

# Third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons

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Agenda item 15

**Consideration and adoption of the final document of the Meeting**

## **Draft report of the third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons**

### **I. Introduction**

1. At its 10th plenary meeting, on 1 December 2023, the second Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons decided that the third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty would be held from 3 to 7 March 2025. By its resolution [79/38](#), the General Assembly also confirmed that the third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty would be held at United Nations Headquarters in New York from 3 to 7 March 2025.

2. Accordingly, in a note verbale dated 4 October 2024, the Secretary-General convened the third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty from 3 to 7 March 2025 at United Nations Headquarters in New York.

### **II. Organizational matters**

#### **A. Opening and duration of the Meeting**

3. The third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons was convened at United Nations Headquarters in New York from 3 to 7 March 2025.

4. The Meeting was opened on 3 March by the President of the Meeting, Akan Rakhmetullin (Kazakhstan). The President made introductory remarks.



5. At its 1st plenary meeting, the Meeting conducted its high-level session under agenda item 8, during which it heard an address by the Under-Secretary-General and High Representative for Disarmament Affairs on behalf of the Secretary-General and addresses by high-level officials.<sup>1</sup>

## **B. Officers**

6. At its 10th plenary meeting, on 1 December 2023, the second Meeting of States Parties elected Akan Rakhmetullin (Kazakhstan) as President of the third Meeting, in accordance with rule 6 (3) of the rules of procedure. The third Meeting of States Parties elected its other officers, as follows:

*Vice-Presidents:*

Austria  
Cambodia  
Kiribati

## **C. Agenda and organization of work**

7. At its 1st plenary meeting, the Meeting adopted its agenda ([TPNW/MSP/2025/1](#)), as follows:

1. Opening of the Meeting.
2. Election of officers.
3. Adoption of the agenda.
4. Confirmation of the Secretary-General of the Meeting.
5. Decisions adopted in the period between Meetings of States Parties in accordance with rule 45.
6. Organization of work.
7. Credentials of representatives to the Meeting:
  - (a) Appointment of members of the Credentials Committee;
  - (b) Report of the Credentials Committee.
8. High-level session: address by the Secretary-General of the United Nations and addresses by high-level officials.
9. Thematic debate: The risks to humanity of a nuclear conflict and its devastating humanitarian consequences.
10. General exchange of views.

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<sup>1</sup> The following high-level officials addressed the Meeting: the Permanent Observer of the International Committee of the Red Cross to the United Nations, Elyse Nicole Mosquini, on behalf of the President of the International Committee of the Red Cross; the Executive Director of the International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons, Melissa Parke; the Assistant Secretary-General of the Japan Confederation of A- and H-Bomb Sufferers Organizations (Nihon Hidankyo), Jiro Hamasumi; a representative of affected communities, Taraem Taukaro; the Deputy Foreign Minister for Multilateral Affairs of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Mexico, Enrique Javier Ochoa Martinez; and the Secretary-General of the Agency for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean, Flávio Roberto Bonzanini.

11. Consideration of the status and operation of the Treaty and other matters important for achieving the objectives and purpose of the Treaty:
    - (a) Declarations regarding the ownership, possession or control of nuclear weapons (article 2);
    - (b) Universality (article 12);
    - (c) Towards the elimination of nuclear weapons (article 4);
    - (d) Victim assistance, environmental remediation and international cooperation and assistance (articles 6 and 7);
    - (e) National implementation measures (article 5);
    - (f) Other matters important for achieving the objectives and purpose of the Treaty:
      - (i) Scientific and technical advice for the effective implementation of the Treaty;
      - (ii) Intersessional structure for the implementation of the Treaty;
      - (iii) Complementarity of the Treaty with the existing nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation regime;
      - (iv) Implementing the gender provisions of the Treaty;
      - (v) Consultative process on security concerns of States under the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons.
  12. Financial matters.
  13. Preparations for the Review Conference:
    - (a) Election of the President;
    - (b) Dates and venue.
  14. Other matters.
  15. Consideration and adoption of the final document of the Meeting.
  16. Closure of the Meeting.
8. Also at its 1st plenary meeting, the Meeting took note of the indicative timetable ([TPNW/MSP/2025/INF/3](#)).

