

UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY



Distr. LIMITED

A/C.2/34/L.31 9 November 1979

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH .

Thirty-fourth session SECOND COMMITTEE Agenda item 57

UNITED NATIONS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION

India: draft resolution*

Industrial development co-operation and the Third General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization

The General Assembly,

<u>Recalling</u> its resolutions 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974 containing the Declaration and the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, 3281 (XXIX) of 12 December 1974 containing the Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of States, and 3362 (S-VII) of 16 September 1975 on development and international economic co-operation,

<u>Recalling also</u> the Lima Declaration and Plan of Action on Industrial Development and Co-operation, 1/ adopted at the Second General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Crganization, which established the main measures and principles for industrial development and co-operation within the framework of the establishment of the new international economic order,

<u>Conscious</u> of the role of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization as the central organ within the United Nations system for the negotiation, promotion and co-ordination of industrial development co-operation, and for the early implementation of the measures and the attainment of the targets contained in the Lima Declaration and Plan of Action, including, in particular, raising the share of developing countries to at least 25 per cent of the total world industrial production by the end of the century,

^{*} The draft resolution is submitted by the delegation of India on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations which are members of the Group of 77.

^{1/} See A/10112, chap. IV.

A/C.2/34/L.31 English Page 2

<u>Further recalling</u> its resolutions 33/77 and 33/78 of 15 December 1978 on the Third General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization and industrial development co-operation respectively, and 33/193 of 29 January 1979 on preparations for the international development strategy for the third United Nations development decade,

<u>Bearing in mind</u> that the rapid industrialization of developing countries constitutes an indispensable element and a dynamic instrument of the sustained self-reliant growth of their economies and of their social transformation,

<u>Further bearing in mind</u> that the restructuring of the world economy in the context of the establishment of the new international economic order requires the restructuring of world industry taking fully into account the capacities and potential of the developing countries,

<u>Emphasizing</u> the role of redeployment of industrial capacities as a form of international industrial co-operation, including resource and technology transfers aimed at establishing and strengthening the productive capacities of developing countries with a view to stimulating their economies, taking into account their potential to develop their national resources in conformity with their development objectives and the need to increase correspondingly their share in world industrial production,

<u>Affirming</u> the need to promote the further development of collective self-reliance among developing countries as an essential element in their economic and industrial transformation,

<u>Recognizing</u> the need for, <u>inter alia</u>, a massive transfer of financial resources to developing countries, mainly official development assistance transfers, as well as for improved terms of trade, enhanced capital investment, the development and transfer of technology and development of conventional and non-conventional energy, in order to provide the necessary dynamic stimulus to their industrialization,

<u>Further recomizing</u> the close complementarity that exists, in developing countries, between the industrial and rural sectors, and the necessity, for the optimal utilization of the national resources of these countries, of promoting endogenous industrialization through the use of appropriate technology,

1. <u>Takes note with appreciation</u> of the preparations now under way for the Third General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, as contained in the report of the Executive Director of the organization; <u>2</u>/

2. <u>Urges</u> the Covernments of all Member States to participate actively in the Third General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, to be held at New Delhi from 21 January to 8 February 1980, to review the progress rade and the obstacles encountered in the implementation of the Lima Declaration and Plan of Action on Industrial Development and Co-operation 1/ and to adopt appropriate policies and concrete programmes for the development of a strategy for

<u>2/</u> E/1979/82.

