report 2008: FDI and	Para 154: Launch of the business linkages project in Uganda (phase 2); launch of business linkages project in Mozambique and Zambia  Para 155: e-government practices (Ethiopia)  DIAE  Some activities listed below also address paragraph 43  Intergovernmental and expert meetings and reports  Global Seminar on the World Investment Report 2008: FDI and Infrastructure  Annual Sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission  Multi-year expert meeting on investment for development  Inputs to the multi-year expert meeting on international cooperation: South-South cooperation and regional integration  Contribution to the World Economic Situation and Prospects (WESP) on issues relevant to the subprogramme (2)  Ad hoc expert group meeting on issues of key concern to developing countries related to

resources. Other issues include the

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
linkages between foreign and domestic firms and best practices to encourage greater flows of investment that is conducive to development. In addition, UNCTAD should further analyse investment from developing countries and countries with			<ul> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on themes related to World Investment Report (3)</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on South-South cooperation in the area of investment (1)</li> </ul>	themes related to the World Investment Report  • Ad hoc expert group meeting on South-South cooperation in the area of investment
economies in transition, as well as		Publications and other substantive outputs		
explore the scope for deeper South-South cooperation.		<ul> <li>World Investment Directory         Africa; World Investment         Directory Africa CD-ROM; World         Investment Report 2008 (hard         copy and CD-ROM); World         Investment Report Overview 08;         TNC Journal Vol 17 No. 1</li> <li>World Investment Prospect         Survey 2008; Revisiting FDI in         extractive industries; FDI in         Tourism – case studies; FDI in         Tourism in Southern and Eastern         Africa - selected country case         studies; Training Manual on FDI         Statistics</li> <li>UNCTAD Investment Brief, No.1         &amp; 2, 2008</li> <li>Database on national FDI laws         (1); databases on FDI,         transnational corporations, and         mergers and acquisitions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>TNC Journal (6); World         Investment Directory (Overviews and CD-ROM, including country profiles) (2); World Investment         Report (hard copy and CD-ROM)         (1); World Investment Report         Overview (1); FDI in the LDCs at a glance (1)</li> <li>Emerging issues and trends in the activities of TNCs and FDI (1);         UNCTAD current series on FDI and development (2)</li> <li>Information materials on FDI issues (4); Investment briefs (10)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>TNC Journal; World Investment Directory (Overviews and CD-ROM, including country profiles); World Investment Report (hardcopy and CD-ROM); World Investment Report Overview; FDI in the LDCs at a glance</li> <li>Emerging issues and trends in the activities of TNCs and FDI; UNCTAD current series on FDI and development</li> <li>Information materials on FDI issues; investment briefs</li> <li>Database on national FDI laws; databases on FDI, transnational corporations, and mergers and acquisitions</li> </ul>
		Technical cooperation	1	
		First COMESA/UNCTAD Task	Assistance to Governments and	Assistance to Governments and

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord,	Division	Implemented/already under way in	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
and/or other mandate		2008		
		Force meeting on FDI/TNC statistics; Zambia national workshop on reading financial statements and compiling FDI statistics; participation in the IMF task force meeting on the Coordinated Investment Survey; participation in the conference marking 20 years of FDI in Viet Nam; participation in workshop on capturing services FDI in ASEAN  • Regional seminar for Latin America on World Investment Report 2008; Regional seminar for Africa on World Investment Report 2008	regional/subregional groupings to strengthen their research and policy analysis on FDI (5); technical assistance to relevant government entities on preparation of FDI statistics (4)  • Workshops on FDI, its development dimension and related policy issues, including World Investment Report dissemination, as well as priority sectors for developing countries, especially LDCs (14)	regional/subregional groupings to strengthen their research and policy analysis on FDI; Tech. Assistance to relevant government entities on preparation of FDI statistics  • Workshops on FDI, its development dimension and related policy issues, including World Investment Report dissemination, as well as priority sectors for developing countries, especially LDCs
148. UNCTAD should provide a	DIAE	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	l reports	
platform for an international dialogue on best practice in investment policies. An inventory of best policy practices could contribute to a dialogue on policymaking know-how.  UNCTAD, together with intergovernmental and regional organizations, particularly those from developing countries, and other partners, as well as the			<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission</li> <li>Multi-year expert meeting on investment for development</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on developing best practices in investment policies (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission</li> <li>Multi-year expert meeting on investment for development</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on developing best practices in investment policies</li> </ul>
Organization for Economic		Publications and other substantive outputs		

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
Cooperation and Development (OECD), should engage countries at every development level to help ensure an institutional environment conducive to FDI and development. In the context of developing best practices in investment policies, it should endeavour to work with relevant regional development banks such as the African Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the Inter-American Development Bank and the Islamic Development Bank.		Best practices in attracting and benefiting from FDI in small economies; best practices in attracting and benefiting from FDI in post-conflict countries; best practices in using FDI to improve infrastructure	Best practices in attracting and benefiting from FDI – case studies (1)	Best practices in attracting and benefiting from FDI – case studies
149. UNCTAD should support developing countries and countries with economies in transition in formulating and implementing investment policies and should assist them with relevant legislation and regulations, in line with their development strategies, as well as with their international obligations. Investment policy reviews (IPRs) and their followup, and assistance to national and subnational investment promotion agencies, play an important role in this regard. A broader and more structural approach to the process of undertaking IPRs should be considered, under which UNCTAD	DIAE	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on methodology and discussion of the findings of IPRs (1)</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on actions in follow-up to IPRs (1)</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on issues of investment promotion, including the role of IPAs in investor servicing and aftercare (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual Sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on methodology and discussion of the findings of IPRs</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on reviewing the implementation approach to IPRs</li> </ul>
would be entrusted with drafting the reviews, ensuring wider		Publications and other substantive outputs	<u> </u>	
, , ,		• Investment policy review for	Investment Advisory Series;	• IPRs series