## **D. Confirmation of the Secretary-General of the Meeting**

9. At its 1st plenary meeting, the Meeting took note of the appointment by the Secretary-General of the United Nations of Christopher King, Chief of the Weapons of Mass Destruction Branch of the Office for Disarmament Affairs, as Secretary-General of the Meeting.

## **E. Documentation**

10. The documents for the Meeting are listed in annex IV to the present report.

### III. Credentials

11. Pursuant to rule 4 of the rules of procedure, according to which the Credentials Committee is to be composed of five members, the Meeting appointed Antigua and Barbuda, Belize, Cabo Verde, Ireland and the Lao People's Democratic Republic as members of its Credentials Committee.

12. At its 10th plenary meeting, on 7 March, the Meeting adopted the draft resolution set out in paragraph 14 of the report of the Credentials Committee ([TPNW/MSP/2025/10](#)), as recommended by the Committee after it had examined the credentials of the representatives of States Parties to the Meeting and found them to be in order.

### IV. Attendance

13. The following 55 States Parties participated in the Meeting: Antigua and Barbuda, Austria, Botswana, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Chile, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Ecuador, El Salvador, Fiji, Gambia, Guatemala, Guyana, Holy See, Honduras, Indonesia, Ireland, Jamaica, Kazakhstan, Kiribati, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Mexico, Mongolia, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, State of Palestine, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Trinidad and Tobago, Tuvalu, Uruguay, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) and Viet Nam.

14. The following 31 States attended the Meeting as observers: Algeria, Angola, Australia, Azerbaijan, Barbados, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Ghana, Iraq, Libya, Liechtenstein, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Switzerland, Togo, Tunisia, Yemen, Zambia and Zimbabwe.

15. Representatives of the United Nations, the United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the International Atomic Energy Agency, the Provisional Technical Secretariat of the Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization, the International Committee of the Red Cross, the Agency for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean, the African Commission on Nuclear Energy, the States Parties to the Treaty on a Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone in Central Asia, and the International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons attended the Meeting as observers without the right to vote, in accordance with rule 1 (2) of the rules of procedure.

16. Representatives of 163 relevant non-governmental organizations attended the Meeting under rule 1 (3) of the rules of procedure.

17. The list of participants will be issued as a document after the conclusion of the Meeting.

## **V. Decisions adopted in the period between Meetings of States Parties in accordance with rule 45**

18. At its 1st plenary meeting, in accordance with rule 45 (2) of the rules of procedure, the Meeting took note of the decisions adopted through the procedure referred to in rule 45 (1) and decided to annex them to the present report (annex III).

## **VI. Thematic debate**

19. At its 2nd and 3rd plenary meetings, on 3 and 4 March, under agenda item 9, the Meeting conducted a thematic debate on the risks to humanity of a nuclear conflict and its devastating humanitarian consequences. At the 2nd plenary meeting, the Meeting heard from a panel composed of Eirini Giorgou, Legal Advisor of the International Committee of the Red Cross; Gaukhar Mukhatzhanova, Japan Chair for a World without Nuclear Weapons of the Vienna Center for Disarmament and Non-Proliferation; John Burroughs, Senior Analyst of the Lawyers Committee on Nuclear Policy; Charles Moxley, attorney and adjunct professor of the Fordham Law School; and Danielle McLaughlin, senior legal analyst of Horizon 2045. Delegations made statements and asked questions of the panellists.

20. At its 3rd plenary meeting, the Meeting heard from a panel composed of Nick Ritchie, Senior Lecturer at the University of York; Annie Jacobsen, journalist and author; Edwick Madzimore, Founding Director of Women's International League for Peace and Freedom, in Zimbabwe; Zia Mian, co-chair of the Scientific Advisory Group of the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons and co-director of Princeton University's Program on Science and Global Security; and Melissa Parke, Executive Director of the International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons. Delegations made statements and asked questions of the panellists.

## **VII. General exchange of views**

21. At its 4th to 6th plenary meetings, on 4 and 5 March, the Meeting held a general exchange of views under agenda item 10.

