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THE POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA:
REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON THE POLICIES OF APARTHEID
OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Pursuant to the decision taken by the Special Political Committee at its 692nd meeting on 2 October 1970, adopted at the suggestion of the representative of Somalia, the texts of relevant resolutions adopted by the Council of Ministers of the Organization of African Unity and by the Conference of Heads of State or Government of non-aligned countries held in Lusaka, Zambia, from 8 to 10 September 1970 are reproduced below:

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ORGANIZATION OF AFRICAN UNITY

Resolution on apartheid and racial discrimination

The Council of Ministers of the OAU, meeting in its Fifteenth Ordinary Session in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, from 24 to 31 August 1970,

Taking note of the report of the Administrative Secretary-General on apartheid and racial discrimination, contained in document CM/335,

Gravely concerned over the continued oppression of the people of South Africa and the intensification of the policies of apartheid,

Noting with indignation the brutal persecution and inhuman tortures of which African patriots are victims under the vicious "Terrorism Act",

Noting further the intensification of the military, economic and other activities of the South African racist régime with a view to extending its aggressive policies to neighbouring territories,

Noting further with grave concern the continued support given to the South African racist régime by NATO member States certain Western countries and Japan, as well as by international economic and financial interests, which enables it to pursue its policy of repression against African peoples,

Considering that more effective African and international action is required in order to support the oppressed people of Southern Africa in their legitimate liberation struggle.

1. Calls upon all freedom-loving peoples, States and organizations throughout the world to take more effective measures against the South African régime and those who support it, and to extend assistance to the oppressed peoples of Southern Africa;

2. Condemns the Governments and international economic and financial interests which collaborate with the South African regime and requests the Secretary General of OAU to continue to follow their activities and inform Member States thereof so that concrete measures can be taken to safeguard the legitimate interests of the African peoples;

3. Again commends the anti-apartheid movements and other organizations all over the world which support the African peoples in their liberation struggle and denounce all forms of collaboration with the Pretoria régime;

4. Expresses its earnest hope that the observance of the international Year of Action Against Racism and Racial Discrimination in 1971, proclaimed by the United Nations, will promote effective worldwide activities against apartheid and racial discrimination.

5. Instructs the Administrative Secretary-General of OAU, in consultation with Member States, to take appropriate measures to ensure maximum success in the observance of that event.

ORGANIZATION OF AFRICAN UNITY

Resolution regarding supply of arms to the racist régime of South Africa

The Council of Ministers of the OAU, meeting in its Fifteenth Ordinary Session in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, from 24 to 31 August 1970,

Having considered the question of the sales of arms to South Africa,

Gravely concerned by the continued and intended supply of arms of destruction to the oppressive and racist régime of South Africa by France, United Kingdom, West Germany and any other Government, in defiance of Security Council Resolutions 182 (1963), 183 (1963), 191 (1964), 282 (1960),

Convinced that this practice constitutes a serious threat to international Peace and Security,

Recognizing that the extensive arms build-up of the Military Forces of South Africa poses a real threat to the Security and Sovereignty of Independent African States,

1. UNANIMOUSLY CONDEMNS the actions of these States whether actual or intended;
2. DEPLORES the declared intention of the United Kingdom Government to resume the sale of arms to the oppressive and racist régime of South Africa and calls upon it not to proceed with its declared intention.
3. RECOMMENDS to the Seventh Session of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the OAU to write jointly, through its current Chairman, to the Heads of the Governments concerned, strongly deploring their action of selling arms to South Africa and requesting them to cease forthwith all actions contravening the resolutions of the Security Council relative to Southern Africa in the interest of international peace and security, the freedom and stability of area;
4. FURTHER RECOMMENDS that all Governments exert maximum pressure on those Governments supplying or intending to supply arms to South Africa in order to stop such sales or arms and to abide by all the resolutions of the United Nations Security Council on this subject;
5. RECOMMENDS also to the Assembly of Heads of State and Government to mandate a delegation of Foreign Ministers to prevail upon the Governments concerned to stop selling arms to South Africa and also to stop assisting in the manufacture of arms in South Africa;
6. RECOMMENDS that these States, some of which are permanent members of the Security Council of the United Nations, be reminded of their responsibility under the United Nations Charter for the maintenance of international peace and security so manifestly threatened by their action;
7. FURTHER RECOMMENDS that the OAU continue to follow up this issue in order to explore every possible effective counter measure, and that this item be maintained on the agenda of the Council of Ministers.

