

UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY



Distr.

A/4475 S/4479 6 September 1960

.

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Fifteenth session

ELECTION OF MEMBERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE

CURRICULA VITAE OF CANDIDATES NOMINATED BY NATIONAL GROUPS FOR THE ELECTION OF FIVE MEMBERS OF THE COURT

Note by the Secretary-General

The Secretary-General has the honour to submit to the General Assembly and to the Security Council the <u>curricula vitae</u> of candidates nominated by national groups for the election, to be held during the fifteenth session of the General Assembly, to fill the five vacancies in the International Court of Justice which will occur on 5 February 1961. A list of the candidates nominated has been circulated previously in document A/4465-S/4474.

ARMAND-UGON - Enrique C. (Uruguay)

Ecrn at Colonia Voldense, Uruguay, 10 August 1893.

Education:

Bachelor in Arts and Sciences, 1912; Doctor in Law and Social Sciences, 1918.

Career:

Provincial attorney, 1918; Judge of Court of First Instance, 1920; member of the Council of the Faculty of Law and Social Sciences, 1929-1935; delegate of Uruguay to the twelfth ordinary session of the League of Nations, Geneva, 1931; member of the National Commissions for the drafting of the Codes of Procedure and Commerce, 1933; Judge in the Court of Appeal, 1938; delegate for the Lawyers of Uruguay to the second Inter-American Conference of Lawyers, Rio de Janeiro, 1943; Judge of the High Court of Justice, 1945-1951; Chairman of the delegation of Uruguay to the first part of the third session of the General Assembly of the United Nations, Paris, 1948; President of the High Court of Justice, 1949; delegate of Uruguay and Costa Rica to the first meeting of the Inter-American Council of Jurists, Rio de Janeiro, 1950; Chairman of the delegation of Uruguay to the fifth session of the General Assembly of the United Nations, 1950; member of the International Court of Justice since 1952.

BARROS JARPA - Ernesto (Chile)

Born at Chillan, Chile, 7 July 1894.

Education:

University of Chile, graduated in 1915.

Career:

Took up journalism, writing on international topics; entered the civil service as an official of the Directorate-General of Statistics; served as an official of

the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Under-Secretary, 1920, and Minister for Foreign Affairs, 1921; legal representative of Chile to the Tacna and Arica Plebiscite Commission; deputy, 1924; plenipotentiary in the mission to Brazil under the chairmanship of Mr. Jorge Matte; Minister of Finance and of the Interior, 1932; former President of the Compañía del Telégrafo Comercial, of the Mortgage Loan Fund and of the Compañía Chilena de Electricidad; Professor of Public International Law at the University of Chile; member of the Academy of History; representative of Chile at the Eighth Inter-American Conference, Lima, 1938, and at the Ninth Inter-American Conference, Bogota, 1948; attorney of the Amortization Fund; Minister for Foreign Affairs, 1942; Director of the Sociedad Constructora de Establecimientos Hospitalarios S.A. and Vice-President and President of the Central Chamber of Commerce; member of the Chilean Academy of History.

Publications:

La solución pacífica de los conflictos internacionales (1914); Hacia la solución (1922); Las Conferencias de Washington (1922); Defensa de Chile (1924); How Chile Has Met the Depression (1935); Homenaje al Profesor don José Guillermo Guerra (1936); El Barón de Río Branco (1941); Nuevos conceptos del orden internacional, especialmente en América (1941); Relaciones chilenas-bolivianas (1943); Esquemas, commentaries on courses in public international law (1945); La carta mundial (1945); La Segunda Independencia (1956).

BARTOS - Milan (Yugoslavia)

Born at Belgrade, Yugoslavia, 10 November 1901.

Education:

Graduated from the Law Faculty, University of Belgrade, 1924; received a Doctor of Laws degree from the University of Paris, 1927.

Career:

- (a) Academic: From 1928 to 1941 taught private international law at the University of Belgrade (Associate Professor, 1929, Visiting Professor, 1932, Professor, 1939); mobilized as a reserve officer in 1941 and from 1941 to 1945 was a prisoner of war; returned to the University of Belgrade, April, 1945, and has been Professor of Public International Law there since that time.
- (b) <u>Diplomatic</u>: Attended various conferences, including the following: International Conference on Military Trials, London, 1945; Council of Ministers for Foreign Affairs, London, 1945, Trieste, 1947 and Moscow, 1947; Conference on German Reparations, Paris, 1945; Peace Conferences, London and Paris, 1946; Committee of Governmental Postal Experts of the Universal Postal Union, New York, 1946; Danube Conference, Belgrade, 1948; and the United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea, Geneva, 1958; participated, as a delegate of Yugoslavia, in all the regular and special sessions of the General Assembly of the United Nations from January 1946 to November 1953; member of the United Nations Committee on the Progressive Development of International Law and its Codification, New York, 1947; elected to the United Nations International Law Commission, 1957.
- (c) <u>Legal</u>: Participated as an expert in the Serbian Loans Case before the Permanent Court of International Justice, 1928-1929; appeared before the International Court of Justice as the representative of Yugoslavia in the oral proceedings in the Case concerning admission of a State to the United Nations, 1948; member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration since 1945.
- (d) Governmental and other posts: Holds, or has held, the following posts in Yugoslavia: Director of the Institute for International Politics and Economics, 1947-1949; Chief Legal Adviser of the Secretariat of State for Foreign Affairs since 1953 with the rank of Ambassador since 1949; member of the Legal Council of the Legislative Commission of the Federal Executive Council since 1953; member of the Federal Supreme Legal Defence, from 1936 to 1941 and since 1952; member-correspondent of the Serbian Academy of Science; President of the Institute for Social Studies; member of the Council of the Institute for International Politics and Economics; member-correspondent of the Slovene Academy of Science, Ljubljana; President of the International Law Association from 1956 to 1958, and is at present a Vice-President thereof and President of the Yugoslav Branch; member of the Académie diplomatique, Paris.

Publications:

Author of many books, studies, articles and reviews in the field of international law, including a general treatise on international law of which three volumes were published in Belgrade between 1953-1959, and of which two further volumes are now being printed. Other published works include: Studies in Private International Law, Belgrade, (1932); The Legal Position of Aliens, Belgrade, (1955); The Law of Negotiable Instruments, Belgrade, (1954); A Brief Course in Public International Law, Belgrade, (1950); Introduction to Law (a textbook of the Legal Encyclopedia), Belgrade, (1950); Active Peaceful Coexistence of States, Belgrade, (1956); Development of the International Law of War, Belgrade, (1958); and A Study on Effective Reciprocity, Belgrade, (1954).

