

**Fifty-fifth session** 

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**Third Committee** Agenda item 114 (b) **Human rights questions: human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms** 

> Belarus, Burundi, China, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Myanmar, Nigeria, Russian Federation, Sudan and United Republic of Tanzania: revised draft resolution

Respect for the purposes and principles contained in the Charter of the United Nations to achieve international cooperation in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms and in solving international problems of humanitarian character

## The General Assembly,

*Recalling* that, in accordance with Article 56 of the Charter of the United Nations, all Member States have pledged themselves to take joint and separate action, in cooperation with the Organization, for the achievement of the purposes set forth in Article 55, including universal respect for, and observance of, human rights and fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion,

*Recalling also* the Preamble to the Charter of the United Nations, in particular the determination to reaffirm faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person, and in the equal rights of men and women and of nations large and small,

*Reaffirming* that the promotion and protection of all human rights and fundamental freedoms must be considered a priority objective of the United Nations in accordance with its purposes and principles, in particular the purpose of international cooperation, and that in the framework of these purposes and principles, the promotion and protection of all human rights are a legitimate concern of the international community,

*Considering* the major changes taking place on the international scene and the aspirations of all peoples for an international order based on the principles enshrined in

the Charter of the United Nations, including promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all and respect for the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples, peace, democracy, justice, equality, rule of law, pluralism, development, better standards of living and solidarity,

*Recognizing* that the international community should devise ways and means to remove current obstacles and meet the challenges to the full realization of all human rights and to prevent the continuation of human rights violations resulting therefrom throughout the world, as well as continue to pay attention to the importance of mutual cooperation, understanding and dialogue in ensuring the promotion and protection of all human rights,

*Reaffirming* that the enhancement of international cooperation in the field of human rights is essential for the full achievement of the purposes of the United Nations, as well as that human rights and fundamental freedoms are the birthright of all human beings, their protection and promotion being the first responsibility of Governments,

*Reaffirming also* that all human rights are universal, indivisible and interdependent and interrelated and that the international community must treat human rights globally in a fair and equal manner, on the same footing, and with the same emphasis,

*Recalling* the various articles of the Charter of the United Nations setting out the respective powers and functions of the General Assembly, the Security Council and the Economic and Social Council, as the paramount framework for the achievement of the purposes of the United Nations,

*Reaffirming* the commitment of all States to fulfil their obligations under other important instruments of international law, in particular those of international human rights and humanitarian law,

Taking into account that, in accordance with Article 103 of the Charter of the United Nations, in the event of a conflict between the obligations of the Members of the United Nations under the Charter and their obligations under any other international agreement, their obligations under the Charter shall prevail,

1. Affirms the solemn commitment of all States to enhance international cooperation in the field of human rights and in the solution to international problems of humanitarian character in full compliance with the Charter of the United Nations, inter alia, by the strict observance of all the purposes and principles set forth in its Articles 1 and 2;

2. Stresses the vital role of the work of United Nations and regional arrangements, acting consistently with the purposes and principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations, in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms, as well as in solving international problems of humanitarian character, and affirms that no State or group of States has the right to intervene, for any reason whatever, directly or indirectly, in the internal or external affairs of any other State, and, consequently, that armed intervention and all other forms of interference or attempted threats against the personality of the State or against its political economic and cultural elements, are in violation of international law;

3. *Reaffirms* that the United Nations shall promote universal respect for, and observance of, human rights and fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language, or religion;

4. *Calls upon* all States to cooperate fully, through constructive dialogue, in order to ensure the promotion and protection of all human rights for all and in promoting peaceful solutions to international problems of humanitarian character and to comply strictly, in their actions towards that purpose, with principles and norms of international law, inter alia, through the full respect for international human rights and humanitarian law;

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention of Member States, organs, bodies and other components of the United Nations system, and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations and to disseminate it on the widest possible basis;

6. *Decides* to consider this question at its fifty-sixth session under the item entitled "Human rights questions".