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
coverage of developing countries and elaborating on the development implications of FDI and the related investment framework. IPRs should be regularly updated so as to maintain the focus and follow up recommendations.		Belarus, Burkina Faso, Dominican Republic, Mauritania, Nigeria, Sierra Leone and Viet Nam  Investment promotion agencies as policy advocates, investment promotion agencies evaluation, trade and investment promotion (Investment Advisory Series Nos. 2-4)	Investment Policy Review Series (1)	
		Technical cooperation	,	
		Assistance in the preparation of the IPRs for Belarus, Burkina Faso and Sierra Leone; National Workshop on the IPR for Mauritania; implementation report on the IPR for Ghana	• IPRs: strategic advice on investment issues and assistance to developing countries to attract international investment, including technology, in line with their national objectives, as to respond to regional/global opportunities and incorporate MLT perspectives (3); IPRs – assistance to developing countries in implementing and following up on the recommendations of the IPRs (5); assistance to developing countries in investment policy, legislation and codes, sectoral policies governing the participation of TNCs in specific sectors and mechanisms to attract international investment and benefit from it (10); assistance to developing countries and countries in transition to strengthen their investment institutions, their modes of	IPRs: strategic advice on investment issues and assistance to developing countries to attract international investment, including technology, in line with their national objectives, as to respond to regional/global opportunities and incorporate MLT perspectives; IPRs - assistance to developing countries in implementing and following up on the recommendations of the IPRs; assistance to national and sub-national investment promotion agencies

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)		
			operation, approval processes, monitoring of investment flows, and activities aiming at increasing their attractiveness as investment locations (10)			
150. In its advisory services,	DIAE	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and reports				
analytical work and capacity- building programmes in the field of investment promotion, UNCTAD should develop pragmatic tools and investment guides and identify best practices. In UNCTAD's advisory services, attention should be paid to the	ALDC		<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on issues of investment promotion, including the role of IPAs in investor servicing and aftercare (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission.</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on investment promotion</li> </ul>		
issues of interest to all developing countries, particularly issues of		Publications and other substantive outputs				
relevance to LDCs such as good governance in investment promotion. Investment guides should be produced for all landlocked developing countries	overnance in investment romotion. Investment guides hould be produced for all			<ul> <li>Investment Advisory Series</li> <li>Investment guides, including for LLDCs (4)</li> </ul>	Investment Advisory Series	
availability of extra-budgetary		Technical cooperation				
resources.		I-portal/Investment (guides for Benin, Ghana and Morocco)      LLDCs Investment Forum (2 October 2008)	• Assistance to developing countries in investment policy, legislation and codes, sectoral policies governing the participation of TNCs in specific sectors and mechanisms to attract international investment and benefit from it (10); assistance to developing countries and countries in transition to strengthen their investment institutions, their modes of operation, approval processes,	Technical assistance to     Governments of LDCs in drafting,     producing and disseminating     objective and informative i-     portal/investment guides;     assistance to national and sub-     national investment promotion     agencies; assistance to developing     countries and economies in     transition in investment policies     and legislation, including sectoral     policies and mechanisms to attract     international investment and		

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)	
			monitoring of investment flows, and activities aiming at increasing their attractiveness as investment locations (10)	benefit from it; and assistance to developing countries to strengthen their investment institutions through the application of pragmatic tools and best practices in investment promotion and facilitation with a particular focus on good governance	
151. UNCTAD should continue to help developing countries	DIAE	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	• Annual sessions of the Investment,	Annual sessions of the Investment.	
participate in the debate on international investment agreements (IIAs). It should focus			Enterprise and Development Commission	Enterprise and Development Commission	
on the development dimension of IIAs and examine the effects of IIAs. UNCTAD's work in this area			Multi-year expert meeting on investment for development	Multi-year expert meeting on investment for development	
should include policy analysis and capacity-building in relation to the negotiation and implementation of				Ad hoc expert group meeting on issues of IIAs and their development dimension (2)	Ad hoc expert group meeting on issues of IIAs and their development dimension
current and future bilateral and regional investment agreements, management of investor-State		Publications and other substantive outputs			
disputes, alternative means dispute settlement, the approach to investment promotion and the effects of IIAs.		Investment rule-making:     stocktaking, challenges and the     way forward; core elements in     IIAs, alternative dispute     resolution, IIAs and national	<ul> <li>International Investment Policies for Development (2nd generation)</li> <li>(3)</li> <li>IIA Monitor (8)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>International Investment Policies for Development (2nd generation)</li> <li>IIA Monitor</li> </ul>	
		security, impact on FDI flows; IIA Monitor No. 1: Latest developments in investor–State dispute; IIAs online database (2)	TA Monitor (6)	IIAs online database	
		Technical cooperation			
		Ongoing technical assistance in the area of international investment agreements	• Advisory services to Governments and regional/subregional groupings on bilateral, and	Advisory services to Governments and regional/subregional groupings on bilateral, and	