BUSTAMANTE Y RIVERO - José Luis (Peru)

Born at Arequipa, Peru, 15 January 1894.

Education:

Colegio de San José, Arequipa; University of San Agustín, Arequipa, advocate and Doctor of Laws, 1918; Doctor of Political and Economic Sciences, 1929; University of San Antonio Abad, Cuzco, Doctor of Philosophy, History and Letters, 1918.

Career:

- (a) Legal: member of the Arequipa Bar, 1918; member of the Cuzco Bar, 1918; member of the Puno Bar, 1926; member of the Lima Bar, 1926; engaged in legal practice in Arequipa and Cuzco, 1918-1934; substitute Judge and substitute Public Prosecutor, Superior Court of Arequipa, 1920-1934; engaged in legal practice in Lima since 1956; President of the Lima Ear Association, 1960-1961.
- (b) <u>Academic</u>: Acting Professor of American Archaeology and of Peruvian Social Geography, Faculty of Philosophy and Letters, University of Arequipa, 1921; Associate Professor of Modern Philosophy and Letters, University of Arequipa, 1921;

Associate Professor of Legal Procedure, Faculty of Law, University of Arequipa, 1927; Professor of Civil Law (Obligations and Contracts), Faculty of Law, University of Arequipa, 1930-1934; Associate Professor of Civil Law (Property, Family and Succession), Faculty of Law, University of Arequipa, 1931-1932.

- (c) <u>Diplomatic and official missions</u>: Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Bolivia, 1934-1938; Peruvian delegate to the eighth Inter-American Conference, Lima, 1938; Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Uruguay, 1939-1942; Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at the ceremony of inauguration of Marshal Félix Estigarribia as President of Paraguay, Asunción, 1939; Chairman of the Peruvian delegation to the second South American Congress of Jurists, Montevideo, 1939-1940, and Chairman of the Congress Jommittee on Private International Law; Peruvian observer at the Regional Conference of the River Plate Countries, Montevideo, 1941; Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Bolivia, 1942-1945; delegate of the Lima Bar Association to the Conference of the Inter-American Bar Association, Rio de Janeiro, 1943, and to the ninth Conference of the Inter-American Bar Association, Miami, 1959.
- (d) Membership in institutions: Member of the Peruvian Society of International Law; fellow of the National Academy of Law and Political Sciences, Lima, Peru; honorary member of the Inter-American Bar Association; member of the Francisco de Vitoria Institute of International Law, Madrid, Spain; founder member of the Hispano-Luso-Americano-Filipino Institute of International Law, Madrid, Spain; member of the Advisory Commission on Foreign Affairs, 1959; fellow of the Peruvian Academy; member of the Commission on Reform of Judicial Power, 1959.
- (e) Government and municipal appointments: Member of the Arequipa City Council, 1921-1923; Minister of Justice and Education, 1930-1931; President of the Republic, 1945-1948.

Publications:

Proyecto de ley de juzgados de paz, Arequipa, (1919); Organización y procedimientos de la justicia militar en el Perú, Arequipa, (1918); El Laudo Arbitral sobre Tacna y Arica, Arequipa, (1929); La teoría del abuso del Derecho, Arequipa, (1932); Las transformaciones del contrato civil, Arequipa, (1935); El Tratado de Derecho Civil internacional de 1940 de Montevideo, Buenos Aires,

Editorial Chiessino, (1942); Elogio de la abogacía - La actuación jurídicointernacional del Perú, Speech at the inauguration ceremony of the Fifth Conference of the Inter-American Bar Association, Lima, (1947); La ONU en el Palacio de Chaillot - Crónicas de la Asamblea General de Paris, 1951-1952, Madrid, (1952); Panamericanismo e Iberoamericanismo, Sevilla, (1953); La Sub-estimación del Derecho en el mundo moderno, Lima, (1954); La ONU ante el problema del Africa del Norte, Madrid, (1953); La ONU y los Territorios no independientes, Madrid, (1953); Comments on the Report of the Legal Experts on the Constitutional Status of Eritrea (prepared at the request of the United Nations High Commissioner for Eritrea, Mr. Anze Matienzo), Madrid, (1952), (not printed); La Conferencia de Ginebra - 6 articles, Geneva, (April-May, 1954); Las nuevas concepciones jurídicas sobre el alcance del mar territorial, Lima (1955); La Conferencia Regional Europea del Trabajo de 1955, Lima, (1958); La doctrina peruana sobre el mar territorial; El Comercio of Lima, (4 May 1959); La crisis universitaria, Cuzco, (1918); Ensayo biográfico sobre la ideología de don Francisco García Calderón, 1st edition: Arequipa, 1934, and 2nd edition: Paris, (1946); Una visión del Perú, Montevideo, (1941); Evocación, carácter y elogio de Arequipa, Montevideo, (1941); Tres años de lucha por la democracia en el Perú, Buenos Aires, (1949); La artesanía textil en el Perú, Sevilla, (1952); El VII centenario de la Universidad de Salamanca -Crónicas, Madrid, (1955); Mensaje al Perú, Lima, Imprenta Mercagraf, (1955); La Conferencia atómica de Ginebra - 7 articles, Geneva, (August-October 1955); El pensamiento y la obra de San Ignacio de Loyola en el campo religioso social y en el proceso de la cultura, Lima, (1957); Discurso de incorporación a la Academia peruana de la Lengua Correspondiente de la Real Academia Española, Lima, Editorial Villanueva, (1959); Las clases sociales en el Perú, Lima, Mercagraf, (1959).

> CASTRÉN - Erik (Finland)

Born at Helsinki, Finland, 20 March 1904.

Education:

Bachelor of Laws, 1926, and Doctor of Laws, 1938, University of Helsinki; also studied various questions of public international law at Paris, Geneva, Leipzig, Stockholm, Uppsala and Helsinki.

