UNITED NATIONS



Economic and Social Council

Distr. LIMITED

E/CN.4/Sub.2/2005/L.6 3 August 2005

Original: ENGLISH

COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS Sub-Commission on the Promotion and Protection of Human Rights Fifty-seventh session Agenda item 2

QUESTION OF THE VIOLATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS, INCLUDING POLICIES OF RACIAL DISCRIMINATION AND SEGREGATION, IN ALL COUNTRIES, WITH PARTICULAR REFERENCE TO COLONIAL AND OTHER DEPENDENT COUNTRIES AND TERRITORIES: REPORT OF THE SUB-COMMISSION UNDER COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS RESOLUTION 8 (XXIII)

Mr. Bíró, Ms. Chung, Mr. Decaux, Mr. Dos Santos, Ms. Hampson, Ms. Motoc, Ms. O'Connor, Mr. Pinheiro, Mr. Tuñón Veilles and Mr. Yokota: draft resolution

2005/... Attacks on persons entitled to protection as civilians

The Sub-Commission on the Promotion and Protection of Human Rights,

Guided by the Charter of the United Nations and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,

Mindful of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the Geneva Conventions, of 12 August 1949, and the Additional Protocols thereto of 8 June 1977,

Mindful also of the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court,

Noting Commission on Human Rights resolution 2005/63 of 20 April 2005 on protection of the human rights of civilians in armed conflicts,

Reaffirming that the intentional killing of persons entitled to protection as civilians is prohibited by customary international criminal law,

Stressing the importance of combating impunity for perpetrators of international crimes,

- 1. *Strongly emphasizes* that no ground, political, philosophical, religious or military, justifies attacks against persons entitled to protection as civilians;
- 2. *Confirms* that anyone who participates in an intentional attack against persons entitled to protection as civilians is guilty of an international crime;
- 3. *Confirms also* that anyone who attempts intentionally to attack persons entitled to protection as civilians is guilty of an international crime;
- 4. *Confirms further* that anyone who incites intentional attacks against persons entitled to protection as civilians is guilty of an international crime;
- 5. *Confirms* that anyone who knowingly finances an intentional attack or an attempted intentional attack on persons entitled to protection as civilians is guilty of an international crime;
- 6. *Decides* to consider this issue at its fifty-eighth session under the same agenda item.
