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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS
OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE
STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General submits the following statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and the stage reached in their consideration on 10 September 1955.

1. The Iranian question (see S/3410).
2. Special agreements under Article 43 and the organization of the armed forces made available to the Security Council (see S/3410).
3. Rules of procedure of the Security Council (see S/3410).
4. Statute and rules of procedure of the Military Staff Committee (see S/3410).
5. The general regulation and reduction of armaments and information on the armed forces of the United Nations (see S/3410).
6. Appointment of a Governor for the Free Territory of Trieste (see S/3410).
7. The Egyptian question (see S/3410).
8. The Indonesian question (see S/3410).
9. Voting procedure in the Security Council (see S/3410).
10. Reports of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (see S/3410).
11. Applications for membership (see S/3410).
12. The Palestine question (see S/3410).

At its 700th meeting on 8 September 1955, the Security Council included in its agenda an item under the Palestine question entitled "Cessation of hostilities and measures to prevent further incidents in the Gaza area", which had been brought to its attention by the representatives of France, the United Kingdom and the United States of America in a letter dated 7 September (S/3432). The

representatives of Egypt and Israel were invited to participate in the discussion. The Council concluded consideration of the item at the same meeting by unanimously adopting a resolution (S/3435) which had been submitted by the three Powers with their letter of 7 September. According to the terms of this resolution, the Security Council, recalling its resolution of 30 March, having received the report of the Chief of Staff of the Truce Supervision Organization (S/3430), noting with grave concern the discontinuance of the talks initiated by the Chief of Staff in accordance with the resolution of 30 March, and deploring the recent outbreak of violence in the area along the demarcation line between Egypt and Israel: (1) noted with approval the acceptance by both parties of the appeal of the Chief of Staff for an unconditional cease-fire; (2) called upon both parties forthwith to take all steps necessary to bring about order and tranquility in the area, and in particular to desist from further acts of violence and to continue the cease-fire in full force and effect; (3) endorsed the view of the Chief of Staff that the armed forces of both parties should be clearly and effectively separated by measures such as those which he had proposed; (4) declared that freedom of movement must be afforded to United Nations Observers in the area to enable them to fulfill their functions; (5) called upon both parties to appoint representatives to meet with the Chief of Staff and to co-operate fully with him to those ends; and (6) requested the Chief of Staff to report to the Security Council on the action taken to carry out the resolution.

13. The India-Pakistan question (see S/3410).
14. The Czechoslovak question (see S/3410).
15. The question of the Free Territory of Trieste (see S/3410).
16. The Hyderabad question (see S/3410).
17. Identic notifications dated 29 September 1948 from the Governments of the French Republic, the United Kingdom and the United States of America to the Secretary-General (see S/3410).
18. International control of atomic energy (see S/3410).
19. Complaint of armed invasion of Taiwan (Formosa) (see S/3410).
20. Complaint of bombing by air forces of the territory of China (see S/3410).

21. Complaint of failure by the Iranian Government to comply with provisional measures indicated by the International Court of Justice in the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company case (see S/3410).
22. Question of an appeal to States to accede to and ratify the Geneva Protocol of 1925 for the prohibition of the use of bacterial weapons (see S/3410).
23. Question of a request for investigation of alleged bacterial warfare (see S/3410).
24. Letter dated 29 May 1954 from the acting permanent representative of Thailand to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/3410).
25. Cablegram dated 19 June 1954 from the Minister of External Relations of Guatemala addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/3410).
26. Letter dated 8 September 1954 from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/3410).
27. Letter dated 28 January 1955 from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of hostilities in the area of certain islands off the coast of the mainland of China. Letter dated 30 January 1955 from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of acts of aggression by the United States of America against the People's Republic of China in the area of Taiwan and other islands of China (see S/3410).