Career:

- (a) Diplomatic and legal: Attaché at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 1926; acting secrétaire de bureau at that Ministry, 1928; attaché at the Finnish legation in Paris, 1929-1930; Secretary of the delegation of Finland to the League of Nations Assembly, 1928; Secretary of the delegation of Finland to the Paris International Conference of 1929 on the treatment of aliens; Acting Judge of the ordinary court of first instance, 1927-1930; practised law in Helsinki, 1930-1939; delegate of the Finnish Red Cross to the Committee of Experts which met at Geneva in 1938 to prepare a draft convention on immunity of medical establishments in case of war; adviser to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 1939-1945; delegate of Finland to the Conference of Legal Experts of the "Oslo" States held at Oslo and Copenhagen, 1939; served as member and legal expert on various state commissions, 1940-1959; delegate of Finland to the joint Finnish-Soviet committee for the settlement of the Petsamo nickel mine question, Moscow, 1941; Finnish legal expert at the negotiations with Norway in Stockholm concerning the utilization of the water power of the Paatsjoki River, 1943; Procurator-General of the Prize-Court, 1943-1944; Secretary-General of the Committee of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on the preparation of peace negotiations, 1943-1944; legal expert at the armistice negotiations between Finland and the United Kingdom and the USSR, Moscow, 1944; Secretary from 1944 and Vice-President from 1947 of the Finnish section of the International Maritime Committee; Chairman of the Finnish delegation to the 1949 Geneva Diplomatic Conference for the Establishment of International Conventions for the Protection of Victims of War; Vice-President of the arbitral tribunal and of the mixed commission of the German Foreign Debt Agreement from 1954; member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration since 1954; member of the Permanent Finnish-Swedish Conciliation Board since 1957; member of the delegation of Finland to the eleventh and twelfth sessions of the United Nations General Assembly, 1956-1957; President of the arbitral tribunal in the dispute concerning the boundary between Ethiopia and the Trust Territory of Somaliland under Italian administration since 1958; Alternate Representative of Finland at the second United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea, Geneva, 1960.
- (b) Academic: Reader in international law, 1942-1945, acting Professor of International and Constitutional Law, 1944-1945, and Professor, 1945, University of Helsinki; attached to the Department of Political Science of the University of

Helsinki from 1945 and to the Abo Academy, 1946-1948; has delivered lectures on international law questions at various times since 1945 at universities in Sweden, Norway, Yugoslavia and Germany and at the Académie de droit international, The Hague; member of the Finnish Committee for Higher International Studies from 1946 and President thereof since 1952.

(c) Other posts and membership in institutions: Member of the Board and of the editorial staff of Nordisk Tidsskrift for International Ret from 1945 and Chief Editor, 1954-1956; member of the Council of the Finnish Red Cross since 1946; represented that organization at the Preliminary Conference of National Red Cross Societies at Geneva, 1946, the seventeenth Red Cross Conference at Stockholm, 1948; and the twenty-first session of the Board of Governors of the League of Red Cross Societies at Monte Carlo, 1950; member of the Board of the Finnish branch of the International Law Association from 1946 and member of its executive committee since 1951; member of the board, 1946-1956, Vice-President, 1951-1954, and President, 1954-1956, of the Finnish Association for Political Science; member of the American Society for International Law since 1946; Rapporteur at the second Conference of the International Bar Association on the determination of national status, held at The Hague, 1948; member and secretary of the Finnish section for preparing the third Conference of the Academy of Comparative Law, 1948-1950, and delegate of Finland to that Conference, London, 1950; President of the Finnish Association for World Federalism, 1949-1950; associate member of the Institute of International Law, 1950, and first Vice-President, 1959, member since 1956; member of the Finnish Academy of Sciences from 1951 and President of its section dealing with law and political science, 1955-1958; corresponding member of the Hellenic Institute of International and Foreign Law since 1952 and of the editorial board of the review Internationales Recht und Diplomatie since 1956; member of the Board of the Finnish United Nations Association since 1954; President of the Finnish Institute of Comparative Law, 1954-1956; and member of the Davies Memorial Institute of International Studies since 1958.

Publications:

Ilmasota (War in the Air): A study in international law (doctorate thesis), vol. I: Relations between Belligerents, (1938); Ilmasota (War in the Air): vol. II: Neutrality, (1939); Valtioiden velvollisuus vastaanottaa kansalaisiaan ja kansalaisuudettomia (The Obligation on States to admit their own nationals and

stateless persons), (1942), (A slightly abridged version of the same work appeared in 1943 in German in the review Zeitschrift für ausländisches öffentiliches Recht und Völkerrecht); Kansaivälinen oikeus (treaties on international law), (1947); Kansainvälinen oikeusseuraanto (State Succession), (1950); Aspects récents de la succession d'Etats (State Succession - recent aspects), Recueil des cours à l'Académie de droit international, The Hague (1951); The Present Law of War and Neutrality (1954); Suomen kansainvälinen oikeus (International Law in Finland), (1959); also author of numerous articles on legal and other periodicals.

FERNANDES - Raúl (Brazil)

Ecrn at Valença, Brazil, 24 October 1877.

Education:

Bachelor in Law, Faculty of Juridical and Social Sciences of Sao Paulo, 1898.

Career:

Member of the House of Representatives of Brazil from 1909 to 1922 and from 1933 to 1937; Majority leader, 1933; President of the State of Rio de Janeiro, 1923; General Counsellor to the Federal Government of Brazil, 1932; President of the Brazilian Bar Association, 1936; Minister of Foreign Relations, 1946-1951 and 1954-1955; delegate of Brazil to the Versailles Peace Conference, 1919; delegate of Brazil to the Assembly of the League of Nations, 1920, 1922, 1923 and 1925; member of the Committee of Jurists appointed to draft the Statute of the Permanent Court of International Justice, 1920; Ambassador to Belgium, 1926; Chairman of the Brazilian D Legation to the Inter-American Conference in Havana, Cuba, 1928; delegate to the Paris Peace Conference, 1946; Chairman of the Brazilian Delegation to the third session of the General Assembly of the United Nations, 1948; Chairman of the Brazilian delegation to the Inter-American Conference for the Maintenance of Continental Peace and Security, 1947; author of several juridical essays.

FLOR - Manuel Elicio (Ecuador)

Born at Riobamba, Ecuador, in 1894.

Education:

Central University of Quito, awarded a licentiate degree by the Faculty of Jurisprudence, passed the oral examination for the Doctorate of Law of the same Faculty; called to the Bar of the Republic after taking the Supreme Court of Justice examination in 1916.

Career:

- (a) <u>Public positions</u>: Counsellor of Legation, Rio de Janeiro; head of Diplomatic Mission (Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary) to the Government of Dr. Getulio Vargas, President of the United States of Brazil; legal adviser, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Quito; representative of the Republic of Ecuador at the International Red Cross Conference and the Conference on Technical Electrical Studies and Radio Communications at Rio de Janeiro, 1934; deputy for the province of Pichincha, Ecuador, in the National Congress of 1930; represented the same province as a deputy in the National Convention of 1938; second Vice-President of the National Convention of 1945; President of the Quito Provincial Court, three times President of the Supreme Court of the Republic; three times President of the Council of State; at various times a member of the Consultative Council of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; head of the Ecuadorian delegation to the Hispano-Luso-American Congress in Quito; at present, a judge of the Supreme Court of Justice of Ecuador; candidate for the Presidency of the Republic of Ecuador for the 1948-1952 term.
- (b) Academic: For seven years, titular professor of Roman Law at the Central University of Quito; also awarded the title of Honorary Professor; present Professor of Roman Law at the Catholic University of Ecuador.
- (c) <u>Journalism</u>: Has written for the daily press and for several reviews; member of staff of <u>El Fénix</u> and <u>El Ecuatoriano</u> under Colonel Ricardo Cornejo; editor of the daily paper <u>El Porvenir</u>, of Quito, and <u>El Republicano</u>, of Quito; member of staff of <u>El Comercio</u>, of Quito, 1921 to 1922.

