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### **ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROPE**

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC COOPERATION AND INTEGRATION

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INVENTORY OF THE WORK OF INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS ON THE THEMES OF THE COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC COOPERATION AND INTEGRATION

Note by the secretariat

### Addendum

Strengthening Competitiveness by Promoting the Knowledge-Based Economy and Innovation

## Thematic area A: Strengthening competitiveness by promoting the knowledge-based economy and innovation A.1. Competitiveness

	Name of Programme	Brief description of work and specific focus	Geographical coverage	Types of outputs (publications, guidelines, training)	Recent main results / impact
European Union / Enterprise and Industry Directorate General	Competitiveness and Innovation (Lisbon Strategy)	carries out research and benchmarking to improve enterprise policy. This includes work on the commercialization of science and research.	States	Recommendations, studies, best practices.	Competitiveness and Economic Reforms, December 2005; "Competitiveness and Benchmarking", European Competitiveness Report, 2004; Industrial Policy and Economic Reforms Papers No 1: The new Lisbon Strategy - An estimation of the economic impact of reaching five Lisbon Targets, Report prepared for DG ENTR, January 2006. EU Industrial Location and Structure - Statistical indicators, DG ENTR/B/2.
European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD)	1	ECE emerging market economies. It carries out research and data collection useful for analysis of competitiveness	from Central, South, Eastern Europe, Caucasus and Central Asia		The Annual Report provides a review of the main financing activities. County Strategies describe priorities and rationale for the activities in each country.

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ECE/CECI/2006/4/Add.1 page 3

	Name of Programme	Brief description of work and specific focus	Geographical coverage	Types of outputs (publications, guidelines, training)	Recent main results / impact
Institute for Management Development (IMD)	The World Competitiveness Center	international competitiveness. It ranks	and regional economies	Annual publication.	IMD World Competitiveness Yearbook 2005.
Organisation for Economic Co- operation and Development (OECD)		labour markets, competition, the territorial dimension of competitiveness,	member States, in	Publications, seminars, policy dialogue, some training.	The OECD Bologna Ministerial Conference on "Enhancing SME Competitiveness"; Economic Policy Reforms: Going for Growth 2006, OECD Employment Outlook 2005, OECD Economic Outlook (published twice a year), Economic Surveys.
United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)		assists developing countries in promoting the competitiveness of their enterprises, including through mutually beneficial business linkages with transnational corporations and the development of domestic institutional capacity to promote enterprise development.	member States	Publications and research, intergovernmental meetings, capacity-building activities.	Public-private Sector Dialogue on Responsible Competitiveness, January 2006; The Expert Meeting on Enhancing Productive Capacity of Developing Country Firms through Internationalization, December 2005.

	Name of Programme	Brief description of work and specific focus	Geographical coverage	Types of outputs (publications, guidelines, training)	Recent main results / impact
United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)			member States	Publications and research, technical assistance.	Industrial Development Report 2005.
World Economic Forum (WEF)	Network and Global	ranks countries on the basis of their potential to achieve sustained economic growth, on an aggregated indicator that includes macroeconomic conditions, the quality of public institutions and technology issues. Also publishes reports with a regional and topical coverage, such as the Africa Competitiveness Report, the Arab World Competitiveness Report, The Lisbon Review and the Global Information Technology Report.		Publications, organization of conferences.	The Global Competitiveness Report 2005-2006, The Global Information Technology Report 2005-2006.
World Bank (WB)		carries out research in many fields relevant for competitiveness (see next table), and provides advice and financing for concrete projects to promote competitiveness, both at the global level and in specific sectors.		Publications, advice, workshops, training, financial support.	Course on the Knowledge-Based Growth and Competitiveness, 2005. Various country knowledge economy assessments, as part of competitiveness enhancement strategies. Country studies on building competitiveness.