## **VIII. Consideration of the status and operation of the Treaty and other matters important for achieving the objectives and purpose of the Treaty**

22. At its 6th to 9th plenary meetings, from 5 to 7 March, under agenda item 11, the Meeting considered the status and operation of the Treaty and other matters important for achieving the objectives and purpose of the Treaty. The President, Co-Chairs of the informal working groups, co-facilitators, gender focal point and coordinator presented their reports and working papers related to the sub-items of agenda item 11.<sup>2</sup> The Co-Chairs of the Scientific Advisory Group presented the report and working paper of the Group.<sup>3</sup> Delegations asked questions and made comments.

<sup>2</sup> [TPNW/MSP/2025/2](#), [TPNW/MSP/2025/3](#), [TPNW/MSP/2025/4](#), [TPNW/MSP/2025/5](#), [TPNW/MSP/2025/6](#), [TPNW/MSP/2025/7](#), [TPNW/MSP/2025/WP.2/Rev.1](#) and supplementary information to [TPNW/MSP/2025/7](#).

<sup>3</sup> [TPNW/MSP/2025/8](#) and [TPNW/MSP/2025/WP.5](#).

## **IX. Financial matters**

23. At its 1st plenary meeting, on 3 March, the Meeting took note of its financial report ([TPNW/MSP/2025/9](#)).

## **X. Preparations for the Review Conference**

24. At its 10th plenary meeting, on 7 March, the Meeting [...]

## **XI. Consideration and adoption of the final document of the Meeting**

25. At its 10th plenary meeting, on 7 March, the Meeting [...]

26. At the same plenary meeting, the Meeting adopted its report.

## **Annex I**

### **Declaration of the third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons**

[Text of the declaration to be inserted]

## **Annex II**

### **Decisions of the third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons**

[Text of decisions to be inserted]



## Annex III

### Decisions adopted in the period between Meetings of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in accordance with rule 45 of the rules of procedure

#### Intersessional decision 1<sup>1</sup>

*The Meeting of States Parties,*

*Recalling* paragraph 24 of the report of the second Meeting (TPNW/MSP/2023/14),

*Acting* in accordance with rule 45 of its rules of procedure,

1. *Decides* to hold the third Meeting from 3 to 7 March 2025 at United Nations Headquarters in New York;
2. *Requests* the Secretariat to provide cost estimates for the Meeting for their consideration at an early date.

#### Intersessional decision 2<sup>1</sup>

*The Meeting of States Parties,*

*Recalling* paragraph 24 of the report of the second Meeting (TPNW/MSP/2023/14),

*Acting* in accordance with rule 45 of its rules of procedure,

1. *Decides* to apply a maximum assessment rate of 22 per cent of the total costs to contributions for the third Meeting, without prejudice to assessed contributions for future Meetings;
2. *Also decides* to review the question of the maximum assessment rate ahead of the Review Conference or the next meeting of Meeting of States Parties, whichever is first.

#### Intersessional decision 3<sup>1</sup>

*The Meeting of States Parties,*

*Recalling* paragraph 24 of the report of the second Meeting (TPNW/MSP/2023/14),

*Noting* the positive effect of the sponsorship programme for the second Meeting, which enabled the participation of 24 delegates in the Meeting,

*Expressing* its appreciation to the States that made financial contributions to the sponsorship programme for the second Meeting,

*Acting* in accordance with rule 45 of its rules of procedure,

1. *Decides* to establish a sponsorship programme to ensure inclusivity and broad participation in the third Meeting, to be operated by the Office for Disarmament Affairs;
2. *Also decides* that the sponsorship programme should be operated within the parameters set out in annex I to the present decision;

<sup>1</sup> Adopted through a silence procedure that expired without objection on 29 July 2024.

3. *Requests* the Office for Disarmament Affairs to take the necessary administrative and organizational steps to ensure the operability of the sponsorship programme;

4. *Invites* States Parties in a position to do so to consider making a voluntary contribution to the sponsorship programme.