Publications:

Thesis for the Doctorate of Jurisprudence in 1918, on <u>International Law of the Air; Pamphlet on International Communism; Lecture on Socialism; Lecture on Bolivar's Diplomacy; also author of numerous pamphlets on social and parliamentary matters, etc.</u>

GUGGENHEIM - Paul (Switzerland)

Born at Zurich, Switzerland, 15 September 1899.

Education:

Studied at the Universities of Geneva, Rome and Berlin; received Berlin doctorate in law, 1924.

Career:

- (a) Academic: Privat-docent at the University of Geneva, 1928; Assistant Professor in the Graduate Institute of International Studies, 1931, and Professor of Public International Law since 1941; holder of the ordinary Chair of public international law of the Faculty of Law of the University of Geneva since 1955; lectured at the Hague Academy of International Law in 1932, 1949, 1952 and 1958.
- (b) Legal: Member of the Institute of International Law and of the Permanent Court of Arbitration; Judge ad hoc on the International Court of Justice, chosen by the Principality of Liechtenstein in the Nottebohm Case, 1955; President of three arbitration tribunals between the Greek Government and private companies; member of the arbitration tribunal between the Swiss Confederation and the European Centre for Nuclear Research, 1957; agent of the Swiss Confederation to the Swiss-Italian Conciliation Cmmmission in a case concerning a dispute on property tax, 1956; co-agent in the Internandel Case before the International Court of Justice (Switzerland v. United States), 1957-1959; counsel to the Government of India in the case before the International Court of Justice concerning right of passage over Indian territory (Portugal v. India), 1955-1960; counsel to Honduras in the

case before the International Court of Justice concerning the arbitral award made by the King of Spain on 23 December 1906 (Honduras v. Nicaragua); member of the Panel of Experts, appointed by the Secretary-General of the United Nations in 1951, to define the international status of Eritrea and draft its constitution; third member of the Franco-Italian Conciliation Commission in a case concerning a dispute relating to compensation for goods requisitioned in Italian ports in Somaliland and Eritrea, 1960.

Publications:

Traité de droit international public (Vol. I, 1953; Vol. II, 1954); has published numerous other works and studies.

HACKWORTH - Green H. (United States of America)

Born at Prestonburg, Kentucky, U.S.A., 23 January 1883.

Education:

Educated at Valparaiso University and at Georgetown and George Washington Universities, Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Laws; Doctor of Laws of the Universities of Kentucky and of Valparaiso (honorary); member of the Bar of the District of Columbia and of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Career:

Legal adviser in the Department of State from August 1925 to March 1946; representative of the United States Government before the International Joint Commission, formed by the United States and Canada under the Boundary Water Treaty of 1909, 1923-1946; sent by the Department of State on a special mission to Lausanne and Madrid, 1923; United States delegate to The Hague Conference on the Codification of International Law, 1930, to the eighth Inter-American Conference, Lima, 1938, and to the eighth Scientific Congress of American States, Washington, 1940; adviser to the Secretary of State at the second meeting of Ministers of Foreign

Affairs, Havana, 1940; United States delegate to the Inter-American Maritime Conference, Washington, 1940; accompanied the Secretary of State to the Moscow Conference, 1943; member of the United States delegation at the Dumbarton Oaks Conference on international organization, Washington, 1944; adviser to the United States delegation at the Conference of American States on problems of war and peace, Mexico City, 1945; Chairman of the United Nations Committee of Jurists, Washington, 1945, to prepare a draft of the Statute of the International Court of Justice; adviser to the United States delegation at the United Nations Conference on International Organization, San Francisco, April-June 1945; senior adviser of the United States delegation at the first part of the first session of the General Assembly of the United Nations, London, 1946; member of the American Society of International Law, the American Bar Association and the Permanent Court of Arbitration; Judge of the International Court of Justice since 1946; President of the International Court of Justice, 1955-1958.

Publications:

Has contributed articles on international and constitutional law to various periodicals; author of a Digest of International Law, 8 volumes, (1944).

JESSUP - Philip C. (United States of America)

Born at New York City, New York, 5 January 1897.

Education and honorary degrees:

Bachelor of Arts, Hamilton College, 1919, Doctor of Laws, 1937; Bachelor of Laws, Yale University, 1924; Master of Arts, Columbia University, 1924, Doctor of Philosophy, 1927; Doctor of Laws, Western Reserve University, 1941, Brown University, 1949, Rutgers University, 1950, Seoul National University, 1950, Middlebury College, 1950; Doctor of Civil Law, Colgate University, 1950, and Union College, 1951; Doctor of Literature, University of Hanoi, 1950; Doctor of Jurisprudence, Oslo University, 1946; Doctor honoris causa, University of Paris, 1948.

Career:

Admitted to the District of Columbia Bar, 1925, and the New York Bar, 1927; member of the law firm of Parke and Duryea, 1927-1943; lecturer in international law, Columbia University, 1925-1927, Assistant Professor, 1927-1929, Associate Professor 1929-1935, Professor, 1935-1946; Hamilton Fish Professor of International Law and Diplomacy since 1946; has served as legal adviser to Federal Government officers in numerous instances, 1924-1953, at international conferences, embassies, and to United States delegations to the United Nations; United States representative to the sessions of the United Nations General Assembly, 1948-1952; Ambassador-at-Large, 1949-1953; trustee of Hamilton College and of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace; Vice-President, Institut de droit international, 1959; associate, Rockefeller Foundation, 1960; supervising editor of Columbia University Studies in History, Economics and Public Law, 1929-1933; member of the boards of editors of the American Journal of International Law, World Politics and International Organization.

Publications:

Elihu Root, (1938); A Modern Law of Nations, (1948); Transnational Law, (1956); (with Howard J. Taubenfeld) Controls for Outer Space and the Antarctic Analogy, (1959).

