



# General Assembly

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## Fifty-ninth session Third Committee

Agenda item 105 (a)

### Human rights questions: implementation of human rights instruments

**Algeria, Angola, Bangladesh, Belarus, Cuba, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Eritrea, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Mauritania, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Syrian Arab Republic and Viet Nam: draft resolution**

### **Equitable geographical distribution in the membership of the human rights treaty bodies**

*The General Assembly,*

*Recalling* its resolution 56/146 of 19 December 2001,

*Reaffirming* the importance of the goal of universal ratification of the United Nations human rights instruments,

*Welcoming* the significant increase in the number of ratifications of United Nations human rights instruments, which has especially contributed to their universality,

*Reiterating* the importance of the effective functioning of treaty bodies established pursuant to United Nations human rights instruments for the full and effective implementation of those instruments,

*Recalling* that, with regard to the election of the members of the human rights treaty bodies, the Commission on Human Rights and the General Assembly have recognized the importance of giving consideration in their membership to equitable geographical distribution, gender balance and representation of the principal legal systems, and of bearing in mind that the members shall be elected and shall serve in their personal capacity, and shall be of high moral character, acknowledged impartiality and recognized competence in the field of human rights,

*Reaffirming* the significance of national and regional particularities and various historical, cultural and religious backgrounds, as well as of different political, economic and legal systems,

*Recognizing* that the United Nations pursues multilingualism as a means of promoting, protecting and preserving diversity of languages and cultures globally and that genuine multilingualism promotes unity in diversity and international understanding,

*Recalling also* that the Commission on Human Rights and the General Assembly have encouraged States parties to United Nations human rights treaties, individually and through meetings of States parties, to consider how to give better effect, inter alia, to the principle of equitable geographical distribution in the membership of treaty bodies,

*Expressing concern* at the regional imbalance in the current composition of the membership of some of the human rights treaty bodies,

*Noting* in particular that the status quo tends to be particularly detrimental to the election of experts from some regional groups,

*Convinced* that the goal of equitable geographical distribution in the membership of human rights treaty bodies is perfectly compatible and can be fully realized and achieved in harmony with the need to ensure gender balance and the representation of the principal legal systems in those bodies and the high moral character, acknowledged impartiality and recognized competence in the field of human rights of their members,

1. *Encourages* States parties to the United Nations human rights instruments to adopt concrete actions, inter alia, the possible establishment of quota distribution systems by geographical region for the election of the members of the treaty bodies, thereby ensuring the paramount objective of equitable geographical distribution in the membership of those human rights bodies;

2. *Calls upon* the States parties to the United Nations human rights instruments to include, as an agenda item at their forthcoming meetings, a debate on ways and means to ensure equitable geographical distribution in the membership of the human rights treaty bodies, based on the recommendations of the Commission on Human Rights and the Economic and Social Council and the provisions of the present resolution;

3. *Recommends*, when considering the possible establishment of a quota by regions for the election of membership of each treaty body, the introduction of flexible procedures that encompass the following criteria:

(a) Each of the five regional groups established by the General Assembly must be assigned a quota of the membership of each treaty body in equivalent proportion to the number of States parties to the instrument that it represents,

(b) There must be provision for periodic revisions that reflect the relative changes in the geographical distribution of States parties,

(c) Automatic periodic revisions should be envisaged in order to avoid amending the text of the instrument when the quotas are revised;

4. *Stresses* that the process needed to achieve the goal of equitable geographical distribution in the membership of human rights treaty bodies can contribute to raising awareness of the importance of gender balance, the representation of the principal legal systems and the principle that the members of the treaty bodies shall be elected and shall serve in their personal capacity, and shall

be of high moral character, acknowledged impartiality and recognized competence in the field of human rights;

5. *Requests* the chairpersons of the human rights treaty bodies to consider at their next meeting the content of the present resolution and to submit, through the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, specific recommendations for the achievement of the goal of equitable geographical distribution in the membership of the human rights treaty bodies;

6. *Requests* the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights to submit concrete recommendations on the implementation of the present resolution to the General Assembly at its sixtieth session;

7. *Decides* to continue its consideration of this question at its sixtieth session under the item entitled “Human rights questions: implementation of human rights instruments”.

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