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COMMITTEE FOR TRADE, INDUSTRY AND ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT

Working Party on Agricultural Quality Standards

<u>Specialized Section on Standardization of</u>
<u>Seed Potatoes</u>
Thirty-fourth session, Geneva, 22-24 March 2004

Item 8 of the Provisional Agenda

## LIST OF DISEASES AND PESTS

Submitted by France and the United Kingdom

**Note by the secretariat:** The document contains the list of diseases and pests as amended at the extended bureau meeting in Edinburgh.

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**NOTE:** This text presents a list of the major diseases affecting potato, a basic description of the disease and the extent of certification measures for each disease. More detailed information on the symptomology and epidemiology of the diseases can be obtained from the following textbooks:

European Handbook of Plant Diseases.(1998) Edited by I M Smith, J Dunez, R A Elliot, D H Phillips and S A Archer. Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford, UK [ISBN 0-632-01222-6]

Compendium of Potato Diseases (2001, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition). Edited by W R Stevenson, R Loria, G D Franc and D P Weingarterner. The American Phytopathological Society, 3340 Pilot Knob Road, St Paul, Minnesota 55121-2097, USA. [ISBN 0-89054-275-9]

Potato Diseases (1996) Edited by D E van der Zaag, E Asscheman, H Brinkman, C B Bus, M van Delft, P H Hotsma, C P Meijers, A Mulder, L J Turkensteen and R Wustman. NIVAA, P O BOX 17337, 2502 CH Den Haag, The Netherlands. [ISBN 90-802036-2-9]

Kartoffel- Krankheiten, Schädlinge und Unkräuter, 2003, edited by W. Radke, W. Rieckmann and F. Brendler. Verlag Thomas Mann Gelsenkirchen (ISBN 3-7862-0113-7)

| Disease  | French<br>name       | Agent  | ECE status  | Recommended<br>diagnostic<br>method  | General Disease<br>Description  | Comment   |
|--|----------------------|--|---|--|---|---|
|  |                      | <u> </u>   | FUNG  |  |   |   |
| Potato wart<br>disease   | Galle<br>verruqueuse | Synchytrium<br>endobioticum  | Regulated,<br>zero<br>tolerance   | Visual<br>observation of<br>tubers and stem<br>base                                | Tuber = tumours Plant = tumours and galls on stolons and stem base                  |   |
| Late blight  | Mildiou              | Phytophthora<br>infestans  | Regulated<br>with defined<br>tolerance<br>(wet or dry<br>rot)                   | Visual<br>observation of<br>plants and<br>tubers                                   | Tuber = rot at harvest<br>and in storage<br>Plant = necrosis of<br>leaves and stems |   |
| Dry rot  | Fusariose            | Fusarium solani var. coeruleum, F. sulphureum, F. avenaceum andother F. spp.           | Regulated<br>with defined<br>tolerance<br>(dry rot)                             | Visual<br>observation of<br>tubers and<br>identification on<br>selective<br>medium | Tuber = storage rot<br>Plant = non-<br>emergence or weak<br>plants                  |   |
| Gangrene   | Gangrène             | Phoma foveata<br>and other<br>Phoma spp.   | Regulated<br>with defined<br>tolerance<br>(dry rot)                             | Visual<br>observation of<br>tubers and<br>identification on<br>selective<br>medium | Tuber = storage rot   | May be regulated without tolerance in some regions  |
| Leak and pink rot  | Pythiales            | Pythium spp,<br>(wet rot agent),<br>Phytophthora<br>erythroseptica<br>(pink rot agent) | Regulated<br>with defined<br>tolerance<br>(wet rot)                             | Visual<br>observation of<br>tubers and<br>identification on<br>selective<br>medium | Tuber = rot,<br>primarily soon after<br>harvest                                     |   |
| Rubbery rot  |                      | Goetrichum<br>candidum   | Regulated<br>with a<br>defined<br>tolerance<br>(wet rot)                        | Visual<br>observation of<br>tubers and<br>identification on<br>selective<br>medium | Tuber = storage rot   |   |
| Black scurf<br>(on tuber)/<br>Stem<br>canker (on<br>the plant) | Rhizoctone<br>brun   | Perfect state: Corticium; imperfect state: Rhizoctonia solani                          | Regulated<br>with defined<br>tolerance on<br>tubers (black<br>scurf)            | Visual<br>observation of<br>plants and<br>tubers                                   | Tuber = surface<br>blemish<br>Plant = uneven<br>emergence, wilting<br>and stunting  | Stem canker regulated in some regions. No need for general regulation because regulation of black scurf is seen as more effective |
| Silver scurf   | Gale argentée        | Helminthospori<br>um solani  | Unregulated. Could be regulated indirectly by a tolerance for shrivelled tubers | Visual<br>observation of<br>tubers and<br>identification on<br>selective<br>medium | Tuber: skin blemish   | Regulated<br>with tolerance<br>in some<br>regions   |