## A.2. Innovation

	Name of Programme	Brief description of work and specific focus	Geographical coverage	Types of outputs (publications, guidelines, training)	Recent main results / impact
European Union/ Enterprise and Industry Directorate General		fosters the provision of benchmarking and indicators and the support for transnational policy cooperation. The Competitiveness and Innovation framework will be the main vehicle to stimulate innovation in the years ahead (2007-2013)	States plus some cooperation activities	studies, best practices, network building, provision of services to enterprises.	European Innovation Scoreboard; Innobarometer; Innovation and Public Procurement, 2005; The PAXIS Manual for Innovation Policy Makers and Practitioners; Europe INNOVA initiative to network innovation expertise; PRO INNO Europe Initiative to stimulate synergies among national and regional innovation initiatives.
Union (EU) with the EC and the EU		scientists of the NIS.	1	funding, dissemination of project results, network building, training.	INTAS Collaborative Call for Applications for Innovation Grants with National Innovation Fund of Kazakhstan 2006; INTAS Collaborative Call for Research Project Proposals with South-Caucasian Republics (Armenia, Azerbaijan & Georgia); Summer Schools for young scientists; Innovation Grants.

	Name of Programme	Brief description of work and specific focus	Geographical coverage	Types of outputs (publications, guidelines, training)	Recent main results / impact
Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)		,-	coverage of some non- members	Publications, seminars, policy dialogue, advice.	Innovation and Knowledge-Intensive Service Activities 2006; OECD Science, Technology and Industry (STI) Scoreboard 2005; Innovation Policy and Performance: A Cross-Country Comparison 2005; Science, Technology and Innovation for the 21st Century, Ministerial Level Meeting, 2004; Fostering Public -Private Partnerships for Innovation in Russia, 2004.
UN Commission on Science and Technology for Development (UNCSTD)		provides the General Assembly and the Economic and Social Council with high-level advice on relevant issues. It acts as a forum for:- examination of science and technology questions and their implications for development;- advancement of understanding on science and technology policies;- formulation of recommendations and guidelines on science and technology matters within the UN system.	UN member States	Policy dialogue, recommendations and guidelines.	2005-2006: "Bridging the Technology Gap between and within Nations"; 2004-2005:, "Science and technology promotion, advice and application for the achievement of the MDG".
Nations Conference	Transfer programme	carries out research on science, technology and innovation, including the compilation of indicators. It is also involved in capacity building activities, including the creation of networks of regional centres of excellence and conducting Science, Technology and Innovation Policy reviews.	States	Publications, research, intergovernmental meetings, capacity building activities.	Globalization of R&D and Developing Countries, 2005; World Investment Report 2005. Transnational Corporations and the Internationalization of R&D Investment and Technology Policies for Competitiveness, 2003.

page 7	ECE/C
	CECI/2006
	/4/Add.1

	Name of Programme	Brief description of work and specific focus	Geographical coverage	Types of outputs (publications, guidelines, training)	Recent main results / impact
United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)	Technology and Enterprise Development	performance, compiling indicators on	member	research, technical	Industrial Development Report 2005; UNIDO Platech, Platform on technology parks.
United Nations University (UNU)	MERIT research and training centre	focuses on the role of science, technology and innovation in fostering development and social welfare, with a particular emphasizes on the linking of national systems with international networks. It carries out research on these topics and conducts also workshops and training activities. Publications are often collaborative efforts that seek to increase capacity in developing countries.	States	studies, workshops, training, advice.	Training course "Design and Evaluation of Innovation Policy in Developing Countries"; Numerous working papers, policy briefs and books, including the periodicals UNU Policy Brief and Technology Policy Brief.
World Bank (WB)		carries out research, data collection, capacity-		advice, workshops, training, financial support.	Course on the Knowledge-Based Growth and Competitiveness, 2005. Various country knowledge economy assessments, as part of competitiveness enhancement strategies. Country studies on building competitiveness.

