

## NITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL



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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General wishes to submit the following statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration on 30 August 1969.

- 1. The Iranian question (see S/7382)
- 2. Special agreements under Article  $\frac{1}{4}$ 3 and the organization of the armed forces to be made available to the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 3. Rules of procedure of the Security Council (see S/7382 and S/8981)
- 4. Statute and rules of procedure of the Military Staff Committee (see S/7382)
- 5. The general regulation and reduction of armaments and information on the armed forces of the United Nations (see S/7382)
- 6. Appointment of a Governor for the Free Territory of Trieste (see S/7382)
- 7. The Egyptian question (see S/7382)
- 8. The Indonesian question (see S/7382)
- 9. Voting procedure in the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 10. Reports on the strategic Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands pursuant to the resolution of the Security Council of 7 March 1949 (see S/7382)
- 11. Applications for membership (see S/7382, S/7564, S/8301, S/8555, S/8815 and S/8896)
- 12. The Palestine question (see S/7382, S/7441, S/7452, S/7564, S/7570, S/7596 and S/7600)
- 13. The India-Pakistan question (see S/7382)
- 14. The Czechoslovak question (see S/7382)
- 15. The question of the Free Territory of Trieste (see S/7382)
- 16. The Hyderabad question (see S/7382)

- 17. Identic notifications dated 29 September 1948 from the Governments of the French Republic, the United Kingdom and the United States of America to the Secretary-General (S/7382)
- 18. International control of atomic energy (see S/7382)
- 19. Complaint of armed invasions of Taiwan (Formosa) (see S/7382)
- 20. Complaint of bombing by air forces of the territory of China (5/7382)
- 21. Complaint of failure by the Iranian Government to comply with provisional measures indicated by the International Court of Justice in the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company case (see S/7382)
- 22. Question of an appeal to States to accede to and ratify the Geneva Protocol of 1925 for the prohibition of the use of bacterial weapons (see S/7382)
- 23. Question of a request for investigation of alleged bacterial warfare (see S/7382)
- 24. Letter dated 29 May 1954 from the acting representative of Thailand to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 25. Cablegram dated 19 June 1954 from the Minister of External Relations of Guatemala addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 26. Letter dated 8 September 1954 from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 27. Letter dated 28 January 1955 from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of hostilities in the area of certain islands off the coast of the mainland of China; letter dated 30 January 1955 from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of acts of aggression by the United States of America against the People's Republic of China in the area of Taiwan and other islands of China (see S/7382)
- 28. Situation created by the unilateral action of the Egyptian Government in bringing to an end the system of international operation of the Suez Canal, which was confirmed and completed by the Suez Canal Convention of 1888 (see S/7382)
- 29. Actions against Egypt by some Powers, particularly France and the United Kingdom, which constitute a danger to international peace and security and are serious violations of the Charter of the United Nations (see S/7382)

- 30. The situation in Hungary (see S/7382)
- 31. Military assistance rendered by the Egyptian Government to the rebels in Algeria (see S/7382)
- 32. Letter dated 30 October 1956 from the representative of Egypt addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 33. Letter dated 13 February 1958 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia to the President of the Security Council concerning: "Complaints by Tunisia in respect of an act of aggression committed against it by France on 8 February 1958 at Sekiet-Sidi-Youssef" (see S/7382)
- 34. Letter dated 14 February 1958 from the Permanent Representative of France to the President of the Security Council concerning: "Situation resulting from the aid furnished by Tunisia to rebels enabling them to conduct operations from Tunisian territory directed against the integrity of French territory and the safety of persons and property of French nationals" (see S/7382)
- 35. Letter dated 20 February 1958 from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General (see S/7382)
- 36. Complaint of the representative of the USSR in a letter to the President of the Security Council dated 18 April 1958 entitled: "Urgent measures to put an end to flights by United States military aircraft with atomic and hydrogen bombs in the direction of the frontiers of the Soviet Union" (see S/7382)
- 37. Letter dated 29 May 1958 from the representative of Tunisia to the President of the Security Council concerning: "Complaint by Tunisia in respect to acts of armed aggression committed against it since 19 May 1958 by the French military forces stationed in its territory and in Algeria" (see S/7382)
- 38. Letter dated 29 May 1958 from the representative of France to the President of the Security Council concerning: (a) "The complaint brought by France against Tunisia on 14 February 1958" (see item 34 above); and (b) "The situation arising out of the disruption, by Tunisia, of the modus vivendi which had been established since February 1958 with regard to the stationing of French troops at certain points in Tunisian territory" (see S/7382)
- 39. Report by the Secretary-General on the letter received from the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Royal Government of Laos, transmitted by a note from the Permanent Mission of Laos to the United Nations, 4 September 1959 (see S/7382)

- 40. Letter dated 25 March 1960 from the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Ceylon, Ethiopia, Federation of Malaya, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, Fhilippines, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Republic and Yemen addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 41. Cable dated 18 May 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 42. Letter dated 23 May 1960 from the representatives of Argentina, Ceylon, Ecuador and Tunisia addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 43. Letter dated 13 July 1960 from the Secretary-General of the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 44. Letter dated 11 July 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 45. Letter dated 31 December 1960 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the Minister for External Affairs of Cuba (see S/7382)
- 46. Letter dated 20 February 1961 from the representative of Liberia addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 47. Letter dated 26 May 1961 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Cyprus, Dahomey, Ethiopia, Federation of Malaya, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Nepal, Nigeria, Pakistan, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Togo, Tunisia, United Arab Republic, Upper Volta, Yemen and Yugoslavia (see S/7382)
- 48. Complaint by Kuwait in respect of the situation arising from the threat by Iraq to the territorial independence of Kuwait, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security. Complaint by the Government of the Republic of Iraq in respect of the situation arising out of the armed threat by the United Kingdom to the independence and security of Iraq, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security (see S/7382)

- 49. Telegram dated 20 July 1961 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Tunisia.

