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NOTED DATED 26 JULY 1951 FROM THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE UNITED STATES
ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL TRANSMITTING FIVE COMMUNIQUE
ISSUED BY THE HEADQUARTERS OF THE
UNITED NATIONS COMMAND IN KOREA

The Representative of the United States to the United Nations presents his compliments to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and has the honour to transmit herewith, for the information of the Security Council, the following communique issued by the Headquarters of the United Nations Command, as indicated below:

Eighth Army communique 511, issued at 8:00 P.M., Wednesday, July 25, 1951
(6:00 A.M., Eastern daylight time, Wednesday)

Far East Air Forces summary of operations Wednesday, July 25, 1951

United Nations Naval Forces summary of operations Wednesday, July 25, 1951

General Headquarters communique 956, for the twenty-four hours ended
6:00 A.M., Thursday, July 26, 1951 (4:00 P.M., Eastern daylight time,
Wednesday)

Eighth Army communique 512, issued at 10:00 A.M., Thursday, July 26, 1951
(8:00 P.M., Eastern daylight time, Wednesday)

EIGHTH ARMY COMMUNIQUE 511, ISSUED AT 8 P.M. WEDNESDAY
(6 A.M. WEDNESDAY, EASTERN DAYLIGHT TIME)

Eighth Army forces continued their patrolling activities and reported light enemy contact. A heavy volume of artillery fire was reported in the area north of Inje.

1. United Nations patrols engaged an estimated enemy platoon northwest of Munsan, while other friendly patrols engaged an undetermined number of enemy and observed an enemy battalion dug in northwest of Korangpo. Light enemy contact continued in the area west of Yonchon, while two light probing attacks were repulsed in the area west of Chorwon.

2. An enemy platoon was dispersed in the area northeast of Kumhwa while other United Nations forces engaged platoon and company-sized enemy forces in the area south of Kamsong.

3. A light probing attack in the area north of Yanggu was repulsed and other United Nations forces repulsed another light probing attack north of Inje. Friendly forces reported receiving a total of 176 rounds of enemy 76-mm artillery fire in the area north of Inje. United Nations forces west-southwest of Kamsong reported light enemy contact while other United Nations forces northwest and north-northwest of Kamsong engaged company-sized enemy units during the day.

FAR EAST AIR FORCES SUMMARY OF JULY 25 OPERATIONS

Far East Air Forces war planes maintained the tempo of interdiction and close support strikes yesterday as they flew 680 sorties in cloudy and undercast skies.

F-80 Shooting Star jets ranged throughout the western part of North Korea yesterday attacking flak positions in the Sinanju area, cutting rail lines and strafing enemy supply buildings in the Pyongyang vicinity, and hammering the marshalling yards at Sunchon, an important rail hub for the east-west and north-south lines. East of Sariwon, the Shooting Star jets destroyed or damaged thirty enemy vehicles.

F-84 Thunderjets cut roads and rail lines to prevent supplies from moving southward to Communist frontline troops. A marshalling yard south of the east coast city of Wonsan was successfully attacked by the Thunderjets.

Fighter sweeps were flown by F-86 Sabre jets. Six enemy planes were sighted north of the Yalu River by the Sabre jets but no contact was made with the Communist fighters.

Fifth Air Force and attached South African and shore-based Marine aircraft flew 510 sorties yesterday. Of these seventy-five were in close support of United Nations ground forces. Almost fifty of the close support missions were flown in the east-central sector, where the fighters and fighter-bombers attacked deeply entrenched Red troops, gun positions and other military targets.

Returning pilots reported destroying or damaging eighteen pack animals, one warehouse, four gun positions, six supply storage areas, 230 enemy-occupied buildings, one tunnel, twenty railroad cars and 140 vehicles. Rail lines and highways were reported out in fifteen places and 160 enemy troop casualties were inflicted in air strikes.

One F-84 Thunderjet was lost to enemy ground fire.

Night flying aircraft flew almost 100 sorties. B-26's teamed up with B-29 Superforts to blast enemy frontline positions with 500-pound air-bursting bombs. Highly accurate radar aiming techniques were used by the night-flying bombers to drop their explosives on the targets.

Other B-26's made six separate attacks on a supply dump on the enemy airfield at Sariwon. Radar aiming was used on all attacks. Other twin-engine light bombers operated along the main enemy supply routes throughout North Korea attacking vehicles attempting to move supplies and troops to the battlefield.

Marine aircraft, aided by flare-dropping transports, operated along enemy roads behind the battlefield attacking vehicles and supply areas.

