



Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

S/15493
18 November 1982

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON THE UNITED NATIONS
DISENGAGEMENT OBSERVER FORCE

(for the period 21 May 1982-18 November 1982)

CONTENTS

	<u>Paragraphs</u>
INTRODUCTION	1
I. COMPOSITION AND DEPLOYMENT OF THE FORCE	2 - 10
A. Composition and command	2 - 4
B. Deployment	5 - 7
C. Rotation	8
D. Discipline	9
E. Casualties	10
II. ACCOMMODATION AND LOGISTICS	11 - 13
A. Accommodation	11 - 12
B. Logistic support	13
III. ACTIVITIES OF THE FORCE	14 - 22
A. Functions and guidelines	14 - 15
B. Freedom of movement	16
C. Maintenance of the cease-fire	17

CONTENTS (continued)

	<u>Paragraphs</u>
D. Supervision of the Agreement on Disengagement with regard to the areas of separation and limitation	18 - 20
E. Mines	21
F. Humanitarian activities	22
IV. FINANCIAL ASPECTS	23
V. IMPLEMENTATION OF SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 338 (1973)	24 - 25
VI. OBSERVATIONS	26 - 29
MAP UNDOF deployment as of November 1982	

INTRODUCTION

1. This report describes the activities of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (UNDOF) for the period 21 May 1982 to 18 November 1982. Its purpose is to provide the Security Council with an account of the activities of UNDOF in pursuance of the mandate entrusted to it by the Council in resolution 350 (1974) of 31 May 1974 and extended by resolution 363 (1974) of 29 November 1974, 369 (1975) of 28 May 1975, 381 (1975) of 30 November 1975, 390 (1976) of 28 May 1976, 398 (1976) of 30 November 1976, 408 (1977) of 26 May 1977, 420 (1977) of 30 November 1977, 429 (1978) of 31 May 1978, 441 (1978) of 30 November 1978, 449 (1979) of 30 May 1979, 456 (1979) of 30 November 1979, 470 (1980) of 30 May 1980, 481 (1980) of 26 November 1980, 485 (1981) of 22 May 1981, 493 (1981) of 23 November 1981 and 506 (1982) of 26 May 1982.

I. COMPOSITION AND DEPLOYMENT OF THE FORCE

A. Composition and command

2. The composition of UNDOF as of 18 November 1982 was as follows:

Austria	528
Canada	220
Finland	388
Poland	131
United Nations military observers (detailed from UNTSO)	<u>18</u>
	<u>1,285</u>

3. In addition to the above, observers of the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization (UNTSO) assigned to the Israel-Syria Mixed Armistice Commission assist UNDOF as occasion requires.

4. Major-General Erkki R. Kaira was repatriated to Finland on medical grounds and was replaced temporarily by the Chief of Staff, Colonel Walter Schmit (19 February 1982-12 June 1982). On 13 June 1982, Major-General Carl-Gustaf Stahl assumed command of the Force.

B. Deployment

5. UNDOF personnel remain deployed within and close to the area of separation, with base camps and logistic units located nearby; UNDOF headquarters is located in Damascus. The UNDOF deployment as of 18 November 1982 is shown on the attached map.

/...

6. At present, the Austrian battalion mans 19 positions and 7 outposts and conducts 14 patrols daily and 13 other patrols at irregular intervals in the area of separation north and inclusive of the Damascus-Quneitra road. The Finnish battalion mans 15 positions and 5 outposts and conducts 19 patrols daily and 13 other patrols at irregular intervals in the area of separation south of the Damascus-Quneitra road.

7. The Austrian battalion base camp is located near Wadi Faouar, 8 kilometres east of the area of separation. The Finnish battalion base camp is located near the village of Ziouani, west of the area of separation. The Austrian battalion continues to share its base camp with the Polish logistic unit, and the Finnish battalion shares Camp Ziouani with the Canadian logistic company. The Canadian signal unit has detachments at Camp Ziouani and Camp Faouar as well as at Damascus and Quneitra. Military police detachments are located in Damascus, Tiberias and Camp Ziouani.