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
			regional arrangements with regard to investment (3)  • Seminars and workshops on the trade-investment relationship, the role of IIAs in the development process, key concepts and the development dimension of IIAs (2)	regional arrangements with regard to investment  • Seminars and workshops on the role of IIAs in the development process, key concepts and the development dimension of IIAs
152. UNCTAD should analyse	DIAE	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d reports	
voluntary enterprise policies on corporate social responsibility and other codes of conduct as a complement to national legislation with a view to identifying best practices for maximizing the development impact of corporate activities, in particular by TNCs. UNCTAD should coordinate its activities in this area with other relevant international bodies, including OECD, the World Bank, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO), the United Nations Global Compact and the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) Working Group on Social Responsibility, to maximize the value added of its work.		<ul> <li>Publications and other substantive outputs</li> <li>Corporate Governance Workbook, guidance on corporate responsibility indicators in annual</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission, and expert meetings</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on enterprise policies on corporate responsibility (1)</li> <li>Enterprise policies on CSR: analysis and review</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission, and expert meetings</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on enterprise policies on corporate responsibility</li> <li>Enterprise policies on CSR: analysis and review</li> </ul>
		reports  Technical cooperation		
		•	Advisory services to Governments and regional/subregional groupings on enterprise policies on CSR (2)	Advisory services to Governments and regional/subregional groupings on enterprise policies on CSR
			<ul> <li>Seminars and workshops on improved corporate transparency</li> <li>(6)</li> </ul>	Seminars and workshops on improved corporate transparency

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
and/of other mandate		2000	<ul> <li>Seminars on enterprise policies on CSR (1)</li> <li>National and regional projects on improved corporate transparency, harmonization with international requirements (3).</li> </ul>	Seminars on enterprise policies on CSR      National and regional projects on improved corporate transparency, harmonization with international requirements
153. Taking into account the	DIAE,	This paragraph will be addressed also throu	lgh activities listed in paragraph 158	
WIPO Development Agenda and without prejudice to the work	DTL	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d reports	
undertaken in other forums, UNCTAD, within its mandate, should continue to undertake research and analysis on trade and			Ad hoc expert group meeting on intellectual property policies for development (1)	Ad hoc expert group meeting on the development aspects of intellectual property
development aspects of intellectual		Publications and other substantive outputs		
property, including in the areas of investment and technology.		Series on Intellectual Property for Development – Uganda; Stakeholder Reference Guide to Intellectual Property: Productive Capabilities in the Supply of Essential Medicines	Series on intellectual property for development: country studies (1)	Series on intellectual property for development: country studies
		Technical cooperation		l
		Research-based advisory services on development aspects of intellectual property	Advisory services to Governments and regional/subregional groupings on intellectual property policies for development (4)	Advisory services to Governments and regional/subregional groupings on the development aspects of intellectual property
			• Seminars and workshops on IIAs dealing with intellectual property (2)	Seminars on intellectual property policies for development
			Seminars on intellectual property policies for development (2)	

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)	
154. UNCTAD should strengthen	DIAE	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and reports			
its activities in research and analysis, technical assistance and consensus-building with regard to stimulating enterprise development and business facilitation. Measures should be identified to enable enterprises, especially small and medium-sized ones in developing countries, to comply with international standards, promote their technological and innovation capacities, access new technologies and enhance their participation in global value chains. UNCTAD should analyse the linkages between small and medium-sized enterprises and foreign affiliates in order to increase the development benefits of FDI and enhance the international competitiveness of firms from developing countries.		Publications and other substantive outputs  • Small Business: A Way Out of Poverty	<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission</li> <li>Multi-year expert meeting on enterprise development policies and capacity building in science, technology and innovation</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meetings on international competitiveness of SMEs in developing countries (2)</li> <li>Integrating SMEs into global value chains (1); Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidelines for SMEs (SMEGA) Level 3 Guidance (1); Integrating SMEs into global value chains (1); promoting business linkages;</li> <li>Empretec newsletter (4)</li> <li>Business facilitation (2)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission</li> <li>Multi-year expert meeting on enterprise development policies and capacity building in science, technology and innovation</li> <li>Ad hoc expert group meeting on international competitiveness of SMEs in developing countries</li> <li>Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidelines for SMEs; Integrating SMEs into global value chains; promoting business linkages;</li> <li>Empretec newsletter</li> <li>Business facilitation</li> </ul>	
		Technical cooperation			
		• Entrepreneur training workshop in United Rep. of Tanzania (2); completion of first phase of the Uganda Business Linkage project; launch of the Business Linkages project in Uganda (phase 2);	Assistance to strengthen the Empretec Africa network (2); advisory services to support enhancing SME competitiveness and unleashing entrepreneurship (5)	Assistance to strengthen the Empretec Africa network; advisory services to support enhancing SME competitiveness and unleashing entrepreneurship; launch of new Empretec	

