UNITED NATIONS





## **General Assembly**

# EXEMPLANTIC D'ARCHIVES

FILE CREAT

Distr. LIMITED

A/43/L.42 25 November 1988

ORIGINAL: ENGLISE

A relearner / Relate to Lise Sullen 6. TH & 4.60

Forty-third session Agenda item 36

### POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA

Angola, Australia, Austria, Denmark, Egypt, Finland, Ghana, Greece, Iceland, India, Ireland, Madagascar, New Zealand, Nigeria, Norway, Sweden, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia and Zimbabwe: draft resolution

#### Concerted international action for the elimination of apartheid

#### The General Assembly,

<u>Alarmed</u> by the continuous aggravation of the situation in South Africa caused by the <u>palicy</u> of <u>apartheid</u>, and in particular by the extension and further tightening of the nationwide state of emergency,

<u>Convinced</u> that the root-cause of the crisis in southern Africa is the policy of <u>apartheid</u>,

Noting with grave concern that in order to perpetuate <u>apartheid</u> in South Africa the authorities there have committed acts of aggression and breaches of the peace,

<u>Convinced</u> that only the total eradication of <u>apartheid</u> and the establishment of majority rule on the basis of the free and fair exercise of universal adult suffrage can lead to a peaceful and lasting solution in South Africa,

Noting that the so-called reforms in South Africa have the effect of further entrenching the <u>apartheid</u> system and further dividing the people of South Africa,

<u>Recognizing</u> that the policy of bantustanization deprives the majority of the people of their citizenship and makes them foreigners in their own country,

88-31265 0732Z (E)

/...

A/43/L.42 English Page 2

<u>Recognizing</u> the responsibility of the United Nations and the international community to take all necessary action for the eradication of <u>apartheid</u>, and, in particular, the need for increased and effective pressure on the South African authorities as a peaceful means of achieving the abolition of <u>apartheid</u>,

Encouraged, in this context, by the growing international consensus, as demonstrated by the adoption of Security Council resolution 569 (1985) of 26 July 1985, and the increase in and expansion of national, regional and intergovernmental measures to this end,

<u>Considering</u> sanctions to be the most effective peaceful means available to the international community to increase pressure on the South African authorities,

<u>Convinced</u> of the vital importance of the strict observance of Security Council resolution 418 (1977; of . November 1977, by which the Council instituted a mandatory arms embar to against South Africa, and Security Council resolution 558 (1984) of 13 December 1984 concerning the import of arms, ammunition and military vehicles produced in South Africa, and of the need to make these embargoes fully effective in conformity with Security Council resolution 591 (1986) of 28 November 1986,

Commending the national policies not to sell and export oil to South Africa,

<u>Considering</u> that measures to ensure effective and scrupulous implementation of such embargoes through international co-operation are essential and urgent,

Taking note, in this respect, of the efforts undertaken by the foregovernmental Group to Monitor the Supply and Shipping of Oil and Petroleum Froducts to South Africa,

Noting with deep concern that, through a combination of military and economic pressures, in violation of international law, the authorities of South Africa have resorted to economic reprisals and aggression against, and destabilization of, neighbouring States,

<u>Alarmed</u> by the seriously deteriorating situation of millions of refugees, returnees and displaced persons in southern Africa caused by these policies and actions,

<u>Considering</u> that contacts between <u>apartheid</u> South Africa and the front-line and other neighbouring States, necessitated by geography, colonial legacy and other reasons, should not be used by other States as a pretext for legitimizing the <u>apartheid</u> system or justifying attempts to break the international isolation of that system,

<u>Convinced</u> that the existence of <u>apartheid</u> will continue to lead to ever-increasing resistance by the oppressed people, by all possible means, and increased tension and conflict that will have far-reaching consequences for southern Africa and the world,

1 ...