| Black dot            | Dartrose          | Colletotrichum<br>coccodes                          | Unregulated  – no scientific bas is for including in standard but could be regulated indirectly by a tolerance for shrivelled tubers | Visual<br>observation of<br>tubers and<br>identification on<br>selective<br>medium | Tuber = skin blemish<br>Growing plant = may<br>contribute to early<br>dying disease in<br>warm climates | Regulated<br>with tolerance<br>in some<br>regions   |
|----------------------|-------------------|---|--|--|---|---|
| Skin spot            | Oosporiose        | Polyscytalum<br>pustulans                           | Unregulated  | Visual<br>observation of<br>tubers   | Tuber = skin blemish<br>and death of eyes<br>Plant = uneven and<br>non emergence                        | Regulated with tolerances in some regions. No need for a general regulation, not a barrier to trade.                        |
| Early blight         | Alternariose      | Alternaria<br>solani and<br>Alternaria<br>alternata | Regulated<br>indirectly<br>through<br>regulation of<br>dry rot   | Visual<br>observation of<br>leaves and<br>tubers                                   | Tuber = largely<br>superficial rot<br>Plant = necrosis of<br>leaves                                     |   |
| White mould          | Sclerotiniose     | Sclerotinia<br>sclerotiorum                         | Unregulated  | Visual<br>observation of<br>stem   | Tuber = rot, rare<br>Plant = wilting and<br>death of individual<br>stems                                | Not to be regulated. Infection is from soil inoculum and not from the tuber   |
| Powdery<br>scab      | Gale<br>poudreuse | Spongospora<br>subterranea                          | Regulated<br>with defined<br>tolerance   | Visual<br>observation of<br>tubers with<br>confirmation by<br>microscope           | Tuber = surface scab<br>and cankers at rose<br>end  | May be<br>regulated with<br>tolerance in<br>some regions  |
| Verticillium<br>wilt | Verticilliose     | Verticillium<br>dalhiae and<br>V. alboatrum         | Unregulated  | Visual<br>observation of<br>leaves and plant                                       | Tuber = vascular<br>discolouration<br>Plant = wilting and<br>death                                      | No need for regulation in UNECE standard because path of infection is primarily though infested soil and not the seed tuber |

| VIRUS   |                          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Severe<br>mosaic                                  | Virose grave             | Potato viruses<br>Y (all strains),<br>A,V, M and in<br>combination<br>with PVX and<br>S | Regulated<br>with defined<br>tolerance<br>(severe<br>virus)                   | Visual<br>observation of<br>plant and<br>ELISA test                    | Plant = with or without discolorations of the foliage. Deformation can be rugosity, crinkle, rolling and rigidity of the leaves or dwarfing of plant Tuber = superficial necrosis caused <b>only</b> by PVY <sup>NTN</sup> |  |  |
| Mild<br>mosaic                                    | Virose legere            | PVX, PVS and<br>PVY strains<br>especially<br>PVY <sup>N</sup>                           | Regulated<br>with defined<br>tolerance<br>(mild<br>mosaic)                    | Visual<br>observation of<br>plant and<br>ELISA test                    | Plant = discolouration or mottle of leaves without distortion Tuber: superficial necrosis caused <b>only</b> by PVY  |  |  |
| Leafroll  | Enroulement<br>(Virus E) | Potato leaf roll<br>virus   | Regulated<br>with defined<br>tolerance<br>(severe<br>virus)                   | Visual<br>observation of<br>plant and<br>ELISA test                    | Plant = rolling of<br>leaves and stunting<br>Tuber = net necrosis<br>in flesh  |  |  |
| Mop top<br>(Spraing in<br>tubers)                 | Mop top                  | Potato mop top virus  | Unregulated. Because disease eliminates itself due to low transmission rates. | Visual<br>observation of<br>plant and tubers,<br>ELISA test and<br>PCR | Plant = marked<br>mottling of leaves<br>and stunting of all or<br>some stems<br>Tuber = necrotic<br>rings or arcs on<br>surface and in flesh   | Regulated<br>with a zero<br>tolerance in<br>some regions |  |
| Tobacco<br>rattle virus<br>(Spraing in<br>tubers) | Rattle                   | Tobacco rattle virus  | Unregulated Because disease eliminates itself due to low transmission rates.  | Observation of tubers and PCR  | Plant = mottling and distortion of leaves and stunting of some or all stems Tuber = internal discoloured arcs and rings, rarely visible on the surface   | Regulated in<br>some regions<br>with<br>tolerances       |  |
| Tomato<br>spotted wilt<br>virus                   | TSWV                     | Tomato spotted wilt virus   | Unregulated,<br>to be<br>checked<br>why not.                                  |  | Plant = leaf spotting<br>and necrosis<br>Tuber = skin blemish<br>and internal necrotic<br>spotting   | In some<br>regions<br>regulated,<br>zero tolerance       |  |

