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SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE
Agenda item 74

## EFFECTS OF ATOMIC RADIATION

Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bangladesh, Canada, China,
Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Egypt, France, Germany, Federal
Republic of, India, Indonesia, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand,
Nigeria, Poland, Sweden, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics,
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United
States of America: draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 913 (X) of 3 December 1955, by which it established the United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation, and its subsequent resolutions on the subject, including resolution 42/67 of 2 December 1987 by which it, inter alia, requested the Scientific Committee to continue its work.

Taking note with appreciation of the report of the United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation, 1/

Reaffirming the desirability of the Scientific Committee continuing its work,

Concerned about the potentially harmful effects on present and future generations, resulting from the levels of radiation to which man is exposed,

Conscious of the continued need to examine and compile information about atomic and ionizing radiation and to analyse its effects on man and his environment,

<sup>1/</sup> Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-third Session, Supplement No. 45 (A/43/45).

Bearing in mind the decision of the Scientific Committee to submit, as soon as the relevant studies are completed, shorter reports with supporting scientific documents on the specialized topics mentioned by the Committee, 2/

- 1. <u>Commends</u> the United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation for the valuable contribution it has been making in the course of the past thirty-three years, since its inception, to wider knowledge and understanding of the levels, effects and risks of atomic radiation and for fulfilling its original mandate with scientific authority and independence of judgement;
- 2. <u>Notes with satisfaction</u> the continued and growing scientific co-operation between the Scientific Committee and the United Nations Environment Programme;
- 3. Requests the Scientific Committee to continue its work, including its important co-ordinating activities, to increase knowledge of the levels, effects and risks of ionizing radiation from all sources;
- 4. Endorses the Scientific Committee's intentions and plans for its future activities of scientific review and assessment on behalf of the General Assembly;
- 5. Requests the Scientific Committee to continue at its next session the review of the important problems in the field of radiation and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its forty-fourth session;
- 6. Requests the United Nations Environment Programme to continue providing support for the effective conduct of the Scientific Committee's work and for the dissemination of its findings to the General Assembly, the scientific community and the public;
- 7. Expresses its appreciation for the assistance rendered to the Scientific Committee by Member States, the specialized agencies, the International Atomic Energy Agency and non-governmental organizations, and invites them to increase their co-operation in this field;
- 8. <u>Invites</u> Member States, the organizations of the United Nations system and non-governmental organizations concerned to provide further relevant data about doses, effects and risks from various sources of radiation, which would greatly help in the preparation of the Scientific Committee's future reports to the General Assembly.

<sup>2/</sup> A/38/142, para. 5.