



Assemblée générale

Distr. générale
19 juin 2019
Français
Original : anglais

Conseil des droits de l'homme

Quarante et unième session

24 juin-12 juillet 2019

Point 3 de l'ordre du jour

Promotion et protection de tous les droits de l'homme, civils, politiques, économiques, sociaux et culturels, y compris le droit au développement

**Communication du Bureau de l'Ombudsman du Samoa,
des Commissions nationales des droits de l'homme de
l'Australie, de l'Inde, de la Malaisie, de la Mongolie,
du Népal, de la Nouvelle-Zélande et des Philippines
et du Bureau du Médiateur pour les droits
de l'homme et la justice du Timor-Leste***

Note du secrétariat

Le secrétariat du Conseil des droits de l'homme transmet ci-joint la communication soumise par le Bureau de l'Ombudsman du Samoa, les Commissions nationales des droits de l'homme de l'Australie, de l'Inde, de la Malaisie, de la Mongolie, du Népal, de la Nouvelle-Zélande et des Philippines et le Bureau du Médiateur pour les droits de l'homme et la justice du Timor-Leste**, reproduite ci-après conformément à l'article 7 b) du Règlement intérieur figurant dans l'annexe à la résolution 5/1 du Conseil, qui dispose que la participation des institutions nationales des droits de l'homme s'exerce selon les modalités et les pratiques convenues par la Commission des droits de l'homme, notamment dans la résolution 2005/74, du 20 avril 2005.

* Institution nationale des droits de l'homme dotée du statut « A » par l'Alliance globale des institutions nationales des droits de l'homme.

** La communication est reproduite en annexe telle qu'elle a été reçue, dans la langue de l'original seulement.



Annexe

Submission by the Samoa’s Office of the Ombudsman, the Australian Human Rights Commission, the National Human Rights Commission of India, the Human Rights Commission of Malaysia, the National Human Rights Commission of Mongolia, the National Human Rights Commission of Nepal, the New Zealand Human Rights Commission, the Commission on Human Rights of the Philippines and the Provedoria for Human Rights and Justice of Timor-Leste

Joint Statement of National Human Rights Institutions on the Independent Expert on Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity

Mr. President,

This joint statement is made by the A-status national human rights institutions (“NHRIs”) of Australia, India, Malaysia, Mongolia, Nepal, New Zealand, the Philippines, Samoa and Timor-Leste. It is also supported by the NHRIs of Fiji and Tuvalu.

We welcome the reports of the Independent Expert on sexual orientation and gender identity.

The establishment of the Independent Expert on Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity (“Independent Expert”) has been invaluable in the promotion of LGBT people’s rights to be free from violence and discrimination, and more specifically in our region, the Asia Pacific.

We congratulate the Human Rights Council for establishing the Independent Expert in 2016. We strongly encourage the Council to continue the mandate of the Independent Expert, building on its important work and furthering protections against violence and discrimination for all.

NHRIs are uniquely placed to facilitate the integration of international human rights principles into domestic legislation, and to coordinate with governments and civil society to foster an environment of collaboration and cooperation.

As members of the Asia Pacific Forum of National Human Rights Institutions (“the APF”) we wish to highlight the collaborative partnership between the APF and UNDP Asia Pacific Regional Hub to support NHRIs in the region to better work with LGBTI individuals and communities and advocate for their human rights. This partnership has delivered a range of practical initiatives, including a world-first NHRI-LGBTI manual, a blended learning training program delivered to 15 APF member NHRIs, an international conference and practical guidelines for NHRIs in their everyday work to better protect LGBTI people from violence and discrimination¹.

In April 2017 the Independent Expert on SOGI attended and contributed to the joint APF-UNDP ‘Conference on the Yogyakarta Principles: What have we learnt and where to now’ which marked the 10th anniversary of the Yogyakarta Principles. This conference, held in Bangkok, brought together more than 100 experts from national human rights institutions, LGBTI civil society organisations, research bodies and UN and development partners from over 25 countries and territories.

The work of the Independent Expert and NHRIs are interconnected at the global, regional and national levels. Both contribute to each other’s respective international and national mandates.

¹ <https://www.asiapacificforum.net/human-rights/sogisc/>.

As NHRIs, we will encourage our respective States to consider the Independent Expert's recommendations to protect the right to be free from violence and discrimination of all people in relation to their sexual orientation and gender identity. In accordance with our national mandates, we will monitor our respective State's implementation of these obligations, we will monitor whether and how non-State actors, including businesses, meet their responsibilities to respect human rights of LGBTI peoples in light of the Yogyakarta Principles.

NHRIs can facilitate conversations between different groups in their communities in order to address misconceptions and tackle the prejudice that can lead to violence and discrimination.

In accordance with our mandates, we will continue to promote freedom from violence and discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation, gender identity and sex characteristics. We look forward to continued cooperation with the Independent Expert.

Thank you, Mr. President.
