UNITED NATIONS

SECURITY COUNCIL



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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General wishes to submit the following statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration on 6 June 1964.

- 1. The Iranian question (see S/4098)
- 2. Special agreements under Article 43 and the organization of the armed forces to be made available to the Security Council (see S/4098)
- 3. Rules of procedure of the Security Council (see S/4098)
- 4. Statute and rules of procedure of the Military Staff Committee (see S/4098)
- 5. The general regulation and reduction of armaments and information on the armed forces of the United Nations (see S/4098)
- 6. Appointment of a governor for the Free Territory of Trieste (see S/4098)
- 7. The Egyptian question (see S/4098)
- 8. The Indonesian question (see S/4098)
- 9. Voting procedure in the Security Council (see S/4098)
- 10. Reports on the strategic Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands pursuant to the resolution of the Security Council of 7 March 1949 (see S/4098)
- 11. Applications for membership (see \$/4098, \$/4220, \$/4528, \$/4546, \$/4550, \$/4562, \$/4956, \$/4970, \$/5012, \$/5037, \$/5151, \$/5168, \$/5175, \$/5184, \$/5513 and \$/5489)
- 12. The Palestine question (see S/4098, S/4140, S/4220, S/4786, S/4794, S/5106, S/5112, S/5114, S/5402, S/5414 and S/5421)
- 13. The India-Pakistan question (see S/4098, S/5076, S/5119, S/5120, S/5133, S/5136, S/5535, S/5548, S/5560, S/5620, S/5690, S/5707 and S/5716)
- 14. The Czechoslovak question (see S/4098)

- 15. The question of the Free Territory of Trieste (see S/4098)
- 16. The Hyderabad question (see S/4098)
- 17. Identic notifications dated 29 September 1948 from the Governments of the French Republic, the United Kingdom and the United States of America to the Secretary-General (see S/4098)
- 18. International control of atomic energy (see S/4098)
- 19. Complaint of armed invasion of Taiwan (Formosa) (see S/4098)
- 20. Complaint of bombing by air forces of the Territory of China (see S/4098)
- 21. Complaint of failure by the Iranian Government to comply with provisional measures indicated by the International Court of Justice in the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company case (see S/4098)
- 22. Question of an appeal to States to accede to and ratify the Geneva Protocol of 1925 for the prohibition of the use of bacterial weapons (see S/4098)
- 23. Question of a request for investigation of alleged bacterial warfare (see S/4098)
- 24. Letter dated 29 May 1954 from the acting representative of Thailand to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/4098)
- 25. Cablegram dated 19 June 1954 from the Minister of External Relations of Guatemala addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/4098)
- 26. Letter dated 8 September 1954 from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/4098)
- 27. Letter dated 28 January 1955 from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of hostilities in the area of certain islands off the coast of the mainland of China. Letter dated 20 January 1955 from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of acts of aggression by the United States of America against the People's Republic of China in the area of Taiwan and other islands of China (see S/4098)
- 28. Situation created by the unilateral action of the Egyptian Government in bringing to an end the system of international operation of the Suez Canal, which was confirmed and completed by the Suez Canal Convention of 1888 (see S/4098)

- 29. Action against Egypt by some Powers, particularly France and the United Kingdom, which constitute a danger to international reace and security and are serious violations of the Charter of the United Nations (see S/4098)
- 30. The situation in Hungary (see S/4098)
- 31. Military assistance rendered by the Egyptian Government to the rebels in Algeria (see S/4098)
- 32. Letter dated 30 October 1956 from the representative of Egypt addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/4098)
- 33. Letter dated 13 February 1958 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia to the President of the Security Council concerning: "Complaint by Tunisia in respect of an act of aggression committed against it by France on 8 February 1958 at Saket-Sidi-Youssef" (see S/4098)
- 34. Letter dated 14 February 1958 from the Permanent Representative of France to the President of the Security Council concerning: "Situation resulting from the aid furnished by Tunisia to rebels enabling them to conduct operations from the Tunisian territory directed against the integrity of French territory and the safety of persons and property of French nations" (see S/4098)
- 35. Letter dated 20 February 1958 from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General (see S/4098)
- 36. Complaint of the representative of the USSR in a letter to the President of the Security Council dated 18 April 1958 entitled: "Urgent measures to put an end to flights by United States military aircraft with atomic and hydrogen bombs in the direction of the frontiers of the Soviet Union" (see S/4098)
- 37. Letter dated 29 May 1958 from the representative of Tunisia to the President of the Security Council concerning: "Complaint by Tunisia in respect to acts of armed aggression committed against it since 19 May 1958 by the French military forces stationed in its territory and in Algeria" (see S/4098)
- 38. Letter dated 29 May 1958 from the representative of France to the President of the Security Council concerning: (a) "The complaint brought by France against Tunisia on 14 February 1958" (see item 34 above); and (b) "The situation arising out of the disruption by Tunisia, of the modus vivendi which had been established since February 1958 with regard to the stationing of French troops at certain points in Tunisian territory" (see S/4098)