## A.3. Knowledge-based economy

	Name of Programme	Brief description of work and specific focus	Geographical coverage	Types of outputs (publications, guidelines, training)	Recent main results / impac t
European Union (EU)	Lisbon Agenda 2000 "i2010: European Information Society 2010" The two specific programmes in the CIP framework are: • Entrepreneurship and Innovation Programme; and • ICT Policy Support Programme	implements the Lisbon strategy, the objective of which is to make the region the most dynamic knowledge-based economy in the world by 2010. This involves a number of programmes and initiatives. The eEurope 2005 initiative, for example, targets the higher adoption of broadband. The EU has recently renewed its commitment to the Lisbon strategy in the form of the first "Competitiveness and Innovation framework Programme (CIP)" which will run from 2007 to 2013, with a budget of approximately EUR 3.6 billion.	EU member States	Recommendations, studies, conferences.	The European e-Skills Conference, September 2004; 3rd Ministerial eGovernment Conference, Dec. 2005; EU e-Learning Conference, July 2006; Conference and exhibition on the theme "ICT for an inclusive society", June 2006
International Chamber of Commerce (ICC)	Procuring ICTs		ICC represented countries	Publications, studies.	Procuring ICTs - toolkit for e-business, 2004.

page 9	ECE/CECI/2006/
	6/4/Add.1

	Name of Programme	Brief description of work and specific focus	Geographical coverage	Types of outputs (publications, guidelines, training)	Recent main results / impac t
International Telecommuni- cation Union (ITU)	E-Strategies - Empowering Initiatives	facilitates the development of interconnected networks to promote global connectivity. It works in technical and policy aspects of ICT, including issues related to the Internet and enhancement of security and trust in the use of public networks. It implements projects with multipurpose objectives, enhancing ICT literacy and building awareness on the potentials of ICTs. It also deals with other eservices related issues such as integrated broadband cable networks, television and sound transmission, multimedia services, systems and terminals, and others.	States		"World Information Society Report" with the "Digital Opportunity Index (DOI)" to track ICT diffusion, November 2005; ICT Regulation Toolkit; The Golden Book - a permanent record of the new commitments during the Tunis phase of the World Summit on the Inform ation Society (WSIS), 2005.
International Trade Centre (ITC)	E-Trade Bridge Programme for SMEs "e-Nabling SMEs"	equips SMEs with skills and tools to make them use "e" in trade and thus enhance their competitiveness and presence in global markets.	States	studies, workshops,	"Use-Divide" Workshop, March 2006, Chisinau, Rep. of Moldova; State of E-Business and Potential for Development in Kazakhstan, 2003; State of E-Business and Potential for Development in Kyrgyzstan, 2003.

	Name of Programme	Brief description of work and specific focus	Geographical coverage	Types of outputs (publications, guidelines, training)	Recent main results / impac t
for Economic	Computer and Communications Policy (ICCP)	to productivity and growth. It instigates a number of ICT policies and projects to promote the diffusion and development of ICT technologies in the public and private sectors, including projects on ICT policy, network	member	Publications, seminars, policy dialogue, training.	OECD Information Technology Outlook, OECD Comunications Outlook, OECD Science, Technology and Industry (STI) Scoreboard 2005, Guide to Measuring the Information Society 2005.
UN ICT Task Force	Global Alliance for ICT and Development	mainstreams and integrates ICT into the broader UN development agenda.	States	Publications, studies, guidelines, conferences, etc.	"Principles and Elements of a Global Alliance for ICT and Development"; "Harnessing the Potential of ICT for Education"
Economic and	networks through ICT access points for disadvantaged	promotes cooperation with all regional commissions, including UNECE, in strengthening the capacity of poor and disadvantaged communities, women in particular, for accessing business information.	UN member States		Project document is currently under final approval.