## **Annex I**

### **The sponsorship programme**

The sponsorship programme is to be financed exclusively through voluntary contributions from States in a position to do so. The sponsorship programme would cover one person per delegation from States to ensure, as a priority, the participation of States Parties at the third Meeting of States Parties. Subject to the availability of funds, the participation of delegates from signatory States, States that have supported the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons (for example, States that voted in favour of its adoption and/or voted in favour of General Assembly resolutions on the Treaty) can also be sponsored. If funds are remaining following the sponsorship of all eligible States, eligible members of the Scientific Advisory Group may be sponsored. Eligible States and eligible members of the Scientific Advisory Group for the sponsorship programme are individuals who are nationals of least developed countries that receive official development assistance (based on the Development Assistance Committee list of official development assistance recipient countries) or small island developing States. Additional criteria for the sponsorship programme are equitable regional representation and gender equity. All States in a position to do so are requested to consider contributing to this programme.

In addition, the sponsorship programme should be operated within the following specifications:

(a) Priority for the sponsorship programme is to facilitate the participation of States Parties at the Meeting;

(b) It is recommended that the Secretariat sends out a call for applications to all eligible States at the same time with a deadline well in advance of the Meeting to allow for sufficient time;

(c) Once the applications are received, the Secretariat should prepare a list of eligible States Party delegates:

(i) If more than one delegate is nominated from a State, the Secretariat should request the State to select one delegate. Within the group of eligible States Parties, priority is to be given to the least developed countries that receive official development assistance. If there are not sufficient funds to sponsor all eligible States Parties, the Secretariat should revert to the President-designate, who will consult with the donor countries;

(ii) Once the selection of delegates of States Parties is concluded, and subject to the availability of resources, the Secretariat should prepare a list of sponsorship applicants from eligible signatory States, States that voted in favour of its adoption and/or voted in favour of General Assembly resolutions on the Treaty, and members of the Scientific Advisory Group. Within the group of signatory States, priority is to be given to least developed countries that receive official development assistance. Only once all requests for signatory States are fulfilled should non-signatory States Parties that supported the treaty, as well as members of the Scientific Advisory Group, be considered for sponsorship, again with priority given to least developed countries that receive official development assistance;

(iii) Notwithstanding the above points, donor States for the sponsorship programme may earmark part of their funds to sponsor States, including signatory States and non-States Parties, from specific regions or members of the Scientific Advisory Group;

(d) A contingency reserve of no more than 15 per cent of the available funds should be kept in order to accommodate late or special requests for sponsorship for up to one month before the Meeting of States Parties, with any granting of such late or special requests being subject to consultations by the President-designate with the donor countries;

(e) In case of any open questions regarding the implementation of the sponsorship programme or the use of funds, the Secretariat should inform the President-designate, who will consult with the donor countries of the sponsorship programme and any other delegation, as appropriate.

#### **Intersessional decision 4<sup>2</sup>**

*The Meeting of States Parties,*

*Recalling* paragraph 24 of the report of the second Meeting (TPNW/MSP/2023/14),

*Acting* in accordance with rule 45 of its rules of procedure,

1. *Approves* the cost estimates for the third Meeting of States Parties presented by the Secretariat;

2. *Requests* the Secretariat to make all necessary organizational arrangements for the third Meeting in accordance with the cost estimates and in consultation with the President.

#### **Intersessional decision 5<sup>3</sup>**

*The Meeting of States Parties,*

*Recalling* rule 1, paragraphs 3 and 4, of its rules of procedure,

*Acting* in accordance with rule 45 of its rules of procedure,

1. *Takes note* of the list of other relevant international organizations or institutions, regional organizations and relevant non-governmental organizations whose purpose and activities are consistent with the object and purpose of the Treaty that are in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council in accordance with the provisions of Council resolution 1996/31 of 25 July 1996, contained in annex I to the present decision;

2. *Accepts* the participation in the third Meeting of States Parties of the other relevant international organizations or institutions, regional organizations and relevant non-governmental organizations whose purpose and activities are consistent with the object and purpose of the Treaty that do not have consultative status with the Council, contained in annex II to the present decision.

#### **Annex I**

1. Aalem for Orphan and Vulnerable Children, Inc.\*
2. Acronym Institute for Disarmament Diplomacy\*

<sup>2</sup> Adopted through a silence procedure that expired without objection on 28 August 2024.

<sup>3</sup> Adopted through a silence procedure that expired without objection on 3 January 2025.

