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IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION
ON THE STRENGTHENING OF INTERNATIONAL
SECURITY

SECURITY COUNCIL Thirty-fourth year

Letter dated 21 May 1979 from the Permanent Representative of Democratic Kampuchea to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you herewith, for your information, a commentary by La Voix du Kampuchea démocratique entitled "The allegations of the gangsters who lead the Hanoi gang of aggressors".

I should be grateful if you would circulate this text as an official document of the General Assembly, under item 46 of the preliminary list, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) THIOUNN PRASITH

Permanent Representative
of Democratic Kampuchea
to the United Nations

^{*} A/34/50.

ANNEX

Commentary by La Voix du Kampuchea démocratique entitled
"The allegations of the gangsters who lead the Hanoi
gang of aggressors"

The whole world knows that Viet Nam sent more than 100,000 men of its army of aggression to invade Kampuchea, in flagrant violation of the principles of non-alignment, the Charter of the United Mations and all international laws. This is perfectly clear. The whole world strongly opposed the Vietnamese aggression against Kampuchea, and continues to denounce and condemn it and to demand that Viet Nam withdraw all its forces of aggression from Kampuchea. At the outset, Viet Nam denied that it had committed aggression against Kampuchea and alleged that the war in Kampuchea was a civil war. Subsequently, however, when it could no longer refute the pertinent accusations of world opinion, Viet Nam confessed that it had indeed sent its troops to attack Kampuchea, but said it had done so in accordance with the so-called "treaty of friendship and co-operation" that it had "signed" with its running dogs in Phnom Penh two months after its invasion of Kampuchea. Then, recently, during its talks with the Secretary-General of the United Nations, Kurt Waldheim, the gang of aggressors in Hanoi confirmed that it was effectively taking part in the war of aggression in Kampuchea. But it claims that this is a "special case"! That is truly the allegation of a gangster! Is there any provision of the Charter of the United Nations, any principle of non-alignment or any international law which states that, in "special cases", a country may arrogate to itself the right to commit aggression against another independent and sovereign country? If today Viet Nam, claiming that this is a "special case", arrogates to itself the right to invade Kampuchea, tomorrow it will use the same right to invade Thailand and the other countries of South-East Asia, and will then claim that these too are "special cases". Such are the allegations of gangsters voiced by the Vietnamese expansionists and such is the law of the jungle by which they live.

Cynical allegations such as these arouse general indignation and render the gang of aggressors in Hanoi even more abject. They reveal the hypocrisy, the arrogance and the barbaric and Fascist nature of that gang which, after committing its aggression, still shamelessly dares to claim that it is exercising its "right" and states that it "loves" peace and "respects" the independence and sovereignty of neighbouring countries. The criminal allegations used by Viet Nam to justify its invasion of Kampuchea to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, Kurt Waldheim, prompts the countries and peoples of South-East Asia to increase their vigilance and to strengthen further their solidarity in order to foil all the manoeuvres and acts of expansion and aggression of the Vietnamese and their Soviet masters, and to demand even more resolutely the complete withdrawal of the Vietnamese forces of aggression from Kampuchea.

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For their part, the nation, the people and the Kampuchean Revolutionary Army are energetically combating these Vietnamese allegations relating to the "special case". They forcefully demand that Viet Nam unconditionally withdraw all its troops and forces of aggression from Kampuchea and leave the people of Kampuchea to direct their own destiny without any foreign interference. If Viet Nam persists in pursuing its aggression against and its invasion of Kampuchea and in violating the legitimate rights of the people of Kampuchea, the people and the Kampuchean Revolutionary Army, determined to wage the people's war heroically, will strike Viet Nam with ever more powerful blows until they achieve complete victory.

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