KAECKENBEECK - Georges (Belgium)

Born at Brussels, Belgium, 30 May 1892.

Education:

Studies at the Universities of Brussels and Oxford; Doctor of Civil Law, University of Oxford.

Career:

Member of the Legal Section of the Secretariat of the League of Nations, 1919-1922; Chairman of the German-Polish Arbitration Tribunal of Upper Silesia,

A/4475 S/4479 English Page 16

1922-1937; Professor of International Law at the Institut Universitaire de hautes études internationales, Geneva, 1937-1938; also Professor at the Academy of International Law, The Hague; during the war, jurisconsult at the Belgian Ministry of Foreign Affairs in London; since 1945, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary first-class; head of the Department of Peace Conferences and International Organization at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Brussels, 1945-1949; Secretary-General of the International Authority for the Ruhr, 1949-1953; Chairman of the United Nations Special Advisory Board, New York, 1955-1957; Chairman of the Conference on the Status of Forces in Germany, 1955-1959; among other things, was the Belgian delegate to the Peace Conference (Paris) and to several sessions of the United Nations General Assembly (London, New York and Paris); represented Belgium at the Paris Conference on Reparations, the last session of the Assembly of the League of Nations at Geneva and before the International Court of Justice, etc.; member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration; member of the Norwegian-Swiss Permanent Conciliation Commission; member of the Franco-German Arbitration Tribunal for the Saar; member of the Institute of International Law.

Publications:

International Rivers, Sweet and Maxwell, London, (1918); The International Experiment of Upper Silesia, Oxford University Press, (1942); La protection internationale des droits acquis, Sirey, Paris, (1937); Le règlement conventionnel des conséquences de remaniements territoriaux, Polygraphique, Zurich, (194C); De la guerre à la paix, Naville, Geneva, (1940); La Charte de San Francisco dans ses rapports avec le droit international, Sirey, Paris, (1947).

KLAESTAD - Helge
 (Norway)

Born 6 December 1885.

Education:

Doctor juris, Oslo University.

Career:

Legal Adviser to the Reparation Commission, Austrian Section, Vienna, 1920-1921; President of the Anglo-German Mixed Arbitral Tribunal, London, 1925-1931; sole arbitrator between Germany and the British Empire (Treaty of Versailles. articles 297 and 298, annex, para. 4), London, 1926-1929; sole arbitrator between Austria and the British Empire (Treaty of Saint-Germain, articles 249 and 250, annex, para. 4), London, 1927-1931; Judge of the Supreme Court of Norway, 1931-1946; member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration since 1929; sole arbitrator between the British Empire and Hungary (Treaty of Trianon, ariicles 232 and 233, annex, para. 4), London, 1929-1931; appointed member of the Permanent Commission of Conciliation and Arbitration between Norway and Poland, 1930, Joint Commissioner of the Permanent Commission of Conciliation between the United States of America and Italy, 1931, and member of the Permanent Commission of Conciliation between Germany and Luxembourg, 1931; associate of the Institute of International Law: member of the Norwegian Academy of Sciences and Letters; author of various books and treatises on legal subjects; Judge of the International Court of Justice since 1946; President of the Court since 1958.

KOJEVNIKOV - Feodor Ivanovich (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics)

Born at Smolensk, USSR, 15 June 1903.

Education:

Studied at the Faculty of Law of the University of Moscow, 1926-1927; Doctor of Law.

Career:

Formerly Professor of International Law in the University of Moscow and twice Dean of the Faculty of Law of that University; served as a people's juryman of the Supreme Court of the USSR; President of the legal section of the Society for Cultural Relations of the USSR and Foreign Countries and a member of the Committee

A/4475 S/4479 English Page 18

of experts in legal science at the Ministry of Culture of the USSR; member of the International Law Commission of the United Nations, 1952-1953; has participated in many international conferences on culture and jurisprudence; Judge of the International Court of Justice since November 1953.

Publications:

Author of numerous publications in the field of international law and a member of the editorial committee of the journal The Soviet State and Law, a publication of the Institute of Law at the Academy of Science of the USSR.

KORETSKY - Vladimir M. (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics)

Born at Dnepropetrovsk, USSR, 1890.

Education:

Studied at the universities of Moscow and Kharkov; Professor, since 1920, Kharkov and Tashkent.

Career:

Member of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian SSR since 1948, Kiev; author of more than fifty works and articles on public and private international law and on general history of States and the law; legal adviser to Soviet delegations to the first, second and fourth sessions of the United Nations General Assembly, the Security Council, 1946, the Council of Foreign Ministers and the Paris Peace Conference; representative of the USSR in the Committee on the Progressive Development of International Law and its Codification, 1947, and the Commission on Human Rights, 1947; member of the International Law Commission 1949-1951; participant in the United Nations Conference on the Abolition of Slavery, 1956, and the Geneva Conferences on the Law of the Sea, 1958 and 1960;

member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration since 1957, and of the Polish-Norwegian Arbitration Commission, since 1959; participant in the meeting of Political Scientists on Peaceful Co-operation and International Understanding, UNESCO, 1957; Vice-Chairman of the Soviet International Law Association.

MATINE-DAFTARY - Ahmad (Iran)

Born at Teheran, Iran, 24 January 1897.

Education:

Universities of Teheran, Paris, Lausanne and Berlin. Received training in the courts and tribunals of Paris, Geneva and Berlin.

Career:

- (a) <u>Political</u>: Minister of Justice, 1936-1959; Prime Minister, 1939-1940; Member of Parliament, 1947-1949; Senator of Teheran since 1950; Chairman of the Senate Justice Committee.
- (b) <u>Diplomatic</u>: Director of the Treaty and League of Nations Department; legal adviser to Iranian delegation to the League of Nations, 1928-1930.
- (c) <u>Legal</u>: Counsellor at the Teheran High Court, Director-General of the Ministry of Justice.
- (d) <u>Legislative work</u>: Active part in the preparation of several draft codes and international conventions, <u>inter alia</u>, the Civil Code (especially the part concerning private international law), the Code of Civil Procedure, the Penal Code, etc.; participated in the preparation of the United Nations Charter as Chairman of the Commission set up to study the amendments proposed by Iran to the Dumbarton Oaks proposals.
- (e) <u>Present positions</u>: Professor at the Faculty of Law, University of Teheran, since 1935 (public international law, penal law and criminal procedure); member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration since 1937; Chairman of the Iranian

1

A/4475 S/4479 English Page 20

National Group of the International Congress on Comparative Law; member of the Iranian Academy since 1938; member of the National UNESCO Committee; member of the United Nations International Law Commission.

