

CONFERENCE ON DISARMAMENT

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**LETTER DATED 15 JANUARY 2007 FROM THE SECRETARY-
GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE
PRESIDENT OF THE CONFERENCE ON DISARMAMENT
TRANSMITTING THE RESOLUTIONS AND DECISIONS ON
DISARMAMENT AND INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
MATTERS ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT ITS
SIXTY-FIRST SESSION**

Addendum

I have the honour to transmit herewith those resolutions adopted by the General Assembly at its sixty-first session which make specific reference to the Conference on Disarmament, as well as the other resolutions and decisions dealing with or related to disarmament and international security matters.

(Signed): Ban Ki-moon

Annex

The General Assembly also adopted two decisions on disarmament and international security issues at its sixty-first session:

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| 61/514 | Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification |
| 61/515 | United Nations conference to identify ways of eliminating nuclear dangers in the context of nuclear disarmament |

All documents and records on disarmament and international security items were distributed during the sixty-first session of the General Assembly to all Members of the United Nations, including all members of the Conference on Disarmament.

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61/514. Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification

At its 67th plenary meeting, on 6 December 2006, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the First Committee¹, welcoming the update provided to the First Committee on 16 October 2006 by the Chair of the Panel of Governmental Experts on Verification in All Its Aspects, including the Role of the United Nations in the Field of Verification:²

- (a) Encouraged the Panel of Governmental Experts to bring its work to an agreed conclusion as soon as possible;
- (b) Decided to include in the provisional agenda of its sixty-second session the item entitled “Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification”.

61/515. United Nations conference to identify ways of eliminating nuclear dangers in the context of nuclear disarmament

At its 67th plenary meeting, on 6 December 2006, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the First Committee,³ decided, by a recorded vote of 128 to 3, with 44 abstentions,⁴ to include in the provisional agenda of its sixty-second session the item entitled “United Nations conference to identify ways of eliminating nuclear dangers in the context of nuclear disarmament”.

¹ A/61/388, para. 7.

² See Official Records of the General Assembly, Sixty-first Session, First Committee, 14th meeting (A/C.1/61/PV.14), and corrigendum.

³ /61/394, para. 109.

⁴ *In favour*: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d’Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Djibouti, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People’s Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of), Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

Against: France, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Abstaining: Albania, Andorra, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Marshall Islands, Moldova, Montenegro, Norway, Palau, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, San Marino, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Switzerland, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Turkey, Ukraine.