C. Rotation

8. The Austrian contingent carried out partial rotations on 25 May, 3 June, 31 August and 9 September 1982. The Finnish contingent rotated on 4 and 5 August and on 3 and 4 November 1982. The Polish logistic unit rotated on 2 and 3 June and 11 and 12 June 1982. The Canadian logistic unit rotates in small groups every two or three weeks.

D. Discipline

9. The discipline, steadfastness and understanding of all members of the Force have been of a high order, reflecting credit on the soldiers and their commanders as well as on the countries contributing contingents to the Force.

E. Casualties

10. During the period covered by this report, one soldier died in circumstances unrelated to the performance of his duties.

II. ACCOMMODATION AND LOGISTICS

A. Accommodation

11. Efforts continued to improve the living and working conditions of Force personnel. Work has started on a project for the improvement of sewage, water and electrical systems at Camp Faouar.

12. Since the establishment of the Force, UNDOF headquarters has been located in rented premises in Damascus. These premises are no longer suitable and efforts are continuing to find new accommodation for the headquarters.

/...

B. Logistic support

13. Second- and third-line logistic support continues to be provided by the Canadian and Polish logistic units. The Damascus international airport continues to serve as the UNDOF airhead for rotation and supply flights. The ports of Latakia and Tartous are used for sea shipments. An air movement control organization operates in Damascus, and sea shipments are handled by local agents. In-theatre air support is provided by UNTSO on special request.

III. ACTIVITIES OF THE FORCE

A. Functions and guidelines

14. The functions and guidelines of UNDOF as well as its tasks remain as outlined in the Secretary-General's report of 27 November 1974 (S/11563, paras. 8-10).

15. UNDOF has continued, with the co-operation of the parties, to fulfil the tasks entrusted to it. This has been facilitated by the close contact maintained by the Force Commander and his staff with the military liaison staffs of Israel and the Syrian Arab Republic.

B. Freedom of movement

16. The Protocol to the Agreement on Disengagement provides for all contingents to operate with full freedom of movement. However, the problem of restrictions on the freedom of movement still exists. The Secretary-General will continue to exert all possible efforts to correct this situation.

C. Maintenance of the cease-fire

17. UNDOF continues to supervise the observance of the cease-fire between Israel and the Syrian Arab Republic. The cease-fire has been maintained during the period under review. No complaints concerning the UNDOF area of operations have been lodged by either party in this respect.

D. Supervision of the Agreement on Disengagement with regard to the areas of separation and limitation

18. UNDOF continues to supervise the area of separation to ensure, in accordance with its mandate, that there are no military forces within it. This is carried out by means of static positions and observation posts, which are manned 24 hours a day, and by foot and mobile patrols operating at irregular intervals on predetermined routes by day and night. In addition, temporary outposts are established and patrols are conducted from time to time to perform specific tasks.

/...

19. In accordance with the terms of the Agreement on Disengagement, UNDOF continues to conduct fortnightly inspections of armament and forces in the areas of limitation. These inspections are carried out with the assistance of liaison officers from the parties, who accompany the UNDOF inspection teams. UNDOF also lends its assistance and good offices on request from the parties. In carrying out its task, UNDOF has continued to receive the co-operation of both parties, although restrictions on movement and inspection are sometimes placed on UNDOF teams in certain areas by both sides. UNDOF has continued to seek the lifting of these restrictions so as to guarantee its freedom of access to all locations on both sides.

20. The safety of Syrian shepherds who graze their flocks close to and west of line A (see map) continues to be of concern to UNDOF. The intensified patrolling on new mine-cleared patrol paths and, from time to time, the establishment of standing patrols in these areas have helped to prevent incidents. A grazing security fence which extends over some 13 kilometres in the southern part of the area of separation has proved effective in reducing the number of incidents.