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		launch of Business Linkages projects in Argentina, Mozambique and Zambia; installation of Empretec programme in the Dominican Republic and the United Republic of Tanzania		programmes
155. UNCTAD should help developing countries, including by	DIAE	Technical cooperation	I	I
building their technical capacity, to improve their e-government practices in order to enhance the transparency and simplification of government procedures in areas such as investment and the creation and development of enterprises.		Technical assistance to developing countries to improve their egovernment practices (Colombia, Ethiopia, El Salvador, Morocco, Viet Nam)	Technical assistance to developing countries to improve their egovernment practices	Technical assistance to developing countries to improve their egovernment practices
156. Through the	DIAE	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	l l reports	
Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting (ISAR), UNCTAD should help developing countries participate in the processes that set internationally recognized accounting and reporting standards and codes. Alongside development partners, UNCTAD should assist developing countries in building			<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission</li> <li>IGE on ISAR: Substantive servicing of meetings: annual sessions (12); parliamentary documentation: notes for the Intergovernmental Working Group (2)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual sessions of the Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission</li> <li>IGE on ISAR: Substantive servicing of meetings: annual sessions; parliamentary documentation; notes for the Intergovernmental Working Group</li> </ul>
the technical capacity and		Publications and other substantive outputs		

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
institutions needed for the implementation of such standards and codes. It should continue to contribute to the field of environmental accounting and reporting with a view to promoting a harmonized approach among member States. UNCTAD should continue to support developing countries and countries with economies in transition in adopting and implementing the International Financial Reporting Standards.		ISAR newsletter Nos. 11 and 12	• ISAR Reviews (2); Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidelines for SMEs (SMEGA) Level 3 Guidance (1); Practical implementation of the International Financial Reporting Standards: Lessons learned from country studies (1); Revised and updated guideline on National Requirements for the Qualification of Professional Accountants (1); ISAR newsletter (2); Workbook on best practices in corporate governance disclosure (1); Commemorative ISAR publication, 25th anniversary	ISAR Reviews; Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidelines for SMEs; Guidance on the practical implementation of the International Financial Reporting Standards; Revised manual for the preparers and users of ecoefficiency indicators; ISAR newsletter; Workbook on corporate transparency and reporting
		Technical cooperation		
		Ongoing technical cooperation in the area of accounting and reporting.	Assistance to Governments in the area of corporate transparency and accounting in implementation of internationally recognized standards and practices (7)	Assistance to Governments in the area of corporate transparency and accounting in implementation of internationally recognized standards and practices
157. UNCTAD should continue to provide policy analysis and capacity-building on prudential regulatory frameworks, the establishment of competitive insurance markets and human resources development. UNCTAD should also assist countries in the development of their insurance sector with a view to creating benefits for development. In this context, assistance should be	DIAE	Publications and other substantive outputs	5	
			• Insurance and development: main issues (1)	Insurance and development: main issues
		Technical cooperation		
			Advisory services to support the development of the insurance sector in developing countries, particularly in Africa, through, among others, the provision of assistance to prudential regulators	Advisory services to support the development of the insurance sector in developing countries, particularly in Africa, through, among others, the provision of assistance to prudential regulators

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
provided especially to countries in Africa and small economies that are particularly vulnerable to catastrophic risks.			and developing country corporations in the automation of insurance operations (5); regional seminars to assist insurance regulatory authorities in developing countries and post graduate course for regulators and practitioners in the sector (10)  National and regional projects on building the insurance sector (3)	and developing country corporations in the automation of insurance operations; regional seminars to assist insurance regulatory authorities in developing countries and post graduate course for regulators and practitioners in the sector; national and regional projects on building the insurance sector
	DTL ALDC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings an	Multi-year expert meeting on	Multi-year expert meeting on
			enterprise development policies and capacity-building in science, technology and innovation	enterprise development policies and capacity-building in science, technology and innovation
		Publications and other substantive outputs		
		<ul> <li>Information Economy Report 2007–2008. Science and technology for development: the new paradigm of ICT (1)</li> <li>Science, Technology and Innovation Policy Review (STIP) (1)</li> <li>Science and Technology for Development series (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Information Economy Report 2009 (new, shorter version) (1)</li> <li>Technology and Innovation Report 2009 (1)</li> <li>Publication of the results of Science, Technology and Innovation Policy Review (STIP) (3)</li> <li>Science, Technology and Innovation Policy Review (STIP) (3)</li> <li>Science and Technology for Development series (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Information Economy Report</li> <li>Technology and Innovation Report</li> <li>Science, Technology and Innovation Policy Review (STIP)</li> <li>Science and Technology for Development series</li> </ul>

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
technology and innovation policy reviews and related technical assistance.		Technical cooperation     Network of centres of excellence	Assistance to conduct STIP reviews	Assistance to conduct STIP reviews
assistance.		training workshops	enabling interested developing countries to (a) assess the effectiveness of their STI policies and practices, (b) upgrade them to promote technological learning and catch-up and (c) integrate them into their overall development strategies  Network of centres of excellence training workshops	enabling interested developing countries to (a) assess the effectiveness of their STI policies and practices, (b) upgrade them to promote technological learning and catch-up and (c) integrate them into their overall development strategies  Network of centres of excellence training workshops
159. UNCTAD should also contribute to consensus-building in	DTL	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	•	
the international debate on science and technology for development, including ICTs and their implications for development, and continue to provide support as the secretariat to the Commission on Science and Technology for Development.  UNCTAD should continue to help developing countries to participate effectively in international discussions on technology transfer and knowledge-sharing, and to identify policy options and best practice in this area. UNCTAD should furthermore continue to assist developing countries in identifying ways and means to operationalize technology transfer clauses in international agreements and in the outcomes of major United Nations conferences and summits in order to maximize their potential benefits.		<ul> <li>Twelfth session of the Conference</li> <li>Commission on Science and Technology for Development (CSTD): eleventhannual session (1), Geneva, 26–30 May 2008, report of the Secretary-General to CSTD (3)</li> <li>Economic and Social Council: contribution to the report of the Secretary-General on the work of functional commissions (1)</li> <li>General Assembly: report of the Secretary-General (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Commission on Science and Technology for Development(CSTD): annual session (1), report of the Secretary-General to CSTD (3); inter-sessional panel meetings</li> <li>Economic and Social Council: contribution to the report of the Secretary-General on the work of functional commissions (1)</li> <li>General Assembly: report of the Secretary-General</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Commission on Science and Technology for Development (CSTD): annual session, report of the Secretary-General to CSTD; inter-sessional panel meetings</li> <li>Economic and Social Council: contribution to the report of the Secretary-General on the work of functional commissions</li> <li>General Assembly: report of the Secretary-General</li> </ul>