  Letter dated 20 July 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 50. Letter dated 21 November 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 51. Letter dated 18 December 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Portugal addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 52. Letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 23 October 1962 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 53. Complaints by Senegal of violations of its air space and territory (see S/7382)
- 54. Telegram dated 5 May 1963 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Haiti to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 55. Reports by the Secretary-General to the Security Council concerning developments relating to Yemen (see S/7382)
- ouestion concerning the situation in Territories under Portuguese administration: letter dated 11 July 1963 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of thirty-two Member States (see S/7382)
- 57. The question of race conflict in South Africa resulting from the policies of <u>apartheid</u> of the Government of the Republic of South Africa: letter dated 11 July 1963 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of thirty-two Member States (see S/7382)
- Question concerning the situation in Southern Rhodesia: letters dated 2 and 30 August 1963 addressed to the President of the Security Council on behalf of the representatives of thirty-two Member States (see S/7382, S/7628, S/7644, S/8502, S/8555, S/8564, S/8612, S/9258, S/9276 and S/9293)

- 59. Letter dated 26 December 1963 from the Permanent Representative of Cyprus addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382, S/7644, S/8014, S/8313, S/8502, S/8652, S/8933 and S/9258)
- 60. Letter dated 10 January 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Panama addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 61. Letter dated 1 April 1964 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Yesen, Chargé d'Affaires a.i., addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 62. Complaint concerning acts of aggression against the territory and civilian population of Cambodia (see S/7382)
- 63. Letter dated 4 August 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 64. Letter dated 3 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Malaysia addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 65. Letter dated 5 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council, and letter dated 8 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 66. Letter dated 6 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 67. Letter dated 1 December 1964 addressed to the President of the Security Council from the representatives of Afghanistan, Algeria, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Congo (Brazzaville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea, Indonesia, Kenya, Malawi, Mauritania, Somalia, Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda, United Arab Republic, Yugoslavia and Zambia (see S/7382)
- 68. Letter dated 9 December 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the Democratic Republic of the Congo addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)
- 69. Letter dated 1 May 1965 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

- 70. Letter dated 31 January 1966 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see \$/7382)
- 71. Letter dated 2 August 1966 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7452, S/7458 and S/7468)
- 72. Complaints by the Democratic Republic of the Congo (see S/7523, S/7537, S/7564, S/8048, S/8066 (items 72 and 74), S/8242 and S/8252)
- 73. The situation in the Middle East (see S/7913, S/7923, S/7976, S/8000, S/8048, S/8066 (items 73-76 and 78-79) S/8215, S/8242, S/8252, S/8269, S/8502, S/8525, S/8534, S/8564, S/8575, S/8584, S/8595, S/8747, S/8753, S/8807, S/8815, S/8828, S/8836, S/8885, S/8896, S/8960, S/9123, S/9135, S/9319, S/9382, S/9395 and S/9406).

The Security Council concluded its discussion of the question at its 1504th meeting held on 26 August 1969.

At that meeting, there being no objections, the President announced that the draft resolution, as contained in document S/9410, represented a consensus reached as a result of consultations among the members of the Security Council. The draft was adopted unanimously (resolution 270 (1969)).

According to the operative paragraphs of this resolution, the Security Council: (1) condemned the premeditated air attack by Israel on villages in southern Lebanon in violation of its obligations under the Charter and Security Council resolutions; (2) deplored all violent incidents in violation of the cease-fire; (3) deplored the extension of the area of fighting; (4) declared that such actions of military reprisal and other grave violations of the cease-fire cannot be tolerated and that the Security Council would have to consider further and more effective steps as envisaged in the Charter to ensure against repetition of such acts.

- 74. The situation in Namibia (see S/8367, S/8424, S/8428, S/8438, S/8450, S/8468, S/9107, S/9373, S/9382 and S/9395)
- 75. Letter dated 25 January 1968 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see \$\( 8\)367)

- 76. Letter dated 21 May 1968 from the Permanent Representative ad interim of Haiti addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/8612)
- 77. Letter dated 12 June 1968 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/8652)
- 78. Letter dated 21 August 1968 from the representatives of Canada, Denmark, France, Paraguay, the United Kingdom and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/8778)
- 79. Letter dated 15 July 1969 from the Permanent Representative of Zambia addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/9346, S/9364 and S/9373)
- 80. Letter dated 18 August 1969 from the Permanent Representative of the
  United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council
  (S/9397)

In a letter dated 18 August 1969 (S/9397) addressed to the President of the Security Council, the representative of the United States requested an early meeting of the Security Council to consider a proposal that the Council request the Secretary-General to inscribe an item entitled "Creation of a Category of Associate Membership" on the provisional agenda of the twenty-fourth General Assembly, and that it establish an expert committee of the Security Council to study this question and to report its recommendations to the Council at a later date in time for those recommendations to be transmitted to the General Assembly at its twenty-fourth session.

The Security Council considered the question at its 1505th and 1506th meetings held on 27 and 29 August 1969.

At its 1505th meeting a draft resolution (S/9414) was introduced by the representative of the United States. By the operative paragraph of this draft resolution, the Security Council would request the Secretary-General to inscribe on the provisional agenda of the twenty-fourth session of the General Assembly an item entitled "Creation of a Category of Associate Membership".

Also at the same meeting the representative of the United States made a formal motion that a committee of experts be convened promptly to examine this

this question and to report its recommendations to the Council not later than 1 November 1969.

At the 1506th meeting the President announced that there was no objection to the establishment of a committee of experts, consisting of all members of the Security Council, to study the question which was examined at the 1505th and 1506th meetings of the Security Council.