3. African Heritage and Global Peace Initiative\*
4. Associazione Carcere e Territorio\*
5. Cameroon Youths and Students Forum for Peace\*
6. Canadian Pugwash Group\*
7. Canadian Voice of Women for Peace\*
8. Chernobyl-Hibakusha Support, Kansai\*
9. Commission of the Churches on International Affairs of the World Council of Churches\*
10. Elizka Relief Foundation\*
11. FN Forbundet\*
12. Greenpeace International
13. Human Rights Now
14. Indigenous World Association\*
15. International Association of Lawyers against Nuclear Arms\*
16. International Center for the Study, Prevention and Treatment of Multigenerational Legacies of Trauma Inc.\*
17. International Peace Bureau\*
18. International Peace Research Association
19. International Physicians for the Prevention of Nuclear War\*
20. International Trade Union Confederation\*
21. Japanese Liaison Council of Second-Generation Atomic Bomb Survivors\*
22. Mouvement de la Paix\*
23. Loreto Community
24. Mayors for Peace\*
25. Mines Action Canada\*
26. New Japan Women's Association\*
27. Northern CCB\*
28. Norwegian People's Aid\*
29. Nuclear Age Peace Foundation\*
30. Pace University\*
31. Pathways To Peace
32. Pax Christi International: International Catholic Peace Movement\*
33. PEAC Institute, a NJ Nonprofit Corporation
34. Peace Boat\*
35. Peace Union of Finland\*
36. Physicians for Social Responsibility\*
37. Rosa-Luxemburg-Stiftung – Gesellschaftsanalyse und Politische Bildung, eV \*

38. The Royal Institute of International Affairs\*
39. Servas International\*
40. Soka Gakkai International\*
41. Stichting Samenwerkingsverband IKV – Pax Christi (IPC)\*
42. The Elders Foundation\*
43. The Japan Council against Atomic and Hydrogen Bombs (Gensuikyo)\*
44. The Simons Foundation\*
45. United Methodist Church General Board of Church and Society
46. United Nations Association of Great Britain and Northern Ireland\*
47. United Religions Initiative\*
48. Verification Research, Training and Information Centre\*
49. Women’s International League for Peace and Freedom\*
50. World Conference of Religions for Peace\*
51. World without Wars and Violence (Mundo sin Guerras y sin Violencia)\*

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\* Participated in the first or second meeting of States Parties to the Treaty.

## **Annex II**

1. 80,000 Voices\*
2. Abolition 2000 Global Network to Eliminate Nuclear Weapons\*
3. Action Pour le Développement des Jeunes au Congo (ADJC)\*
4. Affected Communities and Allies Working Group\*
5. Africa Reconciled\*
6. African Center for Science and International Security\*
7. African Council of Religious Leaders – Religions for Peace\*
8. Ágora Ciudadanos Cambiando México
9. Alliance pour l’Observatoire d’Action sur la Violence Armée au Burundi
10. Arms Control Association
11. Back from the Brink: Bringing Communities Together to Abolish Nuclear Weapons\*
12. British American Security Information Council\*
13. beHuman\*
14. Bernard and Audre Rapoport Center for Human Rights and Justice\*
15. Blue Banner\*
16. Bombshelltoe Policy and Arts Collective
17. Cape Breton University
18. Center for Countermeasures against Chemical and Biological Warfare Agents\*
19. Center for International Security and Policy\*

20. Centre de recherche et d'information pour le désarmement et sécurité\*
21. Child Rehabilitation Centre
22. Comitato Senzatomica\*
23. CSIS Project on Nuclear Issues\*
24. Cultural Youth Movement Education Foundation
25. Disarmament and Arms Control\*
26. Disarmisti esigenti\*
27. Erasmus School of Social and Behavioural Sciences \*
28. Fashioning for Social Environmental Justice
29. Femmes en Action pour le progress social\*
30. Forum for Nation Building Nepal\*
31. Foundation for Security and Development in Africa
32. Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung\*
33. Gender and Radiation Impact Project
34. GeNuine
35. Glimpse Foundation
36. Global Leadership Ltd\*
37. Harvard Law School's International Human Rights Clinic
38. Hidankyo/Hibakusha Organization of Japan\*
39. Hiroshima Prefectural Government\*
40. ICAN Austria – Kampagne zur Abschaffung von Nuklearwaffen\*
41. ICAN France\*
42. ICAN Germany\*
43. International Center for Civil Initiatives “Our House”
44. James Martin Center for Nonproliferation Studies
45. Japan Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons
46. Japan Congress Against Japan Congress against Atomic and Hydrogen Bombs
47. Kakuwaka Hiroshima
48. Know Nukes Tokyo\*
49. La Galope Rwanda
50. Recognition for Atomic Test Survivors, CIC (LABRATS)
51. Lex International\*
52. Liberians United to Expose Hidden Weapons\*
53. London Metropolitan University Biological Security Research Centre
54. Manhattan Project for a Nuclear-Free World\*
55. Marshallese Educational Initiative\*
56. Mediator and Observer Group of Madagascar\*