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		Community, United Republic of Tanzania, January 2008 Uganda, June 2008) and for ALADI countries  Training course on ICT measurement to countries from Asia-Pacific, Incheon, Republic of Korea, February 2008, training course in Africa workshop on ICT measurement for countries from Latin America, El Salvador, February 2008	regional workshops) on legal aspects of e-commerce  o ICT Policy review	of e-commerce  o ICT Policy review
161. UNCTAD should contribute to the implementation of the World Summit on the Information Society (WSIS) action lines on capacity-building, an enabling environment, ebusiness and e-science, in cooperation with other relevant international organizations.  UNCTAD, also in its capacity as secretariat to the Commission on Science and Technology for Development, should assist the Commission in implementing its mandate on the follow-up to the WSIS outcomes.	DTL	This subparagraph will also be addressed by resolution 62/201  Intergovernmental and expert meetings and  • WSIS Action Line Facilitation meeting on e-business, Geneva, 22 May 2008	y other operational paragraphs, especially paragraphs  **Treports**  **WSIS Action Line Facilitation meeting**	WSIS Action Line Facilitation meeting
162. UNCTAD should enhance its assistance in cross-divisional capacity-building programmes,	DTL, ALDC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	Substantive servicing of expert	Substantive servicing of expert
including training for policymakers on the integrated treatment of the trade, investment, finance, technology and development issues referred to in			<ul> <li>Advisory group on capacity-building and skills enhancement in relation to the Millennium Development Goals</li> </ul>	Ad hoc expert group meeting on capacity-building and skills enhancement on trade, investment and development

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
paragraph 166 of the Bangkok Plan of Action, which must ensure wide and inclusive participation of developing countries. It should also continue to support the development of local teaching and research capacities in member		Publications and other substantive outputs		Advisory group on capacity-building and skills enhancement on trade, investment and development
countries' academic institutions through the Virtual Institute, and foster training and capacity-building aimed at trade practitioners in order to assist member countries in developing a sustainable local capacity in trade, investment and development issues through TrainForTrade. UNCTAD should also continue to use these programmes to strengthen the synergies between its research and capacity-building activities.		<ul> <li>Capacity-building through human resources development and eapplications (1)</li> <li>Web-based Vi bulletin (1): Virtual Institute Newsletter March 2008</li> <li>Vi web platform and teaching materials and research studies: vi.unctad.org, Vi teaching material on Regional Trade Agreements.</li> <li>Distance learning platform (1): learn.unctad.org</li> <li>Human resources development brochure (1)</li> <li>Course materials for the training courses on key issues on the international economic agenda (5): regional course for countries with economies in transition (Minsk, Belarus, 23 June–11 July 2008)</li> <li>Training courses on key issues on the international economic agenda for countries in transition, Western Asia, Africa, Latin America and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Study on capacity building for academia: impact and role in the development of human resources and policy support in developing countries (1)</li> <li>Lectures on issues related to the work of the sub-programme (1)</li> <li>Capacity building through human resources development and eapplications</li> <li>Web-based Vi bulletin (4)</li> <li>Vi web platform and teaching materials and research studies (4)</li> <li>TrainForTrade course materials</li> <li>Distance learning platform (1): learn.unctad.org</li> <li>Virtual Institute/p166 information kit (1)</li> <li>Human resources development brochure (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Study on capacity building for academia: impact and role in the development of human resources and policy support in developing countries</li> <li>Lectures on issues related to the work of the sub-programme</li> <li>Capacity building through human resources development and eapplications</li> <li>Web-based Vi bulletin</li> <li>Vi web platform and teaching materials and research studies</li> <li>TrainForTrade course materials</li> <li>Distance learning platform: learn.unctad.org</li> <li>Virtual Institute/p166 information kit</li> <li>Human resources development brochure</li> </ul>