E. Mines

21. Mines continue to pose a threat to members of the Force and to the local population. This is a matter of concern to UNDOF, and the Force is continuing its efforts, in consultation with the parties, to make the area of operation safe from mines. During the period, four Polish mine-clearing teams have cleared 59,537 square metres of patrol paths and 4,727 square metres at bases in the areas of separation. In the process, 48 artillery shells, 1 mortar shell, 3 anti-personnel mines, 3 anti-tank mines and 479 rounds of small-arms ammunition were destroyed.

F. Humanitarian activities

22. UNDOF has continued to assist the International Committee of the Red Cross with facilities for student exchanges. Since 15 February 1982, it has not been possible to arrange any family meetings, owing to developments in relation to the Golan Heights.

IV. FINANCIAL ASPECTS

23. As indicated in the Secretary-General's report of 25 October 1982 to the General Assembly (A/37/534, para. 9) and the related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions of 5 November 1982 (A/37/597, para. 8), the costs of UNDOF beyond 30 November 1982, should the Security Council renew its mandate beyond that date and assuming continuance of its existing strength and responsibilities, are estimated at \$2,864,416 gross (\$2,830,666 net) per month.

/...

V. IMPLEMENTATION OF SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 338 (1973)

24. In deciding in its resolution 506 (1982) to renew the mandate of UNDOF for a further period of six months, the Security Council also called upon all parties concerned to implement immediately its resolution 338 (1973) and requested the Secretary-General to submit, at the end of the period, a report on the developments in the situation and the measures taken to implement that resolution.

25. The search for a peaceful settlement in the Middle East and, in particular, the efforts undertaken at various levels to implement Security Council resolution 338 (1973) have been dealt with in the Secretary-General's report on the Middle East problem (A/37/525-S/15451), submitted in pursuance of General Assembly resolution 36/226 A of 17 December 1981. The Secretary-General has continued to maintain contacts on the matter with the parties and interested Governments.