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57. Middle East Treaty Organization\*
  58. Modèle de l'Union Africaine
  59. Nei til Atomvåpen\*
  60. Northwestern University\*
  61. Nuclear Threat Initiative\*
  62. Nuclear Truth Project
  63. NuclearBan.US\*
  64. Nukewatch, The Progressive Foundation\*
  65. Oak Ridge Environmental Peace Alliance\*
  66. Open Nuclear Network
  67. Pacific Network on Globalisation\*
  68. Pacific Women Mediators Network
  69. Parliamentarians for the TPNW\*
  70. Pax Christi Flanders\*
  71. Peace Action\*
  72. Peace and Security Support Organization (OJAP)
  73. Peace Research Institute Frankfurt (PRIF)\*
  74. Peace Train Canada
  75. PeaceJam Foundation
  76. People's Federation for National Peace and Development (PEFENAP)\*
  77. Poverty and Associated Maladies Alleviation Initiative
  78. Princeton University Program on Science and Global Security\*
  79. Project Enduring Peace
  80. Qazaq Nuclear Frontline Coalition (QNFC) (Kazakh naming: Atomdyq Sogysqa Qarsy Alda Turgan Qazaq (ASQAQ) Koalitsiyasy)
  81. RealistRevolt\*
  82. Research Center for Nuclear Weapons Abolition, Nagasaki University (RECNA)\*
  83. Réseau d'Actions Paisibles des anciens Combattants pour le Développement Intégré de tous au Burundi (RAPACODIBU)
  84. Rete Italiana Pace e Disarmo\*
  85. Rotary Action Group for Peace\*
  86. School of Government and International Affairs, Durham University\*
  87. Scottish Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament\*
  88. Secure Scotland\*
  89. Red de Seguridad Humana para América Latina y el Caribe (SEHLAC)\*
  90. SHOAA for Human Rights\*
  91. Solidarity for Peace and Reunification of Korea\*

92. Still Glowing
93. Stockholm International Peace Research Institute\*
94. Swedish Peace and Arbitration Society\*
95. The Timbuktu Center For Strategic Studies on the Sahel\*
96. Human Security Lab, University of Massachusetts-Amherst\*
97. UNHouse Scotland\*
98. Union of Concerned Scientists\*
99. Universidad Autónoma de Baja California\*
100. University of Bradford
101. University of Glasgow Atomic Anxiety Project
102. University of Hamburg, Institute of Geography
103. University of Leeds\*
104. Vienna Center for Disarmament and Non-Proliferation\*
105. Vienna International Institute for Middle East Studies (VIIMES)\*
106. Western States Legal Foundation\*
107. Women in Nuclear Global, IAEA
108. Women Concern\*
109. Women Transforming Our Nuclear Legacy\*
110. Youth Arts New York/ Hibakusha Stories\*
111. Youth for Privacy
112. Youth for TPNW\*

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\* Participated in the first or second meeting of States Parties to the Treaty.