- 39. Letter dated 17 July 1958 from the representative of Jordan addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning: "Complaint of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan of interference in its domestic affairs by the United Arab Republic" (see S/4098)
- 40. Report by the Secretary-General of the letter received from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Royal Government of Laos, transmitted by a note from the permanent mission of Laos to the United Nations, 4 September 1959 (see S/4220)
- 41. Letter dated 25 March 1960 from the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Ceylon, Ethiopia, Federation of Malaya, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Republic and Yemen addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/4528)
- 42. Cable dated 18 May 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/4528)
- 43. Letter dated 23 May 1960 from the representatives of Argentina, Ceylon, Ecuador and Tunisia addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/4528)
- 44. Letter dated 15 June 1960 from the representative of Argentina addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/4528)
- 45. Letter dated 13 July 1960 from the Secretary-General of the United Nations to the President of the Security Council (see S/4528 and Corr.1, S/4596, S/4600, S/4631, S/4670, S/4696, S/4737, S/4754, S/4900, S/5008 and S/5076)
- 46. Letter dated 11 July 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/4528)
- 47. Letter dated 31 December 1960 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the Minister for External Affairs of Cuba (see S/4617)
- 48. Letter dated 20 February 1961 from the representative of Liberia addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/4738 and S/4772)

- 49. Letter dated 26 May 1961 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Cyprus, Dahomey, Ethiopia, Federation of Malaya, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Nepal, Nigeria, Pakistan, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Togo, Tunisia, United Arab Republic, Upper Volta, Yemen and Yugoslavia (see S/4837)
- 50. Complaint by Kuwait in respect of the situation arising from the threat by Iraq to the territorial independence of Kuwait, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security (\$\sigma \frac{4845}{845}\$ and \$\sigma \frac{4844}{844}\$). Complaint by the Government of the Republic of Iraq in respect of the situation arising out of the armed threat by the United Kingdom to the independence and security of Iraq, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security (\$\sigma \frac{4847}{858}\$)
- 51. Telegram dated 20 July 1961 addressed to the President of the Security
 Council by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of
 Tunisia (S/4861). Letter dated 20 July 1961 from the Permanent Representative
 of Tunisia addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4862)
 (see S/4867 and S/4907)
- 52. Letter dated 21 November 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/5008 and S/5012)
- 53. Letter dated 18 December 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Portugal addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/5042)
- 54. Letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 23 October 1962 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/5201)
- 55. Letter dated 10 April 1963 from the Chargé d'Affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Senegal addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/5291 and S/5296)

- 56. Telegram dated 5 May 1963 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Haiti to the President of the Security Council (see S/5313)
- 57. Reports by the Secretary-General to the Security Council concerning developments relating to Yemen (see S/5334)
- 58. Letter dated 11 July 1963 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Algeria, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tanganyika, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Republic and Upper Volta (S/5347) (see S/5377, S/5385, S/5476 and S/5485)
- 59. Letter dated 11 July 1963 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Algeria, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tanganyika, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Republic and Upper Volta (\$/5348) (see \$/5377, \$/5385, \$/5392, \$/5468 and \$/5476)
- 60. Letter dated 2 August 1963 from the representatives of Ghana, Guinea, Morocco and the United Arab Republic addressed to the President of the Security Council (\$/5382); and letter dated 30 August 1963 from the Chargé d'Affaires of the Permanent Mission of the Congo (Brazzaville) addressed to the President of the Security Council on behalf of the representatives of Algeria, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tanganyika, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda and Upper Volta (\$/5409) (see \$/5429)
- 61. Letter dated 26 December 1963 from the Permanent Representative of Cyprus addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/5500, S/5560, S/5570, S/5585 and S/5604)
- 62. Letter dated 10 January 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Panama addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/5513)

- 63. Letter dated 1 April 1964 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Yemen, Chargé d'Affaires a.i. addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/5645 and S/5654)
- 64. Complaint concerning acts of aggression against the territory and civilian population of Cambodia (see S/5716 and S/5732)

At its 1125th and 1126th meetings, held on 3 and 4 June 1964, the Security Council continued its consideration of the question. A draft resolution was submitted by the Ivory Coast and Morocco (S/5735) on 2 June, under the operative paragraphs of which the Security Council would (1) deplore the incidents caused by the penetration of units of the Army of the Republic of Viet-Nam into Cambodian territory; (2) request that just and fair compensation should be offered to the Royal Government of Cambodia; (3) invite those responsible to take all appropriate measures to prevent any further vilation of the Cambodian frontier; (4) request all States and Authorities and in particular the members of the Geneva Conference to recognize and respect Cambodia's neutrality and territorial integrity; and (5) decide to send three of its members to the two countries and to the places where the most recent incidents had occurred in order to consider such measures as might prevent any recurrence of such incidents. The draft resolution further provided that they would report to the Council within forty-five days.

At the 1126th meeting on 4 June, the Security Council proceeded to vote on the joint draft resolution. Operative paragraph 5 was voted upon separately at the request of the USSR and was adopted by 9 votes to none, with 2 abstentions (Czechoslovakia and USSR). The draft resolution as a whole was adopted unanimously (see S/5741).

On 5 June, the President announced (S/5749) that as a result of consultation with the members of the Council, he had appointed Brazil, the Ivory Coast and Morocco to carry out the mission decided upon in paragraph 5 of the resolution adopted at the 1126th meeting.

