

**Security Council**

Distr.: General
11 September 2025

Original: English

Letter dated 11 September 2025 from the Permanent Representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

With reference to my letter dated 10 September 2025 regarding the request of the delegation of the Islamic Republic of Iran to participate, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter of the United Nations and rule 37 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, in the emergency meeting of the Council on 11 September 2025 in connection with the item entitled “The situation in the Middle East” and make a statement, I have the honour to submit herewith the written statement of the Islamic Republic of Iran, which was to be delivered at the aforesaid meeting (see annex).

I should be grateful if the present letter and its annex could be circulated as a document of the Security Council.

(Signed) Amir Saeid **Iravani**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative



Annex to the letter dated 11 September 2025 from the Permanent Representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Statement by the Permanent Representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the United Nations, Amir Saeid Iravani

Allow me at the outset to extend our congratulations to the Republic of Korea on assuming the presidency of the Security Council for this month.

We also commend Panama for its successful leadership and valuable contributions during its presidency in August.

We welcome the presence of the Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of the State of Qatar in this meeting.

We also thank Algeria, Pakistan and Somalia for requesting and supporting the convening of this meeting, and we express our appreciation to Under-Secretary-General DiCarlo for her valuable briefing.

We align ourselves with the statement delivered by the representative of Türkiye, on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC) member States.

We reaffirm the principled and unwavering position of OIC, rooted in its Charter and reinforced through successive summit and ministerial resolutions, firmly rejecting any aggression against the sovereignty and security of its member States.

The most recent expression of this position was the resolution adopted at the 51st session of the OIC Council of Foreign Ministers, held on 22 June 2025 in Istanbul. That resolution unequivocally and strongly condemned the United States and Israeli armed attacks against Iran and called upon the Security Council to urgently address the grave threat to international peace and security, and to take decisive measures under Chapter VII of the Charter to compel the Israeli regime to immediately cease its aggression.

The Islamic Republic of Iran strongly and unequivocally condemns the terrorist aggression and armed attacks carried out by the Zionist regime against the State of Qatar, which resulted in the martyrdom and injury of several Palestinian and Qatari civilians, and expresses the solidarity and support of the Islamic Republic of Iran with the State of Qatar.

Iran firmly supports the right to self-defence of Qatar under international law and the Charter of the United Nations to respond to such reckless violations and to take all necessary political, diplomatic and legal measures to protect its citizens, sovereignty and territorial integrity.

The Israeli regime's military aggression against Qatar constitutes a blatant violation of the fundamental principles of the Charter of the United Nations and international law.

The continuation of the Israeli regime's genocide in the occupied Palestine, its repeated acts of aggression and terrorism against Lebanon, Syria and Yemen, its criminal assault on Iran, and now its military attack on Qatar, demonstrate that this regime poses an immediate and real threat to regional and international peace and security.

On 13 June, Israel, with full United States support and American weapons, launched a large-scale, unprovoked 12-day war against the Islamic Republic of Iran, targeting civilian infrastructure and peaceful nuclear facilities under International

Atomic Energy Agency safeguards. Despite three emergency meetings, the Council failed to act – paralysed by the unconditional protection of the United States. This failure has emboldened Israel, the rogue regime, to persist in its crimes across the region with complete impunity.

It is regrettable that, by neglecting its mandate, the Security Council has effectively normalized Israel's crimes in Gaza and its criminal aggressions in Yemen, Syria, Lebanon, Iran, and now Qatar.

The criminal Prime Minister of the Zionist regime has openly threatened other countries of the region with aggression, explicitly declaring that, wherever the political leaders of Hamas may be present, Israel will launch attacks. If the Security Council fails to act today, another country will inevitably be added to Israel's list of aggressions, and this regime will once again commit acts of aggression with complete impunity.

Therefore, the Council cannot remain silent in the face of such blatant acts of aggression; it must adopt a binding Chapter VII resolution that:

- Determines that Israel's illegal use of force and armed attacks constitute breaches of the peace and acts of aggression under Article 39 of the Charter.
- Condemns these acts of aggression strongly and unequivocally.
- Holds Israel fully accountable for its violations of Qatari sovereignty.
- Warns that any repetition will trigger enforcement measures.
- Makes clear that any military, intelligence, logistical or political support – or silence in failing to condemn such aggression – amounts to complicity in aggression.

The Council's failure to act at this grave juncture would constitute a profound abdication of its responsibilities and a betrayal of the very principles on which the United Nations was founded. Inaction will only embolden the aggressor, undermine international law and send a message of dangerous impunity across the world.

We believe that ending the warmongering and atrocities of the Zionist regime, across the region, in particular in Gaza and occupied Palestine, requires unity and concrete coordination among the countries of the region, including through the severance of all economic and diplomatic ties with this regime.

Iran underscores the urgent need for decisive action by regional countries and the international community to hold this regime accountable for its persistent and egregious breaches of international norms.