Publications:

La suppression des capitulations en Ferse (Paris, 1930); Traité de procédure civile et commerciale (2 vols.); Société des Nations; Indépendance économique de la Ferse; Etatisme économique en Iran; Précis de droit international privé; and compilation of lectures on different aspects of the United Nations.

MORELLI - Gaetano (Italy)

Born at Crotone, Italy, 23 May 1900.

Education:

Doctor of Law, University of Rome, 1921.

Career:

Lecturer on international law, University of Urbino, 1927-1932; Associate Professor of International Law at the University of Mcdena, 1932-1933, and at the University of Padua, 1933-1935; Professor of International Law at the University of Naples, 1935-1951, and at the University of Rome, 1951-1956; since 1956, Professor in the Faculty of Law, University of Rome; member of the Central Committee for Higher Education, 1951-1958; lectured at the Academy of International Law at The Hague, 1937, on the general theory of international judicial proceedings and, 1956, on the general rules of public international law; associate member of the Institut de droit international, 1951-1958, and member since 1959; Judge ad hoc on the International Court of Justice in the Monetary Gold Case, 1954; expert on the Italian delegation to the Capitulations Conference, Montreux, 1937; Italian delegate to the seventh Conference on Private

International Law, The Hague, 1951; since 1950, member of the Switzerland-Luxembourg Permanent Conciliation Commission; since 1955, member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration; since 1956, member of the Italian National Commission for UNESCO; Legal Adviser to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

Fublications:

Co-editor, with Perassi and Ago, of the Rivista di diritto internazionale; co-editor, with Balladore Pallieri and Quadri of the Trattato di diritto internazionale; author of many works on public and private international law. including: La sentenza internazionale (1931); Il diritto processuale civile internazionale (the first edition of this work, published in 1938 in the Trattato di diritto internazionale, edited by Fedozzi and Romano, was awarded the Chiovenda Prize and was translated into Spanish in 1953; the second (revised) edition, published in 1954, is included in the new Trattato di diritto internazionale, edited by Balladore Pallieri, Morelli and Quadri); Lezioni di diritto internazionale privato (second edition, 1943); Nozioni di diritto internazionale (third edition, 1952, fourth edition, 1955, fifth edition, 1958); Considerazioni sulla soluzione giudiziaria delle controversie internazionali (in the second volume of Comunicazioni e Studi of the Institute of International Law of the University of Milan, 1946); Estinzione e soluzione di controversie internazionali (in the third volume of the same publication, 1950); Elementi di diritto internazionale privato italiano (third edition, 1952, fourth edition, 1955, sixth edition, 1959); also author of numerous articles in legal periodicals.

NISCT - Joseph (Belgium)

Born at Charleroi, Belgium, 11 July 1894.

Education:

Legal studies at the universities of Ghent, Cambridge, Geneva, Freiburg and Harvard; Doctor of Laws.

A/4475 S/4479 English Page 22

Career:

Associate legal adviser to the Belgian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 1919-1922; one of the legal advisers of the Secretariat of the League of Nations, 1922-1940; Rapporteur of the Harvard Research in International Law, Harvard Law School, 1940-1942; legal adviser to the Belgian Embassy in New York, 1942-1945: represented Belgium at various international conferences and meetings: U.N.R.R.A., 1943, 1944 and 1946; International Labour Conference, Philadelphia, 1944; Bretton Woods Conference, 1944; Civil Aviation Conference, Chicago, 1944; Food and Agriculture Conference, Quebec, 1945; United Nations Committee of Jurists, Washington, 1946; and the United Nations Conference on International Organization, San Francisco, 1945; Counsellor and subsequently Minister Plenipotentiary at the Belgian Embassy, Washington, 1945-1946; Alternate and later Permanent Representative of Belgium to the United Nations, 1946-1960; Rapporteur, 1949, and Vice-President, 1954, of the Special Political Committee of the General Assembly; President of the Credentials Committee of the General Assembly, 1950; Rapporteur of the Interim Committee of the General Assembly, 1950 and 1958; President of the Security Council, 1956; President of the Disarmament Commission, 1958; Rapporteur of the ad hoc Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Cuter Space, 1959; legal consultant to the Permanent Mission of Belgium to the European Headquarters of the United Nations since 1960; author of various studies in international law.

PAL - Radhabinod (India)

Born in January 1886.

Education:

University of Calcutta, Master of Laws, 1920, Doctor of Laws, 1924.

Career:

Advocate in the High Court of Calcutta, 1921; Tagore Professor of Law, University of Calcutta, 1925, 1930 and 1938; Joint President of the International Academy of Comparative Law, 1937; member of the International Law Association since 1937; Judge of the High Court of Calcutta, 1941-1943; Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta, 1944-1946; Judge of the International Military Tribunal for the Far East, 1946-1948; member of the International Law Commission since 1952, and Chairman of the Commission, 1958; appointed National Professor of Jurisprudence by the Government of India, 1959.

Publications:

The Hindu Philosophy of Law in the Vedic and Post-Vedic Times prior to the Institutes of Manu, (1924); The History of Primogeniture with Special Reference to India, Ancient and Modern, (1929); The Law of Limitation in British India, (1933); The Law of Income Tax in British India, 1939.

PETRÉN - Sture (Sweden)

Born at Stockholm, Sweden, 3 October 1908.

Education:

Swedish law degree at Lund University, 1930, and degree in the humanities, 1932.

Career:

Served on various law courts, 1933-1943; Associate Judge, Court of Appeals, Stockholm, 1943; Director, Legal Department, Ministry of Foreign Affairs since 1949, with the personal rank of Ambassador since 1957; legal adviser to the Swedish delegation to the United Nations General Assembly, 1948-1959; legal

adviser to the Swedish representative in the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe since 1949; alternate Vice-President of the Swedish Labour Court since 1950; member of the Administrative Tribunal of the United Nations since 1952; member of the European Commission of Human Rights since May 1954; member of the Board of the Institute for Studies in History of Law since 1947; Assistant Professor, Stockholm University of Economics, since 1950; member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration since 1955; President of the Arbitral Tribunal constituted to settle the dispute between the Governments of France and Spain regarding Lake Lanoux; various other functions and duties with respect to legal matters.

SAPENA PASTOR - Raúl (Paraguay)

Born at Asunción, Paraguay, 9 October 1908.

Education:

Doctor of Law and Social Sciences.