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		Asia (5): regional course for countries with economies in transition (Minsk, Belarus, 23 June–11 July 2008)  CD-ROM for the courses on key issues on the international economic agenda (5): regional course for countries with economies in transition (Minsk, Belarus, 23 June–11 July 2008)	TrainForTrade CD-ROMs     Pedagogic videos on human resources development	<ul> <li>Course materials for the training courses on key issues on the international economic agenda</li> <li>Training courses on key issues on the international economic agenda for countries in transition, Western Asia, Africa, Latin America and Asia</li> <li>TrainForTrade CD-ROMs</li> <li>Pedagogic videos on human resources development</li> <li>CD-ROM for the courses on key issues on the international economic agenda</li> </ul>
		Technical cooperation		
		<ul> <li>Advisory services on the development of university curricula and research, and the development of teaching resources and tools for the Virtual Institute network of academic and research institutions (1): Foreign Trade University, Viet Nam</li> <li>Advisory services for the implementation of TrainForTrade training and capacity development activities (10):          Costa Rica, Guatemala, Dominican Republic, United Republic of Tanzania, Ghana,     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Advisory services on the development of university curricula and research, and the development of teaching resources and tools for the Virtual Institute network of academic and research institutions (6)</li> <li>Advisory services for the implementation of TrainForTrade training and capacity development activities (3)</li> <li>Virtual Institute workshops/seminars/study tours linked to the development of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Advisory services on the development of university curricula and research, and the development of teaching resources and tools for the Virtual Institute network of academic and research institutions</li> <li>Advisory services for the implementation of TrainForTrade training and capacity development activities</li> <li>Virtual Institute workshops/seminars/study tours linked to the development of university curricula and associated</li> </ul>

0 1	Division	Implemented/already under way in	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
and/or other mandate		2008		
and/or other mandate	DIVISION	<ul> <li>Maldives, Sri Lanka, Honduras, Nicaragua, El Salvador</li> <li>Virtual Institute workshops/ seminars/study tours linked to the development of university curricula and associated teaching resources and tools: Third UNCTAD Virtual Institute members meeting (Geneva 4–8 February 2008) study tours for Vi members from Russia and the West Indies (April–May 2008).</li> <li>TrainForTrade seminars and workshops on issues related to international trade, trade-supporting</li> </ul>	university curricula and associated teaching resources and tools (4)  • TrainForTrade seminars and workshops on issues related to international trade, trade-supporting services, tourism, investment and port management, including distance learning and training of trainers' workshops (25)  • Field projects for the further development of the Virtual Institute network of academic and research institutions	teaching resources and tools  TrainForTrade seminars and workshops on issues related to international trade, trade-supporting services, tourism, investment and port management, including distance learning and training of trainers' workshops  Field projects for the further development of the Virtual Institute network of academic and research institutions
		services, tourism, investment and port management, including distance learning and training of trainers' workshops (9):  - High Level Conference on Traderelated Capacity Development in Selected East Asian Countries, 5–7 February 2008, Phnom Penh, Cambodia  - Training of PTP trainers workshop for French-speaking developing countries, Marseille, 18 February–7 March 2008  - International workshop for Latin American port communities, Valencia, Spain, 26–28 March 2008  - Workshop on investment issues, Saravane Province, Lao People's Democratic Republic, 24–26 April 2008  - Thalat, Lao People's Democratic	Field projects for the implementation of TrainForTrade training and capacity-building programmes (8) Cooperation between the Valencia Port Authority (Spain) and the TrainForTrade programme (INT/OT/5BS) UNCTAD/TFT Port Training Programme for English-Speaking Developing Countries (INT/OT/7BR) Capacity-building in the field of training for international trade (INT/OT/2CK) Training in the field of foreign trade (INT/9X/00L) TrainForTrade Trust Fund (INT/OT/6AR) UNCTAD/TFT in Angola (ANG/OT/7AP) Establishment of a project to strengthen Port Training and the Valence of the strengthen and the strength	<ul> <li>Field projects for the implementation of TrainForTrade training and capacity-building programmes</li> <li>Provision of lectures and presentations on LLDCs, SIDS and structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies development issues to various audiences, including civil society and the academia seminars on globalization, development strategies and policy coherence, including in connection with UNCTAD training courses and other capacity-building activities</li> </ul>

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		Republic, 16–27 June 2008  - Training of PTP trainers' workshop for French-speaking African countries, Cotonou, Benin, 19–30 May 2008  - Training of IT Tutors, Guatemala City, Guatemala, 25–27 June 2008  - Distance-learning course on international investment agreements, Portuguese-speaking African countries, 16 June–15 August 2008  - Training of PTP trainers workshop, Luanda, Angola, 14 July–1 August 2008  • Field projects for the further development of the Virtual Institute network of academic and research institutions: funded by the Virtual Institute Trust Fund (TPINTOT6AP) and the Development Account project O5 (Fifth Tranche)  • Field projects for the implementation of TrainForTrade training and capacity-building programmes (8):  - Cooperation between the Valencia Port Authority (Spain) and the TrainForTrade programme (INT/OT/5BS)  - UNCTAD/TFT Port Training Programme for English-Speaking Developing Countries (INT/OT/7BR  - Capacity-building in the field of training for international trade (INT/OT/2CK)	of developing countries (INT/OT/4AB) - Support for UNCTAD-ALADI training activities organized by the TrainForTrade programme (INT/OT/6BJ)  • Provision of lectures and presentations on LLDCs, SIDS and structurally weak, vulnerable and small economies development issues to various audiences, including civil society and the academia seminars on globalization, development strategies and policy coherence, including in connection with UNCTAD training courses and other capacity-building activities	

