



General Assembly

Distr.: Limited
12 November 2002

Original: English

Fifty-seventh session Third Committee

Agenda item 109 (b)

**Human rights questions: human rights questions, including
alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment
of human rights and fundamental freedoms**

**Afghanistan, Angola, Argentina, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Benin, Bosnia and
Herzegovina, Chile, Costa Rica, Egypt, Fiji, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan,
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Pakistan, Panama, Senegal, Tajikistan and Ukraine:
draft resolution**

Missing persons

The General Assembly,

Guided by the purposes, principles and provisions of the Charter of the United Nations,

Guided also by the principles and norms of international humanitarian law, in particular the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949¹ and the additional Protocols thereto of 1977,² as well as international standards of human rights, in particular the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,³ the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights,⁴ the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,⁴ the Convention on the Rights of the Child⁵ and the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action adopted by the World Conference on Human Rights on 25 June 1993,⁶

Recalling Commission on Human Rights resolution 2002/60 adopted unanimously on 25 April 2002,⁷

¹ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 75, Nos. 970-973.

² *Ibid.*, vol. 1125, Nos. 17512 and 17513.

³ Resolution 217 A (III).

⁴ See resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

⁵ Resolution 44/25, annex.

⁶ A/CONF.157/24 (Part I), chap. III.

⁷ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2002, Supplement No. 3 (E/2002/23)*, chap. II, sect. A.

Noting with deep concern that armed conflicts are continuing in various parts of the world, often resulting in serious violations of international humanitarian law and human rights law,

Recognizing that great technological progress has been pioneered in the field of DNA forensic sciences with regard to missing persons, such as the work done by the International Commission on Missing Persons, based in Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina, which could significantly improve efforts to identify missing persons from other conflict areas in the world,

Noting in this regard that the issue of persons reported missing in connection with international armed conflicts, in particular those who are victims of serious violations of international humanitarian law and human rights law, continues to have a negative impact on efforts to put an end to those conflicts,

1. *Urges* States strictly to observe and respect and ensure respect for the rules of international humanitarian law, as set out in the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and the additional Protocols thereto of 1977;

2. *Reaffirms* the right of families to know the fate of their relatives reported missing in connection with armed conflict;

3. *Also reaffirms* that each party to an armed conflict, as soon as circumstances permit and at the latest from the end of active hostilities, shall search for the persons who have been reported missing by an adverse party;

4. *Calls upon* States which are parties to an armed conflict to take immediate steps to determine the identity and fate of persons reported missing in connection with the armed conflict;

5. *Requests* States to pay the utmost attention to cases of children reported missing in connection with armed conflicts and to take appropriate measures to search for and identify those children;

6. *Invites* States which are parties to an armed conflict to cooperate fully with the International Committee of the Red Cross in establishing the fate of missing persons and to adopt a comprehensive approach to this issue, including all practical and coordination mechanisms that may be necessary, based on humanitarian considerations only;

7. *Urges* States and encourages intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to take all necessary measures at the national, regional and international levels to address the problem of persons reported missing in connection with armed conflicts and to provide appropriate assistance as requested by the States concerned;

8. *Invites* all relevant human rights mechanisms and procedures, as appropriate, to address the problem of persons reported missing in connection with armed conflicts in their forthcoming reports to the General Assembly;

9. *Requests* the Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention of all Governments, the competent United Nations bodies, the specialized agencies, regional intergovernmental organizations and international humanitarian organizations;

10. *Decides* to remain seized of the matter at its fifty-ninth session.