



General Assembly

Distr.: Limited
19 October 2007

Original: English

Sixty-second session Third Committee

Agenda item 66 (a)

Promotion and protection of the rights of children

Armenia, Belarus, Benin, Jordan, Oman, Qatar, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Yemen: draft resolution

World Autism Awareness Day

The General Assembly,

Recalling the 2005 World Summit Outcome¹ and the United Nations Millennium Declaration,² as well as the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields,

Recalling also the Convention on the Rights of the Child³ and the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities,⁴ according to which children with disabilities should enjoy a full and decent life, in conditions which ensure dignity, promote self-reliance and facilitate the child's active participation in the community, as well as the full enjoyment of all human rights and fundamental freedoms on an equal basis with other children,

Affirming that ensuring and promoting the full realization of all human rights and fundamental freedoms for all persons with disabilities is critical to achieving internationally agreed development goals,

Aware that autism is a lifelong developmental disability that manifests itself during the first three years of life and results from a neurological disorder that affects the functioning of the brain, mostly affecting children in many countries irrespective of gender, race or socio-economic status, and characterized by impairments in social interaction, problems with verbal and non-verbal communication and restrictive, repetitive behaviour, interests and activities,⁵

¹ See resolution 60/1.

² See resolution 55/2.

³ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1577, No. 27531.

⁴ Resolution 61/106, annex I.

⁵ *International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems*, Tenth Revision, F84.0 and F84.1; endorsed by the forty-third World Health Assembly in May 1990.



Deeply concerned by the prevalence and high rate of autism in children in all regions of the world and the consequent developmental challenges to long-term health care, education, training, and intervention programmes undertaken by Governments, non-governmental organizations and the private sector, as well as its tremendous impact on children, their families, communities and societies,

Recalling that early diagnosis and appropriate research and interventions are vital to the growth and development of the individual,

1. *Decides* to designate 2 April as World Autism Awareness Day, to be observed every year beginning in 2008;

2. *Invites* all Member States, relevant organizations of the United Nations system and other international organizations, as well as civil society, including non-governmental organizations and the private sector, to observe World Autism Awareness Day in an appropriate manner, in order to raise public awareness of autism;

3. *Encourages* Member States to take measures to raise awareness throughout the society, including at the family level, regarding children with autism;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention of all Member States and United Nations organizations.
