

## UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL



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LETTER DATED 1 JULY 1966 FROM THE CHAIRMAN OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON THE SITUATION WITH REGARD TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL TRANSMITTING THE TEXT OF A RESOLUTION ON IMPLEMENTATION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 1514 (XV)

I have the honour to transmit herewith the text of a resolution (A/AC.109/188) concerning the implementation of General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) with regard to colonial Territories considered by the Special Committee during its meetings in Africa (1966) adopted by the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples at its 455th meeting held in Algiers on 22 June 1966.

Operative paragraph 3 of this resolution "recommends to the Security Council to make obligatory the measures provided for under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter against Portugal, South Africa and the racist minority regime in Southern Rhodesia".

Accept, etc.

(<u>Signed</u>) Gershon B.O. COLLIER Chairman Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples S/7395 English Page 2

## Resolution adopted by the Special Committee at its 455th meeting on 22 June 1966

## The Special Committee,

<u>Having held</u> meetings from 23 May 1966 to 22 June 1966 successively at Dar es Salaam, United Republic of Tanzania, at Mogadiscio, Somalia, at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, at Cairo, United Arab Republic, and at Algiers, Algeria, and having heard the spokesmen of the Governments of those countries,

<u>Having considered</u> the situation in various Territories still under colonial domination,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960,

Recalling further General Assembly resolutions 1654 (XVI) of 27 November 1961, 1810 (XVII) of 17 December 1962, 1956 (XVIII) of 11 December 1963 and 2105 (XX) of 20 December 1965,

<u>Regretting</u> the failure of the United Kingdom Government to participate in the Special Committee's meetings in Africa,

Deploring the negative attitude of certain colonial Powers, in particular the refusal of the Governments of Portugal and South Africa to recognize the right of colonial peoples to freedom and independence in accordance with resolution 1514 (XV),

<u>Deploring further</u> the attitude of certain States which continue to co-operate with the Governments of Portugal and South Africa in the repression and exploitation of the indigenous people,

<u>Recognizing</u> that the continuation of colonialism constitutes a threat to international peace and security and a crime against humanity,

1. <u>Reaffirms</u> the inalienable rights of the peoples of colonial Territories to freedom and independence in accordance with resolution 1514 (XV);

2. <u>Deplores</u> the refusal of certain colonial Powers to co-operate with the Special Committee and their continued disregard of the United Nations resolutions;

3. <u>Recommends</u> to the Security Council to make obligatory the measures provided for under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter against Portugal, South Africa and the racist minority regime in Southern Rhodesia;

4. <u>Condemns</u> the activities of the financial interests operating in these Territories which exploit the human and material resources and impede the progress of the people of the Territories towards freedom and independence; 5. <u>Recognizes</u> the legitimacy of the struggle of the peoples under colonial rule to exercise their right to self-determination and independence and invites all States to provide material and moral assistance to the national liberation movements in colonial Territories;

6. <u>Requests</u> the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the specialized agencies and other international relief organizations to increase, in co-operation with the liberation movement of all the Territories under colonial domination, their assistance to the refugees of these Territories;

7. <u>Requests</u> the colonial Powers to dismantle the military bases installed in colonial Territories and to refrain from establishing new ones;

8. <u>Requests</u> all States and international institutions, including the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD), the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and other specialized agencies of the United Nations, to withhold assistance of any kind to the Governments of Portugal and South Africa until they renounce their policy of colonial domination and racial discrimination;

9. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General to take all measures necessary to publicize the work of the Special Committee as widely as possible, so that world opinion may be sufficiently informed concerning the grave threat to peace constituted by colonialism.

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