A/43/L.42 English Page 3

<u>Convinced</u> that policies of collaboration with the <u>apartheid</u> régime, instead of respect for the legitimate aspirations of the genuine representatives of the great majority of the people, will encourage its repression and aggression against neighbouring States and its defiance of the United Nations,

Expressing its full support for the legitimate aspiration of African States and peoples, and of the Organization of African Unity, for the total liberation of the continent of Africa from colonialism and racism,

1. <u>Strongly condemns</u> the policy of <u>apartheid</u> that deprives the majority of the South African population of their dignity, fundamental freedoms and human rights;

2. <u>Strongly condemns</u> the South African authorities for the killings, arbitrary mass arrests and the detention of members of mass organizations as well as other individuals who are opposing the <u>apartheid</u> system and the state of emergency, and for the detention of and use of violence against children;

3. <u>Further condemns</u> the overt and the covert aggressive actions, which South Africa has carried out for the destabilization of neighbouring States, as well as those aimed against refugees from South Africa and Namibia;

4. Demands that the authorities of South Africa:

(a) Release immediately and unconditionally Nelson Mandela and all other political prisoners, detainees and restrictees;

(b) Immediately lift the state of emergency;

(c) Abrogate discriminatory laws and lift bans on all organizations and individuals, as well as end restrictions on and censorship of news media;

(d) Grant freedom of association and full trade union rights to all workers of South Africa;

(e) Initiate without pre-conditions a political dialogue with genuine leaders of the majority population with a view of eradicating <u>apartheid</u> without delay and establishing a representative government;

(f) Eradicate the bantustan structures;

(g) Immediately end the destabilization of front-line and other States;

5. <u>Urges</u> the Security Council to consider without delay the adoption of effective mandatory sanctions against South Africa;

6. <u>Further urges</u> the Security Council to take steps for the strict implementation of the mandatory arms embargo instituted by it in resolution 418 (1977) and of the arms embargo requested in its resolution 558 (1984) and, within the context of the relevant resolutions, to secure an end to military and

1 . . .

A/43/L.42 English Page 4

nuclear co-operation with South Africa and the import of military equipment or supplies from South Africa;

7. <u>Appeals</u> to all States that have not yet done so, pending mandatory sanctions by the Security Council, to consider national legislative or other appropriate measures to increase the pressure on the <u>apartheid</u> régime of South Africa, such as:

(a) Cessation of further investment in, and financial loans to, South Africa;

(b) An end to all promotion of and support for trade with South Africa;

(c) Prohibition of the sale of krugerrand and all other coins minted in South

(d) Cessation of all forms of military, police or intelligence co-operation with the authorities of South Africa, in particular the sale of computer equipment;

(e) An end to nuclear collaboration with South Africa;

(f) Cessation of export and sale of oil to South Africa;

(g) Other measures within the economic and commercial fields;

8. <u>Recognizes</u> the pressing need, existing and potential, of South Africa's neighbouring States for economic assistance, as a complement and not as an alternative to sanctions against South Africa, and appeals to all States, organizations and institutions:

(a) To increase assistance to the front-line States and the Southern African Development Co-ordination Conference in order to increase their economic strength and independence from South Africa;

(b) To increase humanitarian, legal, educational and other such assistance and support to the victims of <u>apartheid</u>, to the liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity and to all those struggling against <u>apartheid</u> and for a non-racial, democratic society in South Africa;

9. <u>Welcomes</u> the Declaration and Plan of Action adopted by the International Conference on the Plight of Refugees, Returnees and Displaced Persons in Southern Africa, 1/ which was held at Oslo from 22 to 24 August 1988;

10. <u>Appeals</u> to all Governments and organizations to take appropriate action for the cessation of all academic, cultural, scientific and sports relations that would support the <u>apartheid</u> régime of South Africa, as well as relations with individuals, institutions and other bodies endorsing or based on <u>a state</u>;

1/ A/43/717, appendix.

/...

11. <u>Commends</u> the States that have already adopted voluntary measures against the <u>apartheid</u> régime of South Africa in accordance with General Assembly resolution 42/23 G of 20 November 1987 and invites those which have not yet done so to follow their example;

12. <u>Reaffirms</u> the legitimacy of the struggle of the oppressed people of South Africa for the total eradication of <u>apartheid</u> and for the establishment of a non-racial, democratic society in which all the people, irrespective of race, colour or creed, enjoy fundamental freedoms and human rights;

13. <u>Pays tribute to and expresses solidarity with</u> organizations and individuals struggling against <u>apartheid</u> and for a non-racial, democratic society in accordance with the principles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights; 2/

14. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-fourth session on the implementation of the present resolution.



୍ତ୍ର

