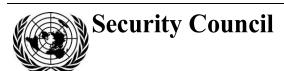
United Nations S/AC.49/2024/8



Distr.: General 16 December 2024

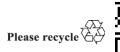
Original: English

Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006)

Note verbale dated 13 December 2024 from the Permanent Mission of Qatar to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of the State of Qatar to the United Nations has the honour to refer to the note dated 2 August 2024 from the Chair of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006), in which Member States were encouraged to submit, if any, additional information on their implementation of the provisions of the resolutions relevant to sanctions measures relating to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

In this regard, the Permanent Mission of the State of Qatar to the United Nations has the honour to transmit herewith a report on the implementation by the State of Qatar of Security Council resolution 2397 (2017) (see annex).





Annex to the note verbale dated 13 December 2024 from the Permanent Mission of Qatar to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

[Original: Arabic]

Report submitted by Qatar on the implementation of Security Council resolution 2397 (2017)

- Qatar has no financial ties with North Korea, and North Korea does not have an
 embassy in Doha. In addition, Qatar has shut down all North Korean companies
 and businesses in the country.
- Qatar has removed all North Korean workers from its territory, in accordance with international requirements. There are currently no North Korean nationals residing in Qatar for work, trade or any other purpose.
- The State of Qatar has incorporated the obligations arising from Security Council resolution 2397 (2017) into its national laws and domestic administrative and executive policies. Article 29 et seq. of the Counter-Terrorism Act (No. 27 of 2019) and Attorney General decisions Nos. 1 and 59 of 2020 provide a solid legislative and regulatory framework for implementing targeted financial sanctions to prevent proliferation financing, including the immediate implementation of travel bans and asset freezes for persons and entities on the North Korea list maintained by the Security Council.
- Under the legislative and regulatory framework in Qatar, the National Counter-Terrorism Committee is responsible for overseeing, in coordination with all other relevant authorities in Qatar, the implementation of sanctions on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. Implementation measures include prompt electronic notification of sanctions measures, in order to ensure that funds are frozen without delay, and receiving feedback reports from those responsible for implementation.
- The National Counter-Terrorism Committee requires all parties that are responsible for implementation, including such competent authorities as the General Customs Authority, the General Directorate of Passports, Maritime Transportation Affairs and the Civil Aviation Authority, as well as all financial institutions and designated non-financial businesses and professions, to be enrolled in the electronic notification platform for updating the sanctions list. It also requires them to submit feedback reports through the electronic feedback platform by specific deadlines and in accordance with specific conditions.
- The State of Qatar takes a comprehensive, strategic approach to fulfilling international obligations related to preventing the financing of the proliferation of weapons, and continuously strives to fulfil the relevant obligations through the National Strategy for Countering Terrorism and Violent Extremism and Preventing the Financing of the Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction, which was approved by a decision adopted by the Cabinet at its twenty-fifth ordinary meeting of 2022. The Strategy includes specific action items related to the comprehensive implementation of the Security Council sanctions regime for preventing the financing of the proliferation of weapons. Implementation of those action items is verified through the action plans of the national authorities responsible for implementation. Those action plans are prepared in coordination with the National Counter-Terrorism Committee and include detailed measures for every implementing authority, in accordance with the legal and operational

2/3 24-24031

- competence of each, that are inclusive of the measures set out in paragraphs 4, 5, 8, 9, 11, 12 and 14 of resolution 2397 (2017).
- The State of Qatar continuously strives to strengthen international cooperation with regard to the implementation of Security Council resolutions concerning sanctions imposed on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, including, for example, the following:
- Qatar cooperates with the United States of America to implement paragraph 8 of resolution 2397 (2017), concerning the repatriation of North Korean workers
- Qatar cooperates with the European Union to mainstream implementation of the recommendations contained in the note of the European Union mission concerning the implementation of resolution 2397 (2017). Those recommendations stem from the report of the Panel of Experts established pursuant to resolution 1874 (2009) dated 4 March 2021 (S/2021/211). The National Counter-Terrorism Committee, in its capacity as the coordinating body, shared those recommendations with the competent State authorities, so that each can implement them in in its area of operational competence. Those authorities include such government agencies as the General Customs Authority, the Ministry of Transport and the General Directorate of Passports, as well as the regulatory agencies responsible for the financial and business sectors and designated non-financial professions.

24-24031 3/**3**