



Security Council

Distr.: General
28 May 2008
English
Original: Spanish

Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006)

Note verbale dated 23 May 2008 from the Permanent Mission of Peru to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of Peru to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006) and has the honour to transmit herewith information on the action taken by the Government of Peru to implement the provisions of the above-mentioned resolution and of resolutions 1747 (2007) and 1803 (2008).

In accordance with ministerial decision No. 0382-RE, of 14 March 2008, the Peruvian Ministry of Foreign Affairs published in the Official Gazette “El Peruano”, for information and due observance of its provisions, a summary of the substantive paragraphs of the preambular and operative parts of Security Council resolution 1803 (2008), which contains a non-restrictive list of the institutions that are required to implement the provisions of the resolution. In addition, the Security Council resolutions adopted under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations, containing measures with which Member States of the United Nations are required to comply, are posted on the website of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (www.rree.gob.pe) and can be accessed via the “Security Council Resolutions” link under “Press and Communications”. The full text of resolutions 1696 (2006), 1737 (2006), 1747 (2007) and 1803 (2008) is now available via this link.

In addition to the publication of resolution 1803 (2008) in the Official Gazette and its inclusion on the Ministry of Foreign Affairs website, memorandums were also sent to the entities concerned with its implementation, namely, the Office of the President of the Council of Ministers, the Ministry of Defence, the Superintendency of Banks, Insurance and Pension Fund Administrators, the Peruvian Institute of Nuclear Energy (IPEN), the Ministry of the Interior, the Superintendency of Tax Administration, the Ministry of Economic and Financial Affairs and the judiciary.

No operations or activities to which the measures envisaged in resolutions 1696 (2006), 1737 (2006), 1747 (2007) and 1803 (2008) might be applicable have been identified to date. It should be noted that Peru engages in very little trade with the Islamic Republic of Iran.



The Superintendency of Banks, Insurance and Pension Fund Administrators has notified all Peruvian financial institutions of the measures adopted by the Security Council in resolution 1803 (2008). The Peruvian Institute of Nuclear Energy has also taken due note of the measures adopted both by the Board of Governors of the International Atomic Energy Agency and by the Security Council, and will remain vigilant for signs of any activities in Peru that might involve any kind of support for the nuclear programme of the Islamic Republic of Iran. To this end, it has taken the necessary measures to monitor international transfers of or trade in equipment that utilizes nuclear or radioactive materials, using for this purpose the mechanisms established under Acts Nos. 27757 and 28028.

The Supreme Court of Justice has also asked the judicial organs comprising the Peruvian justice system to observe those provisions of resolution 1803 (2008) that concern the judiciary.

Likewise, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs has reiterated to all Consulates of Peru that they should pay particular attention to visa applications by citizens of the Islamic Republic of Iran. Issuance of such visas will require prior express authorization by the Peruvian Ministry of Foreign Affairs and will be subject to the provisions of the annexes to resolutions 1737 (2006), 1747 (2007) and 1803 (2008). Iranian civil servants travelling to Peru require an official visa from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. Before granting the visa, the Ministry carries out a detailed investigation on a case-by-case basis.