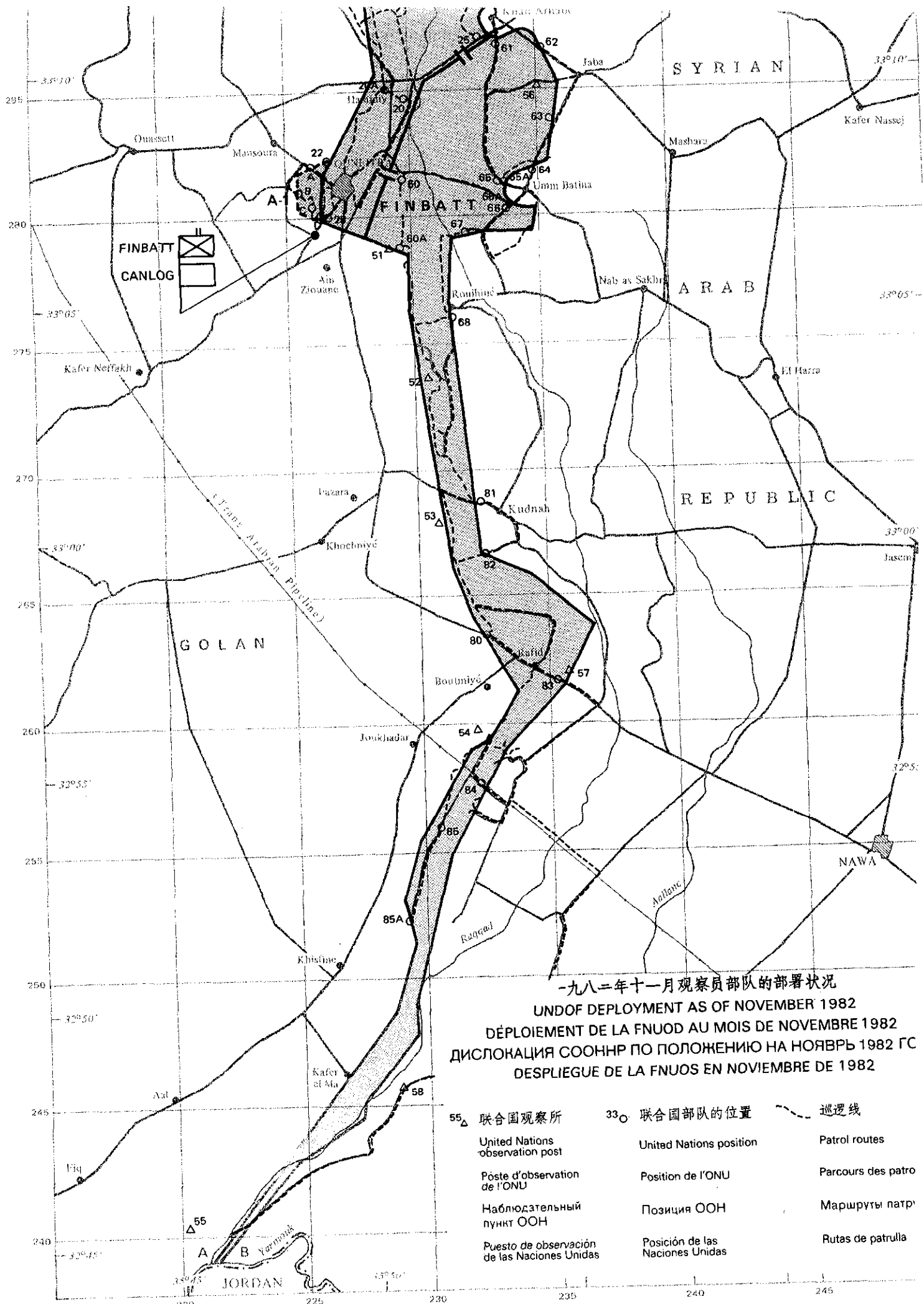
VI. OBSERVATIONS

26. The United Nations Disengagement Observer Force, which was established in May 1974 to supervise the cease-fire called for by the Security Council and the Agreement on Disengagement between Israeli and Syrian forces of 31 May 1974, has continued to perform its functions effectively, with the co-operation of the parties. During the period under review, the situation in the Israel-Syria sector has remained quiet, and there have been no serious incidents.

27. Despite the present quiet in the Israel-Syria sector, the situation in the Middle East as a whole continues to be potentially dangerous and is likely to remain so, unless and until a comprehensive settlement covering all aspects of the Middle East problem can be reached. I continue to hope that determined efforts will be made by all concerned to tackle the problem in all its aspects, with a view to arriving at a just and durable peace settlement, as called for by the Security Council in its resolution 338 (1973).

28. In the prevailing circumstances, I consider the continued presence of UNDOF in the area to be essential. I therefore recommend that the Security Council extend the mandate of the Force for a further period of six months, until 31 May 1983. The Government of the Syrian Arab Republic has given its assent to the proposed extension. The Government of Israel has also expressed its agreement.

29. In concluding the present report, I wish to express my gratitude to the Governments contributing troops to UNDOF and to those which provide UNTSO military observers assigned to the Force. I take this opportunity to pay tribute to Major-General Carl-Gustaf Stahl, Commander of the Force, to the officers and men of the Force, to its civilian staff and to the UNTSO military observers assigned to UNDOF. They have performed with exemplary efficiency and devotion to duty the important tasks assigned to them by the Security Council.



-一九八二年十一月观察员部队的部署状况
 UNDOF DEPLOYMENT AS OF NOVEMBER 1982
 DÉPLOIEMENT DE LA FNUOD AU MOIS DE NOVEMBRE 1982
 ДИСЛОКАЦИЯ СООННР ПО ПОЛОЖЕНИЮ НА НОЯБРЬ 1982 ГС
 DESPLIEGUE DE LA FNUOS EN NOVEMBRE DE 1982

- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| <p>55 △ 联合国观察所
United Nations observation post
Pôle d'observation de l'ONU
Наблюдательный пункт ООН
Puesto de observación de las Naciones Unidas</p> | <p>33 ○ 联合国部队的位置
United Nations position
Position de l'ONU
Позиция ООН
Posición de las Naciones Unidas</p> | <p>--- 巡逻线
Patrol routes
Parcours des patro
Маршруты патр
Rutas de patrulla</p> |
|--|--|---|