Career:

Present posts:

- (a) <u>Diplomatic and legal</u>: Minister of Foreign Affairs; member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration since 1945; Paraguayan representative on the Inter-American Council of Jurists since its foundation; Vice-Chairman and Acting Chairman of the National Commission for the Codification of International Law.
- (b) <u>Academic</u>: Titular Professor of Private International Law at the School of Law and Social Sciences; Professor of Public International Law at the Escuela Superior de Guerra (Military Academy).
- (c) <u>Member of the following international bodies</u>: The Instituto Hispano-Luso-Americano de Derecho International (American Hispano-Portuguese Institute

of International Law); the Institute f International Law of Argentina; the American Society of International Law.

Past activities:

- (a) <u>Legal</u>: Member of the Supreme Court of Justice of Paraguay; Presiding Judge of the Civil and Commercial Appeals Court; Attorney-General of Paraguay; Judge of first instance in civil cases; Judge of first instance in criminal cases; Legal Counsel of the Comisión Nacional Demarcadora de Límites (National Boundaries Commission); Adviser of the Institute of Social Insurance.
- (b) Diplomatic missions: Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Government of the Republic of Argentina, 1948-1949; Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Government of Bolivia, 1941, and to Uruguay, 1942-1944; plenipotentiary delegate to the Rivera Conference, Uruguay; plenipotentiary delegate to the Conference of the countries of the River Plata Basin, 1940; plenipotentiary delegate to the Second Conference on Private International Law, Montevideo, 1938; plenipotentiary delegate and head of the Paraguayan delegation to the second Conference on Private International Law, Montevideo, 1941; Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary on Special Mission to the Inter-American Conference for the Maintenance of Continental Peace and Security, Rio de Janeiro, 1947; representative on the Emergency Committee for the Political Defence of the Continent; representative on the Inter-American Council of Jurists at its first, second and third sessions in 1950, 1953 and 1956 respectively; delegate to the Fourth Inter-American Conference of Social Security, Mexico City, 1952; plenipotentiary delegate to the tenth Inter-American Conference; member of the delegation of Uruguay to the ninth session of the United Nations General Assembly; Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Government of Brazil; Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary on special mission to the Government of Brazil for the inauguration of the President, 1956; member of the Presidential suite at the Meeting of the Presidents of the American Republics, Panama, 1956; Ambassador Extraordinary and Flenipotentiary on Special Mission to the Government of Peru, to the Government of Bolivia and to the Government of Ecuador, 1956; member of the Presidential

suite during the visit of the President to Chile, 1956; member of the Presidential suite at the meeting between the Presidents of Paraguay and Brazil, Foz de Iguazú, October 1956; Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary on special mission to the Government of Nicaragua, 1957; member of the Presidential suite visiting Venezuela, 1957; head of the Paraguayan delegation to the twelfth session of the United Nations General Assembly and a Vice-President of that session; member of the Presidential suite visiting Brazil, September 1957; member of the Presidential suite visiting Bolivia, April 1958; Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary on special mission to the Government of Argentina, May 1958.

- (c) <u>Ministry of Foreign Affairs</u>: Member of the Advisory Committee of the Inter-American Conference on Problems of War and Peace, Chapultepec, 1945; legal adviser of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; adviser of the National Boundaries Commission.
- (d) <u>Administrative</u>: Counsellor of State, 1947-1948; President of the Bank of Paraguay; Director of the Bank of the Republic of Paraguay; Secretary of the Ministry of Economic Affairs; member of the Economic and Financial Co-ordinating Board, of the Budget Commission, and of the Floating Debt Liquidation Board; Adviser of the Institute of Social Insurance.
- (a) Academic: Rector of the University of Paraguay, 1954-1955; Dean of the School of Law and Social Sciences; member of the Executive Council of the School of Law and Social Sciences; Professor of Public International Law at the School of Law and Social Sciences; Professor of Private International Law and Consular Law at the School of Economics; Professor of Political Economy at the School of Law and Social Sciences; Professor of Political Economy at Goethe College; Professor of World History at the National College; Professor of Modern and Contemporary History at the International College; Professor of Mediaeval History at Goethe College; head of the Delegation of University Professors and Students to the summer courses at Montevideo, 1937.

Publications:

La vocación hereditaria en las sucesiones intestadas, (1937); Conferencia Internacionales Americanas (100 articles published in La Tribuna, Asunción, 1937-1938); Los contratos par correspondencia ante el derecho internacional privado,

Buenos Aires, (1944); <u>Derecho internacional privado</u>, Buenos Aires, (1944), vol. 1; <u>Statement of the Laws of Paraguay</u>, official publication of the Pan-American Union, (1953); and numerous other works.

SØRENSEN - Max (Denmark)

Born at Copenhagen, Denmark, 1913.

Education:

Studied law in the University of Copenhagen and the Graduate Institute for International Studies, Geneva.

Career:

In the Danish Foreign Service, 1938-1947; Professor of International, Constitutional and Administrative Law in the University of Aarhus since 1947; legal adviser to the Danish Ministry for Foreign Affairs since 1956; member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration and of the German-Swiss and Swedish-Austrian Commissions of Conciliation; member of the European Commission of Human Rights and of the Committee of Experts for the application of conventions and recommendations of the International Labour Organisation; Associate of the Institut de droit international; Danish representative in the Commission on Human Rights of the United Nations, 1949-1951; member of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, and elected chairman of its sixth to eighth sessions, 1954-1956; Danish representative in the Committee on International Criminal Jurisdiction, 1951, and elected Rapporteur of the Committee; head of the Danish delegations to the first and second United Nations Conferences on the Law of the Sea, 1958 and 1960; lectured at the Hague Academy of International Law, 1952 and 1960.

Publications:

Les sources du droit international; Etude sur la jurisprudence de la Cour permanente de Justice internationale, (1946); Fundamentals of International Organization (in Danish), (1952); Denmark and the United Nations, 1956; also author of numerous articles in legal and other periodicals.

TANAKA - Kotaro (Japan)

Born at Kagoshima, Kyushu, Japan, on 25 October 1890.

Education and honorary degrees:

Graduated from Tokyo Imperial University, Faculty of Law, 1915; Doctor of Law, 1929; Doctor honoris causa, Catholic University of Chile, 1939; Fordham University, 1950; Georgetown University, 1950; Boston College, 1950; University of Rome, 1956; Seton Hall University, 1957; University of Brazil, 1957; University of Maryland, 1960; and University of Notre Dame, 1960.