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		<ul> <li>Training in the field of foreign trade (INT/9X/00L)</li> <li>TrainForTrade Trust Fund (INT/OT/6AR)</li> <li>UNCTAD/TFT in Angola (ANG/OT/7AP)</li> <li>Establishment of a project to strengthen Port Training capacities of developing countries (INT/OT/4AB)</li> <li>Support for UNCTAD-ALADI training activities organized by the TrainForTrade programme (INT/OT/6BJ)</li> <li>Provision of lectures and presentations on Africa/LDCs, to various audiences, including civil society and the academia seminars on globalization, development strategies and policy coherence, including in connection with UNCTAD training courses and other capacity-building activities</li> </ul>		
163. Also in the area of capacity-building, the UNCTAD e-Tourism initiative, launched at UNCTAD XI, should continue to be implemented,	DTL	Activities listed under paragraph 162 may c  Publications and other substantive outputs		
with a view to promoting the contribution of tourism to development.		Capacity-building through human resources development and e- applications (1)	Capacity-building through human resources development and e- applications	Capacity-building through human resources development and e- applications
		Updates of relevant UNCTAD web pages on e-tourism issues (1): e-tourism.unctad.org - 6 case studies	• Information kit on business services (1)	Updates of relevant UNCTAD web pages on e-tourism issues
		and various ppt materials	Updates of relevant UNCTAD web pages on e-tourism issues	Course material and tools on the use of operating/trading system

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		<ul> <li>Course material and tools on the use of operating/ trading system for business development services in e-tourism, including case studies (1)</li> <li>Course material:         <ul> <li>Research and surveys on purchasing power parity and collaborative e-branding short web audit surveys and methodology syllabus of a course on ICT application in tourism, and on a replicable IT centric learning model</li> </ul> </li> <li>Tool: e-tourism data collector and learning platform</li> </ul>	Course material and tools on the use of operating/trading system for business development services in e-tourism, including case studies	for business development services in e-tourism, including case studies
		Technical cooperation		
		<ul> <li>Advisory services on the development of business services in the area of e-tourism (5):         Madagascar, Gujarat (India),         Bolivia, Chile, Rwanda</li> <li>National/regional projects for the development of business services in developing countries including the implementation of ICT-tools in tourism:         - TF INTOT4CD</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Advisory services on the development of business services in the area of e-tourism (8)</li> <li>Training workshops on the development of business services in e-tourism (7)</li> <li>National/regional projects for the development of business services in developing countries including the implementation of ICT-tools in</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Advisory services at the national and subregional level to strengthen the capacity of developing countries in their formulation of their e-tourism strategies</li> <li>Training workshops on the development of business services in e-tourism</li> <li>National/regional projects for the development of business services</li> </ul>
		- ROA-108 Development Account (Sixth Tranche)	tourism (4)	in developing countries including the implementation of ICT-tools in tourism
164. In the area of trade	DTL	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d reports	

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)		
165. UNCTAD should undertake research to develop policy	DTL ALDC	This paragraph will be implemented also through activities listed under paragraph 164				
recommendations that will enable developing countries to cut		Technical cooperation				
transport costs and improve transport efficiency and connectivity. The research should pay special attention to the needs of the most vulnerable economies, and in particular to the development and implementation of coherent transit systems that will benefit landlocked developing countries and transit developing countries, taking into account the Almaty Ministerial Declaration and Programme of Action.  Attention should also be paid to the promotion of multimodal transport.	g g	Workshop on logistics indicators (2 June 2008)				
166. UNCTAD should continue to	DTL	Publications and other substantive outputs				
provide capacity-building and technical assistance to policymakers and other stakeholders in developing countries on such issues as reducing		Automated Systems for Customs     Data website	Automated Systems for Customs     Data website	Automated Systems for Customs     Data website		
transport costs and improving		Technical cooperation				
transport connectivity and competitiveness, developing and implementing appropriate institutional and legal frameworks, and devising and implementing national and international actions to promote transport and trade facilitation, including in transit corridors. It should coordinate this work with other relevant		Advisory services on transport policies and international legal instruments, standards and rules related to the facilitation of international trade, transport and transport security have been provided to the African Union Secretariat (March 2008), Secretary-General's Report on	Advisory services on transport policies and international legal instruments, standards and rules related to the facilitation of international trade, transport and transport security      Building capacity in trade facilitation and transport,	<ul> <li>Advisory services on transport policies and international legal instruments, standards and rules related to the facilitation of international trade, transport and transport security</li> <li>Building capacity in trade facilitation and transport,</li> </ul>		

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
organizations where appropriate. It should continue to assist developing countries in transport and trade facilitation negotiations, including in the context of the Doha Round, and in ensuring the effective implementation of agreed rules and standards.  167. UNCTAD should continue to provide assistance to developing countries to design and implement policies and actions aimed at improving the efficiency of trade transactions as well as the management of transport operations. It should also continue to cooperate with member States in implementing ASYCUDA, the automated system for customs data.		Oceans and the Law of the Sea (February 2008), to delegations of Grenada, Guatemala, Mozambique, Antigua and Barbuda for WTO negotiations on TF (January—May 2008), to UNDP Kazakhstan, to UNCITRAL, and to the Asociación Mexicana del Transporte Intermodal (March 2008)  Building capacity in trade facilitation and transport, including multimodal transport, logistics, legal frameworks, containerization and its international implications have been conducted in Yemen, Antigua and Barbuda, Guatemala and Mozambique for the self- assessment workshops and to the Institute of Management for Logistics/EPFL Lausanne through delivery of Module 4 on Trade Facilitation. Contribution on trade facilitation to the seminar in Minsk under para. 166 and to the implementation within the Virtual Institute in Mauritius  National, regional and interregional projects in the fields of transport and related services, trade facilitation and logistics, including Asycuda. Asycuda projects are now being carried out in 50 countries T2CS for developing practical tools to assess TF needs and priorities in LDCs	including multimodal transport, logistics, legal frameworks, containerization and its international implications  National, regional and interregional projects in the fields of transport and related services, trade facilitation and logistics, including Asycuda.	including multimodal transport, logistics, legal frameworks, containerization and its international implications  National, regional and interregional projects in the fields of transport and related services, trade facilitation and logistics, including Asycuda

