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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON  
MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED  
AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General wishes to submit the following statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and the stage reached in their consideration on 14 January 1956.

1. The Iranian question (see S/3410).
2. Special agreements under Article 43 and the organization of the armed forces made available to the Security Council (see S/3410).
3. Rules of procedure of the Security Council (see S/3410).
4. Statute and rules of procedure of the Military Staff Committee (see S/3410).
5. The general regulation and reduction of armaments and information on the armed forces of the United Nations (see S/3410).
6. Appointment of a Governor for the Free Territory of Trieste (see S/3410).
7. The Egyptian question (see S/3410).
8. The Indonesian question (see S/3410).
9. Voting procedure in the Security Council (see S/3410).
10. Reports of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (see S/3410).
11. Applications for membership (see S/3410, S/3507, S/3515 and S/3520).
12. The Palestine question (see S/3410, S/3436, S/3515 and S/3520).

In a letter dated 9 January 1956 (S/3528), the representative of the USSR requested the President, in accordance with rule 38 of the rules of procedure, to put to the vote the Syrian draft resolution, with the following amendments: "Delete operative paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 of the draft resolution and replace them by the following: (a) calls upon Israel to take all necessary measures to prevent such actions; and (b) warns Israel that any future recurrence of such actions will bring about a situation requiring

the Council to consider the question of the application of Article 39 of the United Nations Charter."

On 11 January, a French-United Kingdom and United States joint draft resolution (S/3530) was submitted, by the terms of which, among other things, the Council would condemn the attack of 11 December as a flagrant violation of the cease-fire provisions of its resolution of 15 July 1948, of the terms of the General Armistice Agreement between Israel and Syria, and of Israel's obligations under the Charter; express its grave concern at the failure of the Government of Israel to comply with its obligations; call upon Israel to do so in the future, in default of which the Council would have to consider what further measures were required to maintain or restore peace; and call upon both parties to co-operate with the Chief of Staff in this and all other respects to carry out the provisions of the General Armistice Agreement in good faith.

On 12 January, the representative of Iran submitted the following amendments to the three-power draft resolution (S/3532): (1) to delete the fourth paragraph of the preamble; (2) to delete operative paragraph 4 and replace it by a paragraph declaring that the commission of such actions in the future would constitute a breach of the peace within the meaning of Article 39 of the Charter, requiring consideration by the Council of the measures provided for in Chapter VII of the Charter; (3) to delete operative paragraph 5; (4) and to add a new paragraph to the effect that Israel should pay adequate compensation for the loss of and damage to life and property caused by the attack.

The Council held three meetings, the 710th and 711th on 12 January and the 712th meeting on 13 January.

13. The India-Pakistan question (see S/3410).
14. The Czechoslovak question (see S/3410).
15. The question of the Free Territory of Trieste (see S/3410).
16. The Hyderabad question (see S/3410).
17. Identic notifications dated 29 September 1948 from the Governments of the French Republic, the United Kingdom and the United States of America to the Secretary-General (see S/3410).

18. International control of atomic energy (see S/3410).
19. Complaint of armed invasion of Taiwan (Formosa) (see S/3410).
20. Complaint of bombing by air forces of the territory of China (see S/3410).
21. Complaint of failure by the Iranian Government to comply with provisional measures indicated by the International Court of Justice in the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company case (see S/3410).
22. Question of an appeal to States to accede to and ratify the Geneva Protocol of 1925 for the prohibition of the use of bacterial weapons (see S/3410).
23. Question of a request for investigation of alleged bacterial warfare (see S/3410).
24. Letter dated 29 May 1954 from the acting representative of Thailand to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/3410).
25. Cablegram dated 19 June 1954 from the Minister of External Relations of Guatemala addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/3410).
26. Letter dated 8 September 1954 from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/3410).
27. Letter dated 28 January 1955 from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of hostilities in the area of certain islands off the coast of the mainland of China. Letter dated 30 January 1955 from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of acts of aggression by the United States of America against the People's Republic of China in the area of Taiwan and other islands of China (see S/3410).

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