| BACTERIA                          |  |  |  |   |  |   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Blackleg                          | Jambe noire  | Erwinia carotovora subsp. atroseptica and subsp. carotovora, Erwinia chrysanthemi  | Regulated<br>with defined<br>tolerance for<br>crop and<br>tuber (wet<br>rot) | Observation of plant and tuber  | Plant = stem rot<br>Tuber = soft rot                                   |   |  |
| Ring rot                          | Flétrissement<br>bactérien,<br>pourriture<br>annulaire | Clavibacter<br>michiganensis<br>subsp.<br>sepedonicus  | Regulated,<br>zero<br>tolerance  | Observation of plant and t uber, test by IF and PCR                     | Tuber = vascular soft<br>rot<br>Plant = wilting and<br>death           |   |  |
| Brown rot                         | Pourriture<br>brune                                    | Ralstonia<br>solanacearum  | Regulated,<br>zero<br>tolerance  | Observation of plant and tuber, test by IF and PCR                      | Tuber = vascular soft<br>rot<br>Plant = wilting                        |   |  |
| Common                            | Gale<br>commune  | Streptomyces<br>scabies and<br>other S. strains<br>e.g.<br>Streptomyces<br>europaeiscabies<br>S. stelliscabies<br>and S.<br>reticuliscabies. | Regulated<br>with defined<br>tolerance                                       | Observation of tuber  | Tuber = superficial scabs  |   |  |
|                                   |  |  | VIRO   | ID  |  |   |  |
| Potato<br>spindle<br>tuber viroid | Viroïde des<br>tubercules en<br>fuseau                 | Potato spindle<br>tuber viroid   | Regulated<br>with a zero<br>tolerance<br>(mentioned<br>in annex 1)           | Observation of plant and tuber. Test by molecular hybridization and PCR | Tuber = elongation of<br>tuber<br>Plant = stunting and<br>leaf rolling |   |  |
| Stolbur                           | Stolbur  | Phytoplasma .  | Unregulated,   | Visual  | Plant : stunting and   | In some                                 |  |
|                                   |  | [The principal vectors are leafhoppers (Macrosteles spp, Hyalestes spp)]   | to be<br>checked<br>why not  | observation of<br>leaves and<br>tubers                                  | leaf rolling   | regions<br>regulated,<br>zero tolerance |  |
| Cyst                              | Nématodes à  | Globodera  | NEMAT(<br>Regulated  | <b>DDES</b><br>Visual   | Plant : wilting and  |   |  |
| nematodes                         | kystes   | rostochiensis<br>and Globodera<br>pallida  | with a zero<br>tolerance   | observation of<br>the field and<br>testing of soil                      | death  |   |  |

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| Root knot<br>nematodes | Nématodes à galle   | Meloidogyne<br>chitwoodi and<br>fallax   | Unregulated,<br>proposal for<br>regulation<br>(Annex 3) | Observation of<br>tuber,<br>microscopic<br>examination of<br>cut tuber, and<br>PCR test | Tuber: surface galls<br>and internal necrotic<br>spots | In some<br>regions<br>regulated,<br>zero tolerance |
|------------------------|---------------------|--|---|---|--|--|
| Potato rot<br>nematode | Nématodes<br>libres | Ditylenchus<br>destructor  | Unregulated,<br>proposal for<br>regulation<br>(Annex 3) | Observation of tuber  | Tuber: surface cracking and cortical spotting          | In some<br>regions<br>regulated,<br>zero tolerance |
|                        | •                   | •  | PEST  | S   | •  | •  |
| Colorado<br>beetle     | Doryphore           | Leptinotarsa<br>decemlineata   | Unregulated   | Visual<br>observation of<br>eggs, larvae and<br>adults                                  | Plant : leaf damage                                    | In some<br>regions<br>regulated,<br>zero tolerance |
| Wireworms<br>/ slugs   | Taupin              | Agriotes sp.: A obscurus, A. sputator, A. lineatus/ Tandonia budapestensis, Arion h ortensis | Unregulated   | Visual<br>observation of<br>tubers  | Tuber: tunnels and holes                               |  |
| Tuber moth             | Teigne              | Phthorimea<br>opercullella   | Unregulated   | Visual<br>observation of<br>leaves and<br>tubers  | Tuber: leaf Plant: tunnels in flesh damage.            | In some<br>regions<br>regulated,<br>zero tolerance |