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ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

CORRIGENDUM TO ADDENDUM TO CABLECRAM DATED 23 FEBRUARY 1949
FROM THE ACTING MEDIATOR TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL
TRANSMITTING THE TEXT OF AN ARMISTICE
AGREEMENT BETWEEN EGYPT AND ISRAEL

ANNEX I

PLAN OF WITHDRAWAL FROM AL FALUJA

The withdrawal of Egyptian troops with all of their military impedimenta from the AL FALUJA area to points beyond the Egypt-Palestine frontier shall be executed in accordance with the following plan:

- 1. The withdrawal operation shall begin on 26 February 1949 at 0500 hours GMT and shall be under United Nations supervision and control throughout.
- 2. In view of the substantial number of troops involved and in the interest of minimizing the possibility of friction and incidents and ensuring effective United Nations supervision during the operation, the execution of the withdrawal shall be completed within a period of five days from the effective date of the plan of withdrawal.
- 3. The road AL FALUJA-TRAQ SUWEIDAN-BUREIR-GAZA-RAFAH shall be used as the route of withdrawal; provided that if this route proves impassable on the date of withdrawal the United Nations Chief of Staff of the Truce Supervision Organization shall select an alternative route in consultation with both Parties.
- 4. At least forty-eight hours prior to the scheduled time of withdrawal the General Officer Commanding the Egyptian Forces in Palestine shall submit to the United Nations Chief of Staff (or his representative), for his approval, a detailed plan for the withdrawal of the Egyptian garrison at AL FAIUJA, to include: the number of troops and amount and type of material to be withdrawn each day, the number and type of vehicles to be used each day in the withdrawal movement, and the number of trips necessary to complete each day's movement.
- 5. The detailed plan referred to in paragraph 4 above shall be based on an order of priority in the withdrawal operation defined by the United Nations Chief of Staff of the Truce Supervision which shall /provide

provide inter alia that following the evacuation of sick and wounded already accounted for, infantry forces together with their personal arms and possessions, shall be first evacuated, and heavy equipment only in the final stages of the operation. Heavy equipment is to be defined as artillery, armound cars, tanks, and Eren gun carriers. With a view toward eliminating any possibility of incidents, following the arrival of the infantry contingents at their destination, the evacuation of heavy equipment shall be to a point in Egyptian territory to be designated by the United Nations Chief of Staff and there, as Egyptian property, to be placed and kept under custody, guard and seal of the United Nations until such time as the Chief of Staff is satisfied that the Armistice has become effective, whereupon this equipment will be handed over to the appropriate Egyptian authorities.

- 6. The Israeli authorities and officers in the AL FALUJA-GAZA area shall extend their full co-operation to the operation and shall be responsible for ensuring that during the withdrawal movements the route to be followed shall be free of obstructions of all kinds and that during the operation Israeli troops shall be kept away from the roads over which the withdrawal will take place.
- 7. United Nations Military Observers shall be stationed with both the Egyptian and Israeli forces to ensure that this plan of withdrawal, and such subsequent instructions relating to its execution as may be issued by the United Nations Chief of Staff, are fully complied with by both Parties. Such inspections as may be necessary in the conduct of the withdrawal shall be made exclusively by United Nations Military Observers, and their decisions in all such cases shall be accepted as final.

ANNEX II

On the sole basis of military considerations involving the forces of the two Parties to this Agreement as well as third party forces in the area not covered by this Agreement, the demarcation of the western and eastern fronts in Palestine is to be understood as follows:

a. Western front:

The area south and west of the line delineated in raragraph 2.A of the Memorendum of 13 November 1948 on the implementation of the resolution of the Security Council of 4 November 1948, from its point of origin on the west to the point at MR 12581196, thence south along the road to Hatta-Al Faluja-RJ at MR 12140823-Beersheba and ending north of Bir Asluj at point 402.

b. Eastern front:

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The area east of the line described in paragraph a above, and from point 402 down to the southernmost tip of Palestine, by a straight line marking half the distance between the Egypt-Palestine and Transjordan-Palestine frontiers.

(signed) Brig. Gen. William E. Riley, United States Marine Corps

> United Nations Chief of Staff of the Truce Supervision Organization

Rhodes, 24 February 1949

ANNEX III

DEFINITION OF DEFENSIVE FORCES

I. Land Forces

- Shall not exceed:
 - (a) 3 inf btns, each bn to consist of not more than 800 officers and o.r.'s and composed of not more than
 - (i) 4 rifle coys with ordinary inf. S.A. equipment (rifles, IMG's./SMG's, light mortars (e.g.2"), A/tk rifles or Piat).
 - (ii) 1 support coy with not more than 6 MAG's, 6 mortars not heavier than 3", 4 A/tk guns not heavier than 6 pdrs.
 - (iii) l HQ coy.
 - (b) 1 bty of 8 field guns not heavier than 25 pdrs.
 - (c) 1 bty of 8 A.A. guns not heavier than 40 mm.
- 2. The following are excluded from the term "Defensive Forces":
 - (a) Armour, such as tanks, AC's, Bren-carriers, half-tracks, load carriers or any other AFV's.
 - (b) All support arms and units other than those specified in paragraph 1 (a) (ii), 1 (b) and 1 (c) above.
- 3. Service units will be in accordance with a plan to be prepared and approved by the Mixed Armistice Commission.

