

UNITED NATIONS
SECURITY
COUNCIL



Distr.
GENERAL

S/7762
17 February 1967

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

NOTE VERBALE DATED 16 FEBRUARY 1967 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE
OF IRELAND ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

The Permanent Representative of Ireland to the United Nations presents his compliments to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and has the honour to refer to the Secretary-General's Notes No. P.O. 230 SORH (1) of 17 December 1966 and 13 January 1967, addressed to the Minister for External Affairs of Ireland, transmitting the text of resolution 232 (1966) adopted by the Security Council on 16 December 1966 in regard to the situation in Southern Rhodesia and requesting information on the measures taken by the Government of Ireland in accordance with the provisions of that resolution,

The Permanent Representative wishes to refer to his note of 8 February 1966 in which he informed the Secretary-General that the Salisbury régime was not recognized by the Government of Ireland and furnished particulars of the measures taken by the Government following the adoption of Security Council resolution 217 (1965) regarding Southern Rhodesia.

The system of economic prohibitions and restrictions thus imposed against Southern Rhodesia had already implemented in large measure the provisions of Security Council resolution 232 (1966) and indeed in some respects went beyond them. Additional administrative measures are now being taken to give effect to that resolution.

The following is a statement of the cumulative sanctions measures which are now applied by Ireland against Southern Rhodesia:

- (1) the Salisbury régime has not been recognized by the Government of Ireland. Passports issued by the Salisbury régime are treated as invalid;
- (2) all imports from Southern Rhodesia - including, of course, the commodities specified in paragraph 2 (a) of resolution 232 (1966) - are prohibited;

(3) all financial transactions with Southern Rhodesia are subjected to exchange control and payments associated with the exportation from Southern Rhodesia of the commodities specified in paragraph 2 (a) of resolution 232 (1966) are prohibited;

(4) the exportation to Southern Rhodesia of arms, ammunition of all types, military aircraft, military vehicles, and equipment and materials for the manufacture and maintenance of arms and ammunition in Southern Rhodesia is prohibited;

(5) the exportation to Southern Rhodesia of other aircraft and motor vehicles, as well as equipment and materials for their manufacture, assembly, or maintenance in Southern Rhodesia is prohibited;

(6) the exportation to Southern Rhodesia of petroleum and petroleum products is prohibited;

(7) the loading or carriage in contravention of resolution 232 (1966) of the prohibited commodities in Irish-registered vessels or aircraft is not permitted;

(8) Southern Rhodesia is excluded from the scheme of insurance for exporters against political risks;

(9) the Government of Ireland have not rendered and do not intend to render any financial or other economic aid to the Salisbury régime.

In conclusion, the Permanent Representative wishes to state that as requested by the Secretary-General completed statistical questionnaires on imports and exports of the commodities listed in operative paragraph 2 of Security Council resolution 232 (1966) will be furnished on a monthly basis. It would be appreciated if this note were circulated as an official document of the Security Council.

The Permanent Representative of Ireland to the United Nations avails himself, etc.
