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CONSEQUENCES OF THE PROLONGATION OF THE
ARMED CONFLICT BETWEEN IRAN AND IRAQ

## Letter dated 16 February 1984 from the Permanent Representative of Iraq to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

On instructions from my Government, I have the honour to transmit herewith the military communiqué issued by the official Iraqi military authorities on the crossing of Iraq's international frontiers by the military aircraft of the Iranian régime and their attack on residential areas in the Governorates of Diyala, Maysan and Wasit, which left many dead and wounded.

I request that this letter and its annex be circulated as an official document of the thirty-eighth session of the General Assembly, under agenda item 138, and of the Security Council.
(Signed) Riyadh M. S. AL-QAYSI
Permanent Representative

## ANNEX

## Communique dated 15 February 1984 issued by the official <br> Iragi military authorities <br> In the name of God the Merciful, the Compassionate

At 7.14 a.m. today, two fighter aircraft of the Iranian enemy crossed our international frontiers into Diyala Governorate and attacked the residential districts of the town of Ra'quba. Our air defence offered resistance and forced them to flee. The enemy raid resulted in the death of 3 civilian citizens and the infliction of various wounds on 18 others.

As stated in communiqué No. 1373 of the Armed Forces General Command, dated 15 Februarv 1984, at 2.16 p.m. today, two enemy fighter aircraft attacked residential districts in Maysan Governorate, and two other aircraft attacked Wasit Governorate. Our air defence offered resistance and forced them to flee. The two enemy attacks resulted in the death of 14 civilian citizens and the infliction of various wounds on 31 others, including a number of women and children.

