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Sixtieth session Second Committee Agenda item 73 (b) Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance: special economic assistance to individual countries or regions

Assistance for humanitarian relief and the economic and social rehabilitation of Somalia

Azerbaijan, Burkina Faso, Djibouti, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Mali, Somalia, Sudan and Syrian Arab Republic: draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 47/____ of 18 December 1992 and subsequent relevant resolutions, in particular resolutions 56/106 of 14 December 2001, 57/154 of 16 December 2002, 58/115 of 17 December 2003 and 59/218 of 22 December 2004,

Noting with serious concern the effects of the civil war in Somalia and in particular the destruction of the physical, economic and social infrastructure of Somalia,

Underlining the urgent need for the rehabilitation and reconstruction of the infrastructure,

Also underlining the urgency in rebuilding State institutions and in strengthening the capacity of those institutions,

Welcoming the successful conclusion of the peace process for Somalia, led by the Intergovernmental Authority on Development,

Deeply concerned that the collateral effects of drought continue to worsen, as evidenced by the high levels of malnutrition ranging from 19 to 22 per cent,

Noting with grave concern the effects of the 2004 tsunami which threatens the livelihoods and environment of the coastal population and has had a negative impact on the Somali economy,

Stresses in this regard the need for continued relief, livelihood assistance and equitable resource allocation to vulnerable communities, such as destitute pastoralists and internally displaced persons,

05-55499 (E) 171005 * **0555499*** *Concerned* that the prolonged illegal dumping of toxic and nuclear waste on the Somali coast will cause serious long-term effects on human health, that it poses a very serious environmental hazard, not only in Somalia but in the eastern Africa subregion, and that it is contrary to international law, infringing on the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Somalia,

Underlining the urgent need for humanitarian assistance, relief and reconstruction,

Noting the intrinsic link between the search for peace and reconciliation and the alleviation of the humanitarian crisis in Somalia,

Welcoming the continued focus of the United Nations, in partnership with the newly established Transitional Federal Government of Somalia,

Recalling the statements by the President of the Security Council of 31 October 2001¹ and 28 March 2002,² by which the Council condemned attacks on humanitarian personnel and called upon all parties in Somalia to respect fully the security and safety of personnel of the United Nations, the International Committee of the Red Cross and non-governmental organizations, and to guarantee their complete freedom of movement and access throughout Somalia,

Re-emphasizing the crucial importance of the further implementation of its resolutions 47/160, 56/106, 57/154, 58/115 and 59/218 to rehabilitate basic social and economic services throughout the country,

Taking note of the reports of the Secretary-General,³

1. *Expresses* its appreciation to the Secretary-General for his continued and tireless efforts to mobilize assistance for the Somali people, and welcomes the steps being taken to strengthen the capacity of the United Nations Political Office for Somalia and the appointment of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General;

2. *Welcomes* with great satisfaction the formation of the transitional federal institutions and their relocation to Somalia, urges further progress, and calls upon the Somali leaders to continue to work towards reconciliation, through dialogue and consensus-building within the framework of those institutions, in accordance with the transitional federal charter of the Somali Republic adopted in February 2004;

3. Urges, in that regard, the fundamental importance of donor countries, regional and subregional organizations continuing to contribute to the reconstruction and rehabilitation of Somalia, in particular through the mechanism of the rapid assistance programme and efforts coordinated by the United Nations;

4. *Also urges* the United Nations to continue the implementation of the relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction programmes for Somalia in line with the priorities established by the Transitional Federal Government of Somalia;

5. *Commends* the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, the funds and programmes of the United Nations as well as other humanitarian

¹ S/PRST/2001/30.

² S/PRST/2002/8.

³ A/58/133, S/2003/231, S/2003/636, S/2003/987, S/2004/115 and Corr.1, S/2004/469, S/2004/804, S/2005/89 and S/2005/392.

organizations for their response, especially during the wake of the 2004 tsunami, and underlines the urgent need for putting into place practical measures aimed at the alleviation of the consequences of the drought in the most affected areas in Somalia;

6. Urges all States and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations concerned to continue to implement further its resolutions 47/160, 56/106, 57/154, 58/115 and 59/218 in order to assist the transitional federal institutions in embarking on the rehabilitation of basic social and economic services, as well as institution-building aimed at the restoration of structures of civil governance at all levels in all parts of the country;

7. *Calls upon* on the international community to assist in conducting critical assessments of the environmental impacts of the tsunami-affected areas, drought and flood-affected areas and of toxic and other wastes, and in putting into place aggressive programmes focusing on short, medium, and long-term measures in the areas of institutional development, development of policy and legislation, land use and soil management, marine and coastal ecosystem management and disaster management (prevention, preparedness, assessment, response and mitigation);

8. *Also calls upon* the Secretary-General to continue to mobilize rapid international financial assistance and humanitarian, rehabilitation and reconstruction relief for the transitional federal institutions;

9. Urges the Somali parties to respect the security and safety of the personnel of the United Nations, the specialized agencies and non-governmental organizations and to guarantee their complete freedom of movement and safe access throughout Somalia;

10. Also urges the international community to support the need for peacebuilding measures and the speedy implementation of programmes for the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration of militias throughout Somalia in order to stabilize the entire country and thereby ensure the effectiveness of the Transitional Federal Government of Somalia;

11. *Calls upon* the international community to provide as a matter of urgency humanitarian assistance and relief to the transitional federal institutions to alleviate in particular the consequences of the civil war;

12. Also calls upon the international community to provide continuing and increased assistance in response to the 2004 Consolidated Inter-Agency Appeal for relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction assistance for Somalia;

13. *Commends* the Secretary-General for the establishment of the United Nations Trust Fund for Peacebuilding in Somalia, welcomes the contributions made thus far to the Fund, and appeals to Member States to contribute to it;

14. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in view of the critical situation in Somalia, to take all necessary and practicable measures for the implementation of the present resolution and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its sixty-first session.