Bomber Command Superforts assaulted two important marshalling yards in

/western Korea.

western Korea. Thirteen Superforts of the Okinawa-based 307th Bomb Group flew through cloudy skies to hit marshalling yards at Opa and Chinnampo.

Eight of the medium bombers attacked the ten-track yard at Opa, dropping 320 quarter-ton demolition bombs on the tracks and near-by storage warehouses.

Five Superforts hit the marshalling yards at the port of Chinnampo on the west coast. Fifty tons of high explosives were dropped on the target.

Radar aiming was utilized by the bombers to hit their targets. No enemy fighters or flak were encountered and all aircraft returned safely.

Transports of the 315th Air Division (Combat Cargo) flew 150 sorties yesterday, airlifting 450 tons of cargo to United Nations forces in Korea.

UNITED NATIONS NAVAL FORCES SUMMARY OF JULY 25 OPERATIONS.

United Nations bombardment vessels off the east coast of North Korea Wednesday continued to train their guns toward strategic Communist military targets on the coastal supply route from Kosong to Chongjin.

Hammering away in close support firing in the battle line area was the destroyer escort U.S.S. Naifeh.

At the long-besieged port of Wonsan, sending high explosives on gun emplacements, troop concentrations and cave entrances, were the United States destroyers Hubbard, Blue, Brown, Weiss and O'Brien and the British light cruiser H.M.S. Ceylon.

In the Songjin area the destroyers U.S.S. Cunningham, U.S.S. Thompson and patrol frigate H.M.S. Mounts Bay were on the firing line concentrating on railway and highway bridges. At least three direct hits were observed.

Marine pilots from the carrier U.S.S. Sicily operating off the west coast of Korea hit hard at enemy buildings east of Haeju. Strik assigned targets the Leathernecks made effective low-level bomb and rocket runs beneath the overcast, destroying nineteen buildings and seriously damaging twenty-three more. Closing weather over the target area shortened the day's operations.

Planes from Fast Task Force 77 off the east coast were carrier-bound most of the day as their floating bases, the U.S.S. Bon Homme Richard and U.S.S. Princeton, took on supplies at sea.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS COMMUNIQUE 956, FOR THE TWENTY-FOUR
HOURS ENDED 6 A.M., THURSDAY (4 P.M., WEDNESDAY,
EASTERN DAYLIGHT TIME)

In Korea yesterday United Nations ground forces repulsed several determined enemy probing attacks and continued patrol operations. Along the western front friendly tank-infantry elements made contact with numerous enemy groups, while in the central sector front-line units repulsed several enemy probing attacks up to battalion size. In the east-central and eastern sectors the enemy continued to resist the advance of friendly patrols and placed artillery fire on front-line positions during the period.

Land-based fighters and light bombers carried out attacks on enemy communications centers, supply areas, highways, rail lines, vehicles and airfields. In the battle area medium bombers attacked important marshalling yards at Sinanju and Opa and a supply center at Chinnampo. Combat Cargo aircraft continued to airlift supplies to Korea.

United Nations naval surface units continued blockade and interdiction operations off the east coast. Military targets near the Komsan complex and near Songjin and Chongjin were bombarded by cruisers and destroyers. Carrier-based aircraft attacked supply buildings in the vicinity of Haeju.

EIGHTH ARMY COMMUNIQUE 512, ISSUED AT 10 A.M.
THURSDAY (8 P.M., WEDNESDAY,
EASTERN DAYLIGHT TIME)

Moderate increase in enemy activity reported north and west of Korangpo as United Nations elements conduct reconnaissance in force. Enemy battalion launched attack in area east of Kumhwa--attack repulsed. Stubborn resistance from platoon and company-size enemy units reported south of Kumsong. Light contact with enemy battalions west-southwest of Kansong reported.

1. Moderate enemy resistance was reported by United Nations forces in area west and north of Korangpo as friendly forces probed enemy-held territory. Enemy platoon launched probing attack in area west of Chorwon--attack repulsed. Light enemy contact continued along remainder of western front.

2. Enemy battalion launched attack in area east of Kumhwa at 2300 hours--attack was repulsed with aid of artillery fire and enemy forces withdrew at 0145 hours this morning. Platoon to company-size enemy units continued to offer stubborn resistance to patrolling United Nations forces in area south of Kumsong. Stubborn enemy resistance was encountered by patrols in area northwest and north-northwest of Yanggu.

3. Light probing attacks were repulsed in area northwest of Yanggu while platoon-size units were engaged in area north of Inje. Light contact continued with enemy battalion west-southwest of Kansong as enemy retained his position. Light contact with platoon-size to company-size units continued along remainder of eastern front.