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		T4CO for capacity-building in developing countries and LDCs to support their effective participation in the WTO negotiations process on TF T3BJ on TF in the context of the Doha Development Agenda: Support to TF Platforms in DCs 8X301 for courses on Improving Port Performance 8X80C for delivery of STRATSHIP 9X31Y on multimodal transport and microcomputer software and T1BR on international multimodal transport operations in ECO region		
168. Through its research and policy analysis, UNCTAD should help developing countries make informed policy choices to address the environmental challenges in relation to transport strategies, and to help identify associated capacity-building needs and appropriate regulatory responses.	DTL	This paragraph will be implemented throug	ch activities listed under paragraphs 164 and	165
170. Without prejudice to the work undertaken in other forums and in cooperation with other organizations, UNCTAD, within its mandate, should continue to analyse the potential of migrants' remittances to contribute to development. It should focus on ways to expand the access of migrants to financial services, maximize the benefits derived	DITC (also see para 95)	This paragraph will be implemented through	th activities listed under paragraph 95	
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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
from such remittances and minimize the cost through appropriate policies, while respecting their character as private funds.				
General Assembly resolution 62/201 Encourages the UNCTAD, in collaboration with relevant partners, to continue to undertake science, technology and innovation policy reviews, with a view to assisting developing countries and countries with economies in transition in identifying the measures that are needed to integrate science, technology and innovation policies in their national development strategies  Encourages UNCTAD and other relevant organizations to assist developing countries in their efforts to integrate science, technology and innovation policies in national development Strategies.	DTL	This General Assembly resolution will be i	mplemented through activities listed under p	aragraph 159, 160 and 161
Requests the Commission on Science and Technology for Development to address, within its mandate, in accordance with Council resolution 2006/46, the special needs of developing countries in areas such as agriculture, rural development, information and communications				

Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)	
technologies and environmental management					
Encourages the international					
community to continue to facilitate,					
in view of the difference in level of					
development between countries, an					
adequate diffusion of scientific and technical knowledge and transfer of,					
access to, and acquisition of					
technology for developing countries,					
under fair, transparent and mutually					
agreed terms, in a manner conducive					
to social and economic welfare for					
the benefit of society.					
Requests the Commission on Science					
and Technology for Development to					
provide a forum within which to					
continue to assist the Economic and					
Social Council as the focal point in					
the system-wide follow-up to the outcomes of the WSIS					
Calls for continued collaboration					
between United Nations entities and					
other international organizations,					
civil society and the private sector in					
implementing the outcomes of the					
World Summit on the Information					
Society, with a view to putting the					
potential of information and					
communications technologies at the					
service of development through					
policy research on the digital divide					
and on new challenges of the					
information society, as well as technical assistance activities,					
involving multi-stakeholder					
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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
partnerships.  General Assembly resolution 62/203,	ALDC	Intergovernmental and expert meetings and	d renorts	
para. 24:  24. Also requests the Secretary-General to submit an annual analytical and results-oriented progress report on the further implementation of the Programme of Action and to make available adequate resources, within existing resources, for the preparation of such a report.	ALDC	<ul> <li>Annual review of progress in implementation of the PoA by the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly, as well as review of UNCTAD-wide implementation activities in favour of LDCs by the TDB</li> <li>Report to the TDB and contributions to the Report of the Secretary General of the United Nations to the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly</li> <li>Assessment of progress at the national level in selected LDCs including though national case studies (completed)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Final review of progress and appraisal of the Brussels Programme of Action for LDCs</li> <li>Reports to the annual sessions of the TDB and contributions to the annual report of the Secretary-General to the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly</li> <li>Report to the TDB and contributions to the Report of the Secretary General of the United Nations to the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly</li> <li>Assessment of key sectors of interest to LDCs as part of review of progress at the national level in selected LDCs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reports to the annual sessions of the TDB and contributions to the annual report of the Secretary-General to the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly</li> <li>Report to the TDB and contribution to the report of the Secretary-General to the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly as part of the review of progress and final appraisal of the PoA</li> <li>Contributions to the final review and appraisal of the PoA and to the fourth United Nations Conference on LDCs</li> </ul>
		Export Competitiveness and		

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Paragraph of the Accra Accord, and/or other mandate	Division	Implemented/already under way in 2008	2008–2009 (planned)	2010–2011 (planned)
		Development in LDCs: Policies, Issues and Priorities for Least Developed Countries for Action during and beyond UNCTAD XII (UNCTAD/ALDC/2008/1)		
General Assembly resolution 59/209	ALDC	Publications and other substantive outputs		
of 20 December 2004 (para. 3b):  "After a country has met the criteria for graduation for the first time, the Secretary-General of the United Nations will invite the Secretary-General of the United Nations  Conference on Trade and Development to prepare a		Four vulnerability profiles in preparation in 2008–2009, in anticipation of the 2009 review of the United Nations list of LDCs	Four vulnerability profiles in preparation in 2008–2009, in anticipation of the 2009 review of the United Nations list of LDCs	
vulnerability profile on the identified country to be taken into account by the Committee for Development Policy at its subsequent triennial review [of the United Nations list of least developed countries]."				