## Annex IV

## Documentation

The Meeting had before it the documents listed in the table below.<sup>1</sup>

<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Description</i>
TPNW/MSP/2025/1	Provisional agenda
TPNW/MSP/2025/2	Report of the Co-Chairs of the informal working group on the implementation of article 4 (Malaysia and New Zealand)
TPNW/MSP/2025/3	Report of the Co-Chairs of the informal working group on universalization (South Africa and Uruguay)
TPNW/MSP/2025/4	Report of the Co-Chairs of the informal working group on victim assistance, environmental remediation, international cooperation and assistance (Kazakhstan and Kiribati)
TPNW/MSP/2025/5	Report of the gender focal point (Mexico)
TPNW/MSP/2025/6	Report of the informal facilitators to further explore and articulate the possible areas of tangible cooperation between the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons and the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, and other relevant nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation instruments (Ireland and Thailand)
TPNW/MSP/2025/7	Report of the coordinator of the consultative process on security concerns of States under the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons (Austria)
TPNW/MSP/2025/8	Report of the Scientific Advisory Group on its annual activities
TPNW/MSP/2025/9	Financial report
TPNW/MSP/2025/10	Report of the Credentials Committee
TPNW/MSP/2025/11	Report of the third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons
TPNW/MSP/2025/L.1	Draft report of the third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons
TPNW/MSP/2025/INF/1	Information for States parties, observer States and intergovernmental organizations
TPNW/MSP/2025/INF/1/Add.1	Accreditation of international organizations or institutions and regional organizations
TPNW/MSP/2025/INF/2/Rev.1	Information for participation by non-governmental organizations
TPNW/MSP/2025/INF/3	Indicative timetable

<sup>1</sup> Working papers submitted by observers that are not signatory States or organizations and entities referred to in rule 1, paragraph 2, of the rules of procedure and conference room papers (CRPs) have been posted on the website of the Meeting (<https://meetings.unoda.org/-msp/treaty-on-the-prohibition-of-nuclear-weapons-third-meeting-of-states-parties-2025>) without editing and as received, unless otherwise indicated.

<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Description</i>
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/INF/4</a>	Indicative timetable (summarized)
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/INF/5</a>	List of participants
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/WP.1/Rev.1</a>	Advancing the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons: complementarity, universality, and gender perspectives: working paper submitted by the States Parties to the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco)
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/WP.2/Rev.1</a>	Intersessional structure for the implementation of the Treaty: working paper submitted by the President
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/WP.3</a>	Working paper submitted by the International Committee of the Red Cross
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/WP.4</a>	Review process of the mandate and terms of reference of the Scientific Advisory Group: working paper submitted by Mexico
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/WP.5</a>	Update to the 2023 Report of the Scientific Advisory Group on the status and developments regarding nuclear weapons, nuclear weapon risks, the humanitarian consequences of nuclear weapons, nuclear disarmament and related issues: working paper submitted by the Scientific Advisory Group
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/WP.6</a>	Policy recommendations from the International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons to the third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons: working paper submitted by the International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/CRP.1</a>	Decisions adopted in the period between Meetings of States Parties in accordance with rule 45
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/CRP.2</a>	Draft list of participants
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/CRP.3</a>	Draft decisions of the third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/CRP.4</a>	Draft declaration of the third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons: “Strengthening our commitment to a world free of nuclear weapons amidst the rising global instability”
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/1</a>	Policy recommendations on articles 6 and 7 and preamble: working paper submitted by Affected Communities and Allies Working Group for a Nuclear-Free World
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/2</a>	Policy recommendations on trust fund: working paper submitted by Affected Communities and Allies Working Group for a Nuclear-Free World
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/3</a>	Alignment and alliance: disability rights in the implementation and review of the TPNW: working paper submitted by Disability Rights and Disarmament Initiative, Cape Breton University

