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COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

Ad Hoc Working Group on Environmental Monitoring (Third session, 29-30 August 2002) (Item 6 of the provisional agenda)

INVENTORY OF MAJOR INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL DATABASES IN THE UNECE REGION

Addendum

GE.02-31786

Annex I

INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL DATABASES IN THE UNECE REGION

Organization/ Convention	ARCTIC MONITORING AND ASSESSMENT PROGRAMME (AMAP)		
Internet address	www.amap.no		
<u>Topic</u>	Various		
Type of data and time series	 Various Wide range of data sets, including: Data/time series concerning production, use and emissions of persistent organic pollutants (POPs) (e.g. HCH, DDTs, PCBs), heavy metals (e.g. Hg and Pb) and other contaminant groups (e.g. acidifying substances) – globally or within the Arctic countries. Typically data are compiled on a project basis covering period to present, or ca. 5-yearly intervals. Data on depositions of contaminants within the Arctic (e.g. Hg, Pb, acidifying substances) from modelling work, and fluxes to the Arctic via oceans and rivers, etc. Data on sources (location of sources, source terms, releases) of radionuclides within the Arctic, and calculations of historical depositions. Data on levels and trends (spatial and temporal) of POPs, heavy metals, radionuclides, acidifying substances, petroleum hydrocarbons, etc. in relevant media of the Arctic environment/ecosystems (air, precipitation, snowpack, ice, seawater, freshwaters, marine and freshwater sediments, soil/humus, vegetation, biota at all trophic levels, human media). Data on effects of contaminants, and climate change/ozone depletion, on Arctic ecosystems and human populations (from mollecular/cellular level to population effects). Human health statistics and dietary data relevant to Arctic (in particular Arctic indigenous) populations Other data sets (e.g. physical geography of the Arctic, and larger areas for use in mapping/modelling applications), demographic data, infrastructure data, meteorological data, geographical information system (GIS) data sets, modelling output, etc. The majority of the data (e.g. on contaminant levels and trends) cover the time period from the mid-1980s to the present. Some annual time series are from the early 1960s. Retrospective time series from sediment/ice/peat cores, archived samples, etc. cover periods upto several millenniums. Data are generally compiled in connection with AMAP assessment activities,		
Holding body	AMAP		
Contact details	lars-otto.reiersen@amap.no and s.wilson@inter.nl.net		

Data accessibility	Compiled summarized data are published in AMAP assessments (paper and electronic documents). Detailed (individual measurement) data, including relevant information on			
Data accessionity	interpretational factors, methodology, etc. for some of the main data sets - primarily			
	those concerning levels and effects of contaminants in abiotic and biotic media, and sources of radioactivity - are compiled in databases at AMAP thematic data centres			
	(TDCs). Four AMAP TDCs are operated:			
	- AMAP atmospheric TDC (located at the Norwegian Institute for Air Research (NILU),			
	Norway)			
	- AMAP marine TDC (located at the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea			
	(ICES), Denmark)			
	- AMAP terrestrial/freshwater TDC (located at the University of Alaska Fairbanks (UAF), United States)			
	- AMAP radioactivity TDC (located at the Norwegian Radiation Protection Authority			
	(NRPA), Norway)			
	Data at the AMAP terrestrial/freshwater TDC are in an online (web access) database.			
	Other data sets are maintained/archived by the AMAP secretariat, or within project			
	groups associated with AMAP. Some, mainly summarized, data sets are/will be available			
	from the latter part of 2002 from the AMAP web site.			
All AMAP data are subject to a data policy which determines access to the dat				
	policy reflects agreements between AMAP and the owners of data that are provided to			
	AMAP for use in its assessments.			

Annex II

UNECE COUNTRY PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL DATABASES

	AMAP		
Countries	Participation		
		Data submission	
Albania			
Andorra			
Armenia			
Austria			
Azerbaijan			
Belarus			
Belgium			
Bosnia&Herzegovina			
Bulgaria			
Canada	Х	Х	
Croatia			
Cyprus			
Czech Republic			
Denmark	Х	X(Greenland and Faroe Islands)	
Estonia			
Finland	Х	Х	
France			
Georgia			
Germany			
Greece			
Hungary			
Iceland	Х	X	
Ireland			
Israel			
Italy			
Kazakhstan			
Kyrgyzstan			
Latvia			
Liechtenstein			
Lithuania			
Luxembourg			
Malta			
Monaco			
Netherlands			
Norway	Х	X	
Poland		<u>A</u>	
Portugal			
Republic of Moldova			
Republic of Moldova Romania			
Russian Federation	X	X	
San Marino	Δ	Λ	
Slovakia			
Slovenia			
Spain		77	
Sweden	Х	X	
Switzerland			
Tajikistan			
TFYR of Macedonia			

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Turkey			
Turkmenistan			
Ukraine			
United Kingdom			
United States	Х	X (Alaska)	
Zbekistan			
Yugoslavia			
Any other	Germany, Netherlands and United Kingdom are observers, as are a number of international organizations. Data from observing countries and organizations, and also from other countries involved in Arctic research are compiled and used in AMAP assessments. AMAP also supports activities involving compilation of global data sets on, for instance, production, use and emissions of relevant contaminants.		