联合国 S/2023/673/Corr.1



# 安全理事会

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2023年9月14日第1973(2011)号决议所设利比亚问题专家小组给安全理事会主席的信

第 1973(2011)号决议所设利比亚问题专家小组的最后报告

更正

1. 附件 25, \* 表 25.1

将 "Türkiye" 替换为 "UAE",如下:

Generic type	Nomenclature / Calibre	Panel Report	Responsible	Remarks
	C-17A Globemaster	S/2021/229	UAE	<ul> <li>For transfer of military materiel into Libya.</li> </ul>

# 2. 附件 32, \*表 32.1

在 "End User" 栏下将 "Türkiye" 替换为 "GNU-AF", 在 "Responsible" 栏下将 "Türkiye" 替换为 "UID", 如下:

	Date identified in Libya or by			
Annex	Panel	End User	Equipment nomenclature	Responsible
AE9	29 Aug 2022	GNU-AF	Roketsan MAM-C Smart Micro Munition (SMM)	UID



<sup>\*</sup> 仅以来件所用语文分发。

## 3. 附件 42\*

将附件 42 替换为如下附件:

#### Annex 42 Roketsan MAM-L smart micro munition (SMM)

#### Roketsan MAM-L smart micro munition (SMM) (Zawiyah) (25 May 2023)

The Panel has identified from official GNU MOD social media the use of *Roketsan* MAM-L SMM against "*the hideouts of fuel smugglers, drug traffickers and of illegal immigration*" near Zawiyah on 25 May 2023. These weapons are laser-guided and designed to be used from an uncrewed aerial vehicle (UAV) platform. They are operationally paired to be used with the *Bayraktar* TB2 and *TAI* Anka UAV, both known to be operational in Libya under control of the GNU-AF. These are the first sightings of this weapon system in Libya.

This ammunition entered service with the Turkish Armed Forces in the mid-2010s. Foreign exports to ten countries have now been reported in the authoritative defence journals.

The Panel wrote to Libya and Türkiye on 30 May 2023 requesting information to assist in the supply chain tracing. No response was received.

The transfer of this ammunition and weapon type to Libya is a violation of paragraph 9 of resolution 1970 (2011).





Manufacturer's Image

#### Primary sources

- $1. \ \underline{https://www.facebook.com/LibyanGovernment/posts/pfbid06LmdfZW2TYtq8igUzPRDbWgx114hZZiia36fpSsTGcU8M3PpsRNgGFBCWs6C6TScl?locale=ar\_AR, \\ 25 \ May 2023;$
- 2. https://twitter.com/emad\_badi/status/1661746616301400068, 25 May 2023;
- 3. https://www.facebook.com/watch/?extid=CL-UNK-UNK-UNK-UNG\_GK0T-GK1C&mibextid=2Rb1fB&v=524524549726036, 25 May 2023;
- 4. https://www.roketsan.com.tr/en/products/mam-l-smart-micro-munition. Accessed 27 May 2023; and

5. <u>customer.janes.com</u>. (Subscription). Accessed 27 May 2023.

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### 4. 附件 55\*

将附件55替换为如下附件:

### **Annex 55 GNU-AF Unidentified UAV Training**

#### Unidentified Uncrewed Aerial Vehicle (UAV) (GNU-AF Exercise HURRICANE) (13 December 2022)

The Panel has identified from social media the use of unidentified (UID) uncrewed aerial vehicles (UAV) by the GNU-AF 53 Infantry Brigade during the GNU-AF Exercise HURRICANE 1. The UAV were being used in a tactical reconnaissence role.

The now ubiquitous use of military and commercial UAV systems has meant the Panel has been unable to identify the exact type, so a supply chain can not be identified.

The Panel reported on the use of fast moving consumer goods technology and their military use in paragraph 61 to <u>S/2022/427</u>.

The transfer of this system to Libya is a violation of paragraph 9 of resolution  $\underline{1970 (2011)}$ .





#### Primary sources

- 1. https://twitter.com/Oded121351/status/1602592667787034626. 13 December 2022.
- 2. https://twitter.com/Oded121351/status/1621027853541474304?cxt=HHwWgIDU1dCPhv8sAAAA, 2 February 2023.

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## 5. 附件84\*

## A. LYi.025

Change a.k.a: c) Keslaf from good quality to low quality 总为 Change a.k.a. a) Kashlaf, b) Koshlaf and d) al-Qasab from low quality a.k.a. to good quality a.k.a.

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