

UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL



GENERAL

S/1596/Rev.l 12 July 1950 ENGLISH ORIGINAL: RUSSIAN

CABLEGRAM DATED 11 JULY 1950 FROM THE DEPUTY MINISTER FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF THE UNION OF SOVIET SUCIALIST REPUBLICS TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL CONCERNING THE SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION OF 7 JULY 1950 (S/1588)

THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT HAS RECEIVED YOUR TELEGRAM CITING THE TEXT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION OF 7 JULY WHICH CALLS FOR THE PROVISION OF MILITARY FORCES AND OTHER ASSISTANCE TO THE SO-CALLED "UNIFIED COMMAND UNDER THE UNITED STATES", REQUESTS THE UNITED STATES TO DESIGNATE THE COMMANDER OF SUCH FORCES IND AUTHORIZES THE USE OF THE UNITED NATIONS FLAG IN THE COURSE OF OPERATIONS IN KOREA. THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT FINDS THAT THE ADOPTION OF THIS RESOLUTION CONSTITUES THE SAME FLAGRANT VIOLATIONS OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER AS THE SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION OF 27 JUNE ON THE KOREAN QUESTION. THE RESOLUTION WAS ADOPTED IN THE ABSENCE OF TWO PERMANENT MEMBERS OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL - THE UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS AND CHINA - AND RECEIVED ONLY SIX VOTES, THE SEVENTH VOTE BEING THAT OF THE KUOMINTANG REPRESENTATIVE WHO HAS NO LEGAL RIGHT TO REPRESENT CHINA. IN THESE CIRCUMSTANCES THIS SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION ALSO CAN CLEARLY HAVE NO LEGAL FORCE. MOREOVER, THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT CONSIDERS IT NECESSARY TO DRAW ATTENTION TO THE FOLLOWING. THE ABOVE-MENTICNED DECISION OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS DIRECTED TOWARDS THE ILLEGAL USE OF THE UNITED NATIONS FLAG AS A CLOAK FOR UNITED STATES' MILITARY OPERATION IN KOREA, WHICH ARE A DIRECT ACCRESSION BY THE UNITED STATES AGAINST THE KOREAN PEOPLE. ALL THIS GIVES THE SOVIET COVERNMENT GROUNDS FOR DECLARING THAT THE SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION OF 7 JULY, FIRSTLY, IS ILLEGAL, AND SECONDLY, CONSTITUTES A DIRECT ACT OF ASSISTANCE TO ARMED AGGRESSION AGAINST THE KOREAN PEOPLE.

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