	Name of Programme	Brief description of work and specific focus	Geographical coverage	Types of outputs (publications, guidelines, training)	Recent main results / impac t
United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs / United Nations Development Account (UNDESA / UNDA)	policymaking	provides training, technical assistance and advisory services to policymakers from developing countries in designing comprehensive and sustainable ICT for development policies.  (Programme run in cooperation with all Regional Commissions)	UN member States	Regional training seminars on ICT policy making	Project document is currently under final approval.
United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs /	E-Government for Development: Capacity-building Initiative on ICT for Development	promotes the adoption of modern ICT in Public Administration as an effective tool to enhance Public Sector reform, with a specific focus on e-Accounting applications.	States	Publications, studies, guidelines, toolkits.	UN Global E-Government Readiness Report 2005; Compendium of Innovative E-government Practices 2005.
United Nations Conference on Trade and	1	undertakes policy-oriented work on the implications of ICT, internet and e-business technologies for developing countries and economies in transition. It promotes the application of ICTs in the tourism industry. It furthermore produces reports with a focus on developing countries.	UNCTAD member States	Publications, studies, guidelines, training courses, etc.	Information Economy Report, 2005; The Divital Divide: ICT Development Indices 2004; E-Commerce and Development Report 2004.

	Name of Programme	Brief description of work and specific focus	Geographical coverage	Types of outputs (publications, guidelines, training)	Recent main results / impac t
United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)	UNDP ICTD Initiatives	helps developing countries design strategic approaches to ICT for development (ICTD) and links it to Poverty Reduction Strategies. Through its regional and national offices, it promotes e-governance, e-democracy and provides assistance in the design and implementation of national ICT for development strategies.	UN member States		"Human Development Report 2004: Towards a Knowledge- based Economy"; Bridging the Gender Digital Divide, UNDP 2005
	Bratislava Regional Support Center for South East Europe eSEE (e-Southeastern Europe)	has promoted the diffusion of ICT in the region.	european	Publications, seminars, policy dialogue, training.	A Collection of Best Practices and Know -How in ICT for Development, UNDP BRC, April 2004.
United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)	SPECA Project Working Group (PWG) on ICT for Development	supports the transformation of the SPECA countries into knowledge-based economies through: (i) facilitating cooper ation on initiatives related to knowledge-based economy; (ii) supporting capacity-building activities and programmes; (iii) serving as a forum for discussion of issues on ICT for Development; and (iv) promoting the Public-Private Sector Partnership (PPP) and multistakeholder approach. (Jointly with UNESCAP)	SPECA member countries		Inaugural session of the SPECA Project Working Group on ICT for Development, Baku, Azerbaijan, 5-6 December 2005.
	ICT Access Points	will organize activities as a regional component of a global UNDA project on ICT Access Points, whose aim is to transform existing ICT access points located in disadvantaged communities into knowledge hubs of global networks. (Jointly with UNESCAP)	idem		In the process of approval.

	Name of Programme	Brief description of work and specific focus	Geographical coverage	Types of outputs (publications, guidelines, training)	Recent main results / impac t
United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)	Capacity-building on ICT policymaking	supports capacity-building on ICT policymaking for the SPECA member countries through organization of regional and national capacity-building seminars, as well as providing advisory services. Project is financed through a global UNDA project on "Capacity-building on ICT policy making" (Jointly with UNESCAP)	idem		First capacity-building seminar on ICT policymaking for the SPECA member countries, July 2006, Bishkek, Kyrgyzstan.
United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (UNESCAP)	e-Government	supports improved ICT application, ICT policy and space technology applications, providing assistance to its member states in planning and implementation of policies and programmes. Its activities include: e-government, rural ICT services and e-learning.	UNESCAP member States	Publications, advice, conferences, workshops, training.	Implementing e-Government, Report of the Regional Workshop, Bangkok, June 2004.
World Bank (WB)	Global Information & Communication & Technologies Department (GICT)  Information for Development programme (InfoDev)	provides advice and financing for specific projects to promote the knowledge based economy and innovation in developing countries. It promotes the diffusion of ICT to underserved areas through the use of mobile and fixed line services, advanced telephony such as broadband and through deregulation and liberalization of markets. It also encourages diffusion of special knowledge products and services for the purpose of development and poverty reduction through InfoDev.	WB member countries	Publications, advice, advisory workshops, training.	"Information and Communications for Development 2006: Global Trends and Policies", 2006; InfoDev - Linking Knowledge and Action in ICT for Development, Conference, June 2006.