Career:

(a) Academic: Assistant Frofessor of Tokyo Imperial University, specializing in commercial law, 1917; sent by the Government to study commercial law in the United States, France, Italy, etc., 1919-1922; Professor of the Faculty of Law, Tokyo Imperial University, 1922-1946; invited by the Instituto del Medio ed Extremo Oriente as exchange professor, Italy, 1936, and lectured on commercial law and the philosophy of law in Rome, Milan, Venice, Paris, Lyons, Lille and Louvain; Dean of the Faculty of Law, Tokyo Imperial University, 1937-1939; at the invitation of cultural associations and universities in Brazil and Argentina, lectured on commercial law and the philosophy of law at the universities of Rio de Janeiro, Sao Paulo, Buenos Aires, La Plata, Santiago, Peru, Panama and Mexico, 1939; given the title of Professor Emeritus of Tokyo

University, 1948; lecturer to the Crown Prince, since 1951, and Princess, since 1959.

- (b) Membership in institutions: How ary member of the Sociedad de Geografía y Estadistica of Mexico, 1939; honorary member of the Academia de Jurisprudencia of Mexico, 1939; honorary member of the Institute of the Brazilian Bar, 1939; member of the Imperial Academy of Japan, 1941; President of the Association of Legal Philosophy, 1948; member of the editorial committee of the magazine Kokoro, 1948; President of the Italo-Japanese Society, 1950; President of the Spanish-Japanese Cultural Society, 1950; corresponding member of the Pan American Union, Washington, 1951; member of the Advisory Board of the Institute of Far Eastern Studies, Seton Hall University, 1951; President of the Japanese Maritime Law Association, 1952; honorary member of the American Bar Association, 1953; member of the International Commission of Jurists, 1958; honorary member of the Société italienne de la philosophie du droit, 1958; President of the Société franco-japonaise de science juridique, 1958.
- (c) <u>Legal and governmental</u>: Director of the School Education Bureau of the Ministry of Education, 1945; appointed member of the House of Peers (Upper House), 1946; Minister of Education in the Yoshida Cabinet, May 1946-January 1947; elected member of the House of Councillors (Upper House) and Chairman of the Education Committee, May 1947-March 1950; collaborated in the preparation of government legislation in the field of commercial law; engaged in the practice of law, particularly commercial law, since May 1947; Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Japan, since 1950.

TROLLE - Jørgen (Denmark)

Born at Copenhagen, Denmark, 1905.

Education:

Graduated in law at the University of Copenhagen, 1928; Doctor of Laws honoris causa, University of Copenhagen, 1959.

A/4475 S/4479 English Page 30

Career:

Entered the service of the Ministry of Justice, 1929; Secretary, Commission on the law of succession, 1936-1946; public prosecutor for Copenhagen, 1941; committee member of the Juridical Association, 1941; committee member of the Association of Danish Criminologists, 1942-1956; delegate to the International Military Tribunal, Nürnberg, 1945-1946, to assist the French prosecutors; High Court Judge, 1950; Supreme Court Judge, 1954; Danish delegate to the working group on arbitration of the Economic Commission for Europe, 1955.

Publications:

Seven Months Without the Police; Procedure in Criminal Cases; Risk and Guilt.

TUNKIN - Grigory I. (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics)

Born in the Arkhangelsk region, USSR, 13 October 1906.

Education:

Graduate of the Institute of Law, Moscow, 1935; post graduate course at the same Institute, 1935-1938.

Career:

Scientific collaborator at the Institute of Law of the Academy of Science of the USSR, 1938-1939; entered diplomatic service in 1939; Chief of the Legal Department of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs since 1952; took part in many international conferences as counsellor, member or head of Soviet delegations, head of the USSR delegation at the Geneva Conference; on the Law of the Sea of 1958 and 1960; holder of the chair of the theory and history of State and law at the Academy of Law of the USSR, 1939-1940; holder of the chair of international

law at the Institute of Law, Moscow, 1948-1954; Professor of international law at Moscow University since 1954; member of the International Law Commission; President of the Soviet Association of International Law; co-editor of the periodical Soviet State and Law.

Publications:

The Parliamentary Reform of 1832 in England, Uchenye Zapisky, Moscow Institute of Law, (1940); Constitutional Problems in China, Soviet State and Law, (1946), No. 8-9; International Protection of Human Rights, ibid., (1948), No. 7; Soviet Definition of Aggression in the United Nations, ibid., (1953), No. 2-3; The Paris Agreements and International Law, ibid., (1955), No. 2; Some Problems of International Treaty Law in Connexion with the Treaty of Warsaw, ibid., (1956), No. 1; Peaceful Coexistence and International Law, ibid., (1956), No. 7; The Problem of the Representation of China in the United Nations, International Affairs, (1956), No. 10; Peaceful Cooperation or "Intermediate Status", New Times, (1956), No. 25; Fundamentals of Contemporary International Law, Moscow, (1956); Some New Developments in the Law of Diplomatic Privileges and Immunities, International Affairs, (1957), No. 12; Socialist Internationalism and International Law, New Times, (1957), No. 51; The Problem of Diplomatic Immunities at the ninth session of the International Law Commission, Soviet State and Law, (1957), No. 12; The Geneva Conference on the Law of the Sea, International Affairs, (1958), No. 7.

ZAFRULLA KHAN - Sir Muhammad (Pakistan)

Born 6 February 1893.

Education:

Bachelor of Arts (Honours), Punjab University, 1911; Bachelor of Laws (First Class Honours), University of London, 1914; Barrister-at-Law, Lincoln's Inn, London, 1914.

A/4475 S/4479 English Page 32

Career:

Practised as Advocate of the Lahore High Court, 1914-1935; member of the Punjab Legislative Assembly, 1927-1935; delegate to the Round Table Conferences on Indian Reforms, London, 1930, 1931 and 1932; Minister of Education, Health and Lands, India, 1932; delegate to the Joint Select Committee of both Houses of Parliament on Indian Constitutional Reforms, London, 1935; Minister of Railways and Commerce, India, 1935-1938; Minister of Commerce, Industries and Labour, India, 1938-1939; Minister of Law and War Supply, India, 1939-1941; leader of the Indian delegation to the Assembly of the League of Nations, December 1939; Judge, Supreme Court of India, 1941-1947; India's Minister to China on deputation from the Supreme Court, 1942; constitutional adviser to His Highness the Ruler of Bhopal, June 1947-December 1947; Minister of Foreign Affairs, Pakistan, December 1947-October 1954; leader of the Pakistan delegation to sessions of the United Nations General Assembly, 1947-1954; Vice-President, United Nations General Assembly, 1949; Judge of the International Court of Justice since October 1954; Vice-President of the International Court of Justice since April 1958.

Honorary degrees, etc.

Doctor of Laws honoris causa, Cambridge, 1937; Honorary Fellow of King's College, London; Honorary Bencher of the Honourable Society of Lincoln's Inn, London.