A/C.2/34/L.31 English Page 3

further industrialization as an indispensable element of the development process in the 1980s and beyond;

3. <u>Recommends</u> that the Conference should, <u>inter alia</u>, decide on concrete measures for:

(a) <u>Accelerating</u> the implementation of measures for the industrial development of developing countries, particularly those contained in the Lima Declaration and Plan of Action;

(b) <u>Providing</u> a major substantive input, in the field of industrialization, for the international development strategy for the third United Nations development decade;

(c) <u>Restructuring</u> world industrial production in order to establish a more equitable international division of labour, through <u>inter alia</u>, the redeployment of industry to developing countries, the expansion and strengthening of the industrial capacities of developing countries and the promotion of domestic industrial processing of the natural resources of developing countries;

(d) <u>Supporting</u> the restructuring of world industrial production through a range of preferential measures of trade liberalization by developed countries in favour of developing countries, relating essentially to increased access to their markets and the elimination of protectionist policies, as well as through stable pricing policies and the elimination of restrictive business practices;

(e) <u>Providing</u> on a massive scale the financing required for the industrial development of developing countries through the strengthening of existing funds such as the United Nations Industrial Development Fund and, as required, through other stages towards this end

(f) <u>Urging</u> the setting up of a long-term facility in the World Bank for financing the purchase of capital goods by developing countries;

(g) <u>Promoting</u> measures and policies to develop and strengthen the technological infrastructure of developing countries, taking into account their endogenous capacity as well as the need for the transfer of technology to them on equitable terms;

(h) <u>Strengthening</u> programmes that would lead to the maximum vertical processing of agricultural and mineral commodities and the development of agro-based and agro-related industries within developing countries;

(i) <u>Developing</u> manpower training in the developing countries, in particular for women and youth, according to national requirements for industrial development;

4. <u>Invites</u> the Conference to decide on the mechanisms and institutions that need to be strengthened or established within the United Nations Industrial Development Organization for the implementation of its decisions, taking into A/C.2/34/L.31 English Page 4

account the recommendations and proposals contained in the document "Industry 2000 - New Perspectives", $\underline{3}/$

5. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General and the Executive Director of the United Nations Industrial Development Creanization, in the light of the creanization's experience in developing technical assistance programmes for the least developed as well as land-locked and developing island countries, such as solidarity meetings organized by it to expand and develop the present programmes into a permanent activity of the organization.

6. Decides that the system of consultations within the United Nations Industrial Development Organization should be developed, strengthened and made action-oriented, and should give effect to the dynamic comparative advantage and development objectives of developing countries, and be established on a permanent basis. with the carticipation of represent tives of Governments in all delegations, in order to contribute more effectively to the achievement of the objectives and targets set out in the Lima Declaration and Flan of Action.

7. <u>Stresses</u> that the co-operative programme of action on appropriate industrial technology being undertaken by the United Nations Industrial Development Organization should be implemented in full accordance with the development priorities and needs of developing countries;

8. <u>Requests</u> that the Industrial Development Field Advisers programme be strengthened and extended;

9. Invites all States that have not yet done so to take early steps to sign and ratify, accept or approve the Constitution of the United Hations Industrial Development Organization, $\frac{1}{2}$ adopted on 8 April 1970 at the second session of the United Nations Conference on the Establishment of the United Hations Industrial Development Organization as a Specialized Agency.

10. <u>Urres</u> all countries, in particular the developed countries, to contribute to the United Nations Industrial Development Fund or to raise their contributions, taking into account the need for maximum flexibility, with a view to reaching the agreed desirable funding level of at least 50 million dollars annually;

11. <u>Urges further</u> developed countries and international financial institutions, including the World Bank, to respond adequately to requests by developing countries for financial resources on favourable terms through programme and project loans in the industry sector;

12. Emphasizes that industrialization should receive a due chare of the

<u>3</u>/ ID/CONF.4/3.

^{4/} A/CONF.90/19.

resources transferred to developing countries from developed countries and international institutions, taking into account the development priorities of developing countries;

13. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General and the Executive Director of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization to ensure that the necessary arrangements, including the requisite financial provisions, are made for the conclusion of national, regional and interregional preparations for the Third General Conference, including arrangements for interregional and other meetings in the later stage of the preparatory process for the Conference;

14. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General to ensure that the necessary arrangements are made for the effective participation in the Conference of the representatives of the least developed countries, including the requisite financial provisions for the travel expenses and per diem of two representatives from each of these countries.