<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Description</i>
TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/4	Statement on the occasion of the Third Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons: working paper submitted by the Japan Council against Atomic and Hydrogen Bombs (Gensuikyo)
TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/5	Promoting the establishment of gender-sensitive systems: gender mainstreaming in victim assistance: working paper submitted by GeNuine
TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/6	Establishing a mechanism to ensure meaningful participation of affected communities, indigenous peoples and non-self-governing territories in the work of the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons: working paper submitted by Pace University
TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/7	Advancing nuclear disarmament in the third nuclear age: working paper submitted by the Atomic Anxiety in the New Nuclear Age Project at the University of Glasgow
TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/8	Non-state parties and the TPNW: a case study of Australia: working paper submitted by International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons, Australia
TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/9	Improving governance and implementation of the TPNW Trust Fund: lessons from Kazakhstan's victim assistance and remediation efforts: Friedrich Ebert Foundation Kazakhstan and Steppe Organization for Peace
TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/10	Designing a TPNW trust fund to address the effects of nuclear weapons: working paper submitted by Harvard Law School's International Human Rights Clinic
TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/11	80 Years since the end of World War II and the atomic bombings of Hiroshima and Nagasaki: now is the time for Japan to join the TPNW: working paper submitted by New Japan Women's Association
TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/12	Rights, respect and reciprocity: seeking nuclear justice for frontline communities: working paper submitted by the Nuclear Truth Project
TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/13	Peace Train Canada urges Canada to sign and ratify the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons: working paper submitted by Peace Train Canada
TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/14	For a world free of nuclear weapons: discussions toward the Third Meeting of the States Parties to the TPNW: working paper submitted by the Research Center for Nuclear Weapons Abolition, Nagasaki University
TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/15	The moral imperative to eliminate nuclear weapons: working paper submitted by United Religions Initiative-Voices for a World Free of Nuclear Weapons

<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Description</i>
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/16</a>	How the TPNW can build confidence and strengthen security assurances for disarmament and regional security without nuclear weapons: working paper submitted by the Acronym Institute for Disarmament Diplomacy
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/17</a>	Shaping the future of the TPNW: youth leadership, insights, and strategic recommendations: working paper submitted by the Nuclear Age Peace Foundation and its Youth Initiative, Reverse the Trend: Save Our People, Save Our Planet
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/18</a>	The TPNW allows for the denuclearisation of the International Gulf of Trieste in the Euro Mediterranean region of Alpe Adria, thanks to the Paris Peace Treaty that states its disarmament and neutrality: working paper submitted by World without Wars and Violence
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/19</a>	Position and recommendations on nuclear victims' assistance: working paper submitted by Chernobyl-Hibakusha Support, Kansai
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/20</a>	On the basis of experience of Hibakushas of Hiroshima and Nagasaki: we are against the theory of nuclear deterrence: working paper submitted by GENSUIKIN, Japan Congress Against A- and H-Bomb
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/21</a>	Message from the Japanese Youth: working paper submitted by Know Nukes Tokyo
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/22</a>	Recommendations regarding Article 5: national implementation of the TPNW: working paper submitted by NuclearBan.US
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/23</a>	Evidence-based and action-oriented policy recommendations for the implementation of Articles 6 and 7 of TPNW: working paper submitted by the ASQAQ Koalitsiyasy/Qazaq Nuclear Frontline Coalition
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/24</a>	Peace and disarmament education and the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons: ways forward: working paper submitted by Soka Gakkai International
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/25</a>	Enhancing transparency and international cooperation under the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons: working paper submitted by Youth for TPNW
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/26</a>	Security of individual States (each one against others) or security of Humanity as a whole?: working paper submitted by Disarmisti Esigenti and Costituente Terra
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/27</a>	Toward the universalization of the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons: engaging Nuclear-Dependent States of the working paper: working paper submitted by Japan Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/28</a>	Victim assistance – creating mechanisms for participation of affected communities: working paper submitted by Japan Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons

<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Description</i>
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/29</a>	Proposed reflections on the delegitimization of nuclear weapons: working paper submitted by Youth for TPNW
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/30</a>	Nuclear weapons and our climate: working paper submitted by International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons, Australia
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/31</a>	Armed Conflict, Illegal Trafficking, and Nuclear Proliferation: Towards the IV Special Session on Disarmament (IV-SSOD): working paper submitted by Agora
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/32</a>	Why We Should be Hosting Environmental Film Festivals About Nuclear Weapons and How to Do It: working paper submitted by NuclearBan.US
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/33</a>	Recommendations to the Third Meeting of States Parties from BASIC's Emerging Voices Network: working paper submitted by BASIC
<a href="#">TPNW/MSP/2025/NGO/34</a>	Requests to the Third Meeting of the States Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons: working paper submitted by submitted by Kira Yoshiko, member of the House of Councillors of Japan, Kasai Akira, former member of the House of Representatives of Japan, Japanese Communist Party

*Abbreviations:* TPNW, Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons; ICAN, International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons.