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Common services at Geneva

Report of the Secretary-General*

I. Introduction

In its resolution 54/255 of 7 April 2000, the 1. endorsed. General Assembly inter alia. the recommendations of the Joint Inspection Unit (JIU) contained in its report entitled "The United Nations system common services at Geneva, part I, Overview of administrative cooperation and coordination" (A/53/787) and the comments of the Secretary-General and the Administrative Committee on Coordination thereon (A/54/635). Further, the Assembly encouraged Secretary-General and the Administrative the Committee on Coordination to take concrete steps to enhance common services, and invited legislative organs of other organizations to take similar action on the basis of the resolution and requested the Secretary-General to report to it at its fifty-sixth session on the measures taken in that consideration. The present report is submitted in response to that request and provides, in section II, a listing of existing cooperation among specialized agencies and organizations based at Geneva. Section III contains an update of the progress achieved in setting up a more formal common services structure in Geneva.

* The foonote requested by the General Assembly in resolution 54/248 was not included in the submission.



II. Cooperation among organizations based at Geneva

It is worth recalling that, in spite of the statutory 2. autonomy of each specialized agency and organization based at Geneva, significant collaboration has developed among their executive heads, resulting in increased contacts among counterparts at all levels in the various organizations. The results of those efforts are mentioned below by area of activity and described in a non-exhaustive way. The second part of the report of JIU on the United Nations system common services at Geneva (A/55/856) contained a review of the most significant manifestations of those efforts, namely, the International Computing Centre (ICC), the Joint Medical Service, the Training and Examinations Section (since renamed Staff Development and Learning Section), the Diplomatic Pouch Service and the Joint Purchase Service.

A. Budget and finance

3. Periodic meetings, some of which are organized by the secretariat of the Administrative Committee on Coordination, among senior finance and budget officers are held to discuss matters of common interest, such as projected inflation rates for Geneva, accounting standards, software for electronic payments, credit cards and banking arrangements.

B. Telecommunications

Organizations exchange experience in negotiating 4. advantageous telecommunication rates with carriers. New global contracts with carriers will provide for value-added features to the virtual private network which would allow other organizations and even field locations to join the global contract, allowing better connectivity as well as economies of scale. Efforts are under way to share telephone directory information in compatible phone systems so as to simplify dialling and allow individual caller identification. A videoconference bridge has been deployed, allowing any organization to establish multi-site video-conference sessions over regular connections but also over networks, such as the Geneva Diplomatic Community Network (GDCNET), a facility provided by the International Telecommunications Union. A project will be launched in the near future shortly to set up a global contract for mobile telephony.

C. Information technology

Organizations share the data-processing resources 5. of ICC and collaborate in its management, through their participation in the ICC Management Committee. Licensing agreements negotiated by some organizations for standard computer operating and applications software are made available to the other organizations, as are volume purchase agreements for the acquisition of information technology equipment; this facility is also accorded to permanent missions. Progress is being made in the development of GDCNET. The facility, which links common system organizations and permanent missions, allows users to listen to ongoing meeting activities in the conference rooms of other organizations or even obtain video transmissions over the Network. Joint seminars have been organized to keep managers abreast of innovations and trends, such as e-commerce and Internet security.

6. Through the implementation of the Integrated Management Information System (IMIS), the United Nations Office at Geneva (UNOG) provides a computer system designed to address administrative tasks in an integrated framework. The Office has provided training

and conversion assistance, and continues to provide support to both departments and organizations which have chosen to use IMIS.

D. Travel and transportation

7. The United Nations Office at Geneva has traditionally processed travel documents for organizations at Geneva (mainly the United Nations laissez-passer). Experiments have been conducted with regard to sharing of freight-forwarding contracts, arrangements for the removal and shipment of personal effects and household goods, and joint travel agency contracts. Joint meetings among travel managers are held to exchange information and views as to the future strategy towards changes in the travel agent industry and the air travel market and to explore possibilities for joint negotiations with preferred air carriers for net fare arrangements and volume discounts.

E. Medical services and insurance

8. Organizations collaborate in operating the Joint Medical Service. Several organizations share medical insurance schemes.

F. Security services

9. The United Nations Office at Geneva provides a full range of organized security services to two other agencies. Negotiations have taken place to provide such services under similar modalities to a third organization. The Office also provides ad hoc security support upon request to other agencies.

G. Procurement and contracting

10. The Geneva Joint Purchase Service at Geneva, which has traditionally focused on the joint procurement of paper and office supplies, has recently decided to widen the scope of its activities and to exchange information on major service contracts, such as the cleaning of premises, and explore possibilities of joint negotiations with the suppliers of such services. It has mandated the United Nations Office at Geneva to negotiate on behalf of its members a contract for electrical power in anticipation of market deregulation. 11. Volume purchase agreements negotiated by the United Nations Office at Geneva for the supply of stationery and office supplies and for the purchase of personal computers and peripherals have been made available for use by other organizations. Some organizations are starting to include clauses in their general contracting provisions that oblige suppliers to extend the same preferential conditions to other United Nations organizations.

12. Organizations attend on a regular basis the annual meetings of the Inter-Agency Procurement Working Group and the meetings of its subgroups. The Working Group actively promotes common approaches to purchasing policies and the enhancement of professionalism in the procurement activities of agencies. This participation also contributes considerably to the exchange of information and to the establishment of professional contacts and cooperative ventures at Geneva.

H. Library and archiving services

13. All Geneva-based organizations have joined the United Nations System Electronic Information Acquisition Consortium that was established in 1998 and is led by the Dag Hammarskjöld Library in New York. This consortium makes commercial information products, such as The Economist Intelligence Unit, *NewsEdge* etc., available on desktops and in libraries throughout the participating organizations at a fraction of the price of individual paper subscriptions. The International Labour Organization, the World Intellectual Property Organization and the United Nations Office at Geneva (through the United Nations Bibliographic Information System) have made the catalogues of their libraries available through the United Nations System Shared Cataloguing and Public Access System, thereby simplifying access to this information by the public and reducing cataloguing time for new acquisitions by allowing participating organizations to retrieve the cataloguing information filed by sister organizations. The World Health Organization and the International Trade Centre have requested that their libraries be included as well. The International Labour Organization and the United Nations, as well as several other organizations outside Geneva, have pooled their information about the location of depository libraries and created a webbased search facility to simplify the process of finding document repositories throughout the world. Efforts are under way to expand the service to include more organizations and all field-based information centres. Projects of a similar nature have been implemented in the area of archiving.

14. The Committee of International Archivists at Geneva, in which representatives from most Genevabased international organizations take part, was set up and has been working on a common approach to records and archives management, especially in the fields of archival preservation and appraisal. As a first step, efforts focused on training in connection with new technologies. Workshops on the preservation of paper and other materials (e.g., audio-visual, photographs and electronic records) and on the appraisal of electronic records were convened in the biennium 1999-2000.

I. Management of human resources

15. Common system organizations jointly undertake salary and cost-of-living surveys at Geneva. They have worked out a common job classification standard for General Service personnel. A number of training courses, especially in the language area, are provided by the United Nations Office at Geneva and by the International Labour Organization. Some staff-related services are handled by the United Nations Office at Geneva on behalf of other United Nations Secretariat entities, as well as bodies affiliated with the United Nations, in particular those concerning relations with the host country for the provision of Cartes de légitimation, the administration of justice (Joint Appeals Board and Joint Disciplinary Committee) and compensation for work-related accidents (Advisory Board on Compensation Claims).

J. Management of facilities

16. Under the auspices of the Fondation des immeubles pour les institutions internationales, a number of informal collegial contacts between technical managers of Geneva-based organizations have taken place to exchange information on building efficiency and related techniques. The recent creation, at the initiative of the Senior Project Coordinator, Common Services, of the Office of Central Support Services at the United Nations Headquarters, of the inter-agency network of facilities managers, in which some Geneva-based agencies participate, also provides a permanent platform for the exchange of information, a comparison of best practice and other areas of mutual interest.

K. Mail and Diplomatic Pouch services

17. The United Nations Office at Geneva has always operated Diplomatic Pouch services for all Genevabased organizations. Over the years, on-time performance has been constantly improved, many new Pouch destinations have been created and rates have been negotiated downwards, while the volume of mail transported and received has risen dramatically. The Office also provides mailing services to three other Geneva entities.

L. Conference activities

18. There have been long-standing arrangements for the sharing of conference space and for the rental of large facilities not available at the site of the organizing agency. There has also been consultation on the timing of important meetings in order to avoid unnecessary competition for space and other resources (e.g., interpreters). Agencies have negotiated joint rates for freelance interpreters under the auspices of the Consultative Committee on Administrative Questions of the Administrative Committee on Coordination. The heads of interpretation services meet on a regular basis to exchange views on common areas of concern.

III. Structured approach to common services at Geneva

19. In his comments on the above-mentioned JIU reports (A/54/635 and A/55/856/Add.1), the Secretary-General indicated that action would be taken to establish the Management Ownership Committee at Geneva under the chairmanship of the Director-General of the United Nations Office at Geneva, regrouping all organizations and agencies of the United Nations common system at Geneva. He indicated that it would be left to the Management Ownership Committee to determine the scope and pace of implementation of arrangements for common services at Geneva, with due regard for the mandates, roles, tasks and rules of each individual organization. The Management Ownership Committee has been launched accordingly.

20. The Management Ownership Committee is composed of the heads of all Geneva-based specialized agencies, the United Nations Office at Geneva and United Nations programmes, as well as of the World Trade Organization and the International Trade Centre, under the chairmanship of the Director-General of the United Nations Office at Geneva. The Committee established a three-tier structure, as follows:

- (a) Management Ownership Committee;
- (b) Task Force on Common Services;

(c) Technical working groups, each dealing with one or more topics where common services would be desirable.

21. According to its terms of reference, the Committee is to (a) establish and maintain high-level support for and commitment to common services initiatives among organizations of the United Nations system based at Geneva; (b) provide executive direction to its Task Force on Common Services; and (c) review the progress report of the Task Force and take decisions on the related recommendations.

22. The Task Force on Common Services is composed of the heads of administration, or equivalent, of participating organizations and agencies. It continues to be chaired by the former Director of the Division of Administration at the United Nations Office at Geneva. The Task Force is responsible for: (a) recommending initiatives or actions which will lead to the establishment of a common service or the reinforcement of an existing one; (b) reviewing proposals and recommendations put forward by the working groups on common services; and (c) defining the degree of commitment of cooperation, participation and human and financial resources required from participating organizations.

23. The working groups are composed of technical representatives and resource persons of each participating organization. The working groups are responsible for: (a) assessment of critical existing central, shared or common services with a view to identifying areas of possible improvement in quality and cost-effectiveness; (b) review of the potential for expansion of central, shared or common services; and (c) recommendation of the specific actions to be undertaken, together with the timetable, estimate of resources required and definition of accountability for

their implementation, including the identification of a lead agency or organization, where appropriate.

IV. Priority areas under consideration

24. The discussions held in the Management Ownership Committee and its Task Force have led to the identification of areas to be reviewed as a matter of priority, with a view to strengthening existing common services tools, or to developing new common approaches. Examples of these are provided below.

A. Joint Purchase Service

25. The Management Ownership Committee underscored the need to expand the functions of the Joint Purchase Service to cover additional procurement and services areas. The Service is called upon to work on standardizing a greater number of goods commonly used among participating organizations and agencies in order to group purchases with external contractors. This approach should allow for the strengthening of the negotiating power of the participating organizations and streamline internal procedures, thus resulting in more competitive prices for better services. In this respect, the Task Force has decided to set up a working group on information technology equipment. Bearing in mind the fact that the technical specifications and level of services may greatly vary from one organization to the other, the working group has been requested to develop a pragmatic approach so as to ensure that the equipment retained is acceptable to most users.

B. Banking and travel services

26. Banking and travel arrangements are services that are traditionally outsourced by the various participating organizations. In theses areas, the number of potential contractors is limited. Therefore, the Geneva-based organizations, with the exception of the World Meteorological Organization, use the same bank and travel agent, although the arrangements are not necessarily governed by the same terms and conditions. At the request of the Management Ownership Committee, its Task Force is currently reviewing the possibility of grouping existing contracts with the existing service providers in order to obtain more competitive rates. A working group is being set up to review the banking and travel services and determine a common approach on how best to negotiate the future arrangements.

C. Cleaning services

27. Concerted efforts are deployed to investigate new areas in which common services may be developed. The United Nations Office at Geneva has contacted all Geneva-based organizations within the framework of the Joint Purchase Service, in order to share practice and experience with regard to outsourced commercial cleaning services, prior to launching its next bidding exercise, in late 2001, possibly jointly with one or more organizations of the system. Although it is acknowledged that the technical characteristics of the buildings managed in Geneva may differ significantly, organizations doubtlessly have similar concerns as to the cost and the quality of the services provided, environmental issues and user satisfaction.

D. Provision of electricity

28. Negotiations are taking place with the local electricity provider in order to obtain preferential rates, in the current context of preparations for the opening of the Swiss market to outside competition. The Director-General of the United Nations Office at Geneva, as Chairman of the Management Ownership Committee and Coordinator for Common Services at Geneva, has initiated discussions with the Swiss authorities so as to obtain a favourable interpretation of the host country legislation and, in particular, to ensure that all Genevabased international organizations are considered one single customer for the purpose of the agreement under consideration.

29. The cases described above are only a few examples of commitment by the heads of the Genevabased organizations to develop common services in all areas for the benefit of the entire United Nations community. Efforts will continue to foster such arrangements and explore avenues of complementarity in other areas of common interest.