II. Air Forces

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In the areas where Defensive Forces only will be allowed the following stipulations regarding air forces will be observed:

- 1. No military airfields, airstrips, landing grounds or installations shall be maintained.
- No military aircraft shall take off or land except in an emergenc;
 See Forces

No naval base shall be established in areas where Defensive Forces only will be allowed, nor shall any warship or military vessel enter the territorial waters adjacent thereto.

IV. In the areas in which Defensive Forces only are to be maintained, the necessary reduction of forces shall be completed within four weeks from the date on which this Agreement is signed.

Rhodes, 24 February 1949

TO: Dr. Walter Eytan, Head of the Israeli Delegation at Rhodes FROM: Ralph J. Bunche. Acting Mediator

In connexion with the Egyptian-Israeli General Armistice Agreement your confirmation is desired of the understanding that no Israeli forces shall be in the village of Bir Asluj.

(signed) Ralph J. Bunche

Rhodes, 24 February 1949

TO: Dr. Ralph J. Bunche, Acting Mediator on Palestine, Rhodes FROM: Walter Evtan. Head of the Israeli Delegation

In connexion with the Egyptian-Israeli General Armistice Agreement, I confirm the understanding that no Israeli forces shall be in the village of Bir Asluj.

(signed) Walter Eytan

Rhodes, 24 February 1949

To: Dr. Walter Eytan, Head of the Israeli Delegation at Rhodes

FROM: Ralph J. Bunche, Acting Mediator

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In connexion with the Egyptian-Israeli General Armistice Agreement, your confirmation is desired of the understanding that in the course of the evacuation of the Egyptian Force at Al Faluja, provided for in Article III of the Agreement, such of the civilian population at Al Faluja and Iraq Al Manshiya as may wish to do so may also be evacuated along with the Egyptian Force. Those of the civilian population who may wish to remain in Al Faluja and Iraq Al Manshiya are to be permitted to do so. Those of the civilian population who may wish to do so may proceed to the Hebron area under United Nations escort and supervision. All of these civilians shall be fully secure in their persons, abodes, property, and personal effects.

(signed) Ralph J. Bunche

Rhodes, 24 February 1949

TO: Dr. Ralph J. Bunche, Acting Mediator on Palestine, Rhodes

FROM: Walter Eytan, Head of the Israeli Delegation

In connexion with the Egyptian-Israeli General Armistice Agreement,

I confirm the understanding that, in the course of the evacuation of the Egyptian Force at Al Faluja, provided for in Article III of the Agreement, such of the civilian population at Al Faluja and Iraq Al Manshiya as may wish to do so may also be evacuated along with the Egyptian Force. Those of the civilian population who may wish to remain in Al Faluja and Iraq Al Manshiya are to be permitted to do so. Those of the civilian population who may wish to do so may proceed to the Hebron area under United Nations escort and supervision. All of these civilians shall be fully secure in their persons, abodes, property and personal effects.

The Government of Israel reserves the right to treat as prisoners of war any persons electing to remain in the Al Faluja and Iraq Al Manshiya areas who may be identified as having taken part in the fighting in Palestine.

(signed) Walter Eytan

Rhodes, 24 February 1949

TC: Dr. Walter Eytan, Head of the Israeli Delegation at Rhodes FRCM: Ralph J. Bunche, Acting Mediator

In commexion with the Egyptian Israeli General Armistice Agreement your confirmation is desired of the understanding that at any time following the signing of this Agreement, the Egyptian Forces now in the Bethlehem-Hebron area, together with all of their arms, equipment, personal possessions and vehicles, may be withdrawn across the Egyptian frontier exclusively under United Nations supervision and escort, and by a direct route to be determined by the United Nations Chief of Staff of the Truce Supervision in consultation with the appropriate Israeli authorities.

(signed) Ralph J. Bunche

Rhodes, 24 February 1949

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TO: Dr. Ralph J. Bunche, Acting Mediator on Palestine, Rhodes. FRCM: Walter Eytan, Head of the Israeli Delegation.

In commexion with the Egyptian-Israeli General Armistice Agreement I confirm the understanding that at any time following the signing of this Agreement, the Egyptian Forces now in the Bethlehem-Hebron area, together with all of their arms, equipment, personal possessions and vehicles, may be withdrawn across the Egyptian frontier exclusively

under United Nations supervision and escort, and by a direct route to be determined by the United Nations Chief of Staff of the Truce Supervision in consultation with the appropriate Israeli authorities.

(signed) Walter Eytan

Rhodes, 24 February 1949

TO: Colonel Seif El Dine, Head of the Egyptian Delegation at Rhodes FROM: Ralph J. Bunche. Acting Mediator

In connexion with the Egyptian-Israeli General Armistice Agreement your confirmation is desired of the understanding that any military camps or corporate localities now astride the Hatta-Al Faluja-Beersheba road, or which are located not more than 200 meters west of this road, shall be considered as falling within the area of the eastern front as defined in Annex II of the Agreement.

(signed) Ralph J. Bunche

Rhodes, 24 February 1949

TO: Dr. Ralph J. Bunche, Acting Mediator on Palestine FRCM: Colonel Seif El Dine

In reply to your note dated February 19th, 1949, I beg to inform you that the Egyptian Delegation agrees to consider any military camps or corporate localities now astride the Hatta-Al Faluja-Beersheta road, which are located at not more than 200 meters west of this road, as falling within the area of the eastern front as defined in Annex II of the Armistice Agreement signed to-day.