THIRD CONFERENCE OF HEADS OF STATE OR GOVERNMENT OF NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES
HELD IN LUSAKA, ZAMBIA, FROM 8 TO 10 SEPTEMBER 1970

Resolution on apartheid and racial discrimination

The Third Non-Aligned Summit Conference meeting in Lusaka, Zambia, from 8 to 10 September 1970.

Recalling the OAU resolution CM/Res.232 (XV) adopted by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government at its Seventh Ordinary Session, the Belgrade and Cairo Declarations, and the Lusaka Declarations on southern Africa;

Noting with profound concern that South Africa arrogantly continues to pursue the policy of racial discrimination and apartheid in flagrant violation of various United Nations resolutions on Human Rights and fundamental freedom, including the policies of racial discrimination and apartheid.

Determined to institute effective measures with a view to restoring the human rights and fundamental freedoms of the non-white and oppressed people of South Africa;

1. Fully endorses the OAU resolution CM/Res.232 (XV) adopted by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government at its Seventh Ordinary Session;
2. Reaffirms the legitimacy of the struggle of the oppressed people of South Africa against the policy of apartheid and racial discrimination in order to realize their human rights and fundamental freedoms;
3. Condemns any and every practice of torture, inhuman and degrading treatment of so-called "prisoners" and detainees in South African prisons;
4. Also condemns the continued presence of South African forces in Angola, Mozambique and Zimbabwe which poses a further and continuing threat to the human rights and fundamental freedom and demands their immediate and unconditional withdrawal;
5. Further condemns sections 10 and 29 of the General Law Amendment Act, 1969, concerning the Bureau of State Security (BOSS) which not only constitutes one of the most sinister documents in history but also contributes decisively towards making South Africa a complete police State and violates article II (1) of the Universal Declaration on Human Rights;
6. Condemns those countries, in particular the United States, France, the United Kingdom, the Federal Republic of Germany, Italy and Japan, which, by their political, economic and military collaboration with the Government of South Africa, encourage and incite that Government to persist in its racist policy;

7. Deplores the activities of the principal trading partners of South Africa, who, in defiance of appeals made by the OAU and the United Nations, have intensified their trade with, and increased their investments in South Africa, thus entrenching apartheid;

8. Strongly condemns those States which continue to sell military equipment to South Africa, or to help it produce arms and ammunitions, in violation of the resolutions of the General Assembly and the Security Council of the United Nations, and, in this regard, strongly deplores the declared intention of the United Kingdom Government to resume the sale of arms to South Africa.

9. Strongly urges the United Kingdom Government to re-consider forthwith its declared intention to resume the sale of arms of any description to the racist régime of South Africa;

10. Denounces South Africa's so-called "outward" looking foreign policy whose objective is to create by means of economic and financial pressures a buffer zone of puppet States on its borders in order to defend and entrench Apartheid and White Supremacy in Southern Africa;

11. Recommends to all Non-aligned countries to refrain from entering into diplomatic, economic or relations of any other nature with South Africa, and recommends to all such non-aligned countries as may be maintaining such relations with South Africa to break them forthwith;

12. Solemnly affirms the need for effective international action to bring an end to apartheid, thereby avoiding the turning of this part of the continent into a blood-soaked battlefield, with incalculable consequence for international peace and security;

13. Expresses full support for and solidarity with the oppressed people of South Africa struggling for freedom and calls upon all countries to extend their moral and material assistance to this struggle for human rights and fundamental freedoms;

14. Calls upon all non-aligned countries to contribute financially and materially to assist the peoples fighting against colonialism, racial discrimination and apartheid in Africa, through the Liberation Committee of the OAU.

15. Invites other